



M-PLC Instruction User Manual



NEXT Level SOLUTION

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FATEK AUTOMATION CORP.

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Amendment Record

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1

PLC Ladder Diagram and the Coding Rules of Mnemonic

| <u>1-1</u> | The Operation Principle of Ladder Diagram. | .2 |
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In this chapter, we would like to introduce you the basic principles of ladder diagram.

1-1 The Operation Principle of Ladder Diagram

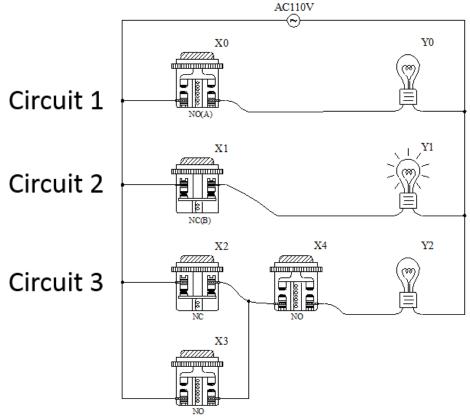
Ladder Diagram is a type of graphic language for automatic control systems it had been used for a long period since World War II. Until today, it is the oldest and most popular language for automatic control systems. Originally there are only few basic elements available such as A-contact (Normally ON), B contact (Normally OFF), output Coil, Timers and Counters.

Not until the appearance of microprocessor-based PLC, more elements for Ladder Diagram, such as differential contact, retentive coil (refer Table 2) and other instructions that a conventional system cannot provide, became available.

The basic operation principle for both conventional and PLC Ladder Diagram is the same. The main difference between the two systems is that the appearance of the symbols for conventional Ladder Diagram are closer to the real devices, while for PLC system, symbols are simplified for computer display. There are two types of logic system available for Ladder Diagram logic, namely combination logic and sequential logic. Detailed explanations for these two logics are discussed below:

1-1-1 Combination Logic

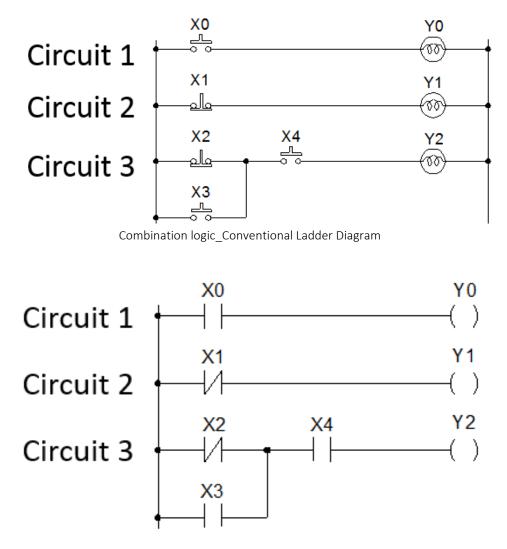
Combination logic of the Ladder Diagram is a circuit that combines one or more input elements in series or parallel and then send the results to the output elements, such as Coils, Timers/Counters, and other application instructions.



Combination logic_Actual wiring diagram

The example illustrated the combination logic using the actual wiring diagram, conventional Ladder Diagram, and PLC Ladder Diagram. Circuit 1 uses a NO (Normally Open) switch that is also called "A" switch or contact. Under normal condition (switch is not pressed), the switch contact is at OFF state and the light is off. If the switch is pressed, the contact status turns ON and the light is on. In contrast, circuit 2 uses a NC (Normally Close) switch that is also called "B" switch or contact. Under normal condition, the switch contact is at ON state and the light is on. If the switch is pressed, the contact status turns OFF and the light also turns off.

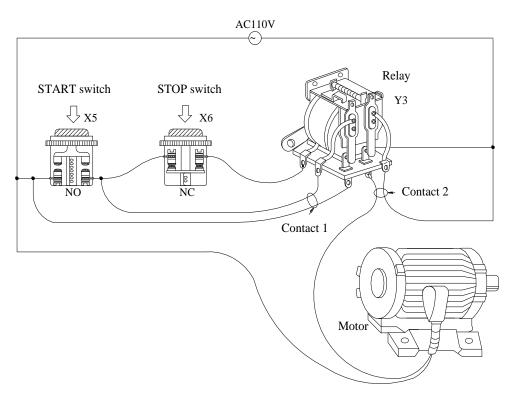
Circuit 3 contains more than one input element. Output Y2 light will turn on under the condition when X2 is closed or X3 switches to ON, and X4 must switch ON too.



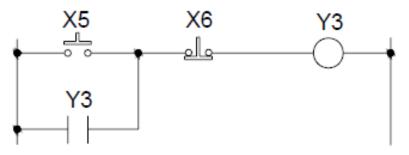
Combination logic_PLC Ladder Diagram

1-1-2 Sequential Logic

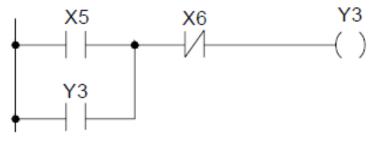
The sequential logic is a circuit with feedback control; that is, the output of the circuit will be feedback as an input to the same circuit. The output result remains in the same state even if the input condition changes to the original position. This process can be best explained by the ON/OFF circuit of a latched motor driver as shown in below.



Sequential logic_Actual wiring diagram



Sequential logic_ Conventional Ladder Diagram



Sequential logic_ PLC Ladder Diagram

When we first connect this circuit to the power source, X6 switch is ON but X5 switch is OFF, therefore the relay Y3 is OFF. The relay output contacts 1 and 2 are OFF because they belong to A contact (ON when relay is ON). Motor does not run. If we press down the switch X5, the relay turns ON as well as contacts 1 and 2 are ON and the Motor starts. Once the relay turns ON, if we release the X5 switch (turns OFF), relay can retain its state with the feedback support from contact 1 and it is called Latch Circuit. The following table shows the switching process of the example we have discussed above :

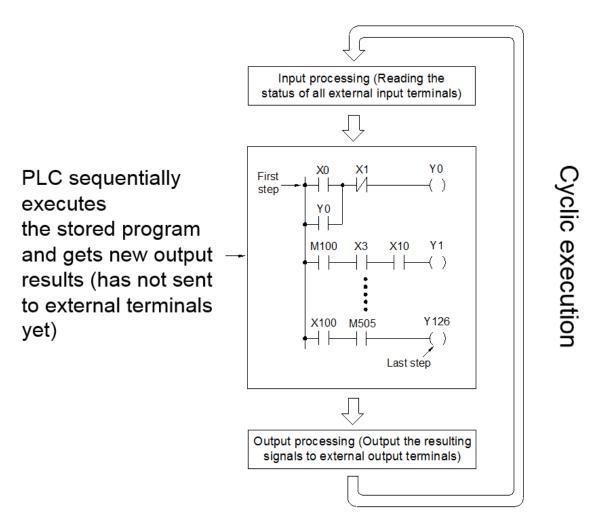
| | X5 Switch (NO) | X6 Switch (NC) | Motor (Relay) Status |
|-------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------------|
| 1↓ | Released | Released | OFF |
| ② ⊥ | Pressed | Released | ON |
| ③→ | Released | Released | ON |
| • ④ → | Released | Pressed | OFF |
| 5 | Released | Released | OFF |

Sequential logic_Action

From the above table we can see that under different stages of sequence, the results can be different even the input statuses are the same. For example, X5 and X6 switches are both released, but the Motor is ON (running) at status ③ and is OFF (stopped) at status ①. This sequential control with the feedback of the output to the input is a unique characteristic of Ladder Diagram circuit. Sometimes we call the Ladder Diagram a "Sequential Control Circuit" and the PLC a "Sequencer". In this section, we only use the A/B contacts and output coils as the example. For more details on sequential instructions please refer to Chapter 5 "Introduction of Sequential Instructions".

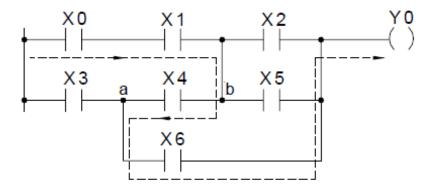
1-2 Differences Between Conventional and PLC Ladder Diagram

Although the basic operation principle for both conventional and PLC Ladder Diagram are the same, but in reality, PLC uses the CPU to emulate the conventional Ladder Diagram operations; that is, PLC uses scanning method to monitor the statuses of input elements and output coils, then uses the Ladder Diagram program to emulate the results which are the same as the results produced by the conventional Ladder Diagram logic operations. There is only one CPU, so the PLC has to sequentially examine and execute the program from its first step to the last step, then returns to the first step again and repeats the operation (cyclic execution). The duration of a single cycle of this operation is called the scan time. The scan time varies with the program size. If the scan time is too long, then input and output delay will occur. Longer delay time may cause big problems in controlling fast response systems. At this time, PLCs with short scan time are required. Therefore, scan time is an important specification for PLCs. Due to the advance in microcomputer and ASIC technologies nowadays the scan speed has been enhanced a great deal. M SERIES PLC takes approximately 1us for IK steps of contact under the condition of continuous address reading, and 5us under the condition of discrete address. The following diagram illustrates the scanning process of a PLC Ladder Diagram.

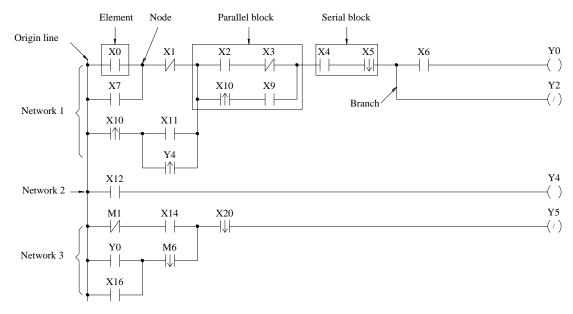


Schematic diagram of PLC ladder diagram program scan

Besides the time scan difference mentioned above, the other difference between the conventional and PLC Ladder Diagram is "Reverse Flow". As shown in the diagram below, if X0, X1, X4 and X6 are ON, and the remaining elements are OFF: In a conventional Ladder Diagram circuit, a reverse flow route for output Y0 can be defined by the dashed line and Y0 will be ON; while PLC scans from left to right and from top to bottom when the PLC CPU is calculating the result of the ladder diagram program. Under the same input conditions, the state of point "a" in this illustration is considered OFF by the CPU because X3 contact is OFF. Although point a is connected to point "b" via X4 and both are ON, because the PLC ladder diagram only scans from left to right, the CPU Unable to detect, so Y0 output is OFF.



Reverse flow of conventional Ladder diagram



1-3 Ladder Diagram Structure and Terminolog

Ladder Diagram Program Example

Note: The maximum size of M SERIES PLC network is 22 columns X 16 rows.

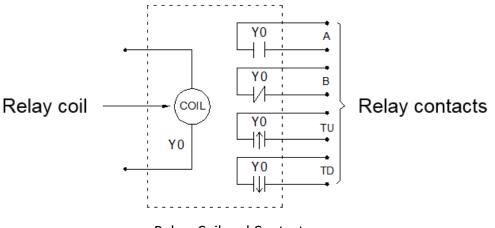
As shown above, the Ladder Diagram can be divided into many small cells. There is total 88 cells (8 rows X 11 columns) for this example Ladder Diagram. One cell can accommodate one element. A completed Ladder Diagram can be formed by connecting all the cells together according to the specific requirements. The terminologies related to Ladder Diagram are illustrated below :

①. Contact

Contact is an element with open or short status. One kind of contact is called "Input Contact" (reference number prefix with X) and its status reference from the external signals (the input signal comes from the input terminal block). Another one is called "Relay contact" and its status reflects the status of relay coil (please refer to (2)). The relation between the reference number and the contact status depends on the contact type. The 6 contact elements provided by M series PLC include: A contact, B contact, Up/Down Differential (TU/TD) contacts and Open/Short contacts. Please refer to (4).

2. Relay

Same as the conventional relay, it consists of a Coil and a Contact as shown in the diagram below.



Relay_Coil and Contact

As shown in the figure, the relay must have a coil. To make the relay act, the coil must be driven (by OUT command). After the coil is driven, the state of its contacts will be affected As shown in the example, if Y0 is driven with 1 (make it ON), then the A contact of the relay is 1, the B contact is 0, the TU contact is only ON for one scan time, and the TD contact is 0. When Y0 turns OFF, the A contact is 0, the B contact is 1, the TU contact is 0, and the TD contact is only ON for one scan time (for the actions of A, B, TU, and TD contacts, please refer to Chapter 4 "Sequential Instructions").

There are four types of M SERIES PLC relays, namely Y $\triangle \triangle$ (output relay), M $\triangle \triangle \triangle$ (internal relay), S $\triangle \triangle$ (step relay) and TR $\triangle \triangle$ (register relay). The status of output relays will be sent to the output point of terminal block.

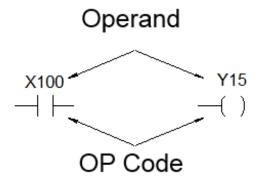
3. Origin

The starting line at the left side of the Ladder Diagram.

④. Element

Element is the basic unit of a Ladder Diagram.

An element consists of two parts as shown in the diagram below. One is the element symbol which is called "OP Code" and another is the reference number part which is called "Operand".



Element

| Element type | Symbol | Note |
|---------------------------|--|---|
| A Contact | | \Box can be X \cdot Y \cdot M \cdot S \cdot T \cdot |
| (Normally OPEN) | | C (please refer to section 2.2) |
| B Contact | | |
| (Normally CLOSE) | -1/F- | |
| Up Differential Contact | | 🗆 can be X 丶 Y 丶 M 丶 S |
| | -I† - - | |
| Down Differential Contact | | |
| | -111- | |
| Open Circuit Contact | 0 0 | |
| Short Circuit Contact | • • | |
| Output Coil | $\Box \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle$ | 🗆 can be Y 丶 M 丶 S |
| | { } | |
| Inverse Output Coil | $\Box \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle$ | |
| | { /} | |

The components of M SERIES PLC have the following 8 types:

M SERIES PLC Elements

Note: Please refer to section 2.2 for the ranges of X, Y, M, S, T and C contacts or coils. Please refer to section 2.2 for the element characteristics.

There is a special sequential instruction: FOn, which is also one of the elements. Please refer to section 5.1.4 "Function Output FO".

(5). Node

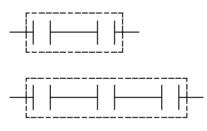
The connection point between two or more elements.

6. Block

A circuit consists of two or more elements.

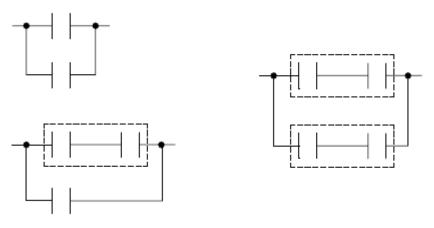
There are two basic types of blocks :

• Serial Block: Two or more elements are connected in series to form a single row circuit.



Serial Block

• Parallel Block: A parallel (rectangular) closed circuit composed of components or series blocks connected in parallel.

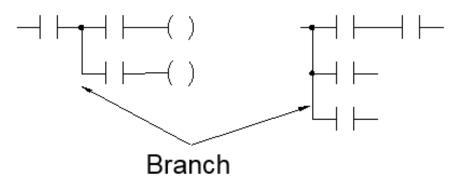


Parallel Block

Note: Complicated block can be formed by the combination of the single element, serial blocks and parallel blocks. When designing a Ladder Diagram with mnemonic entry, it is necessary to break down the circuits into element, serial, and parallel blocks.

⑦. Branch

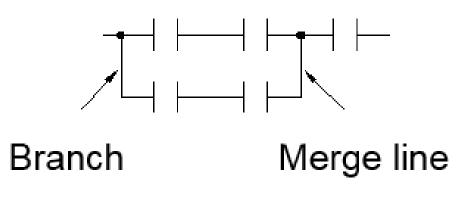
If there are two or more loops connected to the right of the vertical line in any network, this is a branch, and this vertical line is called a branch line.



Branch

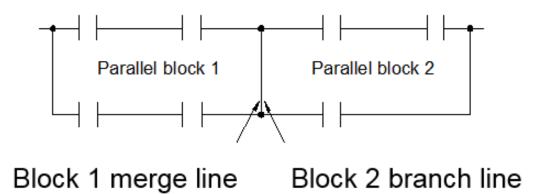
If there is another vertical line on the right side of the branch line to merge the two branch columns of circuits (this vertical line is called the merging line), then this circuit will form a closed circuit (forming a parallel block), and this circuit is a non-branching circuit.

Chapter 1 PLC Ladder Diagram and the Coding Rules of Mnemonic



Branch line and Merge line

If both the right and the left sides of the vertical line are connected with two or more rows of circuits, then it is both a branch line and a merge line as shown in the example below :



For both branch and merge lines

(8). Network

A loop that can perform specific functions is composed of elements, branches, and blocks, which is called a network. A network is the basic unit that can perform complete functions in a ladder diagram program, and a ladder diagram program is composed of a series of networks. The beginning of the network must start from the busbar, and any two columns of circuits without a vertical line connection belong to two different networks (the ones connected by a vertical line belong to the same network). According to this rule, such as the ladder diagram program example, it can be divided into three networks: network 1~3.

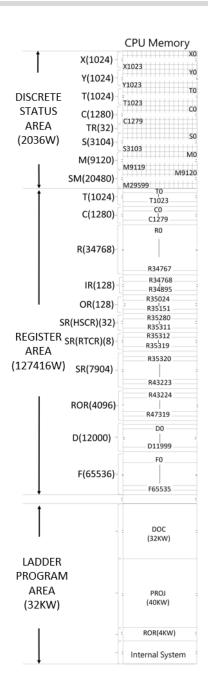
2

Details of Memory Configuration, Single Point (Digital) and Register in PLC

| <u>2-1</u> | M SERIES PLC Memory Configuration. | 2 |
|------------|------------------------------------|------|
| <u>2-2</u> | Digital and Register Configuration | 3 |
| <u>2-3</u> | CPU Special Relay Details | 6 |
| <u>2-4</u> | CPU Special Register Details. | 14 |
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| 2-6 | Motion Special Register Details. | . 94 |

☆ ※Being designed with very broad flexibility range, the M-Serial PLC allows the user to access ordinary register field (containing 34768 counts of words) by the indirect addressing method. However, it may easily lead to false data writing issues if the indirect addressing parameters are improperly used. When operated in the Read-only Register Field-ROR (containing 4096 counts of words), the M-Serial PLC does not allow the user to access the register by the indirect addressing method. If the user needs to create important parameter values, it is recommended that the ROR (Read-only Register) Field should be used in order to execute the desired reading and writing according to the respective program commands. The main purpose is to avoid the issues that may be generated due to the incorrect parameters required for the indirect addressing.

2-1 M SERIES PLC Memory Configuration



PLC memory configuration diagram

2-2 Digital and Register Configuration

• This configuration is the factory setting:

| | • This configuration is the factory setting: | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|--|--|---------------------------|----------------|--|--|--|
| Item | | | n | | Specifications | Note | |
| | X | | ontact | (DI) (Max. | X0 ~ X1023 (1024) | Corresponding to | |
| | | | count: 2048 points) | | X0 X1023 (1024) | external digital input | |
| | | Output | relav (I | OO) (Max | | Corresponding to | |
| Si | Y | Output relay (DO) (Max. point count: 2048 points) | | | Y0 ~ Y1023 (1024) | external digital | |
| | | point et | point count. 2048 points) | | | output | |
| | TR Temporary relay | | v relav | TRO ~ TR31(32) | | | |
| | | | i chiporary relay | | (Reserved for system operations) | | |
| | | | | | | M0~M9119 can be | |
| ngle | | | Intern | al | M0 ~ M9119 (9120) | configured as | |
| e Po | М | | relay | , | 1010 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 | retentive or non- | |
| int | | | | | | retentive relay. | |
| Single Point (BTI State) | | S | pecial R | elay | M9120 ~ M29599 (20480) | | |
| | | S Step Relay | | | | S0 ~ S3103 Can be | |
|) | s | | | lav | S0 ~ S3103 (3104) | configured as | |
| | 3 | | | lay | 50 ~ 53103 (3104) | retentive or non- | |
| | | | | | | retentive relay. | |
| | T Tim | | Time | r | T0 ~ T1023 (1024) | | |
| | I | "Time-Up" status contact | | us contact | | | |
| | C "Coι | | Counter | | C0 ~ C1279 (1280) | | |
| | | "Counter-Up" status contact | | | | | |
| | | | | ct | | | |
| | | Timer | 0.001S | Time Base | T0 ~ T255 (256) * | T0 ~ T1023 numbers | |
| | TMR | current | 0.015 | Time Base | T256 ~ T511 (256) * | for each time base | |
| R | | value | 0.15 | Time Base | T512 ~ T767 (256) * | can be adjusted. | |
| egist | | register | 1S Ti | me Base | T768 ~ T1023 (256) * | | |
| Register (WORD Data) | | Counter current | 16-bit | | C0 ~ C1023 (1024) | Can be configured as non-retentive or retentive. | |
| | CTR | value register | 32-bit | | C1024 ~ C1279 (256) | Can be configured as non-retentive or retentive. | |

| | | | 1 | | 1 |
|--|-----|---------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|
| | | | | R0 ~ R14999 (15000) | |
| | | | Retentive | * Can be configured as non- | |
| | HR | | | retentive | |
| | DR | | | D0 ~ D11999 (12000) | |
| | | | Non- | | |
| | | | Retentive | R15000 ~ R34767 (19768) | |
| | | | | R43224 ~ R47319 (4096) | |
| | | | Retentive | * When not configured as ROR, it | |
| | | Data Register | | can serve normal register (for | |
| | | R Reį (F | | read/write) | |
| | | | Read Only Register (ROR) | | ROR is stored in |
| | HR | | | R43224 ~ R47319 can be set as | special ROR area and |
| | ROR | | | ROR ~ default setting is "0" * | not occupy program |
| | | | | 5 | space |
| | | | File | F0 ~ F65535(65536) | |
| | | | | * Save/retrieved via dedicated | |
| | | | Register | instruction | |
| | IR | Input Rogic | tor (AI) | R34768 ~ R34895 (128) | Corresponding to |
| | IN | Input Register (AI) | | K34708 ~ K34893 (128) | external analog input |
| | | | | R35024 ~ R35151 (128) | Corresponding to |
| | OR | | | | external analog |
| | | | | | output |
| | SR | | | R35280 ~ R43223 (7944) | |

| | 0.1ms HST Register | | R35451~R3 | 5466(16) | | |
|--------------|--|--|--------------------|------------------|------------------------------|--|
| | 1ms STM Register | R35435~R35442(8) | | | | |
| | 10ms LTM Register | R35443~R35450(8) | | | | |
| 〈 Special | 0.1ms HSTA Circulation Counter Register | DR35467 | | | | |
| al Register〉 | High-Speed Counter Register | R35280~R35311(32) | | | | |
| | | R35312 (Second) | R35313 (Minute) | R35314 (Hour) | R35315 (Day) | |
| | Calendar Registers | R35316 (Month) | R35317 (Year) | R35318 (Week) | R35319 (Hour + Minute) | |
| FR | File Register | F0~F65535(65536) V: R43214 Z: R43216 P0 ~ P9 : R43194, R43196, R43198, R43200, R43202, R43204, R43206, R43208, R43210, R43212 | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| XR | Index Register | | | | | |

Digital and Register Configuration

Note: During power up or changing operation mode from STOP \rightarrow RUN, all contents in non-retentive relays or registers will be cleared to 0; the retentive relays or registers will remain the same state as before.

2-3 CPU Special Relay Details

| Relay No. | Function/TAG Symbol | Description | | | | |
|--------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 1. Stop, Pro | I. Stop, Prohibit Control | | | | | |
| M9120 | Emergency Stop control | f 1, PLC will be stopped. | | | | |
| 2. Disable, | Clear Control | | | | | |
| M9121 | Reserve | | | | | |
| M9122 | Disable Status Retent Select | Disabled when at 1 | | | | |
| | DISABLE_STATUS_RETENT_CT | | | | | |
| M9123 | Clear Non-Retentive Relays | Cleared when at 1 | | | | |
| | CLR_NON_RETENT_RELAY | | | | | |
| M9124 | Clear Retentive Relays | Cleared when at 1 | | | | |
| | CLK_PULSE_INIT | | | | | |
| M9125 | Clear Non-Retentive Registers | Cleared when at 1 | | | | |
| | CLR_NON_RETENT_REG | | | | | |
| M9126 | Clear Retentive Registers | Cleared when at 1 | | | | |
| | CLR_RETENT_REG | | | | | |

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| 3. Pulse S | Signals | | |
|----------------|---|--|--|
| | | ¹⁰ D11k1 ¹⁰ | |
| M9127 M9218 | 0.01S Clock pulse _CLK_PULSE_0_01S 0.1 S Clock pulse CLK PULSE 0 1S | "RUN" "STOP" "1" T(M1920)=0.01S T(M1921)=0.1S | |
| M9129 | 1 S Clock pulse CLK_PULSE_1S | "o" T T T(M1922)=1S T(M1923)=60S | |
| M9130 | 60 S Clock pulse CLK_PULSE_60S | M1924 = t = $M1925 = t = t = t = t = t = t = t = t = t =$ | |
| M9131 | Initial Pulse (First Scan) _CLK_PULSE_INIT | =0, PLC working at STOP Mode =1, PLC working at RUN Mode | |
| M9132 | Scan Cyclic Pulse ③ CLK PULSE SCAN | | |
| M9133 | PLC Working Mode PLC_WORKING_MODE | | |
| 4. Error N | // Messages | | |
| M9134 | System Error Warning CPU_ABNL_WARNING | 1: Indicating no expansion unit or exceed the limit on number of I/O points | |
| 5. Port1^ | Port2 Controls | I | |
| M9135 | Port1 Work Indicator COM_BUSY_P1 | 0: Port 1 Busy 1: Port 1 Ready | |
| M9136 | 6 Port 1 Work Indicator 1: Complete all communication transactions of FL COM DN P1 (CLINK), only one scan is ON. | | |
| M9137 | Port 1 Communication Status COM_STATUS_P1 | s Port 1 has received and transmitted a message | |
| M9138 | Port 2 Work Indicator COM_BUSY_P2 | 0: Port 2 Busy 1: Port 2 Ready | |
| M9139 | | | |
| M9140 | Port 2 Communication Status COM_STATUS_P2 | | |

| 6. HSCO \sim | HSC7 Controls | |
|----------------|---------------------|----------|
| M9141 | HSC0 Software Mask | 1: Mask |
| | HSC0_MSK | |
| M9142 | HSC0 Software Clear | 1: Clear |
| | HSC0_CLR | |
| M9143 | HSC1 Software Mask | 1: Mask |
| | HSC1_MSK | |
| M9144 | HSC1 Software Clear | 1: Clear |
| | HSC1_CLR | |
| M9145 | HSC2 Software Mask | 1: Mask |
| | HSC2_MSK | |
| M9146 | HSC2 Software Clear | 1: Clear |
| | HSC2_CLR | |
| M9147 | HSC3 Software Mask | 1: Mask |
| | HSC3_MSK | |
| M9148 | HSC3 Software Clear | 1: Clear |
| | HSC3_CLR | |
| M9149~ | | |
| M9157 | Reserved | |
| | | |

| 7. Comm | unication/Timing/Counting Cont | rols |
|---------|--------------------------------|--|
| M9158 | The CV value control after the | 0: The CV value will continue timing until the upper limit |
| | timer "Time-Up" | is met after "Time-Up". |
| | HST_TIME_UP_MODE | |
| | | 1: The CV value will stop at the PV value after "Time-Up" |
| | | User may control M9158 within the program to control |
| | | the individual timer) |
| | | , |
| M9159 | The CV value control after the | 0: The CV value will continue counting up to the upper |
| | counter "Count-Up" | limit after "Count-Up". |
| | HSC_COUNT_UP_MODE | |
| | | 1: The CV value will stop at the PV value after "Count-Up" |
| | | (User may control M9159 within the program to control |
| | | the individual counter) |
| M9160 | CAM Function Cross 0 Degree | 1: When the upper limit value of the FUN 112 (BKCMP) |
| | Selection | command is less than the lower limit value, it can be |
| | CAM FUNC SELECT | executed (for example, the upper limit value is 10°, the |
| | | lower limit value is 350°, when the current angle is |
| | | $250^{\circ} \sim 10^{\circ}$ the comparison bit is 1) |
| M9161 | High-Speed Pulse Output Stop | |
| | Selection | |
| M9162 | Update MODBUS Planning | |
| 10162 | MODBUS_UPDATE | |
| M9163 | Update COM Setting | |
| | | |
| M9164 | Reboot Network Interface | |
| | ETH_UPDATE | |
| M9165 | Enable DHCP | |
| | ETH_DHCP_ENABLE | |
| M9166 | 1ms Timer STM 0 Control | |
| | STM0_CTRL | |
| M9167 | 1ms Timer STM 1 Control | |
| | STM1_CTRL | |
| M9168 | 1ms Timer STM 2 Control | |
| | STM2 CTRL | |
| M9169 | 1ms Timer STM 3 Control | |
| | STM3 CTRL | |
| M9170 | 10ms Timer LTM 0 Control | |
| | LTM0_CTRL | |
| 10171 | _ | |
| M9171 | 10ms Timer LTM 1 Control | |
| | LTM1_CTRL | |

| M9172 | 10ms Timer LTM 2 Control LTM2 CTRL | |
|-----------|--|---|
| M9173 | 10ms Timer LTM 3 Control LTM3_CTRL | |
| M9174 | 0.1 ms HST 0 Control HST0_CTRL | |
| M9175 | 0.1ms HST 1 Control HST1_CTRL | |
| M9176 | 0.1ms HST 2 Control HST2_CTRL | |
| M9177 | 0.1ms HST 3 Control HST3_CTRL | |
| M9178 | 0.1ms HSTA Circulation Counter Control HSTA_CTRL | |
| 8. RTC Co | ontrol | |
| M9179 | RTC Setting | |
| | RTC_UPDATE | |
| M9180 | 30 S Adjustment | |
| | RTC_30S_ADJUSTMENT | |
| M9181 | RTC Installation Checking RTC_INSTALL_CHK | |
| M9182 | Set Value Error RTC_SET_VALUE_ERROR | |
| 9. PS0~7 | Control | 1 |
| M9183 | PSO0 Indicator PSO0_BUSY | |
| M9184 | PSO1 Indicator PSO1_BUSY | |
| M9185 | PSO2 Indicator PSO2 BUSY | |
| M9186 | PSO3 Indicator PSO3_BUSY | |

| M9187 | PSO0 Done | |
|-------|----------------|---|
| | PSO0_DN | |
| M9188 | PSO1 Done | |
| | PSO1_DN | |
| M9189 | PSO2 Done | |
| | PSO2_DN | |
| M9190 | PSO3 Done | |
| | PSO3_DN | |
| M9191 | PSO4 Indicator | |
| | PSO4_BUSY | |
| M9192 | PSO5 Indicator | |
| | PSO5_BUSY | |
| M9193 | PSO6 Indicator | |
| | PSO6_BUSY | |
| M9194 | PSO7 Indicator | |
| | PSO7_BUSY | |
| M9195 | PSO4 Done | |
| | PSO4_DN | |
| M9196 | PSO5 Done | |
| | PSO5_DN | |
| M9197 | PSO6 Done | |
| | PSO6_DN | |
| M9198 | PSO7 Done | |
| | PSO7_DN | |
| | • | • |

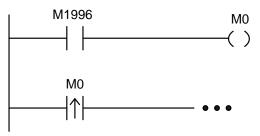
| 10. Expansion Module Operation Field | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| M10511 Expansion Module User Manual. | Because the number of special registers is related to the expansion module that will be set by the user, the sequence is not set with a fixed number order. Therefore, it will be learned through the following method: The number of Special Register can be displayed by clicking on the following profile: "Project-> Device View- >Device Monitor ->select desired module." The data indicated below are explained by using Data Buffer Relay as the example. The Data Buffer Relay will be started with the same method as the Triggering Data Buffer Relay. | | | |

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| | Information | | DASM |
|-----------------|--------------------|------|-----------|
| | I/O | Stat | us |
| | | Cn s | кээээа./ |
| | | Ch 0 | R35558.8 |
| | | Ch 1 | R35558.9 |
| | lower limit alarm | Ch 2 | R35558.10 |
| | | Ch 3 | R35558.11 |
| | | Ch 0 | R35558.12 |
| | The second second | Ch 1 | R35558.13 |
| | upper limit alarm | Ch 2 | R35558.14 |
| | | Ch 3 | R35558.15 |
| | | Ch 0 | R35559.8 |
| | data buffer finish | Ch 1 | R35559.9 |
| | relay | Ch 2 | R35559.10 |
| | | Ch 3 | R35559.11 |
| | | Ch 0 | R35559.12 |
| | human halana. | Ch 1 | R35559.13 |
| | burnout alarm | Ch 2 | R35559.14 |
| | | Ch 3 | R35559.15 |
| related special | | - | |
| sialeu special | | | |

CPU Module special relay list

%All special relays do not provide Up/Down differential contact commands TU. If it is necessary to perform differential action on the special relay, it can be replaced by an indirect method. (Refer to the picture below)



Differential Action Connection of Special Relay

Note: All special relays or registers attached with "" symbol shown in the above table are write prohibited. At the same time, this type of relay still prohibits/disables control and mandatory setting, and does not provide TU and TD contacts.

2-4 CPU Special Registers Details

| Register No./ System Tag Code | Function/System Tag Symbol | Description |
|-------------------------------------|---|-------------|
| R35280 | HSC0 current value Low word HSC0_CV | |
| R35281 | HSC0 current value High word HSC0 CV | |
| R35282 | HSC0 preset value Low word HSC0_PV | |
| R35283 | HSC0 preset value High word HSC0_PV | |
| R35284 | HSC1 current value Low word HSC1_CV | |
| R35285 | HSC1 current value High word HSC1_CV | |
| R35286 | HSC1 preset value Low word HSC1_PV | |
| R35287 | HSC1 preset value High word HSC1_PV | |
| R35288 | HSC2 current value Low word HSC2_CV | |
| R35289 | HSC2 current value High word HSC2_CV | |
| R35290 | HSC2 preset value Low word HSC2_PV | |
| R35291 | HSC2 preset value High word HSC2_PV | |
| R35292 | HSC3 current value Low word HSC3_CV | |
| R35293 | HSC3 current value High word HSC3_CV | |
| R35294 | HSC3 preset value Low word HSC3_PV | |
| R35295 | HSC3 preset value High word HSC3_PV | |

| Register No./ System Tag Code | Function/System Tag Symbol | Description |
|-------------------------------------|---|-------------|
| R35296 | HSC4 current value Low word HSC4_CV | |
| R35297 | HSC4 current value High word HSC4_CV | |
| R35298 | Reserved | |
| R35299 | Reserved | |
| R35300 | HSC5 current value Low word HSC5_CV | |
| R35301 | HSC5 current value High word HSC5_CV | |
| R35302 | Reserved | |
| R35303 | Reserved | |
| R35304 | HSC6 current value Low word HSC6_CV | |
| R35305 | HSC6 current value High word HSC6_CV | |
| R35306 | Reserved | |
| R35307 | Reserved | |
| R35308 | HSC7 current value Low word HSC7_CV | |
| R35309 | HSC7 current value High word HSC7_CV | |
| R35310 | Reserved | |
| R35311 | Reserved | |
| R35312 | Second of calendar RTC_SECOND | |
| R35313 | Minute of RTC RTC_MINUTE | |

| R35314 | Hour of RTC |
|--------|--------------------------------------|
| | RTC_HOUR |
| R35315 | Date of RTC |
| | RTC_DAY |
| R35316 | Month of RTC |
| | RTC_MONTH |
| R35317 | Year of RTC |
| | RTC_YEAR |
| R35318 | Week of RTC |
| | RTC_DAY_OF_WEEK |
| R35319 | Hour (High byte) + Minute (Low byte) |
| | RTC_HOUR_MINUTE |
| R35320 | Error code of PSO0 |
| | PSO0_ERR_CODE |
| R35321 | Error code of PSO1 |
| | PSO1_ERR_CODE |
| R35322 | Error code of PSO2 |
| | PSO2_ERR_CODE |
| R35323 | Error code of PSO3 |
| | PSO3_ERR_CODE |
| R35324 | Completed step number of |
| | positioning program for PSO0 |
| | PSO0_DN_STEP_NUM |
| R35325 | Completed step number of |
| | positioning program for PSO1 |
| | PSO1_DN_STEP_NUM |
| R35326 | Completed step number of |
| | positioning program for PSO2 |
| | PSO2_DN_STEP_NUM |
| i | |

| R35327 | Completed step number of positioning program for PSO3 PSO3_DN_STEP_NUM | |
|--------|--|---|
| R35328 | Output frequency for Low Word of PSO0 PSO0_CUR_FREQ | - |
| R35329 | Output frequency for High Word of PSO0 PSO0_CUR_FREQ | - |
| R35330 | Output frequency for Low Word of PSO1 PSO1_CUR_FREQ | - |
| R35331 | Output frequency for High Word of PSO1 PSO1_CUR_FREQ | - |
| R35332 | Output frequency for Low Word of PSO2 PSO2_CUR_FREQ | - |
| R35333 | Output frequency for High Word of PSO2 PSO2_CUR_FREQ | - |
| R35334 | Output frequency for Low Word of PSO3 PSO3_CUR_FREQ | - |
| R35335 | Output frequency for High Word of PSO3 PSO3_CUR_FREQ | - |
| R35336 | Current pulse position for Low Word of PSO0 PSO0_CUR_POS | |
| R35337 | Current pulse position for High Word of PSO0 PSO0_CUR_POS | |

| R35338 | Current pulse position for Low Word of PSO1 PSO1 CUR POS | |
|--------|---|--|
| R35339 | Current pulse position for High Word of PSO1 PSO1_CUR_POS | |
| R35340 | Current pulse position for Low Word of PSO2 PSO2_CUR_POS | |
| R35341 | Current pulse position for High Word of PSO2 PSO2_CUR_POS | |
| R35342 | Current pulse position for Low Word of PSO3 PSO3_CUR_POS | |
| R35343 | Current pulse position for High Word of PSO3 PSO3_CUR_POS | |
| R35344 | Pulse count remaining for output for Low Word of PSO0 PSO0_REMAINING_COUNT | |
| R35345 | Pulse count remaining for output for High Word of PSO0 PSO0_REMAINING_COUNT | |
| R35346 | Pulse count remaining for output for Low Word of PSO1 PSO1_REMAINING_COUNT | |
| R35347 | Pulse count remaining for output for High Word of PSO1 PSO1_REMAINING_COUNT | |
| R35348 | Pulse count remaining for output for Low Word of PSO2 PSO2_REMAINING_COUNT | |

| R35349 | Pulse count remaining for output for High Word of PSO2 PSO2_REMAINING_COUNT | |
|--------|---|--|
| R35350 | Pulse count remaining for output for Low Word of PSO3 PSO3_REMAINING_COUNT | |
| R35351 | Pulse count remaining for output for High Word of PSO3 PSO3_REMAINING_COUNT | |
| R35352 | COM1 Communication Parameters Setting COM_PARAM_P1 | Set Baud Rate, Data bit of Port 1 |
| R35353 | COM2 Communication Parameters Setting COM_PARAM_P2 | Set Baud Rate, Data bit of Port 2 |
| R35354 | COM1 & COM2 connection setting COM_STN_CHK_P1 COM_STN_CHK_P2 | Low Byte of R35354: =1, Port 1 without station number checking for FATEK's external communication protocol (communicating with MMI/SCADA) ≠1,Port 1 checks station number, it allows multi-drop network for data acquisition High Byte of R35354: =1, Port 2 without station number checking for FATEK's external communication protocol (communication protocol (communicating with MMI/SCADA) ≠1,Port 2 checks station number, it allows multi-drop network for data acquisition. |

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| R35355 | Communication protocol setting for COM1 and COM2 COM_PROTOCOL | Set Port1 and Port2 as the FATEK or Modbus RTU/ASCII communication protocol |
|--------|--|--|
| R35356 | Reserved | |
| R35357 | Transmission delay and reception error detection time setting when COM1 is used as the master station COM_TX_DELAY_P1 | |
| R35358 | Transmission delay and reception error detection time setting when COM2 is used as the master station COM_TX_DELAY_P2 | |
| R35359 | Reserved | |

| R35360 | System error indication | Item | ERR1/ERR | SR/MASK |
|--------|----------------------------|--|----------|---------------|
| | (Need to confirm with LED) | | 2 LED | |
| | | Out of Memory | ON/ON | Reserved |
| | | Initialization Error | ON/ON | Reserved |
| | | Systen Error | ON/ON | Reserved |
| | | System Stack Error | ON/ON | R35361/0x0200 |
| | | System Check Code Error Indication | ON/ON | R35361/0x0004 |
| | | Power-on detection is power-off for trial operation | ON/ON | R35360/0x0400 |
| | | System Check Code Error Indication | ON/ON | R35362/0x3E00 |
| | | Expansion Module Detection Error | ON/OFF | R35360/0x0001 |
| | | Expansion Module Configuration File Error | ON/OFF | R35360/0x0002 |
| | | The number of expansion modules does not match the host project | ON/OFF | R35360/0x0004 |
| | | Expansion module I/O points out of range | ON/OFF | R35360/0x0008 |
| | | The number of expansion modules exceeds the range | ON/OFF | R35361/0x0100 |
| | | Motion Control Unit Queue Error | ON/OFF | R35360/0x0080 |
| | | Motion Control Unit Overflow Error | ON/OFF | R35360/0x0100 |
| | | Motion Control Unit Emergency Stop | ON/OFF | R35360/0x0200 |
| | | Watchdog Reset Check | ON/OFF | R35361/0x0010 |
| | | Invalid Memory Card Detection Indication | OFF/ON | R35360/0x0010 |
| | | Memory Card Operation Error Indication | OFF/ON | R35360/0x0020 |
| | | PLC ID does not match PROG ID | OFF/ON | R35360/0x0040 |
| | | The application exceeds the capabilities of this CPU | OFF/ON | R35361/0x0800 |
| | | System Service Error Indication | OFF/ON | R35361/0x8000 |
| | | | 1 | 1 |

| R35361 | CPU Status Indication | BITO: CPU RUN or Stop |
|---------|-----------------------|--|
| ~R35362 | CPU STATUS | BIT1: Battery Warning |
| | | BIT2: System Check Code Error |
| | | BIT3: Memory Card Ready display |
| | | BIT4: Watch-Dog Error |
| | | BIT5: Motion Control Unit Detection |
| | | BIT6: PLC ID Protection |
| | | BIT7: Emergency Stop |
| | | BIT8: Number of expansion module exceeds |
| | | the scope |
| | | BIT9: System STACK Error |
| | | , BIT10: Resvered |
| | | BIT11: Function(s) existed that CPU does |
| | | not support |
| | | BIT12: Resvered |
| | | BIT13: Resvered |
| | | BIT14: RTC Ready Indicator |
| | | BIT15: System Service Error Indicator |
| | | BIT16: PLC ID Setting State |
| | | BIT17: Program ID Setting State |
| | | BIT18: Mian Program Password Setup State |
| | | BIT19: Subroutine Password Setup State |
| | | BIT20: PLC Upload Password Setup State |
| | | BIT21: PLC Download Password Setup State |
| | | BIT22: CIC Setup State |
| | | BIT23: Resvered |
| | | BIT24: Resvered |
| | | BIT25~29: System Check Code Error |
| | | Indicator |
| | | BIT30: Switch State |
| | | BIT31: Resvered |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

| R35363 | PLC station number display or setup PLC_STATION_NUM | If high byte is not equal 55H, R35363 will show the station number of this PLC. When the high byte of register R35363 is equal to 55H, the low byte of R35363 is used to set the station number of this PLC. |
|-------------------|--|---|
| R35364~ | PLC OS Version (MAJOR NOMINOR NO + | |
| R35365 | PATCH NO) PLC_OS_VER_MAJOR | |
| R35366 | Reserved | |
| R35367 | Power ON Delay (0.01s unit) POWER_ON_DELAY | PLC is ready for I/O service after this delay time while power up. The unit is in 0.01S. The default value is 100. |
| R35368 | Power Off Counter POWER_OFF_COUNTER | |
| R35369 | Reserved | |
| R35370 | Current Scan Time SCAN_TIME_CURRENT | Error < ±1ms Re-calculate when PLC changes from |
| R35371 | Maximum Scan Time SCAN_TIME_MAX | STOP to RUN |
| R35372 | Minimum scan time SCAN_TIME_MIN | |
| R35373 | Fixed Scan Time SCAN_TIME_SETTING | - |
| R35374 | Expansion Module Heart Beat Detection (Rack 1) EXP_HEARTBEAT_RACK1 | |
| R35375~ R35377 | Reserved | |
| R35378 | Number of expansion AI points EXP_AI_POINTS | |
| R35379 | Number of expansion AO points EXP_AO_POINTS | |
| R35380 | Number of expansion DI points EXP_DI_POINTS | |

| R35381 | Number of expansion DO points | |
|--------|---------------------------------------|---|
| | EXP_DO_POINTS | |
| | | |
| R35382 | CPU Ethernet Port IP Address OCT1 | - |
| | (Leading) | |
| | ETH_IP_OCT1 | |
| R35383 | CPU Ethernet Port IP Address OCT2 | |
| | ETH_IP_OCT2 | |
| R35384 | CPU Ethernet Port IP Address OCT3 | |
| | ETH_IP_OCT3 | |
| R35385 | CPU Ethernet Port IP Address OCT4 | |
| | ETH_IP_OCT4 | |
| R35386 | CPU Ethernet Port Mask OCT1 (Leading) | |
| | ETH_SUBMASK_OCT1 | |
| | | |
| R35387 | CPU Ethernet Port Mask OCT2 | |
| | ETH_SUBMASK_OCT2 | |
| R35388 | CPU Ethernet Port Mask OCT3 | |
| | ETH_SUBMASK_OCT3 | |
| R35389 | CPU Ethernet Port Mask OCT4 | |
| | ETH_SUBMASK_OCT4 | |
| R35390 | CPU Ethernet Port Router OCT1 | |
| | (Leading) | |
| | ETH_GATEWAY_OCT1 | |
| R35391 | CPU Ethernet Port Router OCT2 | |
| | ETH_GATEWAY_OCT2 | |
| R35392 | CPU Ethernet Port Router OCT3 | |
| | ETH_GATEWAY_OCT3 | |
| R35393 | CPU Ethernet Port Router OCT4 | |
| | ETH_GATEWAY_OCT4 | |
| R35394 | CPU Ethernet Primary DNS OCT1 | |
| | (Leading) | |
| | ETH_PRIM_DNS_OCT1 | |
| R35395 | CPU Ethernet Primary DNS OCT2 | |
| | ETH_PRIM_DNS_OCT2 | |
| R35396 | CPU Ethernet Primary DNS OCT3 | |
| | ETH_PRIM_DNS_OCT3 | |

| R35397 | CPU Ethernet Primary DNS OCT4 ETH PRIM DNS OCT4 | |
|--------|---|--|
| R35398 | CPU Ethernet Secondary DNS OCT1(Leading) ETH_SEC_DNS_OCT1 | |
| R35399 | CPU Ethernet Secondary DNS OCT2 ETH_SEC_DNS_OCT1 | |
| R35400 | CPU Ethernet Secondary DNS OCT3 ETH_SEC_DNS_OCT1 | |
| R35401 | CPU Ethernet Secondary DNS OCT4 ETH_SEC_DNS_OCT1 | |
| R35402 | Modbus: Y Starting Address MODBUS_ADDR_Y | |
| R35403 | Modbus: Coil Starting Address MODBUS_COIL_Y | |
| R35404 | Modbus: Corresponding Length MODBUS_TOTALS_Y | |
| R35405 | Modbus: X Starting Address MODBUS_ADDR_X | |
| R35406 | Modbus: Coil Starting Address MODBUS_COIL_X | |
| R35407 | Modbus: Corresponding Length MODBUS_TOTALS_X | |
| R35408 | Modbus: M Starting Address MODBUS_ADDR_M | |
| R35409 | Modbus: Coil Starting Address MODBUS_COIL_M | |
| R35410 | Modbus: Corresponding Length MODBUS_TOTALS_M | |
| R35411 | Modbus: S Starting Address MODBUS_ADDR_S | |
| R35412 | Modbus: Coil Starting Address MODBUS_COIL_S | |
| R35413 | Modbus: Corresponding Length MODBUS_TOTALS_S | |
| R35414 | Modbus: T starting address MODBUS_ADDR_T | |

| R35415 | Modbus: Coil Starting Address | |
|--------|----------------------------------|--|
| | MODBUS_COIL_T | |
| R35416 | Modbus: Corresponding Length | |
| | MODBUS_TOTALS_T | |
| R35417 | Modbus: C Starting Address | |
| | MODBUS_ADDR_C | |
| R35418 | Modbus: Coil Starting Address | |
| | MODBUS_COIL_C | |
| R35419 | Modbus: Corresponding Length | |
| | MODBUS_TOTALS_C | |
| R35420 | Modbus: R Starting Address | |
| | MODBUS_ADDR_R | |
| R35421 | Modbus: Holding Starting Address | |
| | MODBUS_HOLDING_R | |
| R35422 | Modbus: Corresponding Length | |
| | MODBUS_TOTALS_R | |
| R35423 | Modbus: D Starting Address | |
| | MODBUS_ADDR_D | |
| R35424 | Modbus: Holding Starting Address | |
| | MODBUS_HOLDING_D | |
| R35425 | Modbus: Corresponding Length | |
| | MODBUS_TOTALS_D | |
| R35426 | Modbus: RT Starting Address | |
| | MODBUS_ADDR_RT | |
| R35427 | Modbus: Holding Starting Address | |
| | MODBUS_HOLDING_RT | |
| R35428 | Modbus: Corresponding Length | |
| | MODBUS_TOTALS_RT | |
| R35429 | Modbus: RC Starting Address | |
| | MODBUS_ADDR_RC | |
| R35430 | Modbus: Holding Starting Address | |
| | MODBUS_HOLDING_RC | |
| R35431 | Modbus: Corresponding Length | |
| | MODBUS_TOTALS_RC | |
| R35432 | Modbus: LC Starting Address | |
| | MODBUS_ADDR_DRC | |
| R35433 | Modbus: Holding Starting Address | |
| | MODBUS_HOLDING_DRC | |

| R35434 | Modbus: Corresponding Length | |
|--------|-------------------------------------|--|
| | MODBUS_TOTALS_DRC | |
| R35435 | 1ms Timer STM 0 Cycle Setting | |
| | STM0_PV | |
| R35436 | 1ms Timer STM 0 Current Time | |
| | STM0_CV | |
| R35437 | 1ms Timer STM 1 Cycle Setting | |
| | STM1_PV | |
| R35438 | 1ms Timer STM 1 Current Time | |
| | STM1_CV | |
| R35439 | 1ms Timer STM 2 Cycle Setting | |
| | STM2_PV | |
| R35440 | 1ms Timer STM 2 Current Time | |
| | STM2_CV | |
| R35441 | 1ms Timer STM 3 Cycle Setting | |
| | STM3_PV | |
| R35442 | 1ms Timer STM 3 Current Time | |
| | STM3_CV | |
| R35443 | 10 ms Timer STM 0 Cycle Setting | |
| | LTM0_PV | |
| R35444 | 10 msTimer STM 0 Current Time | |
| | LTM0_CV | |
| R35445 | 10 ms Timer STM 1 Cycle Setting | |
| | LTM1_PV | |
| R35446 | 10 msTimer STM 1 Current Time | |
| | LTM1_CV | |
| R35447 | 10 ms Timer STM 2 Cycle Setting | |
| | LTM2_PV | |
| R35448 | 10 msTimer STM 2 Current Time | |
| | LTM2_CV | |
| R35449 | 10 ms Timer STM 3 Cycle Setting | |
| | LTM3_PV | |
| R35450 | 10 msTimer STM 3 Current Time | |
| | LTM3_CV | |
| R35451 | 0.1ms Timer HST 0 Cycle Setting LOW | |
| | WORD | |
| | HSTO_PV | |

| DOF 155 | | |
|---------|--------------------------------------|---|
| R35452 | 0.1ms Timer HST 0 Cycle Setting HIGH | |
| | WORD | |
| | HST0_PV | |
| R35453 | 0.1ms Timer HST 0 Current Time LOW | |
| | WORD | |
| | HST0_CV | |
| R35454 | 0.1ms Timer HST 0 Current Time HIGH | |
| 1133434 | WORD | |
| | HSTO_CV | |
| | | |
| R35455 | 0.1ms Timer HST 1 Cycle Setting LOW | |
| | WORD | |
| | HST1_PV | |
| R35456 | 0.1ms Timer HST 1 Cycle Setting HIGH | |
| | WORD | |
| | HST1_PV | |
| R35457 | 0.1ms Timer HST 1 Current Time LOW | |
| 1.55457 | WORD | |
| | HST1_CV | |
| | | |
| R35458 | 0.1ms Timer HST 1 Current Time HIGH | |
| | WORD | |
| | HST1_CV | |
| R35459 | 0.1ms Timer HST 2 Cycle Setting LOW | |
| | WORD | |
| | HST2_PV | |
| R35460 | 0.1ms Timer HST 2 Cycle Setting HIGH | - |
| | WORD | |
| | HST2_PV | |
| R35461 | 0.1ms Timer HST 2 Current Time LOW | |
| 100-01 | WORD | |
| | HST2_CV | |
| | | |
| R35462 | 0.1ms Timer HST 2 Current Time HIGH | |
| | WORD | |
| | HST2_CV | |
| R35463 | 0.1ms Timer HST 3 Cycle Setting LOW | |
| | WORD | |
| | HST3_PV | |
| | | |

| R35464 | 0.1ms Timer HST 3 Cycle Setting HIGH WORD HST3_PV | |
|-------------------|---|--|
| R35465 | 0.1ms Timer HST 3 Current Time LOW WORD HST3_CV | |
| R35466 | 0.1ms Timer HST 3 Current Time HIGH WORD HST3_CV | |
| R35467 | 0.1ms HSTA HSTA Current Count LOW WORD HSTA_CV | |
| R35468 | 0.1ms HSTA HSTA Current Count HIGH WORD HSTA_CV | |
| R35469- R35478 | It is used for designating the Data Register that should be replicated in the SD Card for reading, and the user needs to create such field before replicating the SD Card. After turning on the PC, it will execute the required action according to SR18~SR27 that have been replicated in the SD Card. SD_GROUP_FLAG SD_GROUP_COUNT SD_GROUP_LEN1 SD_GROUP_LEN1 SD_GROUP_LEN2 SD_GROUP_LEN2 SD_GROUP_LEN3 SD_GROUP_LEN3 SD_GROUP_LEN4 SD_GROUP_LEN4 SD_GROUP_LEN4 | When using ROM Pack to save the Ladder program and the data register, this table should be used to determine the registers that should be replicated. When turning on the PC, it will be read by ROM Pack for executing the required initialization procedure. |

| R35479 | Control the register to be read by SD Card. Determine if the data register in the PACK should be read when turning on the PC. SD_GROUP_LOAD_FLAG | =5530H: When turning on the PC, it will not read the data register that has been replicated to ROM Pack. = Other value: When turning on the PC, the content of the data register being replicated to ROM Pack will be initialized as the value when the register is replicated. |
|-------------------|--|--|
| R35480 | Test-run modification mode or replicate the SD Card related command and the state SD_STATE | |
| R35481 | User-defined TCP port of Fatek binary server ETH_FATEK_CUSTOM_PORT | |
| R35482 | User-defined TCP port of Modbus TCP server ETH_MODBUS_CUSTOM_PORT | |
| R35483 | iMonitor Connection Status IMONITOR_STATUS | 0: Offline 1: Online 2: Connecting Others: Error code |
| R35484- R35643 | SOCKET online setting TCP: 10 * 8 online UDP: 10 * 8 online | |
| R35644 | SD Operation Information Word Group High byte: State Code Low byte: Operation Code SD_OPERATION_STATUS | |
| R35645 | Build-in Analog Input Channel 0 Read Value (M2 Type) PLC_AI0 | |

| R35646 | Build-in Analog Input Channel 1 Read Value (M2 Type) PLC_AI1 | |
|--------|--|--|
| R35647 | Error code of PSO 4 PSO4_ERR_CODE | |
| R35648 | Error code of PSO 5 PSO5_ERR_CODE | |
| R35649 | Error code of PSO 6 PSO6_ERR_CODE | |
| R35650 | Error code of PSO 7 PSO7_ERR_CODE | |
| R35651 | Completed step number of positioning program for PSO4 PSO4_DN_STEP_NUM | |
| R35652 | Completed step number of positioning program for PSO5 PSO5 DN STEP NUM | |
| R35653 | Completed step number of positioning program for PSO6 PSO6 DN STEP NUM | |
| R35654 | Completed step number of positioning program for PSO7 PSO7_DN_STEP_NUM | |
| R35655 | Output frequency for Low Word of PSO4 PSO4_CUR_FREQ | |
| R35656 | Output frequency for High Word of PSO4 PSO4_CUR_FREQ | |
| R35657 | Output frequency for Low Word of PSO5 PSO5_CUR_FREQ | |
| R35658 | Output frequency for High Word of PSO5 PSO5_CUR_FREQ | |
| R35659 | Output frequency for Low Word of PSO6 PSO6_CUR_FREQ | |
| R35660 | Output frequency for High Word of PSO6 PSO6_CUR_FREQ | |
| R35661 | Output frequency for Low Word of PSO7 PSO7_CUR_FREQ | |

| R35662 | Output frequency for High Word of PSO7 | |
|--------|--|--|
| | PSO7_CUR_FREQ | |
| R35663 | Current pulse position for Low Word of | |
| | PSO4 | |
| | PSO4_CUR_POS | |
| R35664 | Current pulse position for High Word of | |
| | PSO4 | |
| | PSO4_CUR_POS | |
| R35665 | Current pulse position for Low Word of | |
| | PSO5 | |
| | PSO5_CUR_POS | |
| R35666 | Current pulse position for High Word of | |
| | PSO5 | |
| | PSO5_CUR_POS | |
| R35667 | Current pulse position for Low Word of | |
| | PSO6 | |
| | PSO6_CUR_POS | |
| R35668 | Current pulse position for High Word of | |
| | PSO6 | |
| | PSO6_CUR_POS | |
| R35669 | Current pulse position for Low Word of | |
| | PSO7 | |
| | PSO7_CUR_POS | |
| R35670 | Current pulse position for High Word of | |
| | PSO7 | |
| | PSO7_CUR_POS | |
| R35671 | Pulse count remaining for output for Low | |
| | Word of PSO4 | |
| R35672 | Pulse count remaining for output for | |
| | High Word of PSO4 | |
| R35673 | Pulse count remaining for output for Low | |
| | Word of PSO5 | |
| | PSO5_REMAINING_COUNT | |
| R35674 | Pulse count remaining for output for | |
| | High Word of PSO5 | |
| | PSO5 REMAINING COUNT | |
| R35675 | Pulse count remaining for output for Low | |
| | Word of PSO6 | |
| | PSO6 REMAINING COUNT | |
| | | |

| R35676 | Pulse count remaining for output for High Word of PSO6 PSO6_REMAINING_COUNT | |
|-------------------|---|--|
| R35677 | Pulse count remaining for output for Low Word of PSO7 PSO7_REMAINING_COUNT | , |
| R35678 | Pulse count remaining for output for High Word of PSO7 PSO7_REMAINING_COUNT | |
| R35679 | MQTT Connection Status | MQTT_CONNECT_ACCEPTED = 0, MQTT_CONNECT_REFUSED_PROTOCOL_VE RSION = 1, MQTT_CONNECT_REFUSED_IDENTIFIER = 2, MQTT_CONNECT_REFUSED_SERVER = 3, MQTT_CONNECT_REFUSED_USERNAME_PA SS = 4, MQTT_CONNECT_REFUSED_NOT_AUTHORI ZED_ = 5, MQTT_CONNECT_DISCONNECTED = 256, MQTT_CONNECT_TIMEOUT = 257 |
| R35680~ R35760 | Reserved | |
| R35761 | Able to dynamically change the high- speed pulse output frequency | |
| R35762~ R35871 | Reserved | |
| R35872~ R36871 | Starting register of expansion module status | |
| R36872~ R36879 | TEST RUN Reserve Register (Read-Only) | |
| R36880~ R43193 | For Motion related special Registers | |

Chapter 2 Details of Memory Configuration, Single Point (Digital) and Register in PLC

| R43194~ | P0 (R43194), Reserved(R43195), | |
|---------|--------------------------------|--|
| R43213 | P1(R43196), Reserved(R43197), | |
| | P2(R43198), P9 (R43212), | |
| | Reserved(R43213) | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| R43214 | V | |
| | INDEX_V | |
| R43216 | Z | |
| | INDEX_Z | |

2-5 Motion Special Relay Details

| 3 Rel ay | System Tag Symbol | Function | Description |
|-------------|----------------------|---|--|
| M10520 | ALL_SERVO_ ON | All axes: Servo ON | Rising: All axes Servo on Falling: All axes Servo off |
| M10521 | ALL_FAULT_ RESET | All axes: Servo Reset | Rising: All axes clear error |
| M10522 ~ | | Reserved | |
| M10600 | AX1_SERVO _ON | Axis 1: Axis control command: Servo ON | Rising: Single axis Servo on Falling: Single axis Servo off |
| M10601 | AX1_FAULT_ RST | Axis 1: Axis control command: | Rising: Single axis clear error |
| M10602 | AX1_DEC_ST OP | Axis 1: Axis control command: | Rising: Single axis deceleration stop |
| M10603 | AX1_EMG_S TOP | Axis 1: Axis control command: | Rising: Single axis emergency stop |
| M10604 | AX1_SYNC_ ON | Axis 1: Synchronous | High Pos: On Low Pos: Off |
| M10605 | AX1_ORG_SI G | Axis 1: Origin Signal | High Pos: On Low Pos: Off |
| M10606 | AX1_POST_S IG | Axis 1: Positive | High Pos: On Low Pos: Off |
| M10607 | AX1_NEG_SI G | Axis 1: Negative | High Pos: On Low Pos: Off |
| M10608 | AX1_Z_SIG | Axis 1: Z Count Signal | High Pos: On Low Pos: Off |
| M10609 | AX1_SYNC_ ON_DIS | Axis 1: Synchronous | High Pos: On Low Pos: Off |
| M10610 | AX1_SYNC_ OFF_DIS | Axis 1: Synchronous | High Pos: On Low Pos: Off |

| | | Axis 1: | High Pos: On |
|-------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------------|
| M10611 | | Auxiliary | Low Pos: Off |
| | | Axis 1: | High Pos: On |
| M10612 | | Auxiliary | Low Pos: Off |
| | | Axis 1: | High Pos: On |
| M10613 | | Auxiliary | Low Pos: Off |
| M10614 | | Reserved | |
| M10615 | | Reserved | |
| M10616 | | Reserved | |
| M10617 | | Axis 1: Axis | High Pos: On |
| 10110017 | | Probe 1 | Low Pos: Off |
| M10618 | | Axis 1: Axis | Rising Trigger |
| M10619 | | Axis 1: Axis | High Pos: On |
| | | Probe 2 | Low Pos: Off |
| M10620 | | Axis 1: Axis | Rising Trigger |
| | | Probe 2 | |
| M10621 | | Axis 1: Axis | High Pos: On |
| | | Synchronizat | Low Pos: Off |
| | | ion | |
| M10622 | | Axis 1: Axis | High Pos: On |
| | | Synchronizat | Low Pos: Off |
| | | ion | |
| M10623 | | Axis 1: Axis | High Pos: On |
| | | Syncronizati | Low Pos: Off |
| M10624 | | Axis 1: | High Pos: On |
| | | Initialization | Low Pos: Off |
| | | of the Cam | |
| M10625 ~ | | Reserved | |
| | AX1_SERVO | Axis 1: Servo | High Pos: Servo On |
| M11240 | _IS_ON | On | Low Pos: Servo Off |
| M11241 | AX1_OP_RE | Axis 1: | High Pos: Ready |
| 10111241 | ADY | Operation | Low Pos: Not Ready |
| N/112/2 | | Axis 1: Axis | High Pos: In Error |
| M11242 | AX1_IN_ERR | error in | Low Pos: No Error |
| | | Axis 1: Axis | High Pos: In Warning |
| M11243 | AX1_IN_WA RN | warning in | Low Pos: No Warning |
| | | progress | |
| L | 1 | 1 | 1 |

| | AX1_IN_CTR | Axis 1: | High Pos: In Control |
|--------|-----------------|--|---|
| M11244 | L | Control in | Low Pos: No Control |
| M11245 | AX1_IN_HO M | Axis 1: Homing in progress | High Pos: Homing Mode Low Pos: Homing Mode Done |
| M11246 | AX1_HOM_ DN | Axis 1: Homing | High Pos: Homing Mode Done |
| M11247 | AX1_IN_POS I | Axis 1: Positioning in progress | High Pos: Positioning Mode Low Pos: Positioning Mode Done |
| M11248 | AX1_POSI_D N | Axis 1: Positioning | High Pos: Positioning Mode Done |
| M11249 | AX1_IN_JOG | Axis 1: JOG in progress | High Pos: JOG Mode Low Pos: JOG Mode Done |
| M11250 | AX1_JOG_D N | Axis 1: JOG done | High Pos: JOG Mode Done |
| M11251 | AX1_IN_SYN C | Axis 1: Synchronizin g in progress | High Pos: clutch connecting/disengagi ng Low Pos: Clutch |
| M11252 | AX1_SYNC_ ON | Axis 1: Synchronizin g on | High Pos: Clutch connection complete Low Pos: Clutch disengagement |
| M11253 | | Axis 1: Speed mode in progress | High Pos: Speed Mode Low Pos: Speed Mode |
| M11254 | | Axis 1: Speed mode done | High Pos: Reaching target speed/Reaching |
| M11255 | | Axis 1: Torque mode in | High Pos: Torque Mode Low Pos: Torque |
| M11256 | | Axis 1: Torque mode done | High Pos: Reaching target torque/Reaching |

| M11257Axis 1: ForwardHigh Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11258Axis 1: ReverseHigh Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11259Axis 1: Starting point limit switch stateHigh Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11260Axis 1: PositionHigh Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11261Axis 1: PositionHigh Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11261Axis 1: PositionHigh Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11261Axis 1: Axis 1: Axis Probe 1High Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11262Axis 1: Axis Probe 1High Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11263Axis 1: Axis Probe 1High Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11264Axis 1: Axis synchronizatHigh Pos: State OffM11265Axis 1: Axis trackingHigh Pos: State OffM11266ReservedLow Pos: Effective synchronizatM10640AX2_SERVO OPAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Servo On Falling: Servo OffM10641AX2_CDEC_ST OPAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis deceleration stop command:M10643AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis emergency stopM10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis emergency stopM10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis controlM10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis controlM10644 </th <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> | | | | |
|--|------------|------------|---------------|---------------------|
| ForwardLow Pos: State OffM11258Axis 1:High Pos: State On ReverseM11259Axis 1:High Pos: State OffM11259Axis 1:High Pos: State Off point limit switch stateM11260Axis 1:High Pos: State OffM11261Axis 1:High Pos: State OffM11261Axis 1:High Pos: State OffM11262Axis 1:High Pos: State OffM11263Axis 1: Axis Probe 1High Pos: State OffM11264Axis 1: Axis Probe 2High Pos: State OffM11265Axis 1: Axis Probe 2High Pos: State OffM11266Axis 1: Axis Probe 2High Pos: State OffM11265Axis 1: Axis Axis 1: Axis trackingHigh Pos: TriggeredM11266ReservedFeserved~Axis 2: Axis ControlRising: Servo On Falling: Servo OffM10640AX2_SERVO OPAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis deceleration stopM10642AX2_EMG_S TOPAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis deceleration stopM10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis controlM10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis controlM10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis controlM10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2: Axis controlHigh Pos: Off | M11257 | | Axis 1: | High Pos: State On |
| M11258ReverseLow Pos: State OffM11259Axis 1:High Pos: State On Starting point limit switch stateLow Pos: State OffM11260Axis 1:High Pos: State On PositionLow Pos: State OffM11261Axis 1:High Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11261Axis 1:High Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11262Axis 1: Axis Probe 1High Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11263Axis 1: Axis Probe 2High Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11264Axis 1: Axis Probe 2High Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11265Axis 1: Axis rackingHigh Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11264Axis 2: Axis ControlHigh Pos: TriggeredM11265Axis 2: Axis controlRising: Servo On Falling: Servo OffM10640AX2_SERVO OPAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis controlM10641AX2_FAULT RSTAxis 2: Axis control command:Rising: Single axis controlM10643AX2_EEMG_S TOPAxis 2: Axis control command:Rising: Single axis control command:M10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2: Axis control command:Rising: Single axis emergency stopM10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2:High Pos: On Low Pos: Off | 10111257 | | Forward | Low Pos: State Off |
| ReverseLow Pos: State OffM11259Axis 1:High Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11260Axis 1:Low Pos: State OffM11260Axis 1:High Pos: State On PositionM11261Axis 1:High Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11261Axis 1:High Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11262Axis 1:Axis 1: Probe 1M11263Axis 1: Axis Probe 1High Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11264Axis 1: Axis Probe 2High Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11265Axis 1: Axis Probe 2High Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11264Axis 1: Axis Probe 2High Pos: State OffM11265Axis 1: Axis TrackingHigh Pos: Triggered TrackingM11266Axis 2: Axis ControlReserved ControlM10641AX2_SERVO OPAxis 2: Axis ControlRising: Single axis control ControlM10642AX2_DEC_ST OPAxis 2: Axis Control Command:Rising: Single axis celear error command:M10643AX2_EMG_S TOPAxis 2: Axis Control Command:Rising: Single axis emergency stopM10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2: Axis Control Command:Rising: Single axis emergency stopM10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2: Axis Control Command:High Pos: On Low Pos: Off | M11750 | | Axis 1: | High Pos: State On |
| M11259Starting point limit switch stateLow Pos: State OffM11260Axis 1:High Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11261Axis 1:High Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11261Axis 1:High Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11262Axis 1: Axis Probe 1High Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11263Axis 1: Axis Probe 1High Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11264Axis 1: Axis Probe 2High Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11264Axis 1: Axis SynchronizatHigh Pos: State OffM11265Axis 1: Axis SynchronizatHigh Pos: State OffM11266Axis 1: Axis TrackingHigh Pos: Triggered TrackingM11267Axis 2: Axis ControlRising: Servo On Falling: Servo OffM10640AX2_SERVO OPAxis 2: Axis ControlRising: Single axis deceleration stop command:M10641AX2_FAULT- RSTAxis 2: Axis ControlRising: Single axis deceleration stop command:M10643AX2_EMG_S TOPAxis 2: Axis Control Command:Rising: Single axis emergency stopM10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2: Axis Control Command:Rising Pos: On Low Pos: Off | 10111230 | | Reverse | Low Pos: State Off |
| M11259point limit switch stateM11260Axis 1:High Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11261Axis 1:High Pos: State On NegativeM11261Axis 1: Axis Probe 1High Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11262Axis 1: Axis Probe 1High Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11263Axis 1: Axis Probe 2High Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11264Axis 1: Axis synchronizatHigh Pos: State OffM11265Axis 1: Axis trackingHigh Pos: Effective synchronizatM11266Axis 1: Axis trackingHigh Pos: Triggered trackingM11266Axis 2: Axis controlRising: Servo On Falling: Servo OffM10640AX2_SERVO ONAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis clear errorM10641AX2_DEC_ST OPAxis 2: Axis control command:Rising: Single axis control controlM10643AX2_EMG_S TOPAxis 2: Axis control command:Rising: Single axis emergency stopM10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2: Axis control command:Rising: Single axis emergency stopM10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2:High Pos: On Low Pos: Off | | | Axis 1: | High Pos: State On |
| point limit switch statepoint limit switch stateM11260Axis 1:High Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11261Axis 1:High Pos: State On NegativeLow Pos: State OffM11261Axis 1: AxisHigh Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11262Axis 1: AxisHigh Pos: State On Probe 1M11263Axis 1: AxisHigh Pos: State OffM11264Axis 1: AxisHigh Pos: State OffM11265Axis 1: AxisHigh Pos: State OffM11266Axis 1: AxisHigh Pos: Effective synchronizatM11266Axis 1: AxisHigh Pos: Triggered trackingM11267Axis 2: AxisRising: Servo On Falling: Servo OffM10640AX2_SERVO OPAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis controlM10641AX2_DEC_ST OPAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis controlM10643AX2_SYNC ONAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis controlM10644AX2_SYNC ONAxis 2: Axis controlRising Pos: Off | M11259 | | Starting | Low Pos: State Off |
| M11260Axis 1: PositionHigh Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11261Axis 1: NegativeHigh Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11262Axis 1: Axis Probe 1High Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11263Axis 1: Axis Probe 1High Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11263Axis 1: Axis Probe 2High Pos: State OffM11264Axis 1: Axis SynchronizatHigh Pos: State OffM11265Axis 1: Axis YonkronizatHigh Pos: Effective SynchronizatM11266Axis 1: Axis trackingHigh Pos: Triggered TriggeredM11279Axis 2: Axis ControlReservedM10640AX2_SERVO ONAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Servo On Falling: Servo OffM10641AX2_FAULT RSTAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis deceleration stopM10643AX2_EMG_S TOPAxis 2: Axis control command:Rising: Single axis emergency stopM10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2: Axis control command:Rising: Single axis control command:M10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2: Axis 2: Axis 2: control command:Rising: Single axis control command: | IVITIZ J J | | point limit | |
| M11260PositionLow Pos: State OffM11261Axis 1:High Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11262Axis 1: Axis Probe 1High Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11263Axis 1: Axis Probe 1High Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11264Axis 1: Axis Probe 2High Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11264Axis 1: Axis Probe 2High Pos: State OffM11265Axis 1: Axis trackingHigh Pos: Effective SynchronizatM11266Axis 1: Axis trackingHigh Pos: Triggered trackingM11267Ax2_SERVO _ONAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Servo On Falling: Servo OffM10640AX2_FAULT_ OPAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis clear errorM10641AX2_DEC_ST OPAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis clear errorM10643AX2_EMG_S TOPAxis 2: Axis control command:Rising: Single axis emergency stopM10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2: Axis control command:Rising: Single axis emergency stopM10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2: Axis control command:Rising: Single axis emergency stop | | | switch state | |
| M11261PositionLow Pos: State Off High Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11261Axis 1:Axis 1:AxisM11262Axis 1: Axis Probe 1High Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11263Axis 1: Axis Probe 2High Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11264Axis 1: Axis SynchronizatHigh Pos: State OffM11265Axis 1: Axis SynchronizatHigh Pos: Effective SynchronizatM11266Axis 1: Axis SynchronizatHigh Pos: Triggered High Pos: Triggered TrackingM11267Axis 2: Axis ControlRising: Servo On Falling: Servo OffM10640AX2_SERVO _ONAxis 2: Axis ControlRising: Single axis controlM10641AX2_FAULT- OPAxis 2: Axis ControlRising: Single axis controlM10643AX2_LEMG_S TOPAxis 2: Axis Control command:Rising: Single axis emergency stopM10644AX2_SYNC- ONAxis 2: Axis Control Command:Rising: Single axis control command:M10644AX2_SYNC- ONAxis 2: Axis Control Command:Rising: Single axis emergency stopM10644AX2_SYNC- ONAxis 2: Axis Control Command:High Pos: On Low Pos: Off | M11260 | | _ | - |
| M11261NegativeLow Pos: State OffM11262Axis 1: Axis Probe 1High Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11263Axis 1: Axis Probe 2High Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11264Axis 1: Axis synchronizatHigh Pos: State OffM11265Axis 1: Axis synchronizatHigh Pos: Effective synchronizatM11266Axis 1: Axis trackingHigh Pos: Triggered trackingM11279Axis 2: Axis controlReservedM10640AX2_SERVO ONAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Servo On Falling: Servo OffM10641AX2_FAULT OPAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis controlM10643AX2_EMG_S TOPAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis controlM10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis emergency stopM10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2: SynchronousHigh Pos: On Low Pos: Off | 10111200 | | Position | Low Pos: State Off |
| NegativeLow Pos: State OffM11262Axis 1: Axis Probe 1High Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11263Axis 1: Axis Probe 2High Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11264Axis 1: Axis synchronizatHigh Pos: Effective SynchronizatM11265Axis 1: Axis synchronizatHigh Pos: Triggered High Pos: TriggeredM11266Axis 2: Axis rackingReservedM10640AX2_SERVO ONAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Servo On Falling: Servo OffM10641AX2_DEC_ST OPAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis deceleration stopM10643AX2_EMG_S TOPAxis 2: Axis control command:Rising: Single axis deceleration stopM10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2:High Pos: On Low Pos: Off | M11761 | | Axis 1: | High Pos: State On |
| M11262Probe 1Low Pos: State OffM11263Axis 1: AxisHigh Pos: State On Low Pos: State OffM11264Axis 1: AxisHigh Pos: Effective synchronizatM11265Axis 1: Axis trackingHigh Pos: Triggered High Pos: TriggeredM11266Axis 1: Axis trackingHigh Pos: Triggered TrackingM11279Axis 2: Axis controlReservedM10640AX2_SERVO _ONAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Servo On Falling: Servo OffM10641AX2_FAULT RSTAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis clear errorM10642AX2_DEC_ST OPAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis controlM10643AX2_EMG_S TOPAxis 2: Axis control command:Rising: Single axis deceleration stopM10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2: Axis control command:Rising: Single axis emergency stopM10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2: SynchronousHigh Pos: On Low Pos: Off | IVITIOT | | Negative | Low Pos: State Off |
| M11263Probe 1Low Pos: State OffM11264Axis 1: Axis Probe 2High Pos: State OffM11264Axis 1: Axis synchronizatHigh Pos: Effective synchronizatM11265Axis 1: Axis trackingHigh Pos: TriggeredM11266Axis 1: Axis trackingHigh Pos: TriggeredM11267Axis 2: Axis ONReservedM10640AX2_SERVO ONAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Servo On Falling: Servo OffM10641AX2_FAULT RSTAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis clear errorM10642AX2_DEC_ST OPAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis deceleration stopM10643AX2_EMG_S TOPAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis emergency stopM10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2: Axis control command:Rising: Single axis emergency stop | N4142C2 | | Axis 1: Axis | High Pos: State On |
| M11263Probe 2Low Pos: State OffM11264Axis 1: Axis synchronizatHigh Pos: Effective synchronizatM11265Axis 1: Axis trackingHigh Pos: TriggeredM11266ReservedFeservedM11279Axis 2: Axis controlRising: Servo On Falling: Servo OffM10640AX2_SERVO ONAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis clear errorM10641AX2_FAULT RSTAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis clear errorM10642AX2_DEC_ST OPAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis deceleration stopM10643AX2_EMG_S TOPAxis 2: Axis control command:Rising: Single axis emergency stopM10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2: Axis control command:Rising: Single axis emergency stopM10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2: SynchronousHigh Pos: On Low Pos: Off | IVI11262 | | Probe 1 | Low Pos: State Off |
| Probe 2Low Pos: State OffM11264Axis 1: Axis synchronizatHigh Pos: Effective synchronizatM11265Axis 1: Axis trackingHigh Pos: Triggered trackingM11266ReservedHigh Pos: Triggered trackingM11279Axis 2: Axis controlRising: Servo On Falling: Servo OffM10640AX2_SERVO ONAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis clear errorM10641AX2_FAULT RSTAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis deceleration stop command:M10642AX2_DEC_ST OPAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis deceleration stop command:M10643AX2_EMG_S TOPAxis 2: Axis control command:Rising: Single axis deceleration stopM10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2: Axis control command:High Pos: On Low Pos: Off | 144262 | | Axis 1: Axis | High Pos: State On |
| M11264synchronizatM11265Axis 1: Axis trackingHigh Pos: Triggered High Pos: TriggeredM11266ReservedReservedM11279Axis 2: Axis controlRising: Servo On Falling: Servo OffM10640AX2_SERVO _ONAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis clear errorM10641AX2_FAULT RSTAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis clear errorM10641AX2_DEC_ST OPAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis clear errorM10643AX2_EMG_S TOPAxis 2: Axis control command:Rising: Single axis emergency stopM10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2: Axis control command:Rising: Single axis emergency stopM10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2: SynchronousHigh Pos: On Low Pos: Off | M11263 | | Probe 2 | Low Pos: State Off |
| M11265Axis 1: Axis trackingHigh Pos: Triggered trackingM11266ReservedReservedM11279AX2_SERVO ONAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Servo On Falling: Servo OffM10640AX2_FAULT RSTAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis clear errorM10641AX2_DEC_ST OPAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis deceleration stop command:M10643AX2_EMG_S TOPAxis 2: Axis control command:Rising: Single axis deceleration stopM10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2:Axis 2: Axis 2:Rising: Single axis deceleration stopM10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2: SynchronousHigh Pos: On Low Pos: Off | | | Axis 1: Axis | High Pos: Effective |
| M11265trackingtrackingM11266ReservedReservedM11279Ax2_SERVO ONAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Servo On Falling: Servo OffM10640AX2_FAULT RSTAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis clear errorM10641AX2_FAULT RSTAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis clear errorM10642AX2_DEC_ST OPAxis 2: Axis control command:Rising: Single axis deceleration stopM10643AX2_EMG_S TOPAxis 2: Axis control command:Rising: Single axis emergency stopM10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2:High Pos: On Low Pos: Off | M11264 | | synchronizat | |
| M11266ReservedM11279ReservedM11279AX2_SERVO _ONAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Servo On Falling: Servo OffM10640AX2_FAULT_ _ONAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis clear errorM10641AX2_FAULT_ RSTAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis clear errorM10642AX2_DEC_ST OPAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis deceleration stop command:M10643AX2_EMG_S TOPAxis 2: Axis control command:Rising: Single axis deceleration stopM10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2: Axis control command:Rising: Single axis emergency stopM10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2: SynchronousHigh Pos: On Low Pos: Off | | | Axis 1: Axis | High Pos: Triggered |
| M11200AX2_SERVO _ONAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Servo On Falling: Servo OffM10640AX2_SERVO _ONAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis clear errorM10641AX2_FAULT RSTAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis clear errorM10642AX2_DEC_ST OPAxis 2: Axis control command:Rising: Single axis deceleration stopM10643AX2_EMG_S TOPAxis 2: Axis control command:Rising: Single axis deceleration stopM10643AX2_EMG_S TOPAxis 2: Axis control command:Rising: Single axis deceleration stopM10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2: SynchronousHigh Pos: On Low Pos: Off | M11265 | | tracking | |
| ~ M11279A AX2_SERVO ONAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Servo On Falling: Servo OffM10640AX2_FAULT ONAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis clear errorM10641AX2_FAULT RSTAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis clear errorM10642AX2_DEC_ST OPAxis 2: Axis control command:Rising: Single axis deceleration stop command:M10643AX2_EMG_S TOPAxis 2: Axis control command:Rising: Single axis deceleration stopM10644AX2_SYNC ONAxis 2:Axis control command:Rising: Single axis deceleration stopM10644AX2_SYNC ONAxis 2:High Pos: On Low Pos: Off | M11266 | | Reserved | |
| M10640AX2_SERVO _ONAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Servo On Falling: Servo OffM10641AX2_FAULT RSTAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis clear errorM10642AX2_DEC_ST OPAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis deceleration stop command:M10643AX2_EMG_S TOPAxis 2: Axis control command:Rising: Single axis deceleration stop command:M10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2: Axis control command:Rising: Single axis deceleration stop command:M10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2:High Pos: On Low Pos: Off | ~ | | | |
| M10640ONcontrolFalling: Servo OffM10641AX2_FAULT_ RSTAxis 2: Axis control Command:Rising: Single axis clear errorM10642AX2_DEC_ST OPAxis 2: Axis control command:Rising: Single axis deceleration stop command:M10643AX2_EMG_S TOPAxis 2: Axis control command:Rising: Single axis deceleration stopM10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2:Axis control command:M10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2:High Pos: On Low Pos: Off | M11279 | | | |
| M10640_ONcontrolFalling: Servo OffM10641AX2_FAULT_ RSTAxis 2: Axis controlRising: Single axis clear errorM10641AX2_DEC_ST OPAxis 2: Axis control command:Rising: Single axis deceleration stop command:M10643AX2_EMG_S TOPAxis 2: Axis control command:Rising: Single axis deceleration stopM10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2:Axis control command:M10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2:High Pos: On Low Pos: Off | | AX2 SERVO | Axis 2: Axis | Rising: Servo On |
| M10641AX2_FAOLI_ RSTcontrol controlclear errorM10641AX2_DEC_ST OPAxis 2: Axis control command:Rising: Single axis deceleration stop command:M10642AX2_EMG_S TOPAxis 2: Axis control command:Rising: Single axis emergency stop command:M10643AX2_EMG_S TOPAxis 2: Axis control command:Rising: Single axis emergency stopM10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2:High Pos: On Low Pos: Off | M10640 | _ON | control | Falling: Servo Off |
| M10641AX2_FAOLT_ RSTcontrol command:clear errorM10642AX2_DEC_ST OPAxis 2: Axis control command:Rising: Single axis deceleration stop command:M10643AX2_EMG_S TOPAxis 2: Axis control command:Rising: Single axis emergency stopM10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2:High Pos: On Low Pos: Off | | ΑΥΣ ΕΛΙΠΤ | Axis 2: Axis | Rising: Single axis |
| M10642AX2_DEC_ST OPAxis 2: Axis control command:Rising: Single axis deceleration stop command:M10643AX2_EMG_S TOPAxis 2: Axis control command:Rising: Single axis emergency stop command:M10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2:High Pos: On Low Pos: Off | M10641 | | control | |
| M10642AX2_DEC_ST OPcontrol command:deceleration stopM10643AX2_EMG_S TOPAxis 2: Axis control command:Rising: Single axis emergency stopM10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2:High Pos: On Low Pos: Off | | | | |
| M10642OPControl command:deceleration stopM10643AX2_EMG_S TOPAxis 2: Axis control command:Rising: Single axis emergency stopM10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2:High Pos: On Low Pos: Off | | AX2 DEC ST | | |
| M10643AX2_EMG_S TOPAxis 2: Axis control command:Rising: Single axis emergency stop command:M10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2:High Pos: On Low Pos: Off | M10642 | | | deceleration stop |
| M10643 M10643 M10644 M10644 AX2_EMG_S TOP Control command: M10644 AX2_SYNC_ ON Axis 2: High Pos: On Low Pos: Off | | • | command: | |
| M10643TOPcontrolenlergency stopTOPcommand:M10644AX2_SYNC_ ONAxis 2:High Pos: On Low Pos: Off | | | Axis 2: Axis | Rising: Single axis |
| M10644 AX2_SYNC_ Axis 2: High Pos: On ON Synchronous Low Pos: Off | M10643 | | control | emergency stop |
| M10644 ON Synchronous Low Pos: Off | | TOP | command: | |
| M10644 ON Synchronous Low Pos: Off | | AX2 SYNC | Axis 2: | High Pos: On |
| | M10644 | | | - |
| AX2_ORG_SI Axis 2: High Pos: On | | AX2_ORG_SI | Axis 2: | High Pos: On |
| M10645 G Origin signal Low Pos: Off | M10645 | | Origin signal | Low Pos: Off |

| | AX2 POST S | Axis 2: | High Pos: On |
|----------|------------|--------------|------------------|
| M10646 | IG | Positive | Low Pos: Off |
| M10647 | AX2_NEG_SI | Axis 2: | High Pos: On |
| 10110047 | G | Negative | Low Pos: Off |
| M10648 | | Axis 2: Z | High Pos: On |
| 10110040 | AX2_Z_SIG | count signal | Low Pos: Off |
| M10649 | AX2_SYNC_ | Axis 2: | High Pos: On |
| 10110049 | ON_DIS | Synchronous | Low Pos: Off |
| M10650 | AX2_SYNC_ | Axis 2: | High Pos: On |
| 10110020 | OFF_DIS | Synchronous | Low Pos: Off |
| M10651 | | Axis 2: | High Pos: On |
| 10110031 | | Auxiliary | Low Pos: Off |
| M10652 | | Axis 2: | High Pos: On |
| 10110052 | | Auxiliary | Low Pos: Off |
| M10653 | | Axis 2: | High Pos: On |
| 10110055 | | Auxiliary | Low Pos: Off |
| M10654 | | Reserved | |
| M10655 | | Reserved | |
| M10656 | | Reserved | |
| N4106E7 | | Axis 2: Axis | High Pos: On |
| M10657 | | Probe 1 | Low Pos: Off |
| M10658 | | Axis 2: Axis | Rising Triggered |
| 10110020 | | Probe 1 | |
| M10659 | | Axis 2: Axis | High Pos: On |
| 10110033 | | Probe 2 | Low Pos: Off |
| M10660 | | Axis 2: Axis | Rising Triggered |
| | | Probe 2 | |
| | | Axis 2: Axis | High Pos: On |
| M10661 | | synchronous | Low Pos: Off |
| | | parameter | |

| | | Axis 2: Axis | High Pos: On |
|----------|-----------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | | | Low Pos: Off |
| | | synchronizat | LOW POS. OII |
| MAGCCO | | ion | |
| M10662 | | parameter | |
| | | valid request | |
| | | in the next | |
| | | cycle | |
| | | Axis 2: Axis | High Pos: On |
| M10663 | | Synchronize | Low Pos: Off |
| | | d Clutch | |
| | | Edge Trigger | |
| | | Axis 2: | High Pos: On |
| M10664 | | Initialization | Low Pos: Off |
| 10110004 | | of the cam | |
| | | phase when | |
| M10665 | | | |
| ~ | | Reserved | |
| M10679 | | | |
| | | Axis 2: Servo | High Pos: Sevo On |
| M11280 | AX2_SERVO | | Low Pos: Servo Off |
| | | On | |
| M11281 | AX2_OP_RE | Axis 2: | High Pos: Ready |
| | ADY | Operation | Low Pos: Not Ready |
| M11282 | AX2 IN ERR | Axis 2: Axis | High Pos: In Error |
| | | error in | Low Pos: No Error |
| M11283 | AX2_IN_WA | Axis 2: Axis | High Pos: In Warning |
| 10111203 | RN | warning in | Low Pos: No Warning |
| N411204 | AX2_IN_CTR | Axis 2: | High Pos: In Control |
| M11284 | L | Control in | Low Pos: No Control |
| | | Axis 2: | High Pos: Homing |
| M11285 | AX2_IN_HO M | Homing in | Mode |
| | | progress | Low Pos: Homing |
| | AX2_HOM_ | Axis 2: | High Pos: Homing |
| M11286 | DN | Homing | Mode Done |
| | | Axis 2: | High Pos: Positioning |
| M11287 | AX2_IN_POS I | Positioning | Mode |
| | | in progress | Low Pos: Positioning |
| | | Axis 2: | |
| M11288 | AX2_POSI_D | | High Pos: Positioning |
| | N | Positioning Axis 2: JOG | Mode Done High Pos: JOG Mode |
| M11289 | AX2_IN_JOG | | Low Pos: JOG Mode |
| | | in progress | |

| M11290 | AX2_JOG_D | Axis 2: JOG | High Pos: JOG Mode |
|--------|-----------------|--|---|
| M11291 | AX2_IN_SYN C | Axis 2: Synchronous in progress | High Pos: clutch connecting/disengagi ng Low Pos: Clutch connection/disengage |
| M11292 | AX2_SYNC_ ON | Axis 2: Synchronous on | High Pos: Clutch connection complete Low Pos: Clutch disengagement |
| M11293 | | Axis 2: Speed mode | High Pos: Speed Mode |
| M11294 | | Axis 2: Speed mode done | High Pos: Reaching target speed/Reaching speed upper limit |
| M11295 | | Axis 2: Torque mode in progress | High Pos: Torque Mode Low Pos: Torque Mode Done |
| M11296 | | Axis 2: Torque mode done | High Pos: Reaching target torque/Reaching torque upper limit |
| M11297 | | Axis 2: Forward | High Pos: State On Low Pos: State Off |
| M11298 | | Axis 2: Reverse | High Pos: State On Low Pos: State Off |
| M11299 | | Axis 2: Starting | High Pos: State On Low Pos: State Off |
| M11300 | | Axis 2: Positive limit | High Pos: State On Low Pos: State Off |
| M11301 | | Axis 2: Negative | High Pos: State On Low Pos: State Off |
| M11302 | | Axis 2: Axis Probe 1 | High Pos: State On Low Pos: State Off |
| M11303 | | Axis 2: Axis Probe 2 | High Pos: State On Low Pos: State Off |

| | | Axis 2: Axis | High Pos: Effective |
|------------------|------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| M11304 | | synchronizat | |
| | | ion | |
| | | parameter | |
| M11305 | | Axis 2: Axis | High Pos: Triggered |
| | | tracking | |
| M11303 ~ | | Reserved | |
| M11319 | | | |
| | AX3 SERVO | Axis 3: Axis | Rising: Single axis |
| M10680 | ON | control | Servo on |
| | _01 | | |
| M10681 | AX3_FAULT_ | Axis 3: Axis | Rising: Single axis |
| | RST | control | clear error |
| | | Axis 3: Axis | Rising: Single axis |
| M10682 | AX3_DEC_ST | control | deceleration stop |
| | OP | command: | |
| | | Axis 3: Axis | Rising: Single axis |
| 140602 | AX3_EMG_S | control | emergency stop |
| M10683 | ТОР | command: | emergency stop |
| | | - | |
| M10684 | AX3_SYNC_ | Axis 3: | High Pos: On |
| | ON | Synchronous | Low Pos: Off |
| M10685 | AX3_ORG_SI | Axis 3: | High Pos: On |
| 101100000 | G | Origin signal | Low Pos: Off |
| M10686 | AX3_POST_S | Axis 3: | High Pos: On |
| 10110000 | IG | Positive | Low Pos: Off |
| M10687 | AX3_NEG_SI | Axis 3: | High Pos: On |
| 14110007 | G | Negative | Low Pos: Off |
| M10688 | AX3 Z SIG | Axis 3: Z | High Pos: On |
| | | count signal | Low Pos: Off |
| M10689 | AX3_SYNC_ | Axis 3 | High Pos: On |
| | ON_DIS | Synchronous | Low Pos: Off |
| M10690 | AX3_SYNC_ | Axis 3: | High Pos: On |
| | OFF_DIS | Synchronous | Low Pos: Off |
| M10691 | | Axis 3: | High Pos: On |
| 1110031 | | Auxiliary | Low Pos: Off |
| M10692 | | Axis 3: | High Pos: On |
| | 1 | | Low Doci Off |
| M10692 | | Auxiliary | Low Pos: Off |
| M10692 M10693 | | Auxiliary Axis 3: | High Pos: On |

| M10694 | | Reserved | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|---|--|
| M10695 | | Reserved | |
| M10696 | | Reserved | |
| M10697 | | Axis 3: Axis Probe 1 | High Pos: On Low Pos: Off |
| M10698 | | Axis 3: Axis | Rising Triggered |
| | | Probe 1 Axis 3: Axis | High Pos: On |
| M10699 | | Probe 2 | Low Pos: Off |
| M10700 | | Axis 3: Axis Probe 2 | Rising Triggered |
| M10701 | | Axis 3: Axis synchronous parameter immediate | High Pos: On Low Pos: Off |
| M10702 | | Axis 3: Axis synchronizat ion parameter valid request | High Pos: On Low Pos: Off |
| M10703 | | Axis 3: Axis Synchronize d Clutch Edge Trigger | High Pos: On Low Pos: Off |
| M10704 | | Axis 3: Initialization of the cam phase when | High Pos: On Low Pos: Off |
| M10705 ~ M10719 | | Reserved | |
| 10110/19 | | | |
| M11320 | AX3_SERVO _IS_ON | Axis 3: Servo On | High Pos: Servo On Low Pos: Servo Off |
| M11321 | AX3_OP_RE ADY | Axis 3: Operation | High Pos: Ready Low Pos: Not Ready |

| | 1 | 1 | 1 |
|--------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| M11322 | AX3_IN_ERR | Axis 3: Axis error in | High Pos: In Error Low Pos: No Error |
| M11323 | AX3_IN_WA RN | Axis 3: Axis warning in | High Pos: In Warning Low Pos: No Warning |
| M11324 | AX3_IN_CTR L | Axis 3: Control in | High Pos: In Control Low Pos: No Control |
| M11325 | AX3_IN_HO M | Axis 3: Homing in progress | High Pos: Homing Mode Low Pos: Homing |
| M11326 | AX3_HOM_ DN | Axis 3: Homing | High Pos: Homing Mode Done |
| M11327 | AX3_IN_POS I | Axis 3: Positioning in progress | High Pos: Positioning Mode Low Pos: Positioning |
| M11328 | AX3_POSI_D N | Axis 3: Positioning done | High Pos: Positioning Mode Done |
| M11329 | AX3_IN_JOG | Axis 3: JOG in progress | High Pos: JOG Mode Low Pos: JOG Mode |
| M11330 | AX3_JOG_D | Axis 3: JOG | High Pos: JOG Mode |
| M11331 | AX3_IN_SYN C | Axis 3: Synchronous in progress | High Pos: clutch connecting/disengagi ng Low Pos: Clutch |
| M11332 | AX3_SYNC_ ON | Axis 3: Synchronous on | High Pos: Clutch connection complete Low Pos: Clutch disengagement |
| M11333 | | Axis 3: Speed mode in progress | High Pos: Speed Mode Low Pos: Speed Mode |
| M11334 | | Axis 3: Speed mode done | High Pos: Reaching target speed/Reaching |
| M11335 | | Axis 3: Torque mode in | High Pos: Torque Mode Low Pos: Torque |

| | | Axis 3: | High Pos: Reaching |
|----------|------------|----------------|----------------------|
| M11336 | | Torque | target |
| 10111550 | | mode done | torque/Reaching |
| | | | |
| M11337 | | Axis 3: | High Pos: State On |
| | | Forward | Low Pos: State Off |
| M11338 | | Axis 3: | High Pos: State On |
| | | Reverse | Low Pos: State Off |
| M11339 | | Axis 3: | High Pos: State On |
| | | Starting | Low Pos: State Off |
| M11340 | | Axis 3: | High Pos: State On |
| | | Positive limit | Low Pos: State Off |
| M11341 | | Axis 3: | High Pos: State On |
| 10111041 | | Negative | Low Pos: State Off |
| M11342 | | Axis 3: Axis | High Pos: State On |
| 10111342 | | Probe 1 | Low Pos: State Off |
| | | Axis 3: Axis | High Pos: State On |
| M11343 | | Probe 2 | Low Pos: State Off |
| 101110-0 | | triggered | |
| | | | |
| | | Axis 3: Axis | High Pos: Effective |
| M11344 | | synchronizat | |
| | | ion | |
| | | parameter | |
| M11345 | | Axis 3: Axis | High Pos: Triggered |
| 10111545 | | tracking | |
| M11346 | | Reserved | |
| ~ | | | |
| M11359 | | | |
| | | | |
| | AX4_SERVO | Axis 4: Axis | Rising: Single axis |
| M10720 | ON | control . | Servo On |
| | _ | command: | Falling: Single axis |
| | AX4 FAULT | Axis 4: Axis | Rising: Single axis |
| M10721 | RST | control | clear error |
| | | command: | |
| | | Axis 4: Axis | Rising: Single axis |
| | | control | deceleration stop |
| M10722 | AX4_DEC_ST | command: | |
| | OP | Deceleration | |
| | | stop | |
| | | 5.00 | |

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| | | Axis 4: Axis | Rising: Single axis |
| M10723 | AX4_EMG_S | control | emergency stop |
| | ТОР | command: | |
| | | Emergency | |
| M10724 | AX4_SYNC_ | Axis 4: | High Pos: On |
| | ON | Synchronous | Low Pos: Off |
| M10725 | AX4_ORG_SI | Axis 4 Origin | High Pos: On |
| | G | signal | Low Pos: Off |
| M10726 | AX4_POST_S | Axis 4: | High Pos: On |
| | IG | Positive | Low Pos: Off |
| M10727 | AX4_NEG_SI | Axis 4: | High Pos: On |
| | G | Negative | Low Pos: Off |
| M10728 | AX4 Z SIG | Axis 4: Z | High Pos: On |
| 10110728 | AA4_2_510 | count signal | Low Pos: Off |
| M10729 | AX4_SYNC_ | Axis 4 | High Pos: On |
| 10110729 | ON_DIS | Synchronous | Low Pos: Off |
| M10730 | AX4_SYNC_ | Axis 4 | High Pos: On |
| WI10730 | OFF_DIS | Synchronous | Low Pos: Off |
| N440704 | | Axis 4: | |
| M10731 | | Auxiliary | |
| | | Axis 4: | |
| M10732 | | Auxiliary | |
| | | Axis 4: | |
| M10733 | | Auxiliary | |
| | | | |
| M10734 | | Reserved | |
| | | | |
| M10735 | | Reserved | |
| | | | |
| M10736 | | Reserved | |
| | | Axis 4: Axis | High Pos: On |
| M10737 | | Probe 1 | Low Pos: Off |
| | | Function ON | |
| | | Axis 4: Axis | Rising Triggered |
| M10738 | | Probe 1 | |
| | | Function | |
| | | Axis 4: Axis | High Pos: On |
| M10739 | | Probe 2 | Low Pos: Off |
| | | Function ON | |
| | | | |

| r | | | |
|----------|------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| M10740 | | Axis 4: Axis Probe 2 | Rising Triggered |
| | | Axis 4: Axis | High Pos: On |
| | | synchronous | Low Pos: Off |
| M10741 | | parameter | |
| 10110741 | | immediate | |
| | | effect | |
| | | - | |
| | | Axis 4: Axis | High Pos: On |
| | | synchronizat | Low Pos: Off |
| M10742 | | ion | |
| | | parameter | |
| | | valid request | |
| | | in the next Axis 4: Axis | High Pos: On |
| | | | Low Pos: Off |
| M10743 | | Synchronize d Clutch | |
| IVI10743 | | | |
| | | Edge Trigger | |
| | | Buffer ON | |
| | | Axis 4: | High Pos: On |
| | | Initialization | Low Pos: Off |
| M10744 | | of the cam | |
| 10110744 | | phase when | |
| | | the axis | |
| | | synchronous | |
| M10745 | | | |
| ~ | | Reserved | |
| M10759 | | | |
| | | | |
| M11360 | AX4_SERVO | Axis 4: Servo | High Pos: Servo On |
| | _IS_ON | On | Low Pos: Servo Off |
| | AX4 OP RE | Axis 4: | High Pos: Ready |
| M11361 | ADY | Operation | Low Pos: Not Ready |
| | | Ready | |
| M11362 | | Axis 4: Axis | High Pos: In Error |
| 10111302 | AX4_IN_ERR | error in | Low Pos: No Error |
| | AX4 IN WA | Axis 4: Axis | High Pos: In Warning |
| M11363 | RN | warning in progress | Low Pos: No Warning |
| | AX4 IN CTR | Axis 4: | High Pos: In Control |
| M11364 | | Control in | Low Pos: No Control |
| | - | progross | |

| M11365MHoming inModeM11366AX4_HOM_ DNAxis 4:High Pos: Homing Mode DoneM11367AX4_IN_POS IAxis 4:High Pos: Positioning ModeM11367AX4_IN_POS IAxis 4:High Pos: Positioning ModeM11368AX4_POSI_D NAxis 4:High Pos: Positioning ModeM11368AX4_POSI_D NAxis 4:High Pos: Positioning ModeM11369AX4_IN_JOGAxis 4: JOGHigh Pos: JOG Mode |
|--|
| MI1366 DN Homing Mode Done DN Homing Mode Done M11367 AX4_IN_POS I Axis 4: High Pos: Positioning M11367 AX4_IN_POS I Positioning Mode M11368 AX4_POSI_D N Axis 4: High Pos: Positioning M11368 AX4_POSI_D N Positioning done Mode Done |
| DNHomingMode DoneM11367AX4_IN_POS IAxis 4:High Pos: Positioning ModeM11368AX4_POSI_D NAxis 4:High Pos: Positioning I Positioning Mode DoneM11368AX4_POSI_D NAxis 4:High Pos: Positioning Mode DoneM11368Ax4_POSI_D NAxis 4:High Pos: Positioning Mode Done |
| M11367 Ax4_IN_POS I Positioning in progress Mode M11368 AX4_POSI_D N Axis 4: High Pos: Positioning M11368 AX4_POSI_D N Positioning done Mode |
| M11367 I Positioning Mode I in progress Low Pos: Positioning M11368 AX4_POSI_D Axis 4: High Pos: Positioning M11368 AX4_POSI_D Positioning Mode M11368 AX4_POSI_D Axis 4: High Pos: Positioning Mode N Axis 4: High Pos: Positioning |
| M11368 AX4_POSI_D N Axis 4: High Pos: Positioning done Mode Done Axis 4: IOG High Pos: IOG Mode |
| M11368 AX4_POSI_D N Positioning done Mode Done done High Pos: IOG Mode |
| M11368 N Positioning Mode Dolle done Axis 4: IOG High Pos: IOG Mode |
| done |
| M11369 AX4 IN LOG Axis 4: JOG High Pos: JOG Mode |
| |
| in progress Low Pos: JOG Mode |
| M11370 AX4_JOG_D Axis 4: JOG High Pos: JOG Mode |
| Axis 4: High Pos: clutch |
| M11371 AX4_IN_SYN Synchronous connecting/disengagi |
| C in progress ng |
| AX4_SYNC Axis 4: High Post Clutch |
| M11372 ON Synchronous connection complete |
| Axis 4: High Pos: Speed |
| M11373 Speed mode Mode |
| in progress Low Pos: Speed Mode |
| Axis 4: High Pos: Reaching |
| M11374 |
| Speed mode target Axis 4: High Pos: Torque |
| |
| |
| ' |
| M11376 Axis 4: High Pos: Reaching |
| Torque target |
| Axis 4: High Pos: State On |
| M11377 Forward Low Pos: State Off |
| software |
| Axis 4: High Pos: State On |
| M11378 Reverse Low Pos: State Off |
| software |
| Axis 4: Starting High Pos: State On |
| M11379 Starting Low Post State Off |
| point limit |
| Axis 3: High Pos: State On |
| M11380 Positive limit Low Pos: State Off |
| switch state |

| | | Axis 4: | High Pos: State On |
|----------|------------|--------------|----------------------|
| M11381 | | Negative | Low Pos: State Off |
| | | limit switch | |
| | | Axis 4: Axis | High Pos: State On |
| M11382 | | Probe 1 | Low Pos: State Off |
| | | triggered | |
| | | Axis 4: Axis | High Pos: State On |
| M11383 | | Probe 2 | Low Pos: State Off |
| 10111303 | | triggered | |
| | | | |
| | | Axis 4: Axis | High Pos: Effective |
| | | synchronizat | |
| M11384 | | ion | |
| | | parameter | |
| | | effective | |
| | | Axis 4: Axis | High Pos: Triggered |
| M11385 | | tracking | |
| | | error state | |
| M11386 | | | |
| ~ | | Reserved | |
| M11399 | | | |
| | | Axis 5: Axis | Rising: Single axis |
| | AX5 SERVO | control | Servo On |
| M10760 | ON | command: | Falling: Single axis |
| | | Servo ON | Servo Off |
| | | Axis 5: Axis | Rising: Single axis |
| | AX5_FAULT_ | control | clear error |
| M10761 | RST | command: | |
| | 1.51 | Error reset | |
| | | | Dicing: Cingle avia |
| | | Axis 5: Axis | Rising: Single axis |
| | AX5_DEC_ST | control | deceleration stop |
| M10762 | OP | command: | |
| | | Deceleration | |
| | | stop | |
| | | Axis 5: Axis | Rising: Single axis |
| N410762 | AX5_EMG_S | control | emergency stop |
| M10763 | ТОР | command: | |
| | | Emergency | |
| | AX5_SYNC_ | Axis 5: | High Pos: On |
| M10764 | ON | Synchronous | Low Pos: Off |
| | | Synchronous | LOW 1 03. 011 |

| | AX5_ORG_SI | Axis 5: | High Pos: On |
|----------|------------|---------------|------------------|
| M10765 | G | Origin signal | Low Pos: Off |
| N4107CC | AX5_POST_S | Axis 5: | High Pos: On |
| M10766 | IG | Positive | Low Pos: Off |
| M10767 | AX5_NEG_SI | Axis 5: | High Pos: On |
| 10110767 | G | Negative | Low Pos: Off |
| N410769 | | Axis 5: Z | High Pos: On |
| M10768 | AX5_Z_SIG | count signal | Low Pos: Off |
| M10769 | AX5_SYNC_ | Axis 5: | High Pos: On |
| 10110703 | ON_DIS | Synchronous | Low Pos: Off |
| M10770 | AX5_SYNC_ | Axis 5: | High Pos: On |
| | OFF_DIS | Synchronous | Low Pos: Off |
| M10771 | | Axis 5: | High Pos: On |
| | | Auxiliary | Low Pos: Off |
| M10772 | | Axis 5: | High Pos: On |
| 10/72 | | Auxiliary | Low Pos: Off |
| M10773 | | Axis 5: | High Pos: On |
| 10110775 | | Auxiliary | Low Pos: Off |
| M10774 | | Reserved | |
| M10775 | | Reserved | |
| M10776 | | Reserved | |
| M10777 | | Axis 5: Axis | High Pos: On |
| | | Probe 1 | Low Pos: Off |
| M10778 | | Axis 5: Axis | Rising Triggered |
| 10110778 | | Probe 1 | |
| | | Axis 5: Axis | High Pos: On |
| M10779 | | Probe 2 | Low Pos: Off |
| | | Function ON | |
| | | Axis 5: Axis | Rising Triggered |
| M10780 | | Probe 2 | |
| | | Function | |
| | | Axis 5: Axis | High Pos: On |
| | | synchronous | Low Pos: Off |
| M10781 | | parameter | |
| | | immediate | |
| | | effect | |

| | | A · F A · | |
|----------|------------|----------------|-----------------------|
| | | Axis 5: Axis | High Pos: On |
| | | synchronizat | Low Pos: Off |
| M10782 | | ion | |
| | | parameter | |
| | | valid request | |
| | | Axis 5: Axis | High Pos: On |
| | | Synchronize | Low Pos: Off |
| M10783 | | d Clutch | |
| | | Edge Trigger | |
| | | Buffer ON | |
| | | Axis 5: | High Pos: On |
| | | Initialization | Low Pos: Off |
| | | of the cam | |
| M10784 | | phase when | |
| | | the axis | |
| | | synchronous | |
| M10785 | | Reserved | |
| ~ | | | |
| M10799 | | | |
| | AX5 SERVO | Axis 5: Servo | High Pos: Servo On |
| M11400 | IS ON | On | Low Pos: Servo Off |
| | | Axis 5: | High Pos: Ready |
| M11401 | AX5_OP_RE | Operation | Low Pos: Not Ready |
| | ADY | Ready | Low Pool Not Nedaly |
| | | Axis 5: Axis | High Pos: In Error |
| M11402 | AX5_IN_ERR | error in | Low Pos: No Error |
| | AX5 IN WA | Axis 5: Axis | High Pos: In Warning |
| M11403 | RN | warning in | Low Pos: No Warning |
| | | - | |
| M11404 | AX5_IN_CTR | Axis 5: | High Pos: In Control |
| | L | Control in | Low Pos: No Control |
| M11405 | AX5_IN_HO | Axis 5: | High Pos: Homing |
| 10111405 | М | Homing in | Mode |
| N41140C | AX5_HOM_ | Axis 5: | High Pos: Homing |
| M11406 | DN | Homing | Mode Done |
| | | Axis 5: | High Pos: Positioning |
| M11407 | AX5_IN_POS | Positioning | Mode |
| | | in progress | Low Pos: Positioning |
| | AX5_POSI_D | Axis 5: | High Pos: Positioning |
| M11408 | N | Positioning | Mode Done |
| | | - | |

| N411400 | | Axis 5: JOG | High Pos: JOG Mode |
|----------|------------|---------------------------|--|
| M11409 | AX5_IN_JOG | in progress | Low Pos: JOG Mode |
| N411410 | AX5_JOG_D | Axis 5: JOG | High Pos: JOG Mode |
| M11410 | Ν | done | Done |
| | | Axis 5: | High Pos: clutch |
| | AX5 IN SYN | Synchronous | connecting/disengagi |
| M11411 | C | in progress | ng |
| | C | | Low Pos: Clutch |
| | | | connection/disengage |
| | | | High Pos: Clutch |
| M11412 | AX5_SYNC_ | Axis 5: | connection complete |
| 10111412 | ON | Synchronous | Low Pos: Clutch |
| | | on | disengagement |
| N44442 | | Axis 5: | High Pos: Speed |
| M11413 | | Speed mode | Mode |
| | | Axis 5: | High Pos: Reaching |
| M11414 | | Speed mode | target |
| | | done | speed/Reaching |
| M11415 | | Axis 5: | High Pos: Torque |
| 1011413 | | Torque | Mode |
| M11416 | | Axis 5: | High Pos: Reaching |
| 1011410 | | Torque | target |
| | | Axis 5: | High Pos: State On |
| M11417 | | Forward | Low Pos: State Off |
| | | Axis 5: | High Pos: State On |
| M11418 | | Reverse | Low Pos: State Off |
| | | software Avia Fi | |
| M11419 | | Axis 5: | High Pos: State On |
| | | Starting Axis 5: | Low Pos: State Off |
| M11420 | | Axis 5: Positive limit | High Pos: State On Low Pos: State Off |
| | | Axis 5: | High Pos: State On |
| M11421 | | Negative | Low Pos: State Off |
| | | Axis 5: Axis | High Pos: State On |
| M11422 | | Probe 1 | Low Pos: State Off |
| | | Axis 5: Axis | High Pos: State On |
| M11423 | | Probe 2 | Low Pos: State Off |
| | | | |

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| | | Axis 5: Axis | High Pos: Effective |
| M11424 | | synchronizat | |
| | | ion | |
| | | parameter | |
| M11425 | | Axis 5: Axis | High Pos: Triggered |
| 111425 | | tracking | |
| M11426 | | | |
| ~ | | Reserved | |
| M11439 | | | |
| | | Axis 6: Axis | Rising: Single axis |
| M10800 | AX6_SERVO | control | Servo On |
| 10110800 | _ON | command: | Falling: Single axis |
| | | Servo ON | Servo Off |
| | AX6 FAULT | Axis 6: Axis | Rising: Single axis |
| M10801 | RST | control | clear error |
| | | command: | |
| | | Axis 6: Axis | Rising: Single axis |
| M10802 | AX6_DEC_ST OP | control | deceleration stop |
| | | command: | |
| | | Deceleration | |
| | AX6_EMG_S | Axis 6: Axis | Rising: Single axis |
| M10803 | TOP | control | emergency stop |
| | | command: | |
| M10804 | AX6_SYNC_ | Axis 6: | High Pos: On |
| 1110004 | ON | Synchronous | Low Pos: Off |
| | AX6_ORG_SI | Axis 6: | High Pos: On |
| M10805 | G | Origin signal | Low Pos: Off |
| M10806 | AX6_POST_S | Axis 6: | High Pos: On |
| | IG | Positive | Low Pos: Off |
| M10807 | AX6_NEG_SI | Axis 6: | High Pos: On |
| 10110007 | G | Negative | Low Pos: Off |
| M10000 | | Axis 6: Z | High Pos: On |
| M10808 | | | |
| | AX6_Z_SIG | count signal | Low Pos: Off |
| N10000 | AX6_2_SIG AX6_SYNC_ | count signal Axis 6: | Low Pos: Off High Pos: On |
| M10809 | | _ | |
| | AX6_SYNC_ | Axis 6: | High Pos: On |
| M10809 M10810 | AX6_SYNC_ ON_DIS | Axis 6: Synchronous | High Pos: On Low Pos: Off |
| | AX6_SYNC_ ON_DIS AX6_SYNC_ | Axis 6: Synchronous Axis 6: | High Pos: On Low Pos: Off High Pos: On |

| | Axis 6: | High Pos: On |
|---------|----------------|------------------|
| M10812 | Auxiliary | Low Pos: Off |
| | Axis 6: | High Pos: On |
| M10813 | Auxiliary | Low Pos: Off |
| | | |
| M10814 | Reserved | |
| | | |
| M10815 | Reserved | |
| M10816 | Reserved | |
| | | |
| M10817 | Axis 6: Axis | High Pos: On |
| | Probe 1 | Low Pos: Off |
| M10818 | Axis 6: Axis | Rising Triggered |
| | Probe 1 | |
| M10819 | Axis 6: Axis | High Pos: On |
| WI10013 | Probe 2 | Low Pos: Off |
| M10820 | Axis 6: Axis | Rising Triggered |
| 1110820 | Probe 2 | |
| | Axis 6: Axis | High Pos: On |
| | synchronous | Low Pos: Off |
| M10821 | parameter | |
| | immediate | |
| | effect | |
| | Axis 6: Axis | High Pos: On |
| | synchronizat | Low Pos: Off |
| M10822 | ion | |
| | parameter | |
| | valid request | |
| | Axis 6: Axis | High Pos: On |
| M10823 | Synchronize | Low Pos: Off |
| | d Clutch | |
| | Edge Trigger | |
| | Axis 6: | High Pos: On |
| | Initialization | Low Pos: Off |
| M10824 | of the cam | |
| | phase when | |
| | the axis | |
| M10825 | Reserved | |
| ~ | | |
| M10839 | | |

| M11440 | AX6_SERVO | Axis 6: Servo | High Pos: Servo On |
|----------|------------|---------------|-----------------------|
| | _IS_ON | On | Low Pos: Servo Off |
| M11441 | AX6_OP_RE | Axis 6: | High Pos: Ready |
| 10111441 | ADY | Operation | Low Pos: Not Ready |
| | | Axis 6: Axis | High Pos: In Error |
| M11442 | AX6_IN_ERR | error in | Low Pos: No Error |
| | AX6 IN WA | Axis 6: Axis | High Pos: In Warning |
| M11443 | RN | warning in | Low Pos: No Warning |
| | AX6 IN CTR | Axis 6: | High Pos: In Control |
| M11444 | L | Control in | Low Pos: No Control |
| | AX6_IN_HO | Axis 6: | High Pos: Homing |
| M11445 | М | Homing in | Mode |
| M11446 | AX6_HOM_ | Axis 6: | High Pos: Homing |
| 10111440 | DN | Homing | Mode Done |
| | AX6 IN POS | Axis 6: | High Pos: Positioning |
| M11447 | | Positioning | Mode |
| | | in progress | Low Pos: Positioning |
| M11448 | AX6_POSI_D | Axis 6: | High Pos: Positioning |
| 10111440 | Ν | Positioning | Mode Done |
| M11449 | AX6 IN JOG | Axis 6: JOG | High Pos: JOG Mode |
| 10111445 | AX0_IN_300 | in progress | Low Pos: JOG Mode |
| M11450 | AX6_JOG_D | Axis 6: JOG | High Pos: JOG Mode |
| | AX6_IN_SYN | Axis 6: | High Pos: clutch |
| M11451 | С | Synchronous | connecting/disengagi |
| | | Axis 6: | High Pos: Clutch |
| M11452 | AX6_SYNC_ | Synchronous | connection complete |
| 10111452 | ON | on | Low Pos: Clutch |
| | | - | disengagement |
| M11453 | | Axis 6: | High Pos: Speed |
| | | Speed mode | Mode |
| | | Axis 6: | High Pos: Reaching |
| M11454 | | Speed mode | target |
| | | done | speed/Reaching |
| | | Axis 6: | High Pos: Torque |
| M11455 | | Torque | Mode |
| | | mode in | Low Pos: Torque |

| | | Axis 6: | High Pos: Reaching |
|----------|------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|
| M11456 | | Torque | target |
| | | mode done | torque/Reaching |
| | | Axis 6: | |
| M11457 | | Forward | High Pos: State On |
| | | software | Low Pos: State Off |
| | | limit state | |
| | | Axis 6: | High Pos: State On |
| M11458 | | Reverse | Low Pos: State Off |
| | | software | |
| M11459 | | Axis 6: | High Pos: State On |
| 1111433 | | Starting | Low Pos: State Off |
| M11460 | | Axis 6: | High Pos: State On |
| 1111400 | | Positive limit | Low Pos: State Off |
| M11461 | | Axis 6: | High Pos: State On |
| 1111401 | | Negative | Low Pos: State Off |
| M11462 | | Axis 6: Axis | High Pos: State On |
| 10111402 | | Probe 1 | Low Pos: State Off |
| M11463 | | Axis 6: Axis | High Pos: State On |
| 10111405 | | Probe 2 | Low Pos: State Off |
| | | Axis 6: Axis | High Pos: Effective |
| | | synchronizat | |
| M11464 | | ion | |
| | | parameter | |
| | | Axis 6: Axis | High Pos: Triggered |
| M11465 | | tracking | |
| M11466 | | Reserved | |
| ~ | | | |
| M11479 | | | |
| | | Axis 7: Axis | Rising: Single axis |
| | | control | Servo On |
| M10840 | AX7_SERVO | command: | |
| | _ON | Servo ON | Falling: Single axis Servo Off |
| | | | |
| | | Axis 7: Axis | Rising: Single axis |
| M10841 | AX7_FAULT_ | control | clear error |
| | RST | command: | |
| | | Error reset | |

| | | Axis 7: Axis | Rising: Single axis |
|----------|------------|---------------|---------------------|
| M10842 | AX7 DEC ST | control | deceleration stop |
| | OP | command: | |
| | | Deceleration | |
| | | Axis 7: Axis | Rising: Single axis |
| | AX7 EMG S | control | emergency stop |
| M10843 | TOP | command: | 5 7 1 |
| | _ | Emergency | |
| | AX7 SYNC | Axis 7: | High Pos: On |
| M10844 | ON | Synchronous | Low Pos: Off |
| | AX7 ORG SI | Axis 7: | High Pos: On |
| M10845 | G | Origin signal | Low Pos: Off |
| | AX7 POST S | Axis 7: | High Pos: On |
| M10846 | IG – – | Positive | Low Pos: Off |
| 140047 | AX7_NEG_SI | Axis 7: | High Pos: On |
| M10847 | G | Negative | Low Pos: Off |
| 140040 | AX7_Z_SIG | Axis 7: Z | High Pos: On |
| M10848 | | count signal | Low Pos: Off |
| N410040 | AX7_SYNC_ | Axis 7 | High Pos: On |
| M10849 | ON_DIS | Synchronous | Low Pos: Off |
| N/100E0 | AX7_SYNC_ | Axis 7: | High Pos: On |
| M10850 | OFF_DIS | Synchronous | Low Pos: Off |
| M10851 | | Axis 7: | High Pos: On |
| 10110031 | | Auxiliary | Low Pos: Off |
| M10852 | | Axis 7: | High Pos: On |
| 10110652 | | Auxiliary | Low Pos: Off |
| | | Axis 7: | High Pos: On |
| M10853 | | Auxiliary | Low Pos: Off |
| | | clutch OFF | |
| M10854 | | Reserved | |
| | | | |
| M10855 | | Reserved | |
| M10856 | | Reserved | |
| M10857 | | Axis 7: Axis | High Pos: On |
| 10110037 | | Probe 1 | Low Pos: Off |
| M10858 | | Axis 7: Axis | Rising Triggered |
| | | Probe 1 | |

| N4100F0 | | Axis 7: Axis | High Pos: On |
|----------|------------|----------------|----------------------|
| M10859 | | Probe 2 | Low Pos: Off |
| M10860 | | Axis 7: Axis | Rising Triggered |
| 10110800 | | Probe 2 | |
| | | Axis 7: Axis | High Pos: On |
| | | synchronous | Low Pos: Off |
| M10861 | | parameter | |
| | | immediate | |
| | | effect | |
| | | request | |
| | | Axis 7: Axis | High Pos: On |
| | | synchronizat | Low Pos: Off |
| M10862 | | ion | |
| | | parameter | |
| | | valid request | |
| | | Axis 7: Axis | High Pos: On |
| | | Synchronize | Low Pos: Off |
| M10863 | | d Clutch | |
| | | Edge Trigger | |
| | | Duffer ON | |
| | | Axis 7: | High Pos: On |
| | | Initialization | Low Pos: Off |
| M10864 | | of the cam | |
| 10110804 | | phase when | |
| | | the axis | |
| | | synchronous | |
| M10865 | | Reserved | |
| ~ | | | |
| M10879 | | | |
| | AX7 SERVO | Axis 7: Servo | High Pos: Servo On |
| M11480 | IS ON | On | Low Pos: Servo Off |
| | AX7_OP_RE | Axis 7: | High Pos: Ready |
| M11481 | ADY | Operation | Low Pos: Not Ready |
| | | Axis 7: Axis | - |
| M11482 | AX7 IN ERR | | High Pos: In Error |
| | | error in | Low Pos: No Error |
| | | Axis 7: Axis | High Pos: In Warning |
| M11483 | AX7_IN_WA | warning in | Low Pos: No Warning |
| | RN | progress | |
| | AX7_IN_CTR | Axis 7: | High Pos: In Control |
| M11484 | L – – | Control in | Low Pos: No Control |
| L | 1 | • | 1 |

| M11485 | AX7_IN_HO | Axis 7: | High Pos: Homing |
|----------|------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| 10111403 | М | Homing in | Mode |
| | | progress | Low Pos: Homing |
| M11486 | AX7_HOM_ | Axis 7: | High Pos: Homing |
| 1011400 | DN | Homing | Mode Done |
| | AX7 IN POS | Axis 7: | High Pos: Positioning |
| M11487 | | Positioning | Mode |
| | • | in progress | Low Pos: Positioning |
| M11488 | AX7_POSI_D | Axis 7: | High Pos: Positioning |
| 10111400 | Ν | Positioning | Mode Done |
| | | Axis 7: JOG | High Pos: JOG Mode |
| M11489 | AX7_IN_JOG | in progress | Low Pos: JOG Mode |
| | AX7_JOG_D | Axis 7: JOG | High Pos: JOG Mode |
| M11490 | N | done | Done |
| | | Axis 7: | High Pos: clutch |
| M11491 | AX7_IN_SYN | Synchronous | connecting/disengagi |
| 10111491 | С | in progress | ng |
| | | | Low Pos: Clutch |
| | | | High Pos: Clutch |
| | AX7_SYNC_ | Axis 7: | connection complete |
| M11492 | | Synchronous | Low Pos: Clutch |
| | ON | on | |
| | | | disengagement |
| M11493 | | Axis 7: | High Pos: Speed |
| 10111493 | | Speed mode | Mode |
| | | Axis 7: | High Pos: Reaching |
| M11494 | | Speed mode | target |
| | | done | speed/Reaching |
| | | Axis 7: | High Pos: Torque |
| M11495 | | Torque | Mode |
| | | mode in | Low Pos: Torque |
| | | Axis 7: | High Pos: Reaching |
| M11496 | | Torque | target |
| | | mode done | torque/Reaching |
| | | Axis 7: | |
| M11497 | | Forward | High Pos: State On |
| | | software | Low Pos: State Off |
| | | Axis 7: | Lliah Deci Chata O i |
| M11498 | | Reverse | High Pos: State On |
| | | software | Low Pos: State Off |
| L | I | SUILWAIR | 1 |

| | | • • - | |
|----------|------------|---------------------|--|
| M11499 | | Axis 7: Starting | High Pos: State On Low Pos: State Off |
| | | - | |
| M11500 | | Axis 7: | High Pos: State On |
| | | Positive limit | Low Pos: State Off |
| M11501 | | Axis 7: | High Pos: State On |
| WIIIJOI | | Negative | Low Pos: State Off |
| | | Axis 7: Axis | High Pos: State On |
| M11502 | | Probe 1 | Low Pos: State Off |
| | | triggered | |
| | | Axis 7: Axis | High Pos: State On |
| M11503 | | Probe 2 | Low Pos: State Off |
| | | triggered | |
| | | Axis 7: Axis | High Pos: Effective |
| | | synchronizat | |
| M11504 | | ion | |
| | | parameter | |
| | | Axis 7: Axis | High Pos: Triggered |
| M11505 | | tracking | |
| | | error state | |
| M11506 | | Reserved | |
| ~ | | | |
| M11519 | | | |
| | | Axis 8: Axis | Rising: Single axis |
| | AX8 SERVO | control | Servo On |
| M10880 | ON | command: | Falling: Single axis |
| | _011 | Servo ON | Servo Off |
| | | Axis 8: Axis | Rising: Single axis |
| M10881 | AX8 FAULT | control | clear error |
| | RST | command: | |
| | K31 | Error reset | |
| | | Axis 8: Axis | Rising: Single axis |
| | | control | deceleration stop |
| M10882 | AX8_DEC_ST | command: | |
| 14110002 | OP | Deceleration | |
| | | | |
| | | stop | |

| M10883AX8_EMG_S TOPcontrol command: Emergencyemergency stopM10884AX8_SYNC_ ONAxis 8: SynchronousHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10885AX8_ORG_SI GAxis 8: Origin signalHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10886AX8_POST_S IGAxis 8: Positive StraalHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10887AX8_NEG_SI GAxis 8: Positive StraalHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10887AX8_NEG_SI GAxis 8: Positive StraalHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10888AX8_Z_SIG ON_DISAxis 8: Synchronous ON disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10890AX8_SYNC- ON_DISAxis 8: Synchronous ON disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10891AX8_SYNC- OFF_DISAxis 8: Synchronous OFF disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10891AX8_SYNC- CON_DISAxis 8: Synchronous OFF disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10892AX8_SYNC- CON_DISAxis 8: Auxiliary Cutch ONHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10893AX8_SYNC- CON_DISAxis 8: Auxiliary Cutch ONHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10894AX8Axis 8: Auxiliary Cutch ONHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10893Axis 8: Auxiliary Cutch ONHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10893Axis 8: Auxiliary Cutch OFFHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10893Auxiliary Cutch OFFLow Pos: Off | | | Axis 8: Axis | Rising: Single axis |
|---|----------|------------|--------------|---------------------|
| M10883TOPcommand: EmergencyM10884AX8_SYNC_ ONAxis 8: SynchronousHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10885AX8_ORG_SI GAxis 8: Origin signalHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10886AX8_POST_S IGAxis 8: PositiveHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10887AX8_NEG_SI GAxis 8: PositiveHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10887AX8_NEG_SI GAxis 8: PositiveHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10888AX8_Z_SIG ON_DISAxis 8: Synchronous ON disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10890AX8_SYNC- OFF_DISAxis 8: Synchronous OF F disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10891AX8_SYNC- OFF_DISAxis 8: Axis 8: Synchronous OF disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10892AX8_SYNC- OFF_DISAxis 8: Axis 8: Axis 8: Synchronous OFF disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10891AX8Axis 8: Axis 8: Axis 8: Auxiliary Clutch ONHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10893Ax8Axis 8: Axis 8: Auxiliary Clutch ONHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10893Axis 8: Auxiliary Clutch ONHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10893Axis 8: Auxiliary Clutch OFFHigh Pos: On Low Pos: Off | | ΔΧΆ ΕΜΟ S | | |
| M10884AX8_SYNC_ ONAxis 8: SynchronousHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10884AX8_ORG_SI GAxis 8: Origin signalHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10885AX8_ORG_SI GAxis 8: PositiveHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10886AX8_POST_S IGAxis 8: PositiveHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10887AX8_NEG_SI GAxis 8: NegativeHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10888AX8_Z_SIGAxis 8: Count signalHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10889AX8_SYNC_ ON_DISAxis 8 Synchronous ON disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10890AX8_SYNC_ OFF_DISAxis 8: Synchronous OF F disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10891AX8_SYNC_ OFF_OISAxis 8: Synchronous OF F disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10891Ax8 <sync_ </sync_ OFF_OISAxis 8: Synchronous OF F disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10891Ax8 <sync_ </sync_ OFF_OISAxis 8: Synchronous OF GisableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10891Ax8 <sync_ </sync_ OFF_OISAxis 8: Auxiliary Low Pos: OffHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10891Ax8 <sync_ </sync_ OFF_OISAxis 8: Auxiliary Auxiliary Low Pos: OffHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10893Ax8 <sync_ </sync_ OFF_OISAxis 8: Auxiliary Auxiliary Low Pos: OffHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10893Ax8 <sync_ </sync_ OFFAxis 8: Auxiliary Auxiliary Low Pos: OffHigh Pos: On Low Pos: Off | M10883 | | | energency stop |
| M10884AX8_SYNC_ ONAxis 8: SynchronousHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10885AX8_ORG_SI GAxis 8: Origin signalHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10886AX8_POST_S IGAxis 8: PositiveHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10887AX8_NEG_SI GAxis 8: NegativeHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10887AX8_NEG_SI GAxis 8: NegativeHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10888AX8_SINC_ ON_DISAxis 8: Synchronous ON disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10890AX8_SYNC_ OFF_DISAxis 8: Synchronous OF GiasableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10891AX8_SYNC_ OFF_DISAxis 8: Synchronous OF GiasableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10891AX8_SYNC_ OFF_DISAxis 8: Synchronous OF GiasableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10891AX8_SYNC_ OFF_DISAxis 8: Axis 8: Synchronous OFF disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10891AX8_SYNC_ OFF_DISAxis 8: Axis 8: Axis 8: Axis 8: Axis 8: Axis 8: Axis 8: High Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10892AX8_SYNC_ OFF Axis 8: Axis 8: Ax | | 101 | | |
| M10884ONSynchronousLow Pos: OffM10885AX8_ORG_SI GAxis 8: Origin signalHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10886AX8_POST_S IGAxis 8: Positive GHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10887AX8_NEG_SI GAxis 8: NegativeHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10887AX8_XS_NEG_SI GAxis 8: NegativeHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10888AX8_Z_SIGAxis 8: Count signalHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10889AX8_SYNC ON_DISAxis 8 Synchronous ON disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10890AX8_SYNC OFF_DISAxis 8: Synchronous OFF disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10891AX8_SYNC OFF_OISAxis 8: Synchronous OFF disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10892AX8 <sync </sync OFF_OISAxis 8: Axis 8: Axis 8: Axis 8: High Pos: On Low Pos: OffHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10892AX8 <sync </sync OFF OFFAxis 8: Axis 8: Axis 8: Auxiliary Low Pos: OffHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10893Ax8 <sync </sync OFF OFF OFFAxis 8: Auxiliary Auxiliary Low Pos: OffHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10893Ax8 <sync </sync OFF OFFAxis 8: Auxiliary Auxiliary Low Pos: OffHigh Pos: On Low Pos: Off | | ΔΧ8 ΣΥΝΟ | - . | High Pos: On |
| M10885AX8_ORG_SI GAxis 8: Origin signalHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10886AX8_POST_S IGAxis 8: Positive CompailHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10887AX8_NEG_SI GAxis 8: NegativeHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10887AX8_XE_SIG GAxis 8: Count signalHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10888AX8_Z_SIG ON_DISAxis 8: Synchronous ON disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10890AX8_SYNC- OFF_DISAxis 8: Synchronous OFF disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10891AX8_SYNC- OFF_OISAxis 8: Synchronous OFF disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10891Ax8 <sync- </sync- OFF_OISAxis 8: Synchronous OFF disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10891Ax8 <sync- </sync- OFF_OISAxis 8: Axis 8: Axis 8: Axis 8: Axis 8: Axis 8: High Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10892Ax8 <sync- </sync- OFF_OISAxis 8: Axis 8: Axis 8: Auxiliary Low Pos: OffM10893Ax8 <sync- </sync- OFFAxis 8: Auxiliary Low Pos: OffM10893Ax8 <sync- </sync- OFFAxis 8: Auxiliary Low Pos: OffM10893Ax8 <sync- </sync- OFFAxis 8: Auxiliary Auxiliary Low Pos: OffM10893Ax8Axis 8: Auxiliary Auxiliary Low Pos: OffM10893Ax9Axis 8: Auxiliary Auxiliary Low Pos: OffM10893Ax9Ax9M10893Ax9Ax9M10893Ax9Ax9Ax9Ax9High Pos: On Auxiliary <td>M10884</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> | M10884 | | | - |
| M10885AX8_DING_3I GOrigin signalLow Pos: OffM10886AX8_POST_S IGAxis 8: Positive | | | - | |
| M10886AX8_POST_S IGAxis 8: Positive signalHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10887AX8_NEG_SI GAxis 8: NegativeHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10887AX8_NEG_SI GAxis 8: Count signalHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10888AX8_Z_SIGAxis 8: Z count signalHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10889AX8_SYNC_ ON_DISAxis 8 Synchronous ON disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10890AX8_SYNC_ OFF_DISAxis 8: Synchronous OFF disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10891AX8_SYNC_ OFF_DISAxis 8: Synchronous OFF disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10891AX8_SYNC_ OFF_DISAxis 8: AuxiliaryHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10892Axis 8: Axis 8: Axis 8: AuxiliaryHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10893Axis 8: Axis 8: AuxiliaryHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10893Axis 8: AuxiliaryHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10893Axis 8: AuxiliaryHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10893Auxiliary AuxiliaryLow Pos: Off | M10885 | | | - |
| M10886Ax8_POST_3 IGPositive Positive cirnalLow Pos: OffM10887AX8_NEG_SI GAxis 8:High Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10888AX8_Z_SIGAxis 8: Z count signalHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10888AX8_Z_SIGAxis 8 Synchronous ON_DISHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10899AX8_SYNC_ OFF_DISAxis 8: Synchronous OFF disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10891AX8_SYNC_ OFF_DISAxis 8: Synchronous OFF disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10891Ax8 <sync_ </sync_ OFF_DISAxis 8: Axis 8: Axis 8: OFF disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10891Ax8 <sync_ </sync_ OFF_DISAxis 8: Axis 8: Axis 8: Axis 8: Axis 8: Axis 8: Axis 8: Auxiliary Low Pos: OffM10892Ax8 <sync_ </sync_ OFFAxis 8: Axis 8: Axis 8: Auxiliary Low Pos: OffM10893Ax8Axis 8: Axis 8: Axis 8: Auxiliary Low Pos: OffM10893Ax8Axis 8: Axis 8: Auxiliary Low Pos: OffM10893Ax8High Pos: On Auxiliary Low Pos: OffM10893Ax8Axis 8: Auxiliary Low Pos: OffM10893AuxAuxiliary Auxiliary Low Pos: OffM10893AuxAuxiliary Auxiliary Low Pos: OffM10893AuxAuxM10893AuxAuxM10893AuxAuxM10894AuxAuxM10895AuxAuxM10894AuxAuxM10895Aux </td <td></td> <td>G</td> <td></td> <td>LOW FOS. OII</td> | | G | | LOW FOS. OII |
| IGFostiveLow Fost ofM10887AX8_NEG_SI GAxis 8:High Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10888AX8_Z_SIGAxis 8: Z count signalHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10888AX8_Z_SIGAxis 8 Synchronous ON_DISHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10890AX8_SYNC_ OFF_DISAxis 8: Synchronous OFF disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10891AX8_SYNC_ OFF_DISAxis 8: Synchronous OFF disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10891Axis 8: Axis 8:High Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10892Axis 8: Axis 8: Axis 8:High Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10893Axis 8: Axis 8: Axis 8:High Pos: On Auxiliary Low Pos: OffM10893Axis 8: Axis 8: AuxiliaryHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10893Axis 8: Axis 8: AuxiliaryHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10893Axis 8: Axis 8: AuxiliaryHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10893Axis 8: AuxiliaryHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10893Axis 8: AuxiliaryHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10893Auxiliary AuxiliaryLow Pos: OffM10893Auxiliary AuxiliaryLow Pos: OffM10893Auxiliary AuxiliaryLow Pos: OffM10893Auxiliary AuxiliaryLow Pos: OffM10893Auxiliary AuxiliaryLow Pos: OffM10893Auxiliary AuxiliaryLow Pos: OffM10894Auxiliary AuxiliaryLow Pos: OffM10895 | M10996 | AX8_POST_S | | - |
| M10887AX8_NEG_SI GAxis 8: NegativeHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10888AX8_Z_SIGAxis 8: Z count signalHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10889AX8_SYNC ON_DISAxis 8 Synchronous ON disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10890AX8_SYNC ON_DISAxis 8: Synchronous ON disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10890AX8_SYNC OFF_DISAxis 8: Synchronous OFF disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10891Ax8_SYNC OFF_DISAxis 8: Synchronous OFF disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10891Ax8 C OFAxis 8: AuxiliaryHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10892Axis 8: AuxiliaryHigh Pos: On AuxiliaryHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10893Axis 8: C C IUTCH AuxiliaryHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10893Axis 8: C C LOW Pos: OffHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10893Axis 8: C C LUTCH OFFHigh Pos: On Low Pos: Off | IVI10880 | IG | | Low Pos: Off |
| M10887GNegativeLow Pos: OffM10888AX8_Z_SIGAxis 8: Z count signalHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10889AX8_SYNC_ ON_DISAxis 8 Synchronous ON disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10890AX8_SYNC_ OFF_DISAxis 8: Synchronous OFF disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10891AX8_SYNC_ OFF_DISAxis 8: Synchronous OFF disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10891Axis 8: Axis 8: OFFHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffLow Pos: OffM10892Axis 8: Axis 8: Axis 8: Axis 8: Axis 8: Auxiliary Clutch ONHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10893Axis 8: Auxiliary Clutch OFFHigh Pos: On Low Pos: Off | | AX8 NEG SI | | High Pos: On |
| M10888AX8_Z_SIGAxis 8: Z count signalHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10889AX8_SYNC_ ON_DISAxis 8 Synchronous ON disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10890AX8_SYNC_ OFF_DISAxis 8: Synchronous OFF disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10891AX8_SYNC_ OFF_DISAxis 8: Synchronous OFF disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10891Axis 8: Axis 8: OFF_DISHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10891Axis 8: Axis 8: Axis 8: Axis 8: Auxiliary Clutch ONHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10892Axis 8: Axis 8: Auxiliary Clutch ONHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10893Axis 8: Auxiliary Clutch OFFHigh Pos: On Low Pos: Off | M10887 | | Negative | - |
| M10888AX8_Z_SIGcount signalLow Pos: OffM10889AX8_SYNC_ ON_DISAxis 8 Synchronous ON disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10890AX8_SYNC_ OFF_DISAxis 8: Synchronous OFF disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10891AX8_SYNC_ OFF_OISAxis 8: Synchronous OFF disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10891Axs SYNC_ OFFAxis 8: AuxiliaryHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10892Axis 8: Axis 8: AuxiliaryHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10893Axis 8: Auxiliary Clutch OFFHigh Pos: On Low Pos: Off | | | - | |
| M10889AX8_SYNC_ ON_DISAxis 8 Synchronous ON disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10890AX8_SYNC_ OFF_DISAxis 8: Synchronous OFF disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10891AX8_SYNC_ OFF_DISAxis 8: Synchronous OFF disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10891Ax8 C OFFAxis 8: Auxiliary Clutch ONHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10892Axis 8: Axis 8: Auxiliary Clutch ONHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10893Axis 8: Clutch OFFHigh Pos: On Low Pos: Off | M10888 | AX8_Z_SIG | | - |
| M10889Ax8_SYNC_ ON_DISSynchronous ON disableLow Pos: OffM10890Ax8_SYNC_ OFF_DISAxis 8: Synchronous OFF disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10891Ax8_SYNC_ OFF_DISAxis 8: Auxis 8: AuxiliaryHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10891Axis 8: Low Pos: OffHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10892Axis 8: AuxiliaryHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10892Axis 8: AuxiliaryHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10893Axis 8: AuxiliaryHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10893Auxiliary AuxiliaryLow Pos: OffM10894Auxiliary AuxiliaryLow Pos: OffM10895Auxiliary Auxiliary | | | | |
| M10889CSynchronous ON_DISLow Pos: OffON_DISON disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10890AX8_SYNC_ OFF_DISAxis 8: Synchronous OFF disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10891Axis 8: AuxiliaryHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10892Axis 8: AuxiliaryHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10893Axis 8: Axis 8: AuxiliaryHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10893Axis 8: Auxiliary Clutch OFFHigh Pos: On Low Pos: Off | | AX8 SYNC | Axis 8 | High Pos: On |
| M10890AX8_SYNC_ OFF_DISAxis 8: Synchronous OFF disableHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10891AX8_SYNC_ OFF_DISAxis 8: Auxis 8: AuxiliaryHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10891Axis 8: AuxiliaryHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10892Axis 8: AuxiliaryHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10893Axis 8: Clutch ONHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10893Axis 8: Clutch OFFHigh Pos: On Low Pos: Off | M10889 | | - | Low Pos: Off |
| M10890AX8_SYNC_ OFF_DISSynchronous OFF disableLow Pos: OffM10891Axis 8:High Pos: On AuxiliaryLow Pos: OffM10892Axis 8:High Pos: On AuxiliaryLow Pos: OffM10892Axis 8:High Pos: On Low Pos: OffLow Pos: OffM10893Axis 8:High Pos: On Clutch ONLow Pos: OffM10893Axis 8:High Pos: On Clutch OFFLow Pos: Off | | | ON disable | |
| M10890OFF_DISSynchronous OFF disableLow Post OffM10891Axis 8:High Post On AuxiliaryLow Post OffM10892Axis 8:High Post On Low Post OffLow Post OffM10892Axis 8:High Post On Low Post OffLow Post OffM10893Axis 8:High Post On Low Post OffLow Post Off | | ΔΧά ελης | | |
| M10891Axis 8: AuxiliaryHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10892Axis 8: Auxiliary Clutch ONHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10893Axis 8: Clutch OFFHigh Pos: On Low Pos: Off | M10890 | | - | Low Pos: Off |
| M10891AuxiliaryLow Pos: OffM10892Axis 8:High Pos: OnM10892AuxiliaryLow Pos: OffClutch ONClutch ONM10893Axis 8:High Pos: OnM10893AuxiliaryLow Pos: OffClutch OFFClutch OFF | | | OFF disable | |
| AuxiliaryLow Pos: OffM10892Axis 8:High Pos: OnM10892AuxiliaryLow Pos: OffClutch ONClutch ONM10893Axis 8:High Pos: OnM10893AuxiliaryLow Pos: OffClutch OFFClutch OFF | N410901 | | Axis 8: | High Pos: On |
| M10892 Auxiliary Low Pos: Off clutch ON Axis 8: High Pos: On Auxiliary Low Pos: Off clutch OFF Low Pos: Off | 10110091 | | Auxiliary | Low Pos: Off |
| M10893 Clutch OFF Clutch OFF | | | Axis 8: | High Pos: On |
| M10893 Axis 8: High Pos: On Auxiliary Low Pos: Off clutch OFF | M10892 | | Auxiliary | Low Pos: Off |
| M10893 Auxiliary Low Pos: Off clutch OFF | | | clutch ON | |
| clutch OFF | | | Axis 8: | U |
| | M10893 | | - | Low Pos: Off |
| N410904 | | | clutch OFF | |
| IVI10894 Reserved | M10894 | | Reserved | |
| | | | | |
| M10895 Reserved | M10895 | | Reserved | |
| | | | | |
| M10896 Reserved | M10896 | | Reserved | |
| | | | | |
| Axis 8: Axis High Pos: On | | | | - |
| M10897 Probe 1 Low Pos: Off | M10897 | | Probe 1 | Low Pos: Off |
| Function ON | | | Function ON | |

| | | Axis 8 Axis | Rising Triggered |
|----------|-----------|----------------|--------------------|
| M10898 | | Probe 1 | |
| | | Function | |
| | | Axis 8: Axis | High Pos: On |
| M10899 | | Probe 2 | Low Pos: Off |
| | | Function ON | |
| | | Axis 8: Axis | Rising Triggered |
| M10900 | | Probe 2 | 0 00 |
| | | Function | |
| | | Axis 8: Axis | High Pos: On |
| | | synchronous | Low Pos: Off |
| M10901 | | parameter | |
| | | immediate | |
| | | effect | |
| | | Axis 8: Axis | High Pos: On |
| | | synchronizat | Low Pos: Off |
| M10902 | | ion | |
| | | parameter | |
| | | valid request | |
| | | Axis 8: Axis | High Pos: On |
| | | Synchronize | Low Pos: Off |
| M10903 | | d Clutch | |
| 10110903 | | Edge Trigger | |
| | | Buffer ON | |
| | | | |
| | | Axis 8: | High Pos: On |
| | | Initialization | Low Pos: Off |
| M10904 | | of the cam | |
| | | phase when | |
| | | the axis | |
| | | synchronous | |
| M10905 | | Reserved | |
| ~ | | | |
| M10919 | | | |
| M11520 | AX8_SERVO | Axis 8: Servo | High Pos: Servo On |
| 10111320 | _IS_ON | On | Low Pos: Servo Off |
| | AX8_OP_RE | Axis 8: | High Pos: Ready |
| M11521 | ADY | Operation | Low Pos: Not Ready |
| | | Ready | |

| | | Axis 8: Axis | High Pos: In Error |
|----------|-------------|--------------|-----------------------|
| M11522 | AX8_IN_ERR | error in | Low Pos: No Error |
| | | | |
| | AX8 IN WA | Axis 8: Axis | High Pos: In Warning |
| M11523 | RN | warning in | Low Pos: No Warning |
| | | progress | |
| | AX8_IN_CTR | Axis 8: | High Pos: In Control |
| M11524 | L | Control in | Low Pos: No Control |
| | | Axis 8: | High Pos: Homing |
| M11525 | AX8_IN_HO | Homing in | Mode |
| | Μ | progress | Low Pos: Homing |
| | AX8 HOM | Axis 8: | High Pos: Homing |
| M11526 | DN | Homing | Mode Done |
| | DN | done | |
| | AX8 IN POS | Axis 8: | High Pos: Positioning |
| M11527 | | Positioning | Mode |
| | | in progress | Low Pos: Positioning |
| | AX8 POSI D | Axis 8: | High Pos: Positioning |
| M11528 | N | Positioning | Mode Done |
| | | done | |
| M11529 | AX8 IN JOG | Axis 8: JOG | High Pos: JOG Mode |
| 10111323 | AX9_III_100 | in progress | Low Pos: JOG Mode |
| M11530 | AX8_JOG_D | Axis 8: JOG | High Pos: JOG Mode |
| | •• | Axis 8: | High Pos: clutch |
| N411521 | AX8_IN_SYN | Synchronous | connecting/disengagi |
| M11531 | С | in progress | ng |
| | | | Low Pos: Clutch |
| | | | High Pos: Clutch |
| | AX8_SYNC_ | Axis 8: | connection complete |
| M11532 | ON | Synchronous | Low Pos: Clutch |
| | | on | disengagement |
| | | Axis 8: | High Pos: Speed |
| M11533 | | Speed mode | Mode |
| | | in progress | Low Pos: Speed Mode |
| | | Axis 8: | High Pos: Reaching |
| M11534 | | Speed mode | target |
| | | done | sneed/Reaching |
| | | Axis 8: | High Pos: Torque |
| M11535 | | Torque | Mode |
| | | mode in | Low Pos: Torque |

| | | Axis 8: | High Post Posching |
|----------|-----------|----------------------|---------------------------------|
| M11536 | | | High Pos: Reaching |
| | | Torque | target |
| | | mode done Axis 8: | torque/Reaching |
| M11537 | | | High Pos: State On |
| 10111221 | | Forward | Low Pos: State Off |
| | | software | |
| | | Axis 8: | High Pos: State On |
| M11538 | | Reverse | Low Pos: State Off |
| | | software | |
| l | | Axis 8: | Lich Dec. State Or |
| M11539 | | Starting | High Pos: State On |
| | | point limit | Low Pos: State Off |
| | | Axis 8: | High Pos: State On |
| M11540 | | Positive limit | Low Pos: State Off |
| | | switch state | |
| | | Axis 8: | High Pos: State On |
| M11541 | | Negative | Low Pos: State Off |
| | | limit switch | |
| | | Axis 8: Axis | High Pos: State On |
| M11542 | | Probe 1 | Low Pos: State Off |
| | | triggered | |
| | | Axis 8: Axis | High Pos: State On |
| M11543 | | Probe 2 | Low Pos: State Off |
| 10111343 | | triggered | |
| | | stato | |
| | | Axis 8: Axis | High Pos: Effective |
| M11544 | | synchronizat | |
| | | ion | |
| | | parameter | |
| | | Axis 8: Axis | High Pos: Triggered |
| M11545 | | tracking | |
| | | error state | |
| M11546 | | Reserved | |
| | | | |
| M11559 | | Axis 9: Axis | Pising: Single avis |
| | | | Rising: Single axis Servo On |
| M10920 | AX9_SERVO | control | |
| | _ON | command: | Falling: Single axis |
| | | Servo ON | Servo Off |

| | | Axis 9: Axis | Rising: Single axis |
|----------|----------------------|---------------|---------------------|
| | AX9 FAULT | control | clear error |
| M10921 | RST | command: | |
| | | Error reset | |
| | | Axis 9: Axis | Rising: Single axis |
| | | control | deceleration stop |
| M10922 | AX9_DEC_ST | command: | |
| | OP | Deceleration | |
| | | stop | |
| | | Axis 9: Axis | Rising: Single axis |
| M10923 | AX9_EMG_S | control | emergency stop |
| 10110923 | ТОР | command: | |
| | | Emergency | |
| M10924 | AX9_SYNC_ | Axis 9: | High Pos: On |
| 10110924 | ON | Synchronous | Low Pos: Off |
| M10925 | AX9_ORG_SI | Axis 9: | High Pos: On |
| 10110925 | G | Origin signal | Low Pos: Off |
| M10926 | AX9_POST_S | Axis 9: | High Pos: On |
| 10110920 | IG | Positive | Low Pos: Off |
| M10927 | AX9_NEG_SI | Axis 9: | High Pos: On |
| 10110927 | G | Negative | Low Pos: Off |
| M10928 | AX9 Z SIG | Axis 9: Z | High Pos: On |
| 10110520 | ANJ_2_510 | count signal | Low Pos: Off |
| | AX9_SYNC_ | Axis 9: | High Pos: On |
| M10929 | ON DIS | Synchronous | Low Pos: Off |
| | | ON disable | |
| | | Axis 9: | High Pos: On |
| M10930 | AX9_SYNC_ OFF_DIS | Synchronous | Low Pos: Off |
| | | OFF disable | |
| M10931 | | Axis 9: | High Pos: On |
| 10110321 | | Auxiliary | Low Pos: Off |
| M10932 | | Axis 9: | High Pos: On |
| 10110322 | | Auxiliary | Low Pos: Off |
| M10933 | | Axis 9: | High Pos: On |
| | | Auxiliary | Low Pos: Off |
| M10934 | | Reserved | |
| M10935 | | Reserved | |

| M10936 | Reserved | |
|-----------------------|--|------------------------------|
| M10937 | Axis 9: Axis Probe 1 Function ON | High Pos: On Low Pos: Off |
| M10938 | Axis 9: Axis Probe 1 Function | Rising Triggered |
| M10939 | Axis 9: Axis Probe 2 Function ON | High Pos: On Low Pos: Off |
| M10940 | Axis 9: Axis Probe 2 Function | Rising Triggered |
| M10941 | Axis 9: Axis synchronous parameter immediate effect | High Pos: On Low Pos: Off |
| M10942 | Axis 9: Axis synchronizat ion parameter valid request | High Pos: On Low Pos: Off |
| M10943 | Axis 9: Axis Synchronize d Clutch Edge Trigger Buffer ON | High Pos: On Low Pos: Off |
| M10944 | Axis 9: Initialization of the cam phase when the axis synchronous | High Pos: On Low Pos: Off |
| M10945 ~ M10959 | Reserved | |

| M11560_IS_ONOnLow Pos: Servo OffM11561AX9_OP_RE ADYAxis 9: Operation ReadyHigh Pos: Ready Low Pos: Not ReadyM11562AX9_IN_ERRAxis 9: Axis error inHigh Pos: In Error Low Pos: No ErrorM11563AX9_IN_WA RNAxis 9: Axis error inHigh Pos: In Warning Low Pos: No Warning orgressM11564AX9_IN_CTR LAxis 9: Axis 9: M11565High Pos: In Control Low Pos: No Control Low Pos: Positioning Mode DonM11567AX9_IN_POS N NAxis 9: Positioning doneHigh Pos: JOG Mode Low Pos: JOG Mode Low Pos: Clutch connecting/disengagi ng Low Pos: Clutch Connecting/disengagi ng Low Pos: Clutch disengagementM11572Ax9_IN_SYN Ax9_SYNC_ ONAxis 9: Synchronous on Connection complete Low Pos: Clutch disengagement | | AX9 SERVO | Axis 9: Servo | High Pos: Servo On |
|--|----------|------------|---------------|-----------------------|
| M11561AX9_OP_RE ADYOperation ReadyLow Pos: Not ReadyM11562AX9_IN_ERRAxis 9: Axis error inHigh Pos: In Error Low Pos: No ErrorM11563AX9_IN_WA RNAxis 9: Axis warning in progressHigh Pos: In Warning Low Pos: No Control Low Pos: No Control ModeM11561AX9_IN_HO AX9_HOM DNAxis 9: Positioning in progressHigh Pos: Homing Mode Low Pos: Positioning Mode Low Pos: Positioning Mode Low Pos: Positioning Mode DoneM11563AX9_POSLD NAxis 9: Positioning in progressHigh Pos: JOG Mode Low Pos: JOG Mode Low Pos: JOG Mode Low Pos: Clutch connecting/disengagi ng Low Pos: Clutch connecting/disengagi ng Low Pos: Clutch connection complete Low Pos: Clutch disengagementM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONAxis 9: Synchronous onHigh Pos: Speed | M11560 | — | | - |
| M11561 ADYOperation ReadyLow Pos: Not Ready ReadyM11562AX9_IN_ERRAxis 9: Axis error inHigh Pos: In Error Low Pos: No ErrorM11563AX9_IN_WA RNAxis 9: Axis progressHigh Pos: In Warning Low Pos: No Warning progressM11564AX9_IN_CTR LAxis 9: Control InHigh Pos: In Control Low Pos: No ControlM11565AX9_IN_HO LAxis 9: High Pos: High Pos: Homing Homing in Homing in Homing in ModeM11566AX9_HOM_ DNAxis 9: High Pos: Homing HomingM11567AX9_IN_POS IAxis 9: Positioning in progressM11568AX9_POSI_D NAxis 9: Positioning in progressM11569AX9_JOG_DAxis 9: Positioning in progressM11569AX9_JOG_DAxis 9: JOG In Pos: JOG Mode in progressM11570AX9_JOG_DAxis 9: JOG In progressM11571AX9_IN_SYN CAxis 9: Sinchronous in progressM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONSynchronous in progressM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONSynchronous in progressM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONSynchronous in progressM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONSynchronous in progressM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONSynchronous in progressM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONSynchronous in progressM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONSynchronous in progressM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONSynchronous in progressM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONSynchrono | | | Axis 9: | High Pos: Ready |
| NeadyReadyHigh Pos: In Error Low Pos: No ErrorM11562AX9_IN_ERRAxis 9: Axis error inHigh Pos: In Warning Low Pos: No Warning progressM11563AX9_IN_WA RNAxis 9: Axis orgressHigh Pos: In Warning Low Pos: No Warning progressM11564AX9_IN_CTR LAxis 9: Control inHigh Pos: In Control Low Pos: No Control Low Pos: No ControlM11565AX9_IN_HO M MAxis 9: Homing inHigh Pos: Homing ModeM11566AX9_HOM_ DNAxis 9: Homing HomingHigh Pos: Positioning Mode DoneM11567AX9_POSI_D NAxis 9: Positioning in progressHigh Pos: Positioning Mode Low Pos: Positioning Mode DoneM11568AX9_POSI_D NAxis 9: Positioning in progressHigh Pos: JOG Mode Low Pos: JOG Mode Low Pos: JOG Mode Low Pos: Lutch connecting/disengagi in progressM11570AX9_IN_G NAxis 9: JOG in progressHigh Pos: Clutch connecting/disengagi ng Low Pos: ClutchM11571AX9_IN_SYN C ONAxis 9: Synchronous in progressHigh Pos: Clutch connection complete Low Pos: Clutch disengagementM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONSynchronous on CHigh Pos: Clutch connection complete Low Pos: Clutch disengagement | M11561 | | Operation | Low Pos: Not Ready |
| M11562AX9_IN_ERR AX9_IN_WA RNerror inLow Pos: No ErrorM11563AX9_IN_WA RNAxis 9: Axis yrogressHigh Pos: In Warning Low Pos: No Warning DrogressM11564AX9_IN_CTR LAxis 9: Control in Homing in ModeHigh Pos: In Control Low Pos: No Control Low Pos: No ControlM11565AX9_IN_HO MAxis 9: Homing in Homing in ModeHigh Pos: Homing ModeM11566AX9_HOM_ DNAxis 9: HomingHigh Pos: Homing ModeM11567AX9_IN_POS IAxis 9: Positioning in progressHigh Pos: Positioning ModeM11568AX9_POSI_D NAxis 9: Positioning in progressHigh Pos: JOG Mode Low Pos: JOG Mode Low Pos: JOG ModeM11569AX9_IN_JOG NAxis 9: Positioning doneHigh Pos: Clutch connecting/disengagi in progressM11570AX9_JOG_DAxis 9: Positioning doneHigh Pos: Clutch connecting/disengagi in progressM11571AX9_SYNC_ ONSynchronous Synchronous onHigh Pos: Clutch connection complete Low Pos: Clutch disengagement | | ADY | Ready | |
| M11563AX9_IN_WA RNAxis 9: Axis warning in progressHigh Pos: In Warning Low Pos: No Warning Low Pos: No Warning Low Pos: No Warning Low Pos: No Control Low Pos: No Control Low Pos: No Control Low Pos: No ControlM11564AX9_IN_CTR LAxis 9: Homing in Homing in ModeHigh Pos: In Control Low Pos: No Control Low Pos: No ControlM11565AX9_IN_HO MAxis 9: Homing in Homing HomingHigh Pos: Homing ModeM11566AX9_HOM_ DNAxis 9: Homing HomingHigh Pos: Positioning Mode DoneM11567AX9_IN_POS NAxis 9: Positioning in progressHigh Pos: Positioning Mode Low Pos: JOG Mode Low Pos: JOG ModeM11569AX9_IN_JOG NAxis 9: Positioning doneHigh Pos: JOG Mode Low Pos: JOG Mode Low Pos: JOG ModeM11569AX9_JOG_D Ax9_JN_SAxis 9: Synchronous in progressHigh Pos: Clutch connecting/disengagi ng Low Pos: Clutch disengagementM11571AX9_IN_SYN C ONAxis 9: Synchronous onHigh Pos: Clutch connection complete Low Pos: Clutch disengagement | | | Axis 9: Axis | High Pos: In Error |
| M11563AX9_IN_WA RNwarning in progressLow Pos: No Warning progressM11563AX9_IN_CTR LAxis 9:High Pos: In Control Low Pos: No ControlM11564AX9_IN_HO LAxis 9:High Pos: Homing ModeM11565AX9_HOM_ DNAxis 9:High Pos: Homing ModeM11566AX9_HOM_ DNAxis 9:High Pos: Positioning Mode DoneM11567AX9_IN_POS IAxis 9:High Pos: Positioning ModeM11567AX9_POSI_D NAxis 9:High Pos: Positioning ModeM11568AX9_POSI_D NAxis 9:High Pos: JOG Mode Low Pos: JOG ModeM11569AX9_IN_OG NAxis 9: JOGHigh Pos: JOG Mode Low Pos: JOG ModeM11570AX9_JOG_DAxis 9: JOGHigh Pos: Clutch connecting/disengagi in progressM11571AX9_IN_SYN CSynchronous In progressConnecting/disengagi In progressM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONSynchronous connection complete Low Pos: Clutch disengagementM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONSynchronous Connection complete Low Pos: Clutch disengagement | IVI11562 | AX9_IN_ERK | error in | Low Pos: No Error |
| M11563ProgressLow Pos: No Warning progressM11564AX9_IN_CTR LAxis 9:High Pos: In Control Low Pos: No ControlM11564AX9_IN_HO MAxis 9:High Pos: Homing ModeM11565AX9_HOM_ DNAxis 9:High Pos: Homing ModeM11566AX9_HOM_ DNAxis 9:High Pos: Positioning Mode DoneM11567AX9_IN_POS IAxis 9:High Pos: Positioning ModeM11567AX9_POSI_D NAxis 9:High Pos: Positioning ModeM11568AX9_IN_POSI NAxis 9:High Pos: JOG Mode Low Pos: JOG Mode Low Pos: JOG ModeM11569AX9_IN_JOG NAxis 9: JOGHigh Pos: JOG Mode Low Pos: JOG Mode Low Pos: Clutch connecting/disengagi in progressM11570AX9_IN_SYN CSynchronous Synchronous onHigh Pos: Clutch connection complete Low Pos: Clutch disengagementM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONAxis 9:High Pos: Speed | | ΔΧ9 ΙΝ ΜΔ | Axis 9: Axis | High Pos: In Warning |
| ProgressHigh Pos: In ControlM11564AX9_IN_CTR LAxis 9:High Pos: No ControlM11565AX9_IN_HO MAxis 9:High Pos: Homing ModeM11566AX9_HOM_ DNAxis 9:High Pos: Homing Mode DoneM11567AX9_IN_POS DNAxis 9:High Pos: Positioning Mode DoneM11567AX9_IN_POS IAxis 9:High Pos: Positioning Mode DoneM11567AX9_POSI_D NAxis 9:High Pos: Positioning Mode DoneM11568AX9_POSI_D NAxis 9:High Pos: Positioning Mode DoneM11569AX9_IN_OG NAxis 9:High Pos: IOG Mode Low Pos: JOG Mode Low Pos: ClutchM11570AX9_IN_OG_DAxis 9: JOG In progressHigh Pos: Clutch In progressM11571AX9_IN_SYN CSynchronous In progressConnecting/disengagi In progressM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONSynchronous OnConnection complete Low Pos: Clutch disengagementM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONSynchronous OnConnection complete Low Pos: Clutch disengagement | M11563 | | warning in | Low Pos: No Warning |
| M11564LControl inLow Pos: No ControlM11565AX9_IN_HO MAxis 9: Homing inHigh Pos: Homing ModeM11566AX9_HOM_ DNAxis 9: HomingHigh Pos: Homing Mode DoneM11567AX9_IN_POS IAxis 9: Positioning in progressHigh Pos: Positioning Mode Low Pos: Positioning Mode Low Pos: Positioning Mode DoneM11567AX9_IN_POS IAxis 9: Positioning in progressHigh Pos: Positioning Mode Low Pos: Positioning Mode DoneM11568AX9_POSI_D NAxis 9: Positioning doneHigh Pos: JOG Mode Low Pos: JOG Mode Low Pos: JOG Mode In progressM11570AX9_IN_JOG NAxis 9: JOG Positioning doneHigh Pos: Clutch connecting/disengagi in progressM11571AX9_IN_SYN CAxis 9: Synchronous in progressHigh Pos: Clutch connecting/disengagi ng Low Pos: Clutch disengagementM11572AX9_SYNC ONAxis 9: Synchronous onHigh Pos: Clutch connection complete Low Pos: Clutch disengagement | | | progress | |
| LControl inLow Pos: No ControlM11565AX9_IN_HO MAxis 9:High Pos: Homing ModeM11566AX9_HOM_ DNAxis 9:High Pos: Homing Mode DoneM11567AX9_IN_POS IAxis 9:High Pos: Positioning ModeM11567AX9_IN_POS IAxis 9:High Pos: Positioning ModeM11568AX9_POSI_D NAxis 9:High Pos: Positioning ModeM11568AX9_IN_POSI_D NAxis 9:High Pos: Positioning Mode DoneM11568AX9_IN_JOG NAxis 9:High Pos: JOG Mode In progressM11569AX9_IN_JOG_DAxis 9: JOG In progressHigh Pos: JOG Mode Low Pos: JOG ModeM11570AX9_IN_SYN CAxis 9:High Pos: Clutch Connecting/disengagi In progressM11571AX9_SYNC_ ONAxis 9:High Pos: Clutch Connection complete In progressM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONSynchronous OnConnection complete Low Pos: Clutch disengagementM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONAxis 9:High Pos: Speed | | AX9_IN_CTR | Axis 9: | High Pos: In Control |
| M11565MHoming inModeM11566AX9_HOM_ DNAxis 9: HomingHigh Pos: Homing Mode DoneM11567AX9_IN_POS IAxis 9: Positioning in progressHigh Pos: Positioning Mode Low Pos: Positioning ModeM11567AX9_OSI_D NAxis 9: Positioning doneHigh Pos: Positioning ModeM11568AX9_POSI_D NAxis 9: Positioning doneHigh Pos: JOG Mode Low Pos: JOG Mode Low Pos: JOG Mode Low Pos: JOG ModeM11569AX9_IN_JOG NAxis 9: JOG in progressHigh Pos: JOG Mode Low Pos: JOG Mode Low Pos: Clutch connecting/disengagi ng Low Pos: ClutchM11571AX9_IN_SYN CAxis 9: Synchronous in progressHigh Pos: Clutch connection complete Low Pos: Clutch disengagementM11572Ax9_SYNC_ ONAxis 9: Synchronous onHigh Pos: Clutch connection complete Low Pos: Clutch disengagementM11572Ax9_SYNC_ ONAxis 9: Synchronous onHigh Pos: Speed | WI11564 | L | Control in | Low Pos: No Control |
| MHoming inModeM11566AX9_HOM_ DNAxis 9:High Pos: Homing Mode DoneM11567AX9_IN_POS IAxis 9:High Pos: Positioning Positioning in progressMode Low Pos: Positioning Mode DoneM11567AX9_POSI_D NAxis 9: Positioning doneHigh Pos: Positioning Mode DoneM11568AX9_POSI_D NAxis 9: Positioning doneHigh Pos: Positioning Mode DoneM11569AX9_IN_OG NAxis 9: JOG in progressHigh Pos: JOG Mode Low Pos: JOG Mode Low Pos: JOG ModeM11570AX9_JOG_D CAxis 9: JOG in progressHigh Pos: Clutch connecting/disengagi in progressM11571AX9_IN_SYN CSynchronous in progressconnecting/disengagi on Low Pos: ClutchM11572AX9_SYNC- ONAxis 9: Synchronous onHigh Pos: Clutch connection complete Low Pos: Clutch disengagementM11572Ax9_SYNC- ONAxis 9: Synchronous onHigh Pos: Clutch connection complete Low Pos: Clutch disengagement | | AX9_IN_HO | Axis 9: | High Pos: Homing |
| M11566DNHomingMode DoneM11567AX9_IN_POS IAxis 9: Positioning in progressHigh Pos: Positioning Mode Low Pos: Positioning Mode Dow Pos: PositioningM11567AX9_POSI_D NAxis 9: Positioning doneHigh Pos: Positioning Mode DoneM11568AX9_POSI_D NAxis 9: Positioning doneHigh Pos: Positioning Mode DoneM11569AX9_IN_JOG NAxis 9: JOG in progressHigh Pos: JOG Mode Low Pos: JOG Mode Low Pos: JOG ModeM11570AX9_IOG_D CAxis 9: JOG in progressHigh Pos: clutch connecting/disengagi ng Low Pos: Clutch connection complete onM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONAxis 9: Synchronous onHigh Pos: Clutch connection complete onM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONAxis 9: Synchronous onHigh Pos: Speed | WI11202 | М | Homing in | Mode |
| DNHomingMode DoneM11567AX9_IN_POS IAxis 9: Positioning in progressHigh Pos: Positioning Mode Low Pos: Positioning Mode DoneM11568AX9_POSI_D NAxis 9: Positioning doneHigh Pos: Positioning Mode DoneM11568AX9_POSI_D NAxis 9: Positioning doneHigh Pos: Positioning Mode DoneM11569AX9_IN_JOG NAxis 9: JOG in progressHigh Pos: JOG Mode Low Pos: JOG ModeM11570AX9_JOG_DAxis 9: JOG in progressHigh Pos: Clutch connecting/disengagi in progressM11571AX9_IN_SYN CSynchronous in progressconnecting/disengagi on Low Pos: ClutchM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONAxis 9: Synchronous onHigh Pos: Clutch connection complete Low Pos: Clutch disengagementM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONAxis 9: Synchronous onHigh Pos: Speed | | AX9_HOM_ | Axis 9: | High Pos: Homing |
| M11567AX9_IN_POS IPositioning in progressMode Low Pos: Positioning I on Positioning Mode DoneM11568AX9_POSI_D NAxis 9: Positioning doneHigh Pos: Positioning Mode DoneM11569AX9_IN_JOG NAxis 9: JOG in progressHigh Pos: JOG Mode Low Pos: JOG ModeM11570AX9_JOG_D AX9_JOG_DAxis 9: JOG Axis 9: JOGHigh Pos: Clutch connecting/disengagi in progressM11571AX9_IN_SYN CSynchronous in progressConnecting/disengagi ng Low Pos: ClutchM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONAxis 9: Synchronous onHigh Pos: Clutch connection complete Low Pos: Clutch disengagementM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONAxis 9: Synchronous onHigh Pos: Speed | IVI11200 | DN | Homing | Mode Done |
| M11567For a base of the positioning in progressMode in progressLow Pos: Positioning Low Pos: Positioning Mode DoneM11568AX9_POSI_D NAxis 9: Positioning doneHigh Pos: Positioning Mode DoneM11569AX9_IN_JOGAxis 9: JOG in progressHigh Pos: JOG Mode Low Pos: JOG ModeM11570AX9_JOG_DAxis 9: JOG in progressHigh Pos: Clutch connecting/disengagi in progressM11571AX9_IN_SYN CSynchronous in progressConnecting/disengagi ng Low Pos: ClutchM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONAxis 9: Synchronous in progressHigh Pos: Clutch connection complete Low Pos: Clutch disengagementM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONAxis 9: Synchronous onHigh Pos: Speed | | | Axis 9: | High Pos: Positioning |
| Iin progressLow Pos: PositioningM11568AX9_POSI_D NAxis 9: Positioning doneHigh Pos: Positioning Mode DoneM11569AX9_IN_JOG 10Axis 9: JOG in progressHigh Pos: JOG Mode Low Pos: JOG ModeM11570AX9_JOG_DAxis 9: JOG 10High Pos: Clutch connecting/disengagi in progressM11571AX9_IN_SYN CSynchronous in progressconnecting/disengagi ng Low Pos: ClutchM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONSynchronous in progressng Low Pos: Clutch connection complete Low Pos: Clutch disengagementM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONSynchronous in progressHigh Pos: Clutch connection complete Low Pos: Clutch disengagement | M11567 | AX9_IN_POS | Positioning | Mode |
| M11568AX9_POSI_D NPositioning doneMode DoneM11569AX9_IN_JOGAxis 9: JOG in progressHigh Pos: JOG Mode Low Pos: JOG ModeM11570AX9_JOG_DAxis 9: JOG AXis 9: JOGHigh Pos: JOG Mode Low Pos: JOG ModeM11571AX9_IN_SYN CAxis 9:High Pos: clutch connecting/disengagi ng Low Pos: ClutchM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONAxis 9:High Pos: Clutch connection complete Low Pos: Clutch disengagementM11572Ax9_SYNC_ ONAxis 9:High Pos: Clutch connection complete Low Pos: Clutch High Pos: Clutch | | I | in progress | Low Pos: Positioning |
| M11568NPositioning doneMode DoneNdonedonedoneM11569AX9_IN_JOGAxis 9: JOG in progressHigh Pos: JOG Mode Low Pos: JOG ModeM11570AX9_JOG_DAxis 9: JOG AX9_IN_SYN CHigh Pos: clutch synchronous in progressM11571AX9_IN_SYN CSynchronous in progressconnecting/disengagi ng Low Pos: ClutchM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONAxis 9:High Pos: Clutch connection complete onM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONSynchronous onconnection complete disengagementM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONAxis 9:High Pos: Clutch disengagement | | | Axis 9: | High Pos: Positioning |
| M11569AX9_IN_JOGAxis 9: JOG in progressHigh Pos: JOG Mode Low Pos: JOG ModeM11570AX9_JOG_DAxis 9: JOGHigh Pos: ClutchM11571AX9_IN_SYN CSynchronous in progressconnecting/disengagi ng Low Pos: ClutchM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONAxis 9:High Pos: Clutch connection complete onM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONAxis 9:High Pos: Clutch connection complete disengagementM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONAxis 9:High Pos: Clutch connection complete disengagementM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONAxis 9:High Pos: Speed | M11568 | | Positioning | Mode Done |
| M11569AX9_IN_JOGin progressLow Pos: JOG ModeM11570AX9_JOG_DAxis 9: JOGHigh Pos: JOG ModeM11570AX9_IN_SYNAxis 9:High Pos: clutchAX9_IN_SYNSynchronousconnecting/disengagiCin progressngLow Pos: ClutchLow Pos: ClutchM11572AX9_SYNC_SynchronousONAxis 9:High Pos: ClutchIn progressConnection completeONOnLow Pos: ClutchIn progressConnection completeIn progressSynchronousM11572Ax9_SYNC_ONAxis 9:In progressHigh Pos: ClutchIn progressConnection completeIn progressConnection completeIn progressAxis 9:M11572Axis 9:In progressHigh Pos: Speed | | N | done | |
| M11570AX9_JOG_DAxis 9: JOGHigh Pos: JOG ModeM11570AX9_JOG_DAxis 9: JOGHigh Pos: JOG ModeM11571AX9_IN_SYN CSynchronous in progressconnecting/disengagi ng Low Pos: ClutchM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONAxis 9:High Pos: ClutchM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONSynchronous in progressconnection complete Low Pos: ClutchM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONSynchronous in progressconnection complete in progressM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONSynchronous in progressconnection complete in progressM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONSynchronous in progressconnection complete in progressM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONSynchronous in progressconnection complete in progressM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONAxis 9:High Pos: Speed | M11560 | | Axis 9: JOG | High Pos: JOG Mode |
| M11571 AX9_IN_SYN C AX9_IN_SYN Synchronous connecting/disengagi in progress ng Low Pos: Clutch AX9_SYNC_ ON AXIS 9: High Pos: Clutch Synchronous connection complete on Low Pos: Clutch disengagement | 10111209 | AV3_IN_100 | in progress | Low Pos: JOG Mode |
| M11571 AX9_IN_SYN Synchronous connecting/disengagi ng Low Pos: Clutch AX9_SYNC_ON | M11570 | AX9_JOG_D | Axis 9: JOG | High Pos: JOG Mode |
| M11571Cin progressng Low Pos: ClutchM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONAxis 9:High Pos: Clutch connection complete Low Pos: Clutch disengagementM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONAxis 9:High Pos: Clutch connection complete disengagementM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONAxis 9:High Pos: Speed | | | Axis 9: | High Pos: clutch |
| Cin progressngLow Pos: ClutchLow Pos: ClutchM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONSynchronous onconnection complete Low Pos: Clutch disengagementM11572AX9_SYNC_ ONAxis 9:High Pos: Clutch disengagement | | AX9_IN_SYN | Synchronous | connecting/disengagi |
| M11572 AX9_SYNC_ ON Axis 9: High Pos: Clutch Synchronous connection complete tow Pos: Clutch disengagement High Pos: Speed | M11571 | C | in progress | ng |
| M11572 AX9_SYNC_ ON Synchronous connection complete on Low Pos: Clutch disengagement High Pos: Speed | | | | Low Pos: Clutch |
| M11572 AX9_SYNC_ ON Synchronous connection complete on Low Pos: Clutch disengagement High Pos: Speed | | | Axis 9: | High Pos: Clutch |
| M11572 ON on Low Pos: Clutch disengagement Axis 9: High Pos: Speed | | AX9 SYNC | Synchronous | - |
| disengagement Axis 9: | M11572 | | | • |
| | | | | disengagement |
| M11573 Speed mode Mode | | | Axis 9: | High Pos: Speed |
| Speed mode Mode | M11573 | | Speed mode | Mode |
| in progress Low Pos: Speed Mode | | | in progress | Low Pos: Speed Mode |
| Axis 9: High Pos: Reaching | | | Axis 9: | High Pos: Reaching |
| M11574 Speed mode target | M11574 | | Speed mode | target |
| done speed/Reaching | | | done | speed/Reaching |

| | Axis 9: | High Pos: Torque |
|---------|---------------------------|----------------------|
| M11575 | Torque | Mode |
| | mode in | Low Pos: Torque |
| | Axis 9: | High Pos: Reaching |
| M11576 | | |
| | Torque mode done | target |
| | Axis 9: | |
| M11577 | Forward | High Pos: State On |
| | software | Low Pos: State Off |
| | Axis 9: | |
| M11578 | Reverse | High Pos: State On |
| | software | Low Pos: State Off |
| | Axis 9: | |
| M11579 | Starting | High Pos: State On |
| | point limit | Low Pos: State Off |
| | Axis 9: | High Pos: State On |
| M11580 | | Low Pos: State Off |
| WI11580 | Positive limit | |
| | switch state | |
| | Axis 8: | High Pos: State On |
| M11581 | Negative | Low Pos: State Off |
| | limit switch | |
| | Axis 9: Axis | High Pos: State On |
| M11582 | Probe 1 | Low Pos: State Off |
| | triggered | |
| | Axis 9: Axis | High Pos: State On |
| M11583 | Probe 2 | Low Pos: State Off |
| | triggered | |
| | | Lligh Door Effective |
| | Axis 9: Axis | High Pos: Effective |
| M11584 | synchronizat | |
| | ion | |
| | parameter | |
| | effective Axis 9: Axis | High Pos: Triggered |
| M11585 | tracking | |
| | - | |
| | error state | |
| M11586 | Reserved | |
| | | |
| M11599 | | |

| M10960 | AX10_SERVO_ON | Axis 10: Axis control command: Servo ON | Rising: Single axis Servo On Falling: Single axis Servo Off |
|--------|-------------------|--|--|
| M10961 | AX10_FAULT_RST | Axis 10: Axis control command: Error reset | Rising: Single axis clear error |
| M10962 | AX10_DEC_STOP | Axis 10: Axis control command: Deceleration stop | Rising: Single axis deceleration stop |
| M10963 | AX10_EMG_STOP | Axis 10: Axis control command: Emergency stop | Rising: Single axis emergency stop |
| M10964 | AX10_SYNC_ON | Axis 10: Synchronous ON | High Pos: On Low Pos: Off |
| M10965 | AX10_ORG_SIG | Axis 10: Origin signal | High Pos: On Low Pos: Off |
| M10966 | AX10_POST_SIG | Axis 10: Positive signal | High Pos: On Low Pos: Off |
| M10967 | AX10_NEG_SIG | Axis 10: Negative signal | High Pos: On Low Pos: Off |
| M10968 | AX10_Z_SIG | Axis 10: Z count signal | High Pos: On Low Pos: Off |
| M10969 | AX10_SYNC_ON_DIS | Axis 10: Synchronous ON disable | High Pos: On Low Pos: Off |
| M10970 | AX10_SYNC_OFF_DIS | Axis 10: Synchronous OFF disable | High Pos: On Low Pos: Off |
| M10971 | | Axis 10: Auxiliary clutch ON | High Pos: On Low Pos: Off |
| M10972 | | Axis 10: Auxiliary clutch ON disable | High Pos: On Low Pos: Off |
| M10973 | | Axis 10: Auxiliary clutch OFF disable | High Pos: On Low Pos: Off |
| M10974 | | Reserved | |

| M10976ReservedM10977Axis 10: Axis Probe 1 Function ONHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10978Axis 10: Axis Probe 1 Function ResetRising TriggeredM10979Axis 10: Axis Probe 2 Function ONHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10979Axis 10: Axis Probe 2 Function ResetRising TriggeredM10980Axis 10: Axis Probe 2 Function ResetRising TriggeredM10981Axis 10: Axis synchronousHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10981Axis 10: Axis synchronousHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10982Axis 10: Axis synchronization parameter valid request in the nextHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10983Axis 10: Axis synchronized Clutch Edge Trigger BufferHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10984Axis 0: Axis 10: Initialization of the cam phase when the axis synchronous clutch isHigh Pos: Servo On Low Pos: OffM10985Axis 10: Servo On Low Pos: Servo OffAxis 10: Operation ReadyHigh Pos: Ready Low Pos: No CentrolM11601AX10_IN_ERRAxis 10: Axis error in progressHigh Pos: In Control Low Pos: No CentrolM11603AX10_IN_CTRLAxis 10: Control in progressHigh Pos: In Control Low Pos: No Control | M10975 | | Reserved | |
|---|----------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| M10977Function ONLow Pos: OffM10978Axis 10: Axis Probe 1 Function ResetRising TriggeredM10979Axis 10: Axis Probe 2 Function ONHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10980Axis 10: Axis Probe 2 Function ResetRising TriggeredM10981Axis 10: Axis Norone SynchronousHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10982Axis 10: Axis 0: Axis 0 SynchronousHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10983Axis 10: Axis 0: Axis 10: Axis 0: Axis 0: Axis 10: Axis 0: Axis 10: Axis 0: Axis 10: Axis 0: Axis 10: Axis 0: Axis 0: Axis 10: Axis 0: Axis 10: Axis 0: Axis 10: Initialization of the cam phase when the axis synchronous clutch isHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10984Ax10_SERVO_IS_ONAxis 10: Servo 0n ReservedHigh Pos: Servo 0n Low Pos: Not Ready Low Pos: Not Warning Low Pos: Not Warning Low Pos: Not Warning Low Pos | M10976 | | Reserved | |
| Hunction ONLow Pos: OffM10978Axis 10: Axis Probe 1 Function ResetRising TriggeredM10979Axis 10: Axis Probe 2 Function ONHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10980Axis 10: Axis Probe 2 Function ONRising TriggeredM10980Axis 10: Axis Probe 2 Function ResetRising TriggeredM10981Axis 10: Axis Probe 2 Function ResetHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10981Axis 10: Axis SynchronusHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10982Axis 10: Axis Synchronization parameter valid request in the nextHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10983Axis 10: Axis Synchronized Clutch Edge Trigger BufferHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10984Axis 10: Initialization of the cam phase when the axis synchronous clutch isHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10985Axi0_SERVO_IS_ONAxis 10: Servo On Low Pos: Servo OffLow Pos: Servo On Low Pos: Servo OffM11600AX10_OP_READY AX10_IN_ERRAxis 10: Axis arror progressHigh Pos: In Error Low Pos: No ErrorM11604AX10_IN_CTRIAxis 10: Axis warning in progressHigh Pos: In Control | M10077 | | Axis 10: Axis Probe 1 | High Pos: On |
| M10978Function ResetHigh Post On Low Post OffM10979Axis 10: Axis Probe 2 Function ONHigh Post On Low Post OffM10980Axis 10: Axis Probe 2 Function ResetRising TriggeredM10981Axis 10: Axis Probe 2 Function ResetRising TriggeredM10981Axis 10: Axis synchronousHigh Post On Low Post OffM10982Axis 10: Axis synchronization parameter valid request in the nextHigh Post On Low Post OffM10983Axis 10: Axis Synchronized Clutch Edge Trigger BufferHigh Post On Low Post OffM10984Axis 10: Initialization of the cam phase when the axis synchronous clutch isHigh Post On Low Post OffM10985Axis 10: Initialization of the cam phase when the axis synchronous clutch isHigh Post Servo On Low Post OffM10984Axito_SERVO_IS_ONAxis 10: Servo On ReadyHigh Post Ready Low Post Not Ready Low Post Not ReadyM11601AX10_OP_READY AX10_IN_ERRAxis 10: Axis warning in progressHigh Post In Warning Low Post Not Ready Low Post Not Ready Low Post Not Ready Low Post Not Ready Low Post Not ReadyM11604AX10_IN_TCRIAxis 10: Axis warning in progressHigh Post In Control | 10110977 | | Function ON | Low Pos: Off |
| M10979Function ResetHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10980Axis 10: Axis Probe 2 Function ONRising TriggeredM10980Axis 10: Axis Probe 2 Function ResetRising TriggeredM10981Axis 10: Axis Or Axis Probe 2 Function ResetRising TriggeredM10981Axis 10: AxisHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10982Axis 10: AxisHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10983Axis 10: AxisHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10984Axis 10: AxisHigh Pos: On Synchronization parameter valid request in the nextM10984Axis 10: AxisHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10985Axis 10: Initialization of the cam phase when the axis synchronous clutch isHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10985Axis 10: ServedLow Pos: OffM10986Axis 10: Serve On Low Pos: OffLow Pos: OffM10987Axis 10: Operation ReadyHigh Pos: Serve On Low Pos: Not Ready Low Pos: No ErrorM11601Ax10_IN_ERRAxis 10: Axis error in progressHigh Pos: In Warning Low Pos: No WarningM11602Ax10_IN_CTRLAxis 10: Control inHigh Pos: In Control | 140070 | | Axis 10: Axis Probe 1 | Rising Triggered |
| M10979Function ONLow Pos: OffM10980Axis 10: Axis Probe 2 Function ResetRising TriggeredM10981Axis 10: Axis synchronousHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10981Axis 10: Axis synchronization parameter valid request in the nextHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10983Axis 10: Axis synchronization parameter valid request in the nextHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10983Axis 10: Axis synchronized Clutch Edge Trigger BufferHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10984Axis 10: Initialization of the cam phase when the axis synchronous clutch isHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10985Axis 10: Initialization of the cam phase when the axis synchronous clutch isHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10984Axin_OP_READY Axis 10: Servo On Low Pos: Not Ready Low Pos: Not Ready Low Pos: Not Ready Low Pos: Not Ready Low Pos: Not ReadyHigh Pos: In Error Low Pos: No ErrorM11601AX10_IN_ERR AX10_IN_WARNAxis 10: Control inHigh Pos: In Warning Low Pos: No Warning | M10978 | | Function Reset | |
| Function ONLow Pos: OffM10980Axis 10: Axis Probe 2 Function ResetRising TriggeredM10981Axis 10: Axis synchronousHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10981Axis 10: Axis synchronization parameter valid request in the nextHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10983Axis 10: Axis synchronization parameter valid request in the nextHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10983Axis 10: Axis Synchronized Clutch Edge Trigger BufferHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10984Axis 10: Initialization of the cam phase when the axis synchronous clutch isHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10985Axis 10: ServedLow Pos: OffM10986Axis 10: Serve On Low Pos: Serve OffLow Pos: Serve OffM11600AX10_SERVO_IS_ONAxis 10: Operation Ready Low Pos: Not Ready Low Pos: Not Warning in progressHigh Pos: In ControlM11602AX10 | M10070 | | Axis 10: Axis Probe 2 | High Pos: On |
| M10980Function ResetM10981Axis 10: AxisHigh Pos: On synchronousM10982Axis 10: AxisHigh Pos: On synchronization parameter valid request in the nextM10983Axis 10: AxisHigh Pos: On synchronization parameter valid request in the nextM10983Axis 10: AxisHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10984Axis 10: Initialization of the cam phase when the axis synchronous clutch isHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10984Axis 10: Initialization of the cam phase when the axis synchronous clutch isHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10985Axis 10: ServedHigh Pos: Serve On Low Pos: Serve OffM11600AX10_SERVO_IS_ONAxis 10: Operation Ready Low Pos: Not Ready Low Pos: No ErrorM11601AX10_IN_ERRAxis 10: Axis warning in progressHigh Pos: In ControlM11602AX10_IN_WARNAxis 10: Control inHigh Pos: In Control | 10110979 | | Function ON | Low Pos: Off |
| M10981Function ResetHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10981Axis 10: Axis synchronousHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10982Axis 10: Axis synchronization parameter valid request in the nextHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10983Axis 10: Axis request in the nextHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10983Axis 10: Axis Synchronized Clutch Edge Trigger BufferHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10984Axis 10: Initialization of the cam phase when the axis synchronous clutch isHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10985Axis 10: Initialization of the cam phase when the axis synchronous clutch isHigh Pos: Servo On Low Pos: OffM10985Axio_SERVO_IS_ONAxis 10: Servo On Low Pos: Servo OffHigh Pos: Ready Low Pos: Not Ready Low Pos: Not Ready Low Pos: Not Ready Low Pos: Not ReadyM11601AX10_IN_ERRAxis 10: Axis varning rogressHigh Pos: In ControlM11602AX10_IN_WARNAxis 10: Control inHigh Pos: In Control | M10980 | | Axis 10: Axis Probe 2 | Rising Triggered |
| M10981synchronousLow Pos: OffM10982Axis 10: Axis synchronization parameter valid request in the nextHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10983Axis 10: Axis Synchronized Clutch Edge Trigger BufferHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10984Axis 10: Initialization of the cam phase when the axis synchronous clutch isHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10985Axis 10: Initialization of the cam phase when the axis synchronous clutch isHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10985Axis 10: Initialization of the cam phase when the axis synchronous clutch isHigh Pos: Servo On Low Pos: OffM10984Ax10_SERVO_IS_ON Ax10_OP_READYAxis 10: Servo On ReadyHigh Pos: Ready Low Pos: Not Ready Low Pos: Not ReadyM11601AX10_OP_READY ProgressAxis 10: Axis error in progressHigh Pos: In Warning Low Pos: No Error Low Pos: No Karning Low Pos: No Warning Low Pos: No WarningM11603AX10_IN_CTRLAxis 10: Control inHigh Pos: In Control | 1010000 | | Function Reset | |
| M10982Axis 10: Axis synchronization parameter valid request in the nextHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10983Axis 10: Axis Synchronized Clutch Edge Trigger BufferHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10984Axis 10: Initialization of the cam phase when the axis synchronous clutch isHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10984Axis 10: Initialization of the cam phase when the axis synchronous clutch isHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10985Axis 10: Initialization of the cam phase when the axis synchronous clutch isHigh Pos: Servo On Low Pos: OffM10986Ax10_SERVO_IS_ONAxis 10: Servo On ReadyHigh Pos: Servo On Low Pos: Servo OffM11601AX10_OP_READY AX10_IN_ERRAxis 10: Axis error in progressHigh Pos: In Error Low Pos: Not Ready Low Pos: Not ErrorM11603AX10_IN_ERRAxis 10: Axis warning in progressHigh Pos: In Warning Low Pos: No Warning Low Pos: No WarningM11604AX10 IN_CTRLAxis 10: Control inHigh Pos: In Control | M10981 | | Axis 10: Axis | High Pos: On |
| M10982Synchronization parameter valid request in the nextLow Pos: OffM10983Axis 10: Axis Synchronized Clutch Edge Trigger BufferHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10984Axis 10: Initialization of the cam phase when the axis synchronous clutch isHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10985Axis 10: Initialization of the cam phase when the axis synchronous clutch isHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10985Axis 10: Initialization of the cam phase when the axis synchronous clutch isHigh Pos: Servo On Low Pos: OffM10999Ax10_SERVO_IS_ONAxis 10: Servo On ReadyHigh Pos: Servo On Low Pos: Not Ready Low Pos: Not Ready Low Pos: Not ReadyM11601AX10_OP_READY AX10_IN_ERRAxis 10: Axis error in progressHigh Pos: In Error Low Pos: No ErrorM11603AX10_IN_ERRAxis 10: Axis warning in progressHigh Pos: In Warning Low Pos: No WarningM11603AX10_IN_CTRIAxis 10: Control inHigh Pos: In Control | | | synchronous | Low Pos: Off |
| M10982Axis 10: Axis request in the nextHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10983Axis 10: Axis Synchronized Clutch Edge Trigger BufferHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10984Axis 10: Initialization of the cam phase when the axis synchronous clutch isHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10985Axis 10: Initialization of the cam phase when the axis synchronous clutch isHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10985Axis 10: Initialization of the cam phase when the axis synchronous clutch isHigh Pos: Servo On Low Pos: OffM10987Axito_SERVO_IS_ONAxis 10: Servo On Axis 10: Operation Ready Low Pos: Not Ready Low Pos: No ErrorM11601AX10_IN_ERRAxis 10: Axis error in progressHigh Pos: In Warning Low Pos: No ErrorM11603AX10_IN_WARNAxis 10: Axis warning in progressHigh Pos: In Warning Low Pos: Not Warning Low Pos: No WarningM11604AX10 IN_CTRLAxis 10: Control inHigh Pos: In Control | | | Axis 10: Axis | High Pos: On |
| Image: series of the case | M10982 | | synchronization | Low Pos: Off |
| M10983Axis 10: AxisHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10984Axis 10: Initialization of the cam phase when the axis synchronous clutch isHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10985Axis 10: Initialization of the cam phase when the axis synchronous clutch isHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10985ReservedImage: Commentation of the cam phase when the axis of the cam phase when the axis synchronous clutch isHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10985Axio_SERVO_IS_ONAxis 10: Servo On ReadyHigh Pos: Servo On Low Pos: Servo OffM11601AX10_OP_READY AX10_IN_ERRAxis 10: Operation ProgressHigh Pos: In Campany Low Pos: No ErrorM11603AX10_IN_ERRAxis 10: Axis error in progressHigh Pos: In Warning Low Pos: No ErrorM11603AX10_IN_WARNAxis 10: Control inHigh Pos: In Warning Low Pos: No WarningM11604AX10_IN_CTRLAxis 10: Control inHigh Pos: In Control | | | parameter valid | |
| M10983Synchronized Clutch Edge Trigger BufferLow Pos: OffM10984Axis 10: Initialization of the cam phase when the axis synchronous clutch isHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10985Axis 10: Initialization of the cam phase when the axis synchronous clutch isHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10999Axis 10: ServoOn clubReservedHigh Pos: Servo On Low Pos: Servo OffM11600AX10_SERVO_IS_ONAxis 10: Servo On ReadyHigh Pos: Ready Low Pos: Not Ready Low Pos: Not ReadyM11601AX10_OP_READYAxis 10: Operation ProgressHigh Pos: In Error Low Pos: Not Ready Low Pos: Not ReadyM11602AX10_IN_ERRAxis 10: Axis error in progressHigh Pos: In Warning Low Pos: Not Warning Low Pos: NotWarningM11603AX10_IN_CTRLAxis 10: Control inHigh Pos: In Control | | | | |
| HistoricEdge Trigger BufferM10984Axis 10: Initialization of the cam phase when the axis synchronous clutch isHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10985ReservedLow Pos: OffM10999Axis 10: Servo On Low Pos: Servo On Low Pos: Servo OffM11600AX10_SERVO_IS_ONAxis 10: Servo On ReadyHigh Pos: Servo On Low Pos: Servo OffM11601AX10_OP_READYAxis 10: Operation ReadyHigh Pos: In Error Low Pos: Not Ready Low Pos: Not ReadyM11602AX10_IN_ERRAxis 10: Axis error in progressHigh Pos: In Error Low Pos: No ErrorM11603AX10_IN_WARNAxis 10: Axis warning in progressHigh Pos: In Warning Low Pos: No Warning Low Pos: No WarningM11604AX10_IN_CTRLAxis 10: Control inHigh Pos: In Control | | | | • |
| M10984Axis 10: Initialization of the cam phase when the axis synchronous clutch isHigh Pos: On Low Pos: OffM10985 ~ M10999ReservedLow Pos: OffM10999Axis 10: Servo On Low Pos: Servo On Low Pos: Servo OffM11600AX10_SERVO_IS_ONAxis 10: Servo On ReadyHigh Pos: Servo On Low Pos: Servo OffM11601AX10_OP_READYAxis 10: Operation ReadyHigh Pos: In Error Low Pos: Not Ready Low Pos: Not Ready Low Pos: No ErrorM11602AX10_IN_ERRAxis 10: Axis error in progressHigh Pos: In Error Low Pos: No ErrorM11603AX10_IN_WARNAxis 10: Axis warning in progressHigh Pos: In Warning Low Pos: No Warning Low Pos: No WarningM11604AX10_IN_CTRLAxis 10: Control inHigh Pos: In Control | M10983 | | | Low Pos: Off |
| M10984of the cam phase when the axis synchronous clutch isLow Pos: OffM10985 ~ M10999Aris 10: ServedLow Pos: OffM10999Axis 10: ServedHigh Pos: Serve On Low Pos: Serve OffM11600AX10_SERVO_IS_ONAxis 10: Operation ReadyHigh Pos: Serve OffM11601AX10_OP_READYAxis 10: Operation ReadyHigh Pos: Not Ready Low Pos: Not ReadyM11602AX10_IN_ERRAxis 10: Axis error in progressHigh Pos: In Error Low Pos: No ErrorM11603AX10_IN_WARNAxis 10: Axis warning in progressHigh Pos: In Warning Low Pos: No Warning Low Pos: No WarningM11604AX10 IN_CTRLAxis 10: Control inHigh Pos: In Control | | | Edge Trigger Butter | |
| M10984when the axis synchronous clutch isM10985 ~ReservedM10999Aris 10: Servo On Low Pos: Servo OffM11600AX10_SERVO_IS_ONM11601AX10_OP_READYM11602AX10_IN_ERRM11603AX10_IN_ERRM11603AX10_IN_WARNM11604AX10_IN_CTRLM11604AX10_IN_CTRLM11604AX10_IN_CTRL | | | Axis 10: Initialization | High Pos: On |
| When the axis synchronous clutch isM10985 ~ M10999ReservedM10999Axis 10: Servo On Low Pos: Servo OffM11600 M11601AX10_SERVO_IS_ONAxis 10: Operation ReadyHigh Pos: Servo On Low Pos: Servo OffM11601 M11602AX10_OP_READYAxis 10: Operation ReadyHigh Pos: Ready Low Pos: Not Ready Low Pos: Not ReadyM11602 M11603AX10_IN_ERRAxis 10: Axis error in progressHigh Pos: In Error Low Pos: No ErrorM11603 M11604AX10_IN_WARNAxis 10: Axis warning in progressHigh Pos: In Warning Low Pos: No Warning Low Pos: No WarningM11604 M11604AX10_IN_CTRLAxis 10: Control inHigh Pos: In Control | N410004 | | of the cam phase | Low Pos: Off |
| M10985 ~ReservedHigh Pos: Servo On Low Pos: Servo OffM10999AX10_SERVO_IS_ONAxis 10: Servo On Low Pos: Servo OffM11600AX10_OP_READYAxis 10: Operation ReadyHigh Pos: Ready Low Pos: Not Ready Low Pos: Not ReadyM11601AX10_IN_ERRAxis 10: Axis error in progressHigh Pos: In Error Low Pos: No ErrorM11603AX10_IN_ERRAxis 10: Axis warning in progressHigh Pos: In Warning Low Pos: No Warning Low Pos: No WarningM11604AX10_IN_CTRLAxis 10: Control inHigh Pos: In Control | M10984 | | when the axis | |
| ~ M10999ReservedReservedM10999AX10_SERVO_IS_ONAxis 10: Servo On Low Pos: Servo OffM11600AX10_OP_READYAxis 10: Operation ReadyHigh Pos: Ready Low Pos: Not Ready Low Pos: Not ReadyM11601AX10_IN_ERRAxis 10: Axis error in progressHigh Pos: In Error Low Pos: No ErrorM11603AX10_IN_WARNAxis 10: Axis warning in progressHigh Pos: In Warning Low Pos: No Warning Low Pos: No WarningM11604AX10_IN_CTRLAxis 10: Control inHigh Pos: In Control | | | synchronous clutch is | |
| M10999Anis 10: Servo On AX10_SERVO_IS_ONHigh Pos: Servo On Low Pos: Servo OffM11600AX10_OP_READYAxis 10: Operation ReadyHigh Pos: Ready Low Pos: Not ReadyM11601AX10_IN_ERRAxis 10: Axis error in progressHigh Pos: In Error Low Pos: No ErrorM11603AX10_IN_WARNAxis 10: Axis warning in progressHigh Pos: In Warning Low Pos: No Warning Low Pos: No WarningM11604AX10_IN_CTRLAxis 10: Control inHigh Pos: In Control | M10985 | | | |
| M11600AX10_SERVO_IS_ONAxis 10: Servo On Low Pos: Servo OffM11601AX10_OP_READYAxis 10: Operation ReadyHigh Pos: Ready Low Pos: Not ReadyM11602AX10_IN_ERRAxis 10: Axis error in progressHigh Pos: In Error Low Pos: No ErrorM11603AX10_IN_WARNAxis 10: Axis warning in progressHigh Pos: In Warning Low Pos: No WarningM11604AX10_IN_CTRLAxis 10: Control inHigh Pos: In Control | ~ | | Reserved | |
| M11600AX10_SERVO_IS_ONLow Pos: Servo OffM11601AX10_OP_READYAxis 10: Operation ReadyHigh Pos: Ready Low Pos: Not ReadyM11602AX10_IN_ERRAxis 10: Axis error in progressHigh Pos: In Error Low Pos: No ErrorM11603AX10_IN_WARNAxis 10: Axis warning in progressHigh Pos: In Warning Low Pos: No WarningM11604AX10_IN_CTRLAxis 10: Control inHigh Pos: In Control | M10999 | | | |
| M11601AX10_OP_READYAxis 10: Operation ReadyHigh Pos: Ready Low Pos: Not ReadyM11602AX10_IN_ERRAxis 10: Axis error in progressHigh Pos: In Error Low Pos: No ErrorM11603AX10_IN_WARNAxis 10: Axis warning in progressHigh Pos: In Warning Low Pos: No WarningM11604AX10_IN_CTRLAxis 10: Control inHigh Pos: In Control | N411C00 | AX10_SERVO_IS_ON | Axis 10: Servo On | High Pos: Servo On |
| M11601AX10_OP_READYReadyLow Pos: Not ReadyM11602AX10_IN_ERRAxis 10: Axis error in progressHigh Pos: In Error Low Pos: No ErrorM11603AX10_IN_WARNAxis 10: Axis warning in progressHigh Pos: In Warning Low Pos: No WarningM11604AX10_IN_CTRLAxis 10: Control inHigh Pos: In Control | | | | Low Pos: Servo Off |
| ReadyLow Pos: Not ReadyM11602AX10_IN_ERRAxis 10: Axis error in progressHigh Pos: In Error Low Pos: No ErrorM11603AX10_IN_WARNAxis 10: Axis warning in progressHigh Pos: In Warning Low Pos: No Warning how Pos: No WarningM11604AX10_IN_CTRLAxis 10: Control inHigh Pos: In Control | M11601 | AX10_OP_READY | Axis 10: Operation | High Pos: Ready |
| M11602 AX10_IN_ERR progress Low Pos: No Error M11603 AX10_IN_WARN Axis 10: Axis warning in progress High Pos: In Warning Low Pos: No Warning M11604 AX10_IN_CTRL Axis 10: Control in High Pos: In Control | | | Ready | Low Pos: Not Ready |
| M11603 AX10_IN_WARN Axis 10: Axis warning in progress High Pos: In Warning Low Pos: No Warning M11604 AX10_IN_CTRL Axis 10: Control in High Pos: In Control | M11602 | ΔΧ1Ο ΙΝ ΕΡΡ | Axis 10: Axis error in | High Pos: In Error |
| M11603 AX10_IN_WARN in progress Low Pos: No Warning M11604 AX10_IN_CTRL Axis 10: Control in High Pos: In Control | | | progress | Low Pos: No Error |
| Improgress Low Pos: No Warning M11604 AX10_IN_CTRL Axis 10: Control in High Pos: In Control | M11CO2 | | Axis 10: Axis warning | High Pos: In Warning |
| M11604 AX10 IN CTRL | 10111002 | | in progress | Low Pos: No Warning |
| progress Low Pos: No Control | M11604 | | Axis 10: Control in | High Pos: In Control |
| | 10111604 | AX10_IN_CTRL | progress | Low Pos: No Control |

| M11605 | AX10_IN_HOM | Axis 10: Homing in progress | High Pos: Homing Mode Low Pos: Homing Mode Done |
|--------|--------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| M11606 | AX10_HOM_DN | Axis 10: Homing done | High Pos: Homing Mode Done |
| M11607 | AX10_IN_POSI | Axis 10: Positioning in progress | High Pos: Positioning Mode Low Pos: Positioning Mode Done |
| M11608 | AX10_POSI_DN | Axis 10: Positioning done | High Pos: Positioning Mode Done |
| M11609 | AX10_IN_JOG | Axis 10: JOG in progress | High Pos: JOG Mode Low Pos: JOG Mode Done |
| M11610 | AX10_JOG_DN | Axis 10: JOG done | High Pos: JOG Mode Done |
| M11611 | AX10_IN_SYNC | Axis 10: Synchronous in progress | High Pos: clutch connecting/disengaging Low Pos: Clutch connection/disengagement complete |
| M11612 | AX10_SYNC_ON | Axis 10: Synchronous on | High Pos: Clutch connection complete Low Pos: Clutch disengagement completed |
| M11613 | | Axis 10: Speed mode in progress | High Pos: Speed Mode Low Pos: Speed Mode Done |
| M11614 | | Axis 10: Speed mode done | High Pos: Reaching target speed/Reaching speed upper limit |
| M11615 | | Axis 10: Torque mode in progress | High Pos: Torque Mode Low Pos: Torque Mode Done |
| M11616 | | Axis 10: Torque mode done | High Pos: Reaching target torque/Reaching torque upper limit |
| M11617 | | Axis 10: Forward software limit state | High Pos: State On Low Pos: State Off |

| | | Axis 10: Reverse | High Pos: State On |
|----------|----------------|--------------------------------|--|
| M11618 | | software limit state | Low Pos: State Off |
| | | Axis 10: Starting | Lish Deer Chate Or |
| M11619 | | point limit switch | High Pos: State On Low Pos: State Off |
| | | ' state | |
| M11620 | | Axis 10: Positive limit | High Pos: State On |
| 1011020 | | switch state | Low Pos: State Off |
| M11621 | | Axis 10: Negative | High Pos: State On |
| 10111021 | | limit switch state | Low Pos: State Off |
| M11622 | | Axis 10: Axis Probe 1 | High Pos: State On |
| 10111022 | | triggered state | Low Pos: State Off |
| N411C22 | | Axis 10: Axis Probe 2 | High Pos: State On |
| M11623 | | triggered state | Low Pos: State Off |
| | | Axis 10: Axis | High Pos: Effective |
| N411C24 | | synchronization | |
| M11624 | | parameter effective | |
| | | state | |
| M11625 | | Axis 10: Axis tracking | High Pos: Triggered |
| 10111025 | | error state | |
| M11626 | | Reserved | |
| ~ | | | |
| M11639 | | | |
| | | Axis 11: Axis control | Rising: Single axis Servo On |
| M11000 | AX11_SERVO_ON | command: Servo ON | Falling: Single axis Servo Off |
| | | Axis 11: Axis control | Rising: Single axis clear |
| M11001 | AX11 FAULT RST | command: Error | error |
| | | reset | |
| | | Axis 11: Axis control | Rising: Single axis |
| M11002 | | command: | deceleration stop |
| 10111002 | AX11_DEC_STOP | Deceleration stop | |
| | | | Dising Cingle - 1 |
| | | Axis 11: Axis control command: | Rising: Single axis |
| M11003 | AX11_EMG_STOP | Emergency stop | emergency stop |
| | | | |
| | | Axis 11: Synchronous | High Pos: On |
| M11004 | AX11_SYNC_ON | ON | Low Pos: Off |
| L | 1 | 1 | 1 |

| M11005 | AX11_ORG_SIG | Axis 11: Origin signal | High Pos: On |
|---------|-------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|
| | | Axis 11: Positive | Low Pos: Off High Pos: On |
| M11006 | AX11_POST_SIG | signal | Low Pos: Off |
| | | Axis 11: Negative | High Pos: On |
| M11007 | AX11_NEG_SIG | signal | Low Pos: Off |
| | | Axis 11: Z count | High Pos: On |
| M11008 | AX11_Z_SIG | signal | Low Pos: Off |
| N411000 | | Axis 11: Synchronous | High Pos: On |
| M11009 | AX11_SYNC_ON_DIS | ON disable | Low Pos: Off |
| M11010 | | Axis 11: Synchronous | High Pos: On |
| | AX11_SYNC_OFF_DIS | OFF disable | Low Pos: Off |
| N411011 | | Axis 11: Auxiliary | High Pos: On |
| M11011 | | clutch ON | Low Pos: Off |
| N411012 | | Axis 11: Auxiliary | High Pos: On |
| M11012 | | clutch ON disable | Low Pos: Off |
| N411012 | | Axis 11: Auxiliary | High Pos: On |
| M11013 | | clutch OFF disable | Low Pos: Off |
| M11014 | | Reserved | |
| M11015 | | Reserved | |
| M11016 | | | |
| ~ | | Reserved | |
| M11039 | | | |
| M11017 | | Axis 11: Axis Probe 1 | High Pos: On |
| | | Function ON | Low Pos: Off |
| M11018 | | Axis 11: Axis Probe 1 | Rising Triggered |
| | | Function Reset | |
| M11019 | | Axis 11: Axis Probe 2 | High Pos: On |
| 1011013 | | Function ON | Low Pos: Off |
| M11020 | | Axis 11: Axis Probe 2 | Rising Triggered |
| | | Function Reset | |
| | | Axis 11: Axis | High Pos: On |
| | | synchronous | Low Pos: Off |
| M11021 | | parameter | |
| | | immediate effect | |
| | | request | |
| M11022 | | Axis 11: Axis | High Pos: On |
| | | synchronization | Low Pos: Off |

| | | parameter valid request in the next | |
|----------|------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| | | cycle | |
| | | Axis 11: Axis | High Pos: On |
| M11023 | | Synchronized Clutch | Low Pos: Off |
| 10111023 | | Edge Trigger Buffer | |
| | | ON | |
| | | Axis 11: Initialization | High Pos: On |
| | | of the cam phase | Low Pos: Off |
| M11024 | | when the axis | |
| | | synchronous clutch is | |
| | | OFF | |
| M11025 | | | |
| ~ | | Reserved | |
| M11039 | | | |
| M11640 | AX11 SERVO IS ON | Axis 11: Servo On | High Pos: Servo On |
| 10111040 | | | Low Pos: Servo Off |
| M11641 | AX11_OP_READY | Axis 11: Operation | High Pos: Ready |
| 10111041 | | Ready | Low Pos: Not Ready |
| M11642 | AX11_IN_ERR | Axis 11: Axis error in | High Pos: In Error |
| 10111042 | | progress | Low Pos: No Error |
| M11643 | AX11_IN_WARN | Axis 11: Axis warning | High Pos: In Warning |
| 1011045 | | in progress | Low Pos: No Warning |
| M11644 | AX11 IN CTRL | Axis 11: Control in | High Pos: In Control |
| | //// | progress | Low Pos: No Control |
| | | Axis 11: Homing in | High Pos: Homing Mode |
| M11645 | AX11_IN_HOM | progress | Low Pos: Homing Mode |
| | | | Done |
| M11646 | AX11 HOM DN | Axis 11: Homing | High Pos: Homing Mode |
| | | done | Done |
| | | Axis 11: Positioning | High Pos: Positioning Mode |
| M11647 | AX11_IN_POSI | in progress | Low Pos: Positioning Mode |
| | | | Done |
| M11648 | AX11 POSI DN | Axis 11: Positioning | High Pos: Positioning Mode |
| | | done | Done |
| M11649 | AX11 IN JOG | Axis 11: JOG in | High Pos: JOG Mode |
| | / | progress | Low Pos: JOG Mode Done |
| M11650 | AX11_JOG_DN | Axis 11: JOG done | High Pos: JOG Mode Done |
| M11651 | AX11 IN SYNC | Axis 11: Synchronous | High Pos: clutch |
| 1021 | AVIT IN SUNC | in progress | connecting/disengaging |

| | | | Low Pos: Clutch |
|---------|--------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | | | connection/disengagement |
| | | | complete |
| | | Axis 11: Synchronous | High Pos: Clutch connection |
| N411CE2 | | on | complete |
| M11652 | AX11_SYNC_ON | | Low Pos: Clutch |
| | | | disengagement completed |
| | | Avis 11: Speed mode | High Pos: Speed Mode |
| M11653 | | Axis 11: Speed mode | Low Pos: Speed Mode |
| | | in progress | Done |
| | | Axis 11: Speed mode | High Pos: Reaching target |
| M11654 | | done | speed/Reaching speed |
| | | uone | upper limit |
| | | Axis 11: Torque | High Pos: Torque Mode |
| M11655 | | mode in progress | Low Pos: Torque Mode |
| | | mode in progress | Done |
| | | Axis 11: Torque | High Pos: Reaching target |
| M11656 | | mode done | torque/Reaching torque |
| | | | upper limit |
| M11657 | | Axis 11: Forward | High Pos: State On |
| | | software limit state | Low Pos: State Off |
| M11658 | | Axis 11: Reverse | High Pos: State On |
| | | software limit state | Low Pos: State Off |
| | | Axis 11: Starting | High Pos: State On |
| M11659 | | point limit switch | Low Pos: State Off |
| | | state | |
| M11660 | | Axis 11: Positive limit | High Pos: State On |
| | | switch state | Low Pos: State Off |
| M11661 | | Axis 11: Negative | High Pos: State On |
| | | limit switch state | Low Pos: State Off |
| M11662 | | Axis 11: Axis Probe 1 | High Pos: State On |
| | | triggered state | Low Pos: State Off |
| M11663 | | Axis 11: Axis Probe 2 | High Pos: State On |
| | | triggered state | Low Pos: State Off |
| M11664 | | Axis 11: Axis | High Pos: Effective |
| | | synchronization | |
| | | parameter effective | |
| | | state | |
| M11665 | | Axis 11: Axis tracking | High Pos: Triggered |
| | | error state | |

| M11666 | | Reserved | |
|----------|-------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| ~ | | | |
| M11679 | | | |
| M11040 | AX12_SERVO_ON | Axis 12: Axis control | Rising: Single axis Servo On |
| - | | command: Servo ON | Falling: Single axis Servo Off |
| N411041 | | Axis 12: Axis control | Rising: Single axis clear |
| M11041 | AX12_FAULT_RST | command: Error | error |
| | | reset Axis 12: Axis control | Rising: Single axis |
| M11042 | AX12 DEC STOP | command: | deceleration stop |
| 10111042 | AXIZ_DEC_STOP | Deceleration stop | |
| | | Axis 12: Axis control | Rising: Single axis |
| M11043 | AX12 EMG STOP | command: | emergency stop |
| 10111045 | AXIZ_EIVIG_STOP | | emergency stop |
| | | Emergency stop Axis 12: Synchronous | High Pos: On |
| M11044 | AX12_SYNC_ON | ON | Low Pos: Off |
| | | Axis 12: Origin signal | High Pos: On |
| M11045 | AX12_ORG_SIG | AXIS 12. Oligili siglidi | Low Pos: Off |
| | | Axis 12: Positive | |
| M11046 | AX12_POST_SIG | signal | High Pos: On Low Pos: Off |
| | | Axis 12: Negative | High Pos: On |
| M11047 | AX12_NEG_SIG | signal | Low Pos: Off |
| | | Axis 12: Z count | High Pos: On |
| M11048 | AX12_Z_SIG | signal | Low Pos: Off |
| | | Axis 12: Synchronous | High Pos: On |
| M11049 | AX12_SYNC_ON_DIS | ON disable | Low Pos: Off |
| | | Axis 12: Synchronous | High Pos: On |
| M11050 | AX12_SYNC_OFF_DIS | OFF disable | Low Pos: Off |
| | | Axis 12: Auxiliary | High Pos: On |
| M11051 | | clutch ON | Low Pos: Off |
| | | Axis 12: Auxiliary | High Pos: On |
| M11052 | | clutch ON disable | Low Pos: Off |
| | | Axis 12: Auxiliary | High Pos: On |
| M11053 | | clutch OFF disable | Low Pos: Off |
| M11054 | | Reserved | |
| M11055 | | Reserved | |
| M11056 | | Reserved | |
| | | Axis 12: Axis Probe 1 | High Pos: On |
| M11057 | | Function ON | Low Pos: Off |
| | | | 2011 00. 011 |

| | | Axis 12: Axis Probe 1 | Rising Triggered |
|----------|------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| M11058 | | Function Reset | |
| | | Axis 12: Axis Probe 2 | High Pos: On |
| M11059 | | Function ON | Low Pos: Off |
| | | Axis 12: Axis Probe 2 | Rising Triggered |
| M11060 | | Function Reset | |
| | | Axis 12: Axis | High Pos: On |
| | | synchronous | Low Pos: Off |
| M11061 | | parameter | |
| | | immediate effect | |
| | | request | |
| | | Axis 12: Axis | High Pos: On |
| | | synchronization | Low Pos: Off |
| M11062 | | parameter valid | |
| | | request in the next | |
| | | cycle | |
| | | Axis 12: Axis | High Pos: On |
| M11063 | | Synchronized Clutch | Low Pos: Off |
| 10111003 | | Edge Trigger Buffer | |
| | | ON | |
| | | Axis 12: Initialization | High Pos: On |
| | | of the cam phase | Low Pos: Off |
| M11064 | | when the axis | |
| | | synchronous clutch is | |
| | | OFF | |
| M11065 | | | |
| ~ | | Reserved | |
| M11079 | | | |
| M11680 | AX12 SERVO IS ON | Axis 12: Servo On | High Pos: Servo On |
| | | | Low Pos: Servo Off |
| M11681 | AX12_OP_READY | Axis 12: Operation | High Pos: Ready |
| | | Ready | Low Pos: Not Ready |
| M11682 | AX12 IN ERR | Axis 12: Axis error in | High Pos: In Error |
| | | progress | Low Pos: No Error |
| M11683 | AX12 IN WARN | Axis 12: Axis warning | High Pos: In Warning |
| | | in progress | Low Pos: No Warning |
| M11684 | AX12 IN CTRL | Axis 12: Control in | High Pos: In Control |
| | | progress | Low Pos: No Control |
| M11685 | AX12 IN HOM | Axis 12: Homing in | High Pos: Homing Mode |
| IVITTOO2 | | progress | |

| | | | Low Pos: Homing Mode |
|----------|--------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | | | Done |
| N444000 | | Axis 12: Homing | High Pos: Homing Mode |
| M11686 | AX12_HOM_DN | done | Done |
| | | Axis 12: Positioning | High Pos: Positioning Mode |
| M11687 | AX12_IN_POSI | in progress | Low Pos: Positioning Mode |
| | | | Done |
| M11C00 | | Axis 12: Positioning | High Pos: Positioning Mode |
| M11688 | AX12_POSI_DN | done | Done |
| M11689 | | Axis 12: JOG in | High Pos: JOG Mode |
| 10111009 | AX12_IN_JOG | progress | Low Pos: JOG Mode Done |
| M11690 | AX12_JOG_DN | Axis 12: JOG done | High Pos: JOG Mode Done |
| | | Axis 12: Synchronous | High Pos: clutch |
| | | in progress | connecting/disengaging |
| M11691 | AX12_IN_SYNC | | Low Pos: Clutch |
| | | | connection/disengagement |
| | | | complete |
| | | Axis 12: Synchronous | High Pos: Clutch connection |
| M11692 | AX12_SYNC_ON | on | complete |
| 10111052 | | | Low Pos: Clutch |
| | | | disengagement completed |
| | | Axis 12: Speed mode in progress | High Pos: Speed Mode |
| M11693 | | | Low Pos: Speed Mode |
| | | | Done |
| | | Axis 12: Speed mode | High Pos: Reaching target |
| M11694 | | done | speed/Reaching speed |
| | | | upper limit |
| | | Axis 12: Torque | High Pos: Torque Mode |
| M11695 | | mode in progress | Low Pos: Torque Mode |
| | | | Done |
| | | Axis 12: Torque | High Pos: Reaching target |
| M11696 | | mode done | torque/Reaching torque |
| | | | upper limit |
| M11697 | | Axis 12: Forward | High Pos: State On |
| | | software limit state | Low Pos: State Off |
| M11698 | | Axis 12: Reverse | High Pos: State On |
| | | software limit state | Low Pos: State Off |
| N411C00 | | Axis 12: Starting | High Pos: State On |
| M11699 | | point limit switch | Low Pos: State Off |
| | | state | |

| M11700 | | Axis 12: Positive limit | High Pos: State On |
|----------|------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1011700 | | switch state | Low Pos: State Off |
| M11701 | | Axis 12: Negative | High Pos: State On |
| | | limit switch state | Low Pos: State Off |
| M11702 | | Axis 12: Axis Probe 1 | High Pos: State On |
| 10111702 | | triggered state | Low Pos: State Off |
| M11703 | | Axis 12: Axis Probe 2 | High Pos: State On |
| 10111/05 | | triggered state | Low Pos: State Off |
| | | Axis 12: Axis | High Pos: Effective |
| M11704 | | synchronization | |
| 10111704 | | parameter effective | |
| | | state | |
| M11705 | | Axis 12: Axis tracking | High Pos: Triggered |
| 10111/05 | | error state | |
| M11706 | | Reserved | |
| ~ | | | |
| M11719 | | | |
| M11080 | AX13_SERVO_ON | Axis 13: Axis control | Rising: Single axis Servo On |
| 10111080 | | command: Servo ON | Falling: Single axis Servo Off |
| | AX13_FAULT_RST | Axis 13: Axis control | Rising: Single axis clear |
| M11081 | | command: Error | error |
| | | reset | |
| | AX13_DEC_STOP | Axis 13: Axis control | Rising: Single axis |
| M11082 | | command: | deceleration stop |
| | | Deceleration stop | |
| | | Axis 13: Axis control | Rising: Single axis |
| M11083 | AX13_EMG_STOP | command: | emergency stop |
| | | Emergency stop | |
| N111001 | AX13_SYNC_ON | Axis 13: Synchronous | High Pos: On |
| M11084 | | ON | Low Pos: Off |
| N41100F | | Axis 13: Origin signal | High Pos: On |
| M11085 | AX13_ORG_SIG | | Low Pos: Off |
| N44000 | | Axis 13: Positive | High Pos: On |
| M11086 | AX13_POST_SIG | signal | Low Pos: Off |
| N411007 | | Axis 13: Negative | High Pos: On |
| M11087 | AX13_NEG_SIG | signal | Low Pos: Off |
| N444000 | | Axis 13: Z count | High Pos: On |
| M11088 | AX13_Z_SIG | signal | Low Pos: Off |
| N444000 | | Axis 13: Synchronous | High Pos: On |
| M11089 | AX13_SYNC_ON_DIS | ON disable | Low Pos: Off |
| | J | I | l |

| | | Axis 13: Synchronous | High Pos: On |
|------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| M11090 | AX13_SYNC_OFF_DIS | OFF disable | Low Pos: Off |
| | | Axis 13: Auxiliary | High Pos: On |
| M11091 | | clutch ON | Low Pos: Off |
| | | Axis 13: Auxiliary | High Pos: On |
| M11092 | | clutch ON disable | Low Pos: Off |
| | | Axis 13: Auxiliary | High Pos: On |
| M11093 | | clutch OFF disable | Low Pos: Off |
| M11094 | | Reserved | |
| M11094 M11095 | | Reserved | |
| M11095 M11096 | | Reserved | |
| 10111090 | | | |
| M11097 | | Axis 13: Axis Probe 1 | High Pos: On |
| | | Function ON | Low Pos: Off |
| M11098 | | Axis 13: Axis Probe 1 | Rising Triggered |
| | | Function Reset | |
| M11099 | | Axis 13: Axis Probe 2 | High Pos: On |
| | | Function ON | Low Pos: Off |
| M11100 | | Axis 13: Axis Probe 2 | Rising Triggered |
| | | Function Reset | |
| | | Axis 13: Axis | High Pos: On |
| | | synchronous | Low Pos: Off |
| M11101 | | parameter | |
| | | immediate effect | |
| | | request | |
| | | Axis 13: Axis | High Pos: On |
| | | synchronization | Low Pos: Off |
| M11102 | | parameter valid | |
| | | request in the next | |
| | | cycle | |
| | | Axis 13: Axis | High Pos: On |
| M11103 | | Synchronized Clutch | Low Pos: Off |
| 10111103 | | Edge Trigger Buffer | |
| | | ON | |
| | | Axis 13: Initialization | High Pos: On |
| | | of the cam phase | Low Pos: Off |
| M11104 | | when the axis | |
| | | synchronous clutch is | |
| | | OFF | |
| M11105 | | Reserved | |
| ~ | | | |

| M11119 | | | |
|----------|------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| M11720 | | Axis 13: Servo On | High Pos: Servo On |
| 10111720 | AX13_SERVO_IS_ON | | Low Pos: Servo Off |
| M11721 | AX13 OP READY | Axis 13: Operation | High Pos: Ready |
| | AAIS_OP_READY | Ready | Low Pos: Not Ready |
| M11722 | AX13 IN ERR | Axis 13: Axis error in | High Pos: In Error |
| | AVI2_IN_EKK | progress | Low Pos: No Error |
| M11723 | AX13 IN WARN | Axis 13: Axis warning | High Pos: In Warning |
| 10111723 | | in progress | Low Pos: No Warning |
| M11724 | | Axis 13: Control in | High Pos: In Control |
| 10111/24 | AX13_IN_CTRL | progress | Low Pos: No Control |
| | | Axis 13: Homing in | High Pos: Homing Mode |
| M11725 | AX13_IN_HOM | progress | Low Pos: Homing Mode |
| | | | Done |
| M11726 | AX13 HOM DN | Axis 13: Homing | High Pos: Homing Mode |
| 10111720 | | done | Done |
| | | Axis 13: Positioning | High Pos: Positioning Mode |
| M11727 | AX13_IN_POSI | in progress | Low Pos: Positioning Mode |
| | | | Done |
| M11728 | AX13_POSI_DN | Axis 13: Positioning | High Pos: Positioning Mode |
| | | done | Done |
| M11729 | AX13 IN JOG | Axis 13: JOG in | High Pos: JOG Mode |
| | | progress | Low Pos: JOG Mode Done |
| M11730 | AX13_JOG_DN | Axis 13: JOG done | High Pos: JOG Mode Done |
| | | Axis 13: Synchronous | High Pos: clutch |
| | AX13_IN_SYNC | in progress | connecting/disengaging |
| M11731 | | | Low Pos: Clutch |
| | | | connection/disengagement |
| | | | complete |
| | | Axis 13: Synchronous | High Pos: Clutch connection |
| M11732 | AX13 SYNC ON | on | complete |
| | | | Low Pos: Clutch |
| | | | disengagement completed |
| M11733 | | Axis 13: Speed mode | High Pos: Speed Mode |
| | | in progress | Low Pos: Speed Mode |
| | | | Done |
| | | Axis 13: Speed mode | High Pos: Reaching target |
| M11734 | | done | speed/Reaching speed |
| | | | upper limit |

| M11735 | | Axis 13: Torque mode in progress | High Pos: Torque Mode Low Pos: Torque Mode Done |
|-----------------------|----------------|--|--|
| M11736 | | Axis 13: Torque mode done | High Pos: Reaching target torque/Reaching torque upper limit |
| M11737 | | Axis 13: Forward software limit state | High Pos: State On Low Pos: State Off |
| M11738 | | Axis 13: Reverse software limit state | High Pos: State On Low Pos: State Off |
| M11739 | | Axis 13: Starting point limit switch state | High Pos: State On Low Pos: State Off |
| M11740 | | Axis 13: Positive limit switch state | High Pos: State On Low Pos: State Off |
| M11741 | | Axis 13: Negative limit switch state | High Pos: State On Low Pos: State Off |
| M11742 | | Axis 13: Axis Probe 1 triggered state | High Pos: State On Low Pos: State Off |
| M11743 | | Axis 13: Axis Probe 2 triggered state | High Pos: State On Low Pos: State Off |
| M11744 | | Axis 13: Axis synchronization parameter effective state | High Pos: Effective |
| M11745 | | Axis 13: Axis tracking error state | High Pos: Triggered |
| M11746 ~ M11759 | | Reserved | |
| M11120 | AX14_SERVO_ON | Axis 14: Axis control command: Servo ON | Rising: Single axis Servo On Falling: Single axis Servo Off |
| M11121 | AX14_FAULT_RST | Axis 14: Axis control command: Error reset | Rising: Single axis clear error |
| M11122 | AX14_DEC_STOP | Axis 14: Axis control command: Deceleration stop | Rising: Single axis deceleration stop |

| | | Axis 14: Axis control | Rising: Single axis |
|----------|-------------------|------------------------|---------------------|
| M11123 | AX14 EMG STOP | command: | emergency stop |
| | | Emergency stop | |
| | | Axis 14: Synchronous | High Pos: On |
| M11124 | AX14_SYNC_ON | ON | Low Pos: Off |
| N411125 | | Axis 14: Origin signal | High Pos: On |
| M11125 | AX14_ORG_SIG | | Low Pos: Off |
| M11126 | AX14 POST SIG | Axis 14: Positive | High Pos: On |
| | AX14_PO31_310 | signal | Low Pos: Off |
| M11127 | AX14 NEG SIG | Axis 14: Negative | High Pos: On |
| | AX14_NEG_310 | signal | Low Pos: Off |
| M11128 | AX14 Z SIG | Axis 14: Z count | High Pos: On |
| WIIIZO | AVI4_2_210 | signal | Low Pos: Off |
| M11129 | AX14 SYNC ON DIS | Axis 14: Synchronous | High Pos: On |
| | | ON disable | Low Pos: Off |
| M11130 | AX14 SYNC OFF DIS | Axis 14: Synchronous | High Pos: On |
| WIII30 | | OFF disable | Low Pos: Off |
| M11131 | | Axis 14: Auxiliary | High Pos: On |
| | | clutch ON | Low Pos: Off |
| M11132 | | Axis 14: Auxiliary | High Pos: On |
| | | clutch ON disable | Low Pos: Off |
| M11133 | | Axis 14: Auxiliary | High Pos: On |
| 1011133 | | clutch OFF disable | Low Pos: Off |
| M11134 | | Reserved | |
| M11135 | | Reserved | |
| M11136 | | Reserved | |
| M11137 | | Axis 14: Axis Probe 1 | High Pos: On |
| 10111137 | | Function ON | Low Pos: Off |
| M11138 | | Axis 14: Axis Probe 1 | Rising Triggered |
| WIII30 | | Function Reset | |
| M11139 | | Axis 14: Axis Probe 2 | High Pos: On |
| 10111135 | | Function ON | Low Pos: Off |
| M11140 | | Axis 14: Axis Probe 2 | Rising Triggered |
| 1011140 | | Function Reset | |
| | | Axis 14: Axis | High Pos: On |
| | | synchronous | Low Pos: Off |
| M11141 | | parameter | |
| | | immediate effect | |
| | | request | |

| | | Axis 14: Axis | High Pos: On |
|------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | synchronization | Low Pos: Off |
| M11142 | | parameter valid | Low Fos. Off |
| 10111142 | | request in the next | |
| | | | |
| | | cycle | |
| | | Axis 14: Axis | High Pos: On |
| M11143 | | Synchronized Clutch | Low Pos: Off |
| | | Edge Trigger Buffer | |
| | | ON | |
| | | Axis 14: Initialization | High Pos: On |
| | | of the cam phase | Low Pos: Off |
| M11144 | | when the axis | |
| | | synchronous clutch is | |
| | | OFF | |
| M11145 | | | |
| ~ | | Reserved | |
| M11159 | | | |
| M11760 | AX14 SERVO IS ON | Axis 14: Servo On | High Pos: Servo On |
| 1011700 | AX14_3LKVO_I3_0N | | Low Pos: Servo Off |
| M11761 | AX14_OP_READY AX14_IN_ERR | Axis 14: Operation | High Pos: Ready |
| 10111701 | | Ready | Low Pos: Not Ready |
| M11762 | | Axis 14: Axis error in | High Pos: In Error |
| 10111702 | | progress | Low Pos: No Error |
| M11763 | AX14 IN WARN | Axis 14: Axis warning | High Pos: In Warning |
| 10111705 | /// | in progress | Low Pos: No Warning |
| M11764 | AX14 IN CTRL | Axis 14: Control in | High Pos: In Control |
| 10117.04 | | progress | Low Pos: No Control |
| | | Axis 14: Homing in | High Pos: Homing Mode |
| M11765 | AX14_IN_HOM | progress | Low Pos: Homing Mode |
| | | | Done |
| N1117CC | | Axis 14: Homing | High Pos: Homing Mode |
| M11766 | AX14_HOM_DN | done | Done |
| | | Axis 14: Positioning | High Pos: Positioning Mode |
| M11767 | AX14_IN_POSI | in progress | Low Pos: Positioning Mode |
| | | | Done |
| | | Axis 14: Positioning | High Pos: Positioning Mode |
| W11768 | AX14_POSI_DN | done | Done |
| | | Axis 14: JOG in | High Pos: JOG Mode |
| M11769 | AX14_IN_JOG | progress | Low Pos: JOG Mode Done |
| M11770 | AX14_JOG_DN | Axis 11: JOG done | High Pos: JOG Mode Done |
| M11768 M11769 | AX14_POSI_DN AX14_IN_JOG | done Axis 14: JOG in | High Pos: Positioning Mode Done High Pos: JOG Mode |
| M11770 | AX14_JOG_DN | Axis 11: JOG done | High Pos: JOG Mode Done |

| | | Axis 14: Synchronous | High Pos: clutch |
|---------|--------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | | in progress | connecting/disengaging |
| M11771 | AX14 IN SYNC | | Low Pos: Clutch |
| | | | connection/disengagement |
| | | | complete |
| | | Axis 14: Synchronous | High Pos: Clutch connection |
| | | on | complete |
| M11772 | AX14_SYNC_ON | | Low Pos: Clutch |
| | | | disengagement completed |
| | | | High Pos: Speed Mode |
| M11773 | | Axis 14: Speed mode | Low Pos: Speed Mode |
| | | in progress | Done |
| | | | High Pos: Reaching target |
| M11774 | | Axis 14: Speed mode | speed/Reaching speed |
| | | done | upper limit |
| | | | High Pos: Torque Mode |
| M11775 | | Axis 14: Torque | Low Pos: Torque Mode |
| | | mode in progress | Done |
| | | | High Pos: Reaching target |
| M11776 | | Axis 14: Torque | torque/Reaching torque |
| | | mode done | upper limit |
| N44777 | | Axis 14: Forward | High Pos: State On |
| M11777 | | software limit state | Low Pos: State Off |
| N414770 | | Axis 14: Reverse | High Pos: State On |
| M11778 | | software limit state | Low Pos: State Off |
| | | Axis 14: Starting | High Pos: State On |
| M11779 | | point limit switch | Low Pos: State Off |
| | | state | LOW POS. State Off |
| M11780 | | Axis 14: Positive limit | High Pos: State On |
| 1011700 | | switch state | Low Pos: State Off |
| M11781 | | Axis 14: Negative | High Pos: State On |
| | | limit switch state | Low Pos: State Off |
| M11782 | | Axis 14: Axis Probe 1 | High Pos: State On |
| | | triggered state | Low Pos: State Off |
| M11783 | | Axis 14: Axis Probe 2 | High Pos: State On |
| | | triggered state | Low Pos: State Off |
| | | Axis 14: Axis | High Pos: Effective |
| M11784 | | synchronization | |
| 1111/04 | | parameter effective | |
| | | state | |

| M11785 | | Axis 14: Axis tracking error state | High Pos: Triggered |
|--------|-------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| M11786 | | Reserved | |
| ~ | | | |
| M11799 | | | |
| M11160 | AX15 SERVO ON | Axis 15: Axis control | Rising: Single axis Servo On |
| | AXI3_SERVO_ON | command: Servo ON | Falling: Single axis Servo Off |
| | | Axis 15: Axis control | Rising: Single axis clear |
| M11161 | AX15_FAULT_RST | command: Error | error |
| | | reset | |
| | | Axis 15: Axis control | Rising: Single axis |
| M11162 | AX15_DEC_STOP | command: | deceleration stop |
| | | Deceleration stop | |
| | | Axis 15: Axis control | Rising: Single axis |
| M11163 | AX15_EMG_STOP | command: | emergency stop |
| | | Emergency stop | |
| M11164 | AX15 SYNC ON | Axis 15: Synchronous | High Pos: On |
| | | ON | Low Pos: Off |
| M11165 | AX15 ORG SIG | Axis 15: Origin signal | High Pos: On |
| | | | Low Pos: Off |
| M11166 | AX15 POST SIG | Axis 15: Positive | High Pos: On |
| | | signal | Low Pos: Off |
| M11167 | AX15_NEG_SIG | Axis 15: Negative | High Pos: On |
| | | signal | Low Pos: Off |
| M11168 | AX15_Z_SIG | Axis 15: Z count | High Pos: On |
| | | signal | Low Pos: Off |
| M11169 | AX15 SYNC ON DIS | Axis 15: Synchronous | High Pos: On |
| | | ON disable | Low Pos: Off |
| M11170 | AX15 SYNC OFF DIS | Axis 15: Synchronous | High Pos: On |
| | | OFF disable | Low Pos: Off |
| M11171 | | Axis 15: Auxiliary | High Pos: On |
| | | clutch ON | Low Pos: Off |
| M11172 | | Axis 15: Auxiliary | High Pos: On |
| | | clutch ON disable | Low Pos: Off |
| M11173 | | Axis 15: Auxiliary | High Pos: On |
| | | clutch OFF disable | Low Pos: Off |
| M11174 | | Reserved | |
| M11175 | | Reserved | |
| M11176 | | Reserved | |

| N44477 | | Axis 15: Axis Probe 1 | High Pos: On |
|----------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| M11177 | | Function ON | Low Pos: Off |
| N44470 | | Axis 15: Axis Probe 1 | Rising Triggered |
| M11178 | | Function Reset | |
| N411170 | | Axis 15: Axis Probe 2 | High Pos: On |
| M11179 | | Function ON | Low Pos: Off |
| M11100 | | Axis 15: Axis Probe 2 | Rising Triggered |
| M11180 | | Function Reset | |
| | | Axis 15: Axis | High Pos: On |
| | | synchronous | Low Pos: Off |
| M11181 | | parameter | |
| | | immediate effect | |
| | | request | |
| | | Axis 15: Axis | High Pos: On |
| | | synchronization | Low Pos: Off |
| M11182 | | parameter valid | |
| | | request in the next | |
| | | cycle | |
| | | Axis 15: Axis | High Pos: On |
| M11183 | | Synchronized Clutch | Low Pos: Off |
| 10111103 | | Edge Trigger Buffer | |
| | | ON | |
| | | Axis 15: Initialization | High Pos: On |
| | | of the cam phase | Low Pos: Off |
| M11184 | | when the axis | |
| | | synchronous clutch is | |
| | | OFF | |
| M11185 | | | |
| ~ | | Reserved | |
| M11199 | | | |
| M11800 | AX15_SERVO_IS_ON | Axis 15: Servo On | High Pos: Servo On |
| 10111000 | | | Low Pos: Servo Off |
| M11801 | | Axis 15: Operation | High Pos: Ready |
| | AX15_OP_READY | Ready | Low Pos: Not Ready |
| M11802 | AX15 IN ERR | Axis 15: Axis error in | High Pos: In Error |
| 10111002 | | progress | Low Pos: No Error |
| M11803 | AX15 IN WARN | Axis 15: Axis warning | High Pos: In Warning |
| | | in progress | Low Pos: No Warning |
| M11804 | AX15 IN CTRL | Axis 15: Control in | High Pos: In Control |
| 10111004 | | progress | Low Pos: No Control |

| M11805 | AX15_IN_HOM | Axis 15: Homing in progress | High Pos: Homing Mode Low Pos: Homing Mode Done |
|--------|--------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| M11806 | AX15_HOM_DN | Axis 15: Homing done | High Pos: Homing Mode Done |
| M11807 | AX15_IN_POSI | Axis 15: Positioning in progress | High Pos: Positioning Mode Low Pos: Positioning Mode Done |
| M11808 | AX15_POSI_DN | Axis 15: Positioning done | High Pos: Positioning Mode Done |
| M11809 | AX15_IN_JOG | Axis 15: JOG in progress | High Pos: JOG Mode Low Pos: JOG Mode Done |
| M11810 | AX15_JOG_DN | Axis 15: JOG done | High Pos: JOG Mode Done |
| M11811 | AX15_IN_SYNC | Axis 15: Synchronous in progress | High Pos: clutch connecting/disengaging Low Pos: Clutch connection/disengagement complete |
| M11812 | AX15_SYNC_ON | Axis 15: Synchronous on | High Pos: Clutch connection complete Low Pos: Clutch disengagement completed |
| M11813 | | Axis 15: Speed mode in progress | High Pos: Speed Mode Low Pos: Speed Mode Done |
| M11814 | | Axis 15: Speed mode done | High Pos: Reaching target speed/Reaching speed upper limit |
| M11815 | | Axis 15: Torque mode in progress | High Pos: Torque Mode Low Pos: Torque Mode Done |
| M11816 | | Axis 15: Torque mode done | High Pos: Reaching target torque/Reaching torque upper limit |
| M11817 | | Axis 15: Forward software limit state | High Pos: State On Low Pos: State Off |
| M11818 | | Axis 15: Reverse software limit state | High Pos: State On Low Pos: State Off |

| | | Axis 15: Starting | |
|----------|-----------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| M11819 | | - | High Pos: State On |
| 10111919 | | point limit switch | Low Pos: State Off |
| | | state | |
| M11820 | | Axis 15: Positive limit | High Pos: State On |
| | | switch state | Low Pos: State Off |
| M11821 | | Axis 15: Negative | High Pos: State On |
| | | limit switch state | Low Pos: State Off |
| M11822 | | Axis 15: Axis Probe 1 | High Pos: State On |
| | | triggered state | Low Pos: State Off |
| M11823 | | Axis 15: Axis Probe 2 | High Pos: State On |
| 10111025 | | triggered state | Low Pos: State Off |
| | | Axis 15: Axis | High Pos: Effective |
| N411024 | | synchronization | |
| M11824 | | parameter effective | |
| | | state | |
| | | Axis 15: Axis tracking | High Pos: Triggered |
| M11825 | | error state | |
| M11826 | | Reserved | |
| ~ | | | |
| M11839 | | | |
| | | Axis 16: Axis control | Rising: Single axis Servo On |
| M11200 | AX16_SERVO_ON | command: Servo ON | Falling: Single axis Servo Off |
| | | Axis 16: Axis control | Rising: Single axis clear |
| M11201 | AX16_FAULT_RST | command: Error | error |
| | | reset | |
| | | Axis 16: Axis control | Rising: Single axis |
| M11202 | AX16 DEC STOP | command: | deceleration stop |
| | | Deceleration stop | |
| | | Axis 16: Axis control | Rising: Single axis |
| M11203 | AX16 EMG STOP | command: | emergency stop |
| | ///10_1110_5101 | Emergency stop | |
| | | Axis 16: Synchronous | High Pos: On |
| M11204 | AX16_SYNC_ON | ON | Low Pos: Off |
| | | Axis 16: Origin signal | High Pos: On |
| M11205 | AX16_ORG_SIG | | Low Pos: Off |
| | | Axis 16: Positive | High Pos: On |
| M11206 | AX16_POST_SIG | signal | Low Pos: Off |
| | | Axis 16: Negative | High Pos: On |
| M11207 | AX16_NEG_SIG | signal | Low Pos: Off |
| | | Sigilai | |

| | | | Lilah Daar O : |
|--------|-------------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| M11208 | AX16_Z_SIG | Axis 16: Z count | High Pos: On |
| | | signal | Low Pos: Off |
| M11209 | AX16_SYNC_ON_DIS | Axis 16: Synchronous | High Pos: On |
| | | ON disable | Low Pos: Off |
| M11210 | AX16 SYNC OFF DIS | Axis 16: Synchronous | High Pos: On |
| | | OFF disable | Low Pos: Off |
| M11211 | | Axis 16: Auxiliary | High Pos: On |
| | | clutch ON | Low Pos: Off |
| M11212 | | Axis 16: Auxiliary | High Pos: On |
| | | clutch ON disable | Low Pos: Off |
| M11213 | | Axis 16: Auxiliary | High Pos: On |
| | | clutch OFF disable | Low Pos: Off |
| M11214 | | Reserved | |
| M11215 | | Reserved | |
| M11216 | | Reserved | |
| M11217 | | Axis 16: Axis Probe 1 | High Pos: On |
| | | Function ON | Low Pos: Off |
| M11218 | | Axis 16: Axis Probe 1 | Rising Triggered |
| | | Function Reset | |
| M11210 | | Axis 16: Axis Probe 2 | High Pos: On |
| M11219 | | Function ON | Low Pos: Off |
| M11220 | | Axis 16: Axis Probe 2 | Rising Triggered |
| M11220 | | Function Reset | |
| | | Axis 16: Axis | High Pos: On |
| | | synchronous | Low Pos: Off |
| M11221 | | parameter | |
| | | immediate effect | |
| | | request | |
| | | Axis 16: Axis | High Pos: On |
| | | synchronization | Low Pos: Off |
| M11222 | | parameter valid | |
| | | request in the next | |
| | | cycle | |
| | | Axis 16: Axis | High Pos: On |
| | | Synchronized Clutch | Low Pos: Off |
| M11223 | | Edge Trigger Buffer | |
| | | ON | |
| | | Axis 16: Initialization | High Pos: On |
| M11224 | | of the cam phase | Low Pos: Off |
| | | when the axis | |
| L | 1 | l | l |

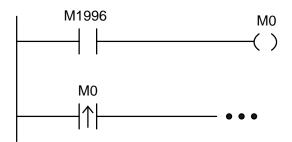
| | | synchronous clutch is | |
|----------|------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | | OFF | |
| M11225 | | Deserved | |
| M11239 | | Reserved | |
| | | Axis 16: Servo On | High Pos: Servo On |
| M11840 | AX16_SERVO_IS_ON | | Low Pos: Servo Off |
| N411041 | | Axis 16: Operation | High Pos: Ready |
| M11841 | AX16_OP_READY | Ready | Low Pos: Not Ready |
| N11040 | | Axis 16: Axis error in | High Pos: In Error |
| M11842 | AX16_IN_ERR | progress | Low Pos: No Error |
| N111012 | | Axis 16: Axis warning | High Pos: In Warning |
| M11843 | AX16_IN_WARN | in progress | Low Pos: No Warning |
| NJ110JJ | | Axis 16: Control in | High Pos: In Control |
| M11844 | AX16_IN_CTRL | progress | Low Pos: No Control |
| | | Axis 16: Homing in | High Pos: Homing Mode |
| M11845 | AX16_IN_HOM | progress | Low Pos: Homing Mode |
| | | | Done |
| M11846 | AX16_HOM_DN | Axis 16: Homing | High Pos: Homing Mode |
| 10111040 | | done | Done |
| | AX16_IN_POSI | Axis 16: Positioning | High Pos: Positioning Mode |
| M11847 | | in progress | Low Pos: Positioning Mode |
| | | | Done |
| M11848 | AX16 POSI DN | Axis 16: Positioning | High Pos: Positioning Mode |
| 1011040 | AX10_1031_DIV | done | Done |
| M11849 | AX16_IN_JOG | Axis 16: JOG in | High Pos: JOG Mode |
| 1011045 | /////_/// | progress | Low Pos: JOG Mode Done |
| M11850 | AX16_JOG_DN | Axis 16: JOG done | High Pos: JOG Mode Done |
| | | Axis 16: Synchronous | High Pos: clutch |
| | | in progress | connecting/disengaging |
| M11851 | AX16_IN_SYNC | | Low Pos: Clutch |
| | | | connection/disengagement |
| | | | complete |
| | | Axis 16: Synchronous | High Pos: Clutch connection |
| M11852 | AX16 SYNC ON | on | complete |
| | | | Low Pos: Clutch |
| | | | disengagement completed |
| | | Axis 16: Speed mode | High Pos: Speed Mode |
| M11853 | | in progress | Low Pos: Speed Mode |
| | | | Done |

| M11854 | Axis 16: Speed mode done | High Pos: Reaching target speed/Reaching speed upper limit |
|-------------|--|--|
| M11855 | Axis 16: Torque mode in progress | High Pos: Torque Mode Low Pos: Torque Mode Done |
| M11856 | Axis 16: Torque mode done | High Pos: Reaching target torque/Reaching torque upper limit |
| M11857 | Axis 16: Forward software limit state | High Pos: State On Low Pos: State Off |
| M11858 | Axis 16: Reverse software limit state | High Pos: State On Low Pos: State Off |
| M11859 | Axis 16: Starting point limit switch state | High Pos: State On Low Pos: State Off |
| M11860 | Axis 16: Positive limit switch state | High Pos: State On Low Pos: State Off |
| M11861 | Axis 16: Negative limit switch state | High Pos: State On Low Pos: State Off |
| M11862 | Axis 16: Axis Probe 1 triggered state | High Pos: State On Low Pos: State Off |
| M11863 | Axis 16: Axis Probe 2 triggered state | High Pos: State On Low Pos: State Off |
| M11864 | Axis 16: Axis synchronization parameter effective state | High Pos: Effective |
| M11865 | Axis 16: Axis tracking error state | High Pos: Triggered |
| M11866 ~ | Reserved | |
| M12000 | | |

| M12001 | BLOCK_ACT_DN_1 | Motion Block 1 Done | |
|--------|-------------------|------------------------|--|
| ~ | ~ | ~ | |
| M16095 | BLOCK_ACT_DN_4095 | Motion Block 4095 Done | |
| M16161 | BLOCK_ACT_ACT_1 | Motion Block 1 in | |
| ~ | ~ | progress | |
| M20255 | BLOCK_ACT_ACT | ~ | |
| | _4095 | Motion Block 4095 in | |
| | | progress | |

Motion special relay list

※All special relays do not provide TU and TD differential contact commands (TU ≤ TD) · If it is necessary to perform differential action on the special relay, it can be replaced by an indirect method. (Refer to the picture below)



special relays use TD/TD by an indirect method

Note: Those marked with " " in special relays and temporary registers are forbidden to be written. Meanwhile, this kind of relays are still prohibited/disabling control and forced setting, and TU and TD contacts are not provided.

2-6 Motion Special Register Details

| Register | System Tag Symbol | | Function | Description |
|----------------|--------------------|----|---------------------------------|--|
| R36880 | | | Motion controller state | The values of R36880 and R36881 are in order: 1, 0: EtherCAT offline; 2. 0: EtherCAT slave is offline; 3, 0: The number |
| R36881 | | | Motion controller error code | of slave stations is wrong; 4. 64: Motion operation timeout; 4. 10081: EtherCAT delay; 4. 1001: PLC emergency stop; 4. Other values: Record the value of R36881 and report it to the original factory |
| ▼R36882 | UNIT_PROGRAM_STATE | Un | nit Program State | 0: Ready to complete 4: Standby 6: In progress 9: Abort |
| ▼R36883 | UNIT_ERR_CODE | Un | nit Error Code | The value is the latest error code among the motion flow status (R36924 - 36933) |
| R 36884 | CURRENT_STEP_1 | Cu | rrent Step 1 | |
| R 36885 | CURRENT_STEP_2 | Cu | rrent Step 2 | |
| R 36886 | CURRENT_STEP_3 | Cu | rrent Step 3 | |

| — | | | |
|-----------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---|
| R 36887 | CURRENT_STEP_4 | Current Step 4 | |
| R 36888 | CURRENT_STEP_5 | Current Step 5 | |
| R 36889 | CURRENT_STEP_6 | Current Step 6 | |
| R 36890 | CURRENT_STEP_7 | Current Step 7 | |
| R 36891 | CURRENT_STEP_8 | Current Step 8 | |
| R 36892 | CURRENT_STEP_9 | Current Step 9 | |
| R 36893 | CURRENT_STEP_10 | Current Step 10 | |
| R 36894 | CURRENT_STEP_11 | Current Step 11 | |
| R 36895 | CURRENT_STEP_12 | Current Step 12 | |
| R 36896 | CURRENT_STEP_13 | Current Step 13 | |
| R 36897 | CURRENT_STEP_14 | Current Step 14 | |
| R 36898 | CURRENT_STEP_15 | Current Step 15 | |
| R 36899 | CURRENT_STEP_16 | Current Step 16 | |
| R 36900 | CURRENT_STEP_17 | Current Step 17 | |
| R 36901 | CURRENT_STEP_18 | Current Step 18 | |
| R 36902 | CURRENT_STEP_19 | Current Step 19 | |
| R 36903 | CURRENT_STEP_20 | Current Step 20 | |
| F R36904 | CURRENT_BLOCK_STATE_1 | Current Block State 1 | 0: Idle branch 1: In flow block control 2: Flow block completed |
| ▼R36905 | CURRENT_BLOCK_STATE_2 | Current Block State 2 | 0: Idle branch 1: In flow block control 2: Flow block completed |
| ▼R36906 | CURRENT_BLOCK_STATE_3 | Current Block State 3 | 0: Idle branch 1: In flow block control 2: Flow block completed |

| | 1 | | |
|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------|
| | | | 0: Idle branch |
| | | | 1: In flow block |
| R36907 | CURRENT_BLOCK_STATE_4 | Current Block State 4 | control |
| | | | 2: Flow block |
| | | | completed |
| | | | 0: Idle branch |
| _ | | | 1: In flow block |
| R 36908 | CURRENT_BLOCK_STATE_5 | Current Block State 5 | control |
| | | | 2: Flow block |
| | | | completed |
| | | | 0: Idle branch |
| | | | 1: In flow block |
| R 36909 | CURRENT_BLOCK_STATE_6 | Current Block State 6 | control |
| | | | 2: Flow block |
| | | | completed |
| | | | 0: Idle branch |
| | | | 1: In flow block |
| R 36910 | CURRENT BLOCK STATE 7 | Current Block State 7 | control |
| , | | | 2: Flow block |
| | | | completed |
| | | | |
| | | | 0: Idle branch |
| | | | 1: In flow block |
| R36911 | CURRENT_BLOCK_STATE_8 | Current Block State 8 | control |
| | | | 2: Flow block |
| | | | completed |
| | | | 0: Idle branch |
| | | | 1: In flow block |
| R36912 | CURRENT_BLOCK_STATE_9 | Current Block State 9 | control |
| | | | 2: Flow block |
| | | | completed |
| | | | 0: Idle branch |
| | | | 1: In flow block |
| R 36913 | CURRENT_BLOCK_STATE_10 | Current Block State 10 | control |
| | | | 2: Flow block |
| | | | completed |
| | | | 0: Idle branch |
| | | | 1: In flow block |
| R 36914 | CURRENT_BLOCK_STATE_11 | Current Block State 11 | control |
| | | | 2: Flow block |
| | | | completed |
| | | | |

| | | | 0: Idle branch |
|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | | 1: In flow block |
| R 36915 | | Current Plack State 12 | |
| C160CU | CURRENT_BLOCK_STATE_12 | Current Block State 12 | control 2: Flow block |
| | | | |
| | | | completed |
| | | | 0: Idle branch |
| | | | 1: In flow block |
| R36916 | CURRENT_BLOCK_STATE_13 | Current Block State 13 | control |
| | | | 2: Flow block |
| | | | completed |
| | | | 0: Idle branch |
| | | | 1: In flow block |
| R 36917 | CURRENT_BLOCK_STATE_14 | Current Block State 14 | control |
| | | | 2: Flow block |
| | | | completed |
| | | | 0: Idle branch |
| | | | 1: In flow block |
| R 36918 | CURRENT_BLOCK_STATE_15 | Current Block State 15 | control |
| | | | 2: Flow block |
| | | | completed |
| | | | 0: Idle branch |
| | | | 1: In flow block |
| R 36919 | CURRENT_BLOCK_STATE_16 | Current Block State 16 | control |
| | | | 2: Flow block |
| | | | completed |
| | | | 0: Idle branch |
| | | | 1: In flow block |
| R 36920 | CURRENT_BLOCK_STATE_17 | Current Block State 17 | control |
| | | | 2: Flow block |
| | | | completed |
| | | | 0: Idle branch |
| | | | 1: In flow block |
| R 36921 | CURRENT_BLOCK_STATE_18 | Current Block State 18 | control |
| , | | | 2: Flow block |
| | | | completed |
| | | | 0: Idle branch |
| | | | 1: In flow block |
| R 36922 | CURRENT_BLOCK_STATE_19 | Current Block State 19 | control |
| F 1100522 | CORRENT_BLOCK_STATE_19 | | 2: Flow block |
| | | | completed |
| | | | completed |

| | | | 0: Idle branch |
|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| | | | 1: In flow block |
| R36923 | CURRENT_BLOCK_STATE_20 | Current Block State 20 | control |
| | | | 2: Flow block |
| | | | completed |
| | | | 0 : Motion is not |
| | | | activated |
| | | | 4: Motion starts, |
| | | | EtherCAT |
| | | | connection is in |
| R 36924 | FLOW_STATE_ID_1 | Flow State ID 1 | progress |
| | | | 6: Motion flow |
| | | | control |
| | | | 9: An error |
| | | | occurred in the |
| | | | motion flow |
| | FLOW_STATE_ID_2 | | 0 : Motion is not |
| | | | activated |
| | | | 4: Motion starts, |
| | | | EtherCAT |
| | | | connection is in |
| R 36925 | | Flow State ID 2 | progress |
| | | | 6: Motion flow |
| | | | control |
| | | | 9: An error |
| | | | occurred in the |
| | | | motion flow |
| | | | 0 : Motion is not |
| | | | activated |
| | | | 4: Motion starts, |
| | | | EtherCAT |
| | | | connection is in |
| R 36926 | FLOW_STATE_ID_3 | Flow State ID 3 | progress |
| | | | 6: Motion flow |
| | | | control |
| | | | 9: An error |
| | | | occurred in the |
| | | | motion flow |

| R 36927 | FLOW_STATE_ID_4 | Flow State ID 4 | 0 : Motion is not activated 4: Motion starts, EtherCAT connection is in progress 6: Motion flow control 9: An error occurred in the motion flow |
|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|---|
| R 36928 | FLOW_STATE_ID_5 | Flow State ID 5 | 0 : Motion is not activated 4: Motion starts, EtherCAT connection is in progress 6: Motion flow control 9: An error occurred in the motion flow |
| R 36929 | FLOW_STATE_ID_6 | Flow State ID 6 | 0 : Motion is not activated 4: Motion starts, EtherCAT connection is in progress 6: Motion flow control 9: An error occurred in the motion flow |
| R 36930 | FLOW_STATE_ID_7 | Flow State ID 7 | 0 : Motion is not activated 4: Motion starts, EtherCAT connection is in progress 6: Motion flow control |

| | | | 9: An error |
|----------------|------------------|------------------|----------------------------|
| | | | occurred in the |
| | | | motion flow |
| | | | 0 : Motion is not |
| | | | activated |
| | | | 4: Motion starts, |
| | | | EtherCAT |
| | | | connection is in |
| R 36931 | FLOW_STATE_ID_8 | Flow State ID 8 | |
| F 1130331 | | | progress 6: Motion flow |
| | | | control |
| | | | 9: An error |
| | | | occurred in the |
| | | | motion flow |
| | | | |
| | | | 0 : Motion is not |
| | | | activated |
| | | | 4: Motion starts, |
| | FLOW_STATE_ID_9 | | EtherCAT |
| | | | connection is in |
| R 36932 | | Flow State ID 9 | progress |
| | | | 6: Motion flow |
| | | | control |
| | | | 9: An error |
| | | | occurred in the |
| | | | motion flow |
| | | | 0 : Motion is not |
| | | | activated |
| | | | 4: Motion starts, |
| | | | EtherCAT |
| _ | | | connection is in |
| R 36933 | FLOW_STATE_ID_10 | Flow State ID 10 | progress |
| | | | 6: Motion flow |
| | | | control |
| | | | 9: An error |
| | | | occurred in the |
| | | | motion flow |
| R 36934 | | | 0 : Motion is not |
| | FLOW_STATE_ID_11 | Flow State ID 11 | activated |
| | | | 4: Motion starts, |
| | | | EtherCAT |

| | | | connection is in |
|----------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| | | | progress |
| | | | 6: Motion flow |
| | | | control |
| | | | 9: An error |
| | | | occurred in the |
| | | | motion flow |
| | | | 0 : Motion is not |
| | | | activated |
| | | | 4: Motion starts, |
| | | | EtherCAT |
| | | | connection is in |
| R 36935 | FLOW_STATE_ID_12 | Flow State ID 12 | progress |
| | | | 6: Motion flow |
| | | | control |
| | | | 9: An error |
| | | | occurred in the |
| | | | motion flow |
| | | | 0 : Motion is not |
| | | | activated |
| | | | 4: Motion starts, |
| | | | EtherCAT |
| | | | connection is in |
| R 36936 | FLOW_STATE_ID_13 | Flow State ID 13 | progress |
| • | | | 6: Motion flow |
| | | | control |
| | | | 9: An error |
| | | | occurred in the |
| | | | motion flow |
| | | | 0 : Motion is not |
| | | | activated |
| | | | 4: Motion starts, |
| | | | EtherCAT |
| R 36937 | | | connection is in |
| | FLOW_STATE_ID_14 | Flow State ID 14 | progress |
| | | | 6: Motion flow |
| | | | control |
| | | | 9: An error |
| | | | occurred in the |
| | | | |
| | | | motion flow |

| F R36938 | FLOW_STATE_ID_15 | Flow State ID 15 | 0 : Motion is not activated 4: Motion starts, EtherCAT connection is in progress 6: Motion flow control 9: An error occurred in the motion flow |
|-----------------|------------------|------------------|---|
| R 36939 | FLOW_STATE_ID_16 | Flow State ID 16 | 0 : Motion is not activated 4: Motion starts, EtherCAT connection is in progress 6: Motion flow control 9: An error occurred in the motion flow |
| R 36940 | FLOW_STATE_ID_17 | Flow State ID 17 | 0 : Motion is not activated 4: Motion starts, EtherCAT connection is in progress 6: Motion flow control 9: An error occurred in the motion flow |
| R 36941 | FLOW_STATE_ID_18 | Flow State ID 18 | 0 : Motion is not activated 4: Motion starts, EtherCAT connection is in progress 6: Motion flow control |

| | | 9: An error |
|------------------|-----------------------|---|
| | | occurred in the |
| | | motion flow |
| | | 0 : Motion is not |
| | | activated |
| | | 4: Motion starts, |
| | | EtherCAT |
| | | connection is in |
| FLOW_STATE_ID_19 | Flow State ID 19 | progress |
| | | 6: Motion flow |
| | | control |
| | | 9: An error |
| | | occurred in the |
| | | motion flow |
| | | 0 : Motion is not |
| | | activated |
| | | 4: Motion starts, |
| | Flow State ID 20 | EtherCAT |
| | | connection is in |
| FLOW_STATE_ID_20 | | progress |
| | | 6: Motion flow |
| | | control |
| | | 9: An error |
| | | occurred in the |
| | | motion flow |
| | Deserved | |
| | Reserved | |
| | | |
| | Encoder 1 (Low word) | |
| ENCODER_VALUE_1 | | |
| | Encoder 1 (High word) | |
| | Encoder 2 (Low word) | |
| ENCODER_VALUE_2 | | |
| | FLOW_STATE_ID_20 | FLOW_STATE_ID_20 Flow State ID 20 Flow State ID 20 Reserved ENCODER_VALUE_1 Encoder 1 (Low word) Encoder 1 (High word) Encoder 2 (Low word) |

| F R36968 | | Encoder 3 (Low word) |
|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| R 36969 | ENCODER_VALUE_3 | Encoder 3 (High word) |
| F R36970 | | Encoder 4 (Low word) |
| R 36971 | ENCODER_VALUE_4 | Encoder 4 (High word) |
| R 36972 | | Gray code encoder value (Low word) |
| F R36973 | | Gray code encoder value (High word) |
| F R36974 | | Gray code encoder turns (Low word) |
| R 36975 | | Gray code encoder turns (High word) |
| R36976 ~ | | Reserved |
| R36979 | | |
| R 36980 | | Axis 1: Axis properties |
| R36981 | | Decomined |
| R36983 | | Reserved |
| R 36984 | AX1_CTRL_MODE | Axis 1: Current Control Mode |

| R36985 ~ R37003 | | Reserved |
|-----------------------|-----------------|---|
| ▼R37004 | AX1_ERR_INFO_1 | Axis 1: Error Detail Information 1 |
| F 837005 | AX1_ERR_INFO_2 | Axis 1: Error Detail Information 2 |
| ▼R37006 | AX1_WARN_INFO_1 | Axis 1: Warning Detail Information 1 |
| F R37007 | AX1_WARN_INFO_2 | Axis 1: Warning Detail Information 2 |
| R37008 ~ R37011 | | Reserved |
| F R37012 | AX1_AX_CTRL | Axis 1: Axis Control |
| F R37013 | AX1_WARN_CODE | Axis 1: Axis Warning Code |
| F R37014 | | Axis 1: Command Coordinate (Low word) |
| R 37015 | AX1_CMD_COORD | Axis 1: Command Coordinate (High word) |

| F R37016 | | Axis 1: Command Speed (Low word) |
|-----------------|---------------------|---|
| F R37017 | AX1_CMD_SPD | Axis 1: Command Speed (High word) |
| R 37018 | AX1_CMD_POSI | Axis 1: Command Position (Low word) |
| R 37019 | | Axis 1: Command Position (High word) |
| F R37020 | AX1_POSI_CUR_PT_NUM | Axis 1: Positioning Current Point No. |
| F R37021 | | Axis 1: Current Coordinate (Low word) |
| F R37022 | AX1_CUR_COORD | Axis 1: Current Coordinate (High word) |
| F R37023 | | Axis 1: Feedback Speed Monitor (Low word) |
| F R37024 | - AX1_SPD | Axis 1: Feedback Speed Monitor (High word) |

| ▼ R37025 | - AX1_POSI_DEV | Axis 1: Position Deviation Monitor (Low word) |
|-----------------|-------------------|---|
| ▼R37026 | | Axis 1: Position Deviation Monitor (High word) |
| F R37027 | | Axis 1: Digital Input from Driver (Low word) |
| R 37028 | AX1_DRIVE_DI | Axis 1: Digital Input from Driver (High word) |
| R 37029 | | Axis 1: Current Flow ID |
| ▼R37030 | AX1_CNTA_OUT | Axis 1: Contact Output (Low word) |
| R 37031 | | Axis 1: Contact Output (High word) |
| R 37032 | AX1_CUR_TORQ | Axis 1: Current Torque |
| F R37033 | AY1 ECAM IN PHASE | Axis 1: E-Cam Input Phase (Low word) |
| F R37034 | AX1_ECAM_IN_PHASE | Axis 1: E-Cam Input Phase (High word) |
| R 37035 | - AX1_ORG_POSI | Axis 1: Origin Position (Low word) |
| F R37036 | | Axis 1: Origin Position (High word) |

| R37037R37038 | | Axis 1: Axis Status Word | Bit0:M11240 ~ Bit12:M11252 After Bit13 |
|---|---------------|--|---|
| R 37039 | | | Reserved |
| R 37040 | | Axis 1: Main Clutch Output Phase (Low word) | |
| R 37041 | | Axis 1: Main Clutch Output Phase (High word) | |
| R 37042 | | Axis 1: Probe 1 Coordinate (Low Word) | |
| R 37043 | | Axis 1: Probe 1 Coordinate (High Word) | |
| R 37044 | | Axis 1: Probe 2 Coordinate (Low Word) | |
| F R37045 | | Axis 1: Probe 2 Coordinate (High Word) | |
| ▼R37046 ~ ▼R37129 | | Reserved | |
| F R37130 | | Axis 2: Axis properties | |
| R37131 R37133 | | Reserved | |
| R 37134 | AX2_CTRL_MODE | Axis 2: Current Control Mode | |

| ✓ R37135~✓ R37153 | | Reserved |
|---|---------------------|---|
| R 37154 | AX2_ERR_INFO_1 | Axis 2: Error Detail Information 1 |
| R 37155 | AX2_ERR_INFO_2 | Axis 2: Error Detail Information 2 |
| R 37156 | AX2_WARN_INFO_1 | Axis 2: Warning Detail Information 1 |
| F R37157 | AX2_WARN_INFO_2 | Axis 2: Warning Detail Information 2 |
| R37158 ~ R37161 | | Reserved |
| R 37162 | AX2_AX_CTRL | Axis 2: Axis Control |
| R 37163 | AX2_WARN_CODE | Axis 2: Axis Warning Code |
| R 37164 | - AX2 CMD COORD | Axis 2: Command Coordinate (Low word) |
| R 37165 | | Axis 2: Command Coordinate (High word) |
| F R37166 | - AX2_CMD_SPD | Axis 2: Command Speed (Low word) |
| R 37167 | | Axis 2: Command Speed (High word) |
| R 37168 | | Axis 2: Command Position (Low word) |
| R 37169 | - AX2_CMD_POSI | Axis 2: Command Position (High word) |
| F R37170 | AX2_POSI_CUR_PT_NUM | Axis 2: Positioning Current Point No. |

| R 37171 | - AX2_CUR_COORD | Axis 2: Current Coordinate (Low word) |
|-----------------|-----------------|---|
| F R37172 | | Axis 2: Current Coordinate (High word) |
| R 37173 | AX2_SPD | Axis 2: Feedback Speed Monitor (Low word) |
| ▼R37174 | | Axis 2: Feedback Speed Monitor (High word) |

| R 37175 | — AX2_POSI_DEV | Axis 2: Position Deviation Monitor (Low word) |
|-----------------|-------------------|---|
| F R37176 | | Axis 2: Position Deviation Monitor (High word) |
| F R37177 | | Axis 2: Digital Input from Driver (Low word) |
| R 37178 | - AX2_DRIVE_DI | Axis 2: Digital Input from Driver (High word) |
| R 37179 | | Axis 2: Current Flow ID |
| R 37180 | AX2_CNTA_OUT | Axis 2: Contact Output (Low word) |
| F R37181 | | Axis 2: Contact Output (High word) |
| F R37182 | AX2_CUR_TORQ | Axis 2: Current Torque |
| R 37183 | AX2_ECAM_IN_PHASE | Axis 2: E-Cam Input Phase (Low word) |
| F R37184 | | Axis 2: E-Cam Input Phase (High word) |
| R 37185 | AX2_ORG_POSI | Axis 2: Origin Position (Low word) |
| F R37186 | | Axis 2: Origin Position (High word) |

| F R37187 | | Bit0:M11280 |
|-----------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| R 37188 | Axis 2: Axis Status Word | ~ Bit12:M11292 After Bit13 |
| R 37189 | | Reserved |
| F R37190 | Axis 2: Main Clutch Output Phase (Low word) | |
| ▼R37191 | Axis 2: Main Clutch Output Phase (High word) | |
| F R37192 | Axis 2: Probe 1 Coordinate (Low Word) | |
| ▼R37193 | Axis 2: Probe 1 Coordinate (High Word) | |
| ▼R37194 | Axis 2: Probe 2 Coordinate (Low Word) | |
| F R37195 | Axis 2: Probe 2 Coordinate (High Word) | |
| R37196 ~ R37279 | Reserved | |

| F R37280 | | Axis 3: Axis properties | |
|---|-----------------|---|--|
| R37281 ~ R37283 | | Reserved | |
| ▼R37284 | AX3_CTRL_MODE | Axis 3: Current Control Mode | |
| ▼R37285 ~ ▼R37303 | | Reserved | |
| R 37304 | AX3_ERR_INFO_1 | Axis 3: Error Detail Information 1 | |
| R 37305 | AX3_ERR_INFO_2 | Axis 3: Error Detail Information 2 | |
| F R37306 | AX3_WARN_INFO_1 | Axis 3: Warning Detail Information 1 | |
| F R37307 | AX3_WARN_INFO_2 | Axis 3: Warning Detail Information 2 | |
| ✓ R37308 ∼ ✓ R37311 | | Reserved | |
| R 37312 | AX3_AX_CTRL | Axis 3: Axis Control | |
| R 37313 | AX3_WARN_CODE | Axis 3: Axis Warning Code | |

| R 37314 | AX3_CMD_COORD | Axis 3: Command Coordinate (Low word) |
|-----------------|-------------------------|--|
| R 37315 | | Axis 3: Command Coordinate (High word) |
| R 37316 | | Axis 3: Command Speed (Low word) |
| R 37317 | AX3_CMD_SPD | Axis 3: Command Speed (High word) |
| F R37318 | AX3_CMD_POSI | Axis 3: Command Position (Low word) |
| F R37319 | | Axis 3: Command Position (High word) |
| R 37320 | AX3_POSI_CUR_PT_NU M | Axis 3: Positioning Current Point No. |
| R 37321 | AX3_CUR_COORD | Axis 3: Current Coordinate (Low word) |
| R 37322 | | Axis 3: Current Coordinate (High word) |
| R 37323 | | Axis 3: Feedback Speed Monitor (Low word) |
| ▼R37324 | AX3_SPD | Axis 3: Feedback Speed Monitor (High word) |
| ▼R37325 | AX3_POSI_DEV | Axis 3: Position Deviation Monitor (Low word) |
| ▼R37326 | | Axis 3: Position Deviation Monitor (High word) |

| F R37327 | - AX3_DRIVE_DI | Axis 3: Digital Input from Driver (Low word) | |
|-----------------|---------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| R 37328 | | Axis 3: Digital Input from Driver (High word) | |
| R 37329 | | Axis 3: Current Flow ID | |
| R 37330 | AX3 CNTA OUT | Axis 3: Contact Output (Low word) | |
| F R37331 | | Axis 3: Contact Output (High word) | |
| R 37332 | AX3_CUR_TORQ | Axis 3: Current Torque | |
| F R37333 | - AX3_ECAM_IN_PHASE | Axis 3: E-Cam Input Phase (Low word) | |
| F R37334 | | Axis 3: E-Cam Input Phase (High word) | |
| R 37335 | | Axis 3: Origin Position (Low word) | |
| F R37336 | AX3_ORG_POSI | Axis 3: Origin Position (High word) | |
| R 37337 | | | Bit0:M11320 |
| ▼ R37338 | | Axis 3: Axis Status Word | ~ Bit12:M11332 After Bit13 |
| F R37339 | | | Reserved |

| R 37340 | Axis 3: Main Clutch Output Phase (Low word) |
|-----------------------|--|
| ▼R37341 | Axis 3: Main Clutch Output Phase (High word) |
| ▼ R37342 | Axis 3: Probe 1 Coordinate (Low Word) |
| ▼R37343 | Axis 3: Probe 1 Coordinate (High Word) |
| ▼R37344 | Axis 3: Probe 2 Coordinate (Low Word) |
| R 37345 | Axis 3: Probe 2 Coordinate (High Word) |
| R37346 ~ R37429 | Reserved |
| R 37430 | Axis 4: Axis properties |
| R37431 ~ R37433 | Reserved |

| ▼R37434 | AX4_CTRL_MODE | Axis 4: Current Control Mode | |
|---|-----------------|---|--|
| ✓ R37435 ~ ✓ R37453 | | Reserved | |
| R 37454 | AX4_ERR_INFO_1 | Axis 4: Error Detail Information 1 | |
| R 37455 | AX4_ERR_INFO_2 | Axis 4: Error Detail Information 2 | |
| R 37456 | AX4_WARN_INFO_1 | Axis 4: Warning Detail Information 1 | |
| R 37457 | AX4_WARN_INFO_2 | Axis 4: Warning Detail Information 2 | |
| R37458 ~ R37461 | | Reserved | |
| R 37462 | AX4_AX_CTRL | Axis 4: Axis Control | |
| R 37463 | AX4_WARN_CODE | Axis 4: Axis Warning Code | |
| R 37464 | AX4_CMD_COORD | Axis 4: Command Coordinate (Low word) | |
| R 37465 | | Axis 4: Command Coordinate (High word) | |
| R 37466 | AX4_CMD_SPD | Axis 4: Command Speed (Low word) | |
| R 37467 | | Axis 4: Command Speed (High word) | |
| R 37468 | AX4_CMD_POSI | Axis 4: Command Position (Low word) | |

| R 37469 | | Axis 4: Command Position (High word) |
|-----------------|---------------------|--|
| R 37470 | AX4_POSI_CUR_PT_NUM | Axis 4: Positioning Current Point No. |
| R 37471 | AX4_CUR_COORD | Axis 4: Current Coordinate (Low word) |
| R 37472 | | Axis 4: Current Coordinate (High word) |
| F R37473 | AX4 SPD | Axis 4: Feedback Speed Monitor (Low word) |
| R 37474 | AA4_SED | Axis 4: Feedback Speed Monitor (High word) |
| R 37475 | - AX4_POSI_DEV | Axis 4: Position Deviation Monitor (Low word) |
| R 37476 | | Axis 4: Position Deviation Monitor (High word) |
| R 37477 | | Axis 4: Digital Input from Driver (Low word) |
| R 37478 | AX4_DRIVE_DI | Axis 4: Digital Input from Driver (High word) |
| F R37479 | | Axis 4: Current Flow ID |
| F R37480 | AX4_CNTA_OUT | Axis 4: Contact Output (Low word) |
| F R37481 | | Axis 4: Contact Output (High word) |

| R 37482 | AX4_CUR_TORQ | Axis 4: Current Torque | |
|-----------------|-------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| R 37483 | | Axis 4: E-Cam Input Phase (Low word) | |
| R 37484 | AX4_ECAM_IN_PHASE | Axis 4: E-Cam Input Phase (High word) | |
| F R37485 | AX4_ORG_POSI | Axis 4: Origin Position (Low word) | |
| F R37486 | AX4_0NG_F031 | Axis 4: Origin Position (High word) | |
| F R37487 | | | Bit0:M11360 |
| R 37488 | | Axis 4: Axis Status Word | ~ Bit12:M11372 After Bit13 |
| R 37489 | | | Reserved |
| R 37490 | | Axis 4: Main Clutch Output Phase (Low word) | |
| R 37491 | | Axis 4: Main Clutch Output Phase (High word) | |
| R 37492 | | Axis 4: Probe 1 Coordinate (Low Word) | |
| F R37493 | | Axis 4: Probe 1 Coordinate (High Word) | |

| R 37494 | | Axis 4: Probe 2 Coordinate (Low Word) |
|---|-----------------|---|
| ▼R37495 | | Axis 4: Probe 2 Coordinate (High Word) |
| ▼R37496 ~ ▼R37579 | | Reserved |
| R 37580 | | Axis 5: Axis properties |
| R37581 ~ R37583 | | Reserved |
| R 37584 | AX5_CTRL_MODE | Axis 5: Current Control Mode |
| ▼R37585 ~ ▼R37603 | | Reserved |
| R 37604 | AX5_ERR_INFO_1 | Axis 5: Error Detail Information 1 |
| R 37605 | AX5_ERR_INFO_2 | Axis 5: Error Detail Information 2 |
| ▼R37606 | AX5_WARN_INFO_1 | Axis 5: Warning Detail Information 1 |
| R 37607 | AX5_WARN_INFO_2 | Axis 5: Warning Detail Information 2 |

| R37608 ~ R37611 | | Reserved |
|-----------------------|---------------------|--|
| R 37612 | AX5_AX_CTRL | Axis 5: Axis Control |
| R 37613 | AX5_WARN_CODE | Axis 5: Axis Warning Code |
| R 37614 | AX5_CMD_COORD | Axis 5: Command Coordinate (Low word) |
| R 37615 | | Axis 5: Command Coordinate (High word) |
| R 37616 | | Axis 5: Command Speed (Low word) |
| R 37617 | - AX5_CMD_SPD | Axis 5: Command Speed (High word) |
| R 37618 | - AX5_CMD_POSI | Axis 5: Command Position (Low word) |
| R 37619 | | Axis 5: Command Position (High word) |
| R 37620 | AX5_POSI_CUR_PT_NUM | Axis 5: Positioning Current Point No. |
| F R37621 | AX5 CUR COORD | Axis 5: Current Coordinate (Low word) |
| R 37622 | | Axis 5: Current Coordinate (High word) |
| R 37623 | AX5_SPD | Axis 5: Feedback Speed Monitor (Low word) |
| ▼R37624 | | Axis 5: Feedback Speed Monitor (High word) |

| R 37625 | AX5_POSI_DEV | Axis 5: Position Deviation Monitor (Low word) |
|-----------------|-------------------|--|
| R 37626 | | Axis 5: Position Deviation Monitor (High word) |
| F R37627 | AX5 DRIVE DI | Axis 5: Digital Input from Driver (Low word) |
| R 37628 | | Axis 5: Digital Input from Driver (High word) |
| R 37629 | | Axis 5: Current Flow ID |
| R 37630 | AX5_CNTA_OUT | Axis 5: Contact Output (Low word) |
| R 37631 | | Axis 5: Contact Output (High word) |
| R 37632 | AX5_CUR_TORQ | Axis 5: Current Torque |
| R 37633 | AX5_ECAM_IN_PHASE | Axis 5: E-Cam Input Phase (Low word) |
| R 37634 | | Axis 5: E-Cam Input Phase (High word) |
| R 37635 | AX5_ORG_POSI | Axis 5: Origin Position (Low word) |
| ▼R37636 | | Axis 5: Origin Position (High word) |

| R 37637 | | Bit0:M11400 |
|-----------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| F R37638 | Axis 5: Axis Status Word | ~ Bit12:M11412 After Bit13 |
| R 37639 | | Reserved |
| ▼R37640 | Axis 5: Main Clutch Output Phase (Low word) | |
| F R37641 | Axis 5: Main Clutch Output Phase (High word) | |
| R 37642 | Axis 5: Probe 1 Coordinate (Low Word) | |
| R 37643 | Axis 5: Probe 1 Coordinate (High Word) | |
| R 37644 | Axis 5: Probe 2 Coordinate (Low Word) | |
| ▼R37645 | Axis 5: Probe 2 Coordinate (High Word) | |
| R37646 ~ R37729 | Reserved | |

| ▼R37730 | | Axis 6: Axis properties | |
|-----------------------|-----------------|---|--|
| R37731 ~ R37733 | | Reserved | |
| ▼ R37734 | AX6_CTRL_MODE | Axis 6: Current Control Mode | |
| R37735 ~ R37753 | | Reserved | |
| R 37754 | AX6_ERR_INFO_1 | Axis 6: Error Detail Information 1 | |
| R 37755 | AX6_ERR_INFO_2 | Axis 6: Error Detail Information 2 | |
| R 37756 | AX6_WARN_INFO_1 | Axis 6: Warning Detail Information 1 | |
| R 37757 | AX6_WARN_INFO_2 | Axis 6: Warning Detail Information 2 | |
| R37758 ~ R37761 | | Reserved | |
| F R37762 | AX6_AX_CTRL | Axis 6: Axis Control | |
| R 37763 | AX6_WARN_CODE | Axis 6: Axis Warning Code | |
| R 37764 | AX6_CMD_COORD | Axis 6: Command Coordinate (Low word) | |
| R 37765 | | Axis 6: Command Coordinate (High word) | |

| R 37766 | AX6_CMD_SPD | Axis 6: Command Speed (Low word) |
|----------------|---------------------|--|
| R 37767 | | Axis 6: Command Speed (High word) |
| R 37768 | AX6_CMD_POSI | Axis 6: Command Position (Low word) |
| R 37769 | | Axis 6: Command Position (High word) |
| R 37770 | AX6_POSI_CUR_PT_NUM | Axis 6: Positioning Current Point No. |
| R 37771 | AX6_CUR_COORD | Axis 6: Current Coordinate (Low word) |
| R 37772 | | Axis 6: Current Coordinate (High word) |
| R 37773 | | Axis 6: Feedback Speed Monitor (Low word) |
| R 37774 | AX6_SPD | Axis 6: Feedback Speed Monitor (High word) |
| R 37775 | | Axis 6: Position Deviation Monitor (Low word) |
| R 37776 | AX6_POSI_DEV | Axis 6: Position Deviation Monitor (High word) |
| R 37777 | | Axis 6: Digital Input from Driver (Low word) |
| R 37778 | AX6_DRIVE_DI | Axis 6: Digital Input from Driver (High word) |
| R 37779 | | Axis 6: Current Flow ID |

| F R37780 | - AX6_CNTA_OUT | Axis 6: Contact Output (Low word) | |
|-----------------|---------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| F R37781 | | Axis 6: Contact Output (High word) | |
| R 37782 | AX6_CUR_TORQ | Axis 6: Current Torque | |
| F R37783 | AX6_ECAM_IN_PHASE | Axis 6: E-Cam Input Phase (Low word) | |
| R 37784 | AXU_LCANI_IN_FITASL | Axis 6: E-Cam Input Phase (High word) | |
| R 37785 | - AX6_ORG_POSI | Axis 6: Origin Position (Low word) | |
| F R37786 | | Axis 6: Origin Position (High word) | |
| F R37787 | | | Bit0:M11440 |
| F R37788 | | Axis 6: Axis Status Word | ~ Bit12:M11452 After Bit13 |
| F R37789 | | | Reserved |
| ▼R37790 | | Axis 6: Main Clutch Output Phase (Low word) | |
| ▼R37791 | | Axis 6: Main Clutch Output Phase (High word) | |

| R 37792 | | Axis 6: Probe 1 Coordinate (Low Word) |
|-----------------------|----------------|---|
| F R37793 | | Axis 6: Probe 1 Coordinate (High Word) |
| R 37794 | | Axis 6: Probe 2 Coordinate (Low Word) |
| R 37795 | | Axis 6: Probe 2 Coordinate (High Word) |
| R37796 ~ R37879 | | Reserved |
| R 37880 | | Axis 7: Axis properties |
| R37881 ~ R37883 | | Reserved |
| F R37884 | AX7_CTRL_MODE | Axis 7: Current Control Mode |
| R37885 ~ R37903 | | Reserved |
| R 37904 | AX7_ERR_INFO_1 | Axis 7: Error Detail Information 1 |
| R 37905 | AX7_ERR_INFO_2 | Axis 7: Error Detail Information 2 |

| R 37906 | AX7_WARN_INFO_1 | Axis 7: Warning Detail Information 1 |
|-----------------------|---------------------|---|
| R 37907 | AX7_WARN_INFO_2 | Axis 7: Warning Detail Information 2 |
| R37908 ~ R37911 | | Reserved |
| F R37912 | AX7_AX_CTRL | Axis 7: Axis Control |
| R 37913 | AX7_WARN_CODE | Axis 7: Axis Warning Code |
| R 37914 | | Axis 7: Command Coordinate (Low word) |
| R 37915 | AX7_CMD_COORD | Axis 7: Command Coordinate (High word) |
| R 37916 | - AX7_CMD_SPD | Axis 7: Command Speed (Low word) |
| R 37917 | | Axis 7: Command Speed (High word) |
| R 37918 | AX7_CMD_POSI | Axis 7: Command Position (Low word) |
| R 37919 | | Axis 7: Command Position (High word) |
| R 37920 | AX7_POSI_CUR_PT_NUM | Axis 7: Positioning Current Point No. |
| F R37921 | AX7_CUR_COORD | Axis 7: Current Coordinate (Low word) |
| R 37922 | | Axis 7: Current Coordinate (High word) |

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|----------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| | | Axis 7: Feedback Speed |
| R 37923 | | Monitor |
| | AX7_SPD | (Low word) |
| | _ | Axis 7: Feedback Speed |
| R 37924 | | Monitor |
| | | (High word) |
| | | Axis 7: Position Deviation |
| R 37925 | | Monitor |
| , | | (Low word) |
| | AX7_POSI_DEV | |
| | | Axis 7: Position Deviation |
| R 37926 | | Monitor |
| | | (High word) |
| | | |
| _ | | Axis 7: Digital Input from |
| R37927 | | Driver |
| | | (Low word) |
| | AX7_DRIVE_DI | Avis 7: Digital Input from |
| | | Axis 7: Digital Input from |
| R 37928 | | Driver |
| | | (High word) |
| | | |
| R 37929 | | Axis 7: Current Flow ID |
| | | |
| | | Axis 7: Contact Output |
| R 37930 | | (Low word) |
| | AX7 CNTA OUT | |
| | | Axis 7: Contact Output |
| R 37931 | | (High word) |
| | | |
| | | |
| R 37932 | AX7_CUR_TORQ | Axis 7: Current Torque |
| | | |
| | | Axis 7: E-Cam Input Phase |
| R37933 | | (Low word) |
| | AX7_ECAM_IN_PHASE | |
| R 37934 | | Axis 7: E-Cam Input Phase |
| | | (High word) |
| | | |
| R 37935 | AX7_ORG_POSI | Axis 7: Origin Position (Low |
| | | word) |
| | | |

| ▼R37936 | Axis 7: Origin Position (High word) | |
|-----------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| R 37937 | | Bit0:M11480 |
| ▼ R37938 | Axis 7: Axis Status Word | ~ Bit12:M11492 After Bit13 |
| F R37939 | | Reserved |
| ▼R37940 | Axis 7: Main Clutch Output Phase (Low word) | |
| ▼R37941 | Axis 7: Main Clutch Output Phase (High word) | |
| ▼ R37942 | Axis 7: Probe 1 Coordinate (Low Word) | |
| F R37943 | Axis 7: Probe 1 Coordinate (High Word) | |
| F R37944 | Axis 7: Probe 2 Coordinate (Low Word) | |
| ▼R37945 | Axis 7: Probe 2 Coordinate (High Word) | |
| R37946 ~ R38029 | Reserved | |

| F R38030 | | Axis 8: Axis properties |
|-----------------------|-----------------|---|
| R38031 ~ R38033 | | Reserved |
| F R38034 | AX8_CTRL_MODE | Axis 8: Current Control Mode |
| R38035 ~ R38053 | | Reserved |
| R 38054 | AX8_ERR_INFO_1 | Axis 8: Error Detail Information 1 |
| F R38055 | AX8_ERR_INFO_2 | Axis 8: Error Detail Information 2 |
| R 38056 | AX8_WARN_INFO_1 | Axis 8: Warning Detail Information 1 |
| F R38057 | AX8_WARN_INFO_2 | Axis 8: Warning Detail Information 2 |
| R38058 ~ R38061 | | Reserved |
| F R38062 | AX8_AX_CTRL | Axis 8: Axis Control |
| R 38063 | AX8_WARN_CODE | Axis 8: Axis Warning Code |
| F R38064 | | Axis 8: Command Coordinate (Low word) |
| ▼R38065 | AX8_CMD_COORD | Axis 8: Command Coordinate (High word) |

| F R38066 | - AX8_CMD_SPD | Axis 8: Command Speed (Low word) |
|-----------------|---------------------|--|
| R 38067 | | Axis 8: Command Speed (High word) |
| F R38068 | | Axis 8: Command Position (Low word) |
| R 38069 | - AX8_CMD_POSI | Axis 8: Command Position (High word) |
| R 38070 | AX8_POSI_CUR_PT_NUM | Axis 8: Positioning Current Point No. |
| R 38071 | - AX8_CUR_COORD | Axis 8: Current Coordinate (Low word) |
| F R38072 | | Axis 8: Current Coordinate (High word) |
| F R38073 | - AX8_SPD | Axis 8: Feedback Speed Monitor (Low word) |
| R 38074 | | Axis 8: Feedback Speed Monitor (High word) |
| R 38075 | - AX8_POSI_DEV | Axis 8: Position Deviation Monitor (Low word) |
| R 38076 | | Axis 8: Position Deviation Monitor (High word) |
| R 38077 | | Axis 8: Digital Input from Driver (Low word) |
| ▼R38078 | - AX8_DRIVE_DI | Axis 8: Digital Input from Driver (High word) |

| ▼ R38079 | | Axis 8: Current Flow ID | |
|-----------------|-------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| F R38080 | | Axis 8: Contact Output (Low word) | |
| R 38081 | AX8_CNTA_OUT | Axis 8: Contact Output (High word) | |
| R 38082 | AX8_CUR_TORQ | Axis 8: Current Torque | |
| R 38083 | AX8 FCAM IN PHASE | Axis 8: E-Cam Input Phase (Low word) | |
| F R38084 | AX8_ECAM_IN_PHASE | Axis 8: E-Cam Input Phase (High word) | |
| F R38085 | AX8_ORG_POSI | Axis 8: Origin Position (Low word) | |
| F R38086 | | Axis 8: Origin Position (High word) | |
| F R38087 | | | Bit0:M11520 |
| R 38088 | | Axis 8: Axis Status Word | ~ Bit12:M11532 After Bit13 |
| R 38089 | | | Reserved |
| ▼R38090 | | Axis 8: Main Clutch Output Phase (Low word) | |
| ▼R38091 | | Axis 8: Main Clutch Output Phase (High word) | |

| F R38092 | | Axis 8: Probe 1 Coordinate (Low Word) |
|-----------------------|-----------------|---|
| ▼ R38093 | | Axis 8: Probe 1 Coordinate (High Word) |
| F R38094 | | Axis 8: Probe 2 Coordinate (Low Word) |
| F R38095 | | Axis 8: Probe 2 Coordinate (High Word) |
| R38096 ~ R38179 | | Reserved |
| R 38180 | | Axis 9: Axis properties |
| R38181 ~ R38183 | | Reserved |
| R 38184 | AX9_CTRL_MODE | Axis 9: Current Control Mode |
| R38185 ~ R38203 | | Reserved |
| R 38204 | AX9_ERR_INFO_1 | Axis 9: Error Detail Information 1 |
| R 38205 | AX9_ERR_INFO_2 | Axis 9: Error Detail Information 2 |
| F R38206 | AX9_WARN_INFO_1 | Axis 9: Warning Detail Information 1 |

| F R38207 | AX9_WARN_INFO_2 | Axis 9: Warning Detail Information 2 |
|-----------------------|---------------------|---|
| R38208 ~ R38211 | | Reserved |
| R 38212 | AX9_AX_CTRL | Axis 9: Axis Control |
| R 38213 | AX9_WARN_CODE | Axis 9: Axis Warning Code |
| F R38214 | AX9_CMD_COORD | Axis 9: Command Coordinate (Low word) |
| R 38215 | | Axis 9: Command Coordinate (High word) |
| R 38216 | - AX9_CMD_SPD | Axis 9: Command Speed (Low word) |
| R 38217 | | Axis 9: Command Speed (High word) |
| F R38218 | - AX9_CMD_POSI | Axis 9: Command Position (Low word) |
| R 38219 | | Axis 9: Command Position (High word) |
| ▼R38220 | AX9_POSI_CUR_PT_NUM | Axis 9: Positioning Current Point No. |
| ▼R38221 | | Axis 9: Current Coordinate (Low word) |
| ▼R38222 | AX9_CUR_COORD | Axis 9: Current Coordinate (High word) |
| R 38223 | AX9_SPD | Axis 9: Feedback Speed Monitor (Low word) |

| | | Axis 9: Feedback Speed | |
|----------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| R 38224 | | Monitor | |
| , | | (High word) | |
| | | Axis 9: Position Deviation | |
| R 38225 | | Monitor | |
| , | | (Low word) | |
| | AX9_POSI_DEV | Axis 9: Position Deviation | |
| R 38226 | | Monitor | |
| , | | (High word) | |
| | | | |
| | | Axis 9: Digital Input from | |
| R38227 | | Driver | |
| | AX9 DRIVE DI | (Low word) | |
| | | Axis 9: Digital Input from | |
| R 38228 | | Driver | |
| , | | (High word) | |
| | | | |
| R 38229 | | Axis 9: Current Flow ID | |
| V N30229 | | Axis 9. Current Flow ID | |
| | | | |
| R 38230 | | Axis 9: Contact Output | |
| V 1130230 | | (Low word) | |
| | AX9_CNTA_OUT | | |
| R 38231 | | Axis 9: Contact Output | |
| V N30231 | | (High word) | |
| | | | |
| R 38232 | AX9_CUR_TORQ | Axis 9: Current Torque | |
| V 1130232 | | Axis 9. current lorque | |
| | | | |
| R 38233 | | Axis 9: E-Cam Input Phase | |
| | | (Low word) | |
| | AX9_ECAM_IN_PHASE | Axis 9: E-Cam Input Phase | |
| R 38234 | | (High word) | |
| | | | |
| | | Axis 9: Origin Position (Low | |
| R 38235 | | word) | |
| | AX9_ORG_POSI | | |
| | | Axis 9: Origin Position (High | |
| R 38236 | | word) | |
| | | | |

| R 38237 | | Bit0:M11560 |
|-----------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| ▼R38238 | Axis 9: Axis Status Word | ~ Bit12:M11572 After Bit13 |
| F R38239 | | Reserved |
| ▼R38240 | Axis 9: Main Clutch Output Phase (Low word) | |
| ▼R38241 | Axis 9: Main Clutch Output Phase (High word) | |
| ▼ R38242 | Axis 9: Probe 1 Coordinate (Low Word) | |
| ▼R38243 | Axis 9: Probe 1 Coordinate (High Word) | |
| ▼R38244 | Axis 9: Probe 2 Coordinate (Low Word) | |
| R 38245 | Axis 9: Probe 2 Coordinate (High Word) | |
| R38246 ~ R38329 | Reserved | |
| R 38330 | Axis 10: Axis properties | |

| R38331 ~ R38333 | | Reserved | |
|-----------------------|------------------|--|--|
| R 38334 | AX10_CTRL_MODE | Axis 10: Current Control Mode | |
| R38335 ~ R38353 | | Reserved | |
| F R38354 | AX10_ERR_INFO_1 | Axis 10: Error Detail Information 1 | |
| R 38355 | AX10_ERR_INFO_2 | Axis 10: Error Detail Information 2 | |
| R 38356 | AX10_WARN_INFO_1 | Axis 10: Warning Detail Information 1 | |
| R 38357 | AX10_WARN_INFO_2 | Axis 10: Warning Detail Information 2 | |
| R38358 ~ R38361 | | Reserved | |
| R 38362 | AX10_AX_CTRL | Axis 10: Axis Control | |
| F R38363 | AX10_WARN_CODE | Axis 10: Axis Warning Code | |
| F R38364 | | Axis 10: Command Coordinate (Low word) | |
| F R38365 | AX10_CMD_COORD | Axis 10: Command Coordinate (High word) | |
| F R38366 | | Axis 10: Command Speed (Low word) | |
| F R38367 | AX10_CMD_SPD | Axis 10: Command Speed (High word) | |

| R 38368 | AX10_CMD_POSI | Axis 10: Command Posit5on (Low word) |
|-----------------|--------------------------|---|
| R 38369 | AXI0_CIMD_POSI | Axis 10: Command Position (High word) |
| R 38370 | AX10_POSI_CUR_PT_NU M | Axis 10: Positioning Current Point No. |
| ▼R38371 | AX10_CUR_COORD | Axis 10: Current Coordinate (Low word) |
| R 38372 | AXI0_COK_COORD | Axis 10: Current Coordinate (High word) |
| R 38373 | AX10 SPD | Axis 10: Feedback Speed Monitor (Low word) |
| F R38374 | - AXIU_SPD | Axis 10: Feedback Speed Monitor (High word) |
| R 38375 | | Axis 10: Position Deviation Monitor (Low word) |
| F R38376 | AX10_POSI_DEV | Axis 10: Position Deviation Monitor (High word) |
| F R38377 | | Axis 10: Digital Input from Driver (Low word) |
| ▼R38378 | AX10_DRIVE_DI | Axis 10: Digital Input from Driver (High word) |
| R 38379 | | Axis 10: Current Flow ID |
| R 38380 | AX10_CNTA_OUT | Axis 10: Contact Output (Low word) |

| F R38381 | | Axis 10: Contact Output (High word) | |
|-----------------|--------------------|---|----------------------------------|
| R 38382 | AX10_CUR_TORQ | Axis 10: Current Torque | |
| ▼ R38383 | AX10_ECAM_IN_PHASE | Axis 10: E-Cam Input Phase (Low word) | |
| F R38384 | | Axis 10: E-Cam Input Phase (High word) | |
| R 38385 | | Axis 10: Origin Position (Low word) | |
| ▼R38386 | AX10_ORG_POSI | Axis 10: Origin Position (High word) | |
| F R38387 | | | Bit0:M11600 |
| F R38388 | | Axis 10: Axis Status Word | ~ Bit12:M11612 After Bit13 |
| R 38389 | | | Reserved |
| F R38390 | | Axis 10: Main Clutch Output Phase (Low word) | |
| ▼R38391 | | Axis 10: Main Clutch Output Phase (High word) | |
| F R38392 | | Axis 10: Probe 1 Coordinate (Low Word) | |
| ▼ R38393 | | Axis 10: Probe 1 Coordinate (High Word) | |

| F R38394 | | Axis 10: Probe 2 Coordinate (Low Word) |
|-----------------------|------------------|---|
| F R38395 | | Axis 10: Probe 2 Coordinate (High Word) |
| R38396 ~ R38479 | | Reserved |
| R 38480 | | Axis 11: Axis properties |
| R38481 ~ R38483 | | Reserved |
| F R38484 | AX11_CTRL_MODE | Axis 11: Current Control Mode |
| R38485 ~ R38503 | | Reserved |
| R 38504 | AX11_ERR_INFO_1 | Axis 11: Error Detail Information 1 |
| R 38505 | AX11_ERR_INFO_2 | Axis 11: Error Detail Information 2 |
| F R38506 | AX11_WARN_INFO_1 | Axis 11: Warning Detail Information 1 |
| R 38507 | AX11_WARN_INFO_2 | Axis 11: Warning Detail Information 2 |

| R38508 ~ R38511 | | Reserved |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|---|
| R 38512 | AX11_AX_CTRL | Axis 11: Axis Control |
| R 38513 | AX11_WARN_CODE | Axis 11: Axis Warning Code |
| R 38514 | AX11_CMD_COORD | Axis 11: Command Coordinate (Low word) |
| R 38515 | | Axis 11: Command Coordinate (High word) |
| F R38516 | AX11_CMD_SPD | Axis 11: Command Speed (Low word) |
| R 38517 | | Axis 11: Command Speed (High word) |
| R 38518 | AX11_CMD_POSI | Axis 11: Command Position (Low word) |
| R 38519 | | Axis 11: Command Position (High word) |
| R 38520 | AX11_POSI_CUR_PT_NU M | Axis 11: Positioning Current Point No. |
| F R38521 | AX11_CUR_COORD | Axis 11: Current Coordinate (Low word) |
| F R38522 | | Axis 11: Current Coordinate (High word) |
| F R38523 | AX11_SPD | Axis 11: Feedback Speed Monitor (Low word) |
| F R38524 | | Axis 11: Feedback Speed Monitor (High word) |

| R 38525 | AX11_POSI_DEV | Axis 11: Position Deviation Monitor (Low word) |
|-----------------|--------------------|---|
| R 38526 | | Axis 11: Position Deviation Monitor (High word) |
| ▼R38527 | AX11_DRIVE_DI | Axis 11: Digital Input from Driver (Low word) |
| F R38528 | | Axis 11: Digital Input from Driver (High word) |
| R 38529 | | Axis 11: Current Flow ID |
| R 38530 | AX11_CNTA_OUT | Axis 11: Contact Output (Low word) |
| F R38531 | | Axis 11: Contact Output (High word) |
| R 38532 | AX11_CUR_TORQ | Axis 11: Current Torque |
| F R38533 | AX11_ECAM_IN_PHASE | Axis 11: E-Cam Input Phase (Low word) |
| F R38534 | | Axis 11: E-Cam Input Phase (High word) |
| F R38535 | AX11_ORG_POSI | Axis 11: Origin Position (Low word) |
| ▼R38536 | | Axis 11: Origin Position (High word) |

| F R38537 | | Bit0:M11640 ~ |
|-----------------------|---|--|
| F R38538 | Axis 11: Axis Status Word | ~ Bit12:M11652 After Bit13 Reserved |
| R 38539 | | heserved |
| ▼R38540 | Axis 11: Main Clutch Output Phase (Low word) | |
| F R38541 | Axis 11: Main Clutch Output Phase (High word) | |
| ▼ R38542 | Axis 11: Probe 1 Coordinate (Low Word) | |
| F R38543 | Axis 11: Probe 1 Coordinate (High Word) | |
| F R38544 | Axis 11: Probe 2 Coordinate (Low Word) | |
| ▼ R38545 | Axis 11: Probe 2 Coordinate (High Word) | |
| R38546 ~ R38629 | Reserved | |

| R 38630 | | Axis 12: Axis properties | |
|-----------------------|------------------|---|--|
| R38631 ~ R38633 | | Reserved | |
| R 38634 | AX12_CTRL_MODE | Axis 12: Current Control Mode | |
| R38635 ~ R38653 | | Reserved | |
| R 38654 | AX12_ERR_INFO_1 | Axis 12: Error Detail Information 1 | |
| R 38655 | AX12_ERR_INFO_2 | Axis 12: Error Detail Information 2 | |
| R 38656 | AX12_WARN_INFO_1 | Axis 12: Warning Detail Information 1 | |
| F R38657 | AX12_WARN_INFO_2 | Axis 12: Warning Detail Information 2 | |
| R38658 ~ R38661 | | Reserved | |
| R 38662 | AX12_AX_CTRL | Axis 12: Axis Control | |
| F R38663 | AX12_WARN_CODE | Axis 12: Axis Warning Code | |
| F R38664 | AX12_CMD_COORD | Axis 12: Command Coordinate (Low word) | |

| | | 1 | |
|-----------------|--------------------------|---|--|
| R 38665 | | Axis 12: Command Coordinate (High word) | |
| F R38666 | | Axis 12: Command Speed (Low word) | |
| ▼ R38667 | AX12_CMD_SPD | Axis 12: Command Speed (High word) | |
| R 38668 | AX12_CMD_POSI | Axis 12: Command Position (Low word) | |
| R 38669 | AXIZ_CIMD_F031 | Axis 12: Command Position (High word) | |
| ▼R38670 | AX12_POSI_CUR_PT_NU M | Axis 12: Positioning Current Point No. | |
| F R38671 | - AX12_CUR_COORD | Axis 12: Current Coordinate (Low word) | |
| R 38672 | | Axis 12: Current Coordinate (High word) | |
| ▼R38673 | AX12_SPD | Axis 12: Feedback Speed Monitor (Low word) | |
| F R38674 | | Axis 12: Feedback Speed Monitor (High word) | |

| R 38675 | - AX12_POSI_DEV | Axis 12: Position Deviation Monitor (Low word) |
|-----------------|--------------------|---|
| ▼R38676 | | Axis 12: Position Deviation Monitor (High word) |
| R 38677 | | Axis 12: Digital Input from Driver (Low word) |
| ▼R38678 | - AX12_DRIVE_DI | Axis 12: Digital Input from Driver (High word) |
| R 38679 | | Axis 12: Current Flow ID |
| ▼R38680 | | Axis 12: Contact Output (Low word) |
| R 38681 | - AX12_CNTA_OUT | Axis 12: Contact Output (High word) |
| R 38682 | AX12_CUR_TORQ | Axis 12: Current Torque |
| ▼R38683 | AX12_ECAM_IN_PHASE | Axis 12: E-Cam Input Phase (Low word) |
| F R38684 | | Axis 12: E-Cam Input Phase (High word) |
| F R38685 | | Axis 12: Origin Position (Low word) |
| ▼R38686 | - AX12_ORG_POSI | Axis 12: Origin Position (High word) |

| R38687 R38688 | Axis 12: Axis Status Word | Bit0:M11680 ~ Bit12:M11692 After Bit13 Reserved |
|--|--|---|
| F R38689 | Axis 12: Main Clutch | |
| ▼R38690 | Output Phase (Low word) Axis 12: Main Clutch | |
| ▼R38691 | Output Phase (High word) | |
| ▼R38692 | Axis 12: Probe 1 Coordinate (Low Word) | |
| ▼ R38693 | Axis 12: Probe 1 Coordinate (High Word) | |
| ▼R38694 | Axis 12: Probe 2 Coordinate (Low Word) | |
| ▼R38695 | Axis 12: Probe 2 Coordinate (High Word) | |
| R38696 ~ R38779 | Reserved | |

| R 38780 | | Axis 13: Axis properties |
|-----------------------|------------------|--|
| R38781 ~ R38783 | | Reserved |
| R 38784 | AX13_CTRL_MODE | Axis 13: Current Control Mode |
| R38785 ~ R38803 | | Reserved |
| R 38804 | AX13_ERR_INFO_1 | Axis 13: Error Detail Information 1 |
| R 38805 | AX13_ERR_INFO_2 | Axis 13: Error Detail Information 2 |
| R 38806 | AX13_WARN_INFO_1 | Axis 13: Warning Detail Information 1 |
| R 38807 | AX13_WARN_INFO_2 | Axis 13: Warning Detail Information 2 |
| R38808 ~ R38811 | | Reserved |
| R 38812 | AX13_AX_CTRL | Axis 13: Axis Control |
| R 38813 | AX13_WARN_CODE | Axis 13: Axis Warning Code |
| R 38814 | | Axis 13: Command Coordinate (Low word) |
| R 38815 | AX13_CMD_COORD | Axis 13: Command Coordinate (High word) |

| F R38816 | - AX13_CMD_SPD | Axis 13: Command Speed (Low word) |
|-----------------|--------------------------|---|
| F R38817 | | Axis 13: Command Speed (High word) |
| F R38818 | | Axis 13: Command Position (Low word) |
| F R38819 | AX13_CMD_POSI | Axis 13: Command Position (High word) |
| F R38820 | AX13_POSI_CUR_PT_NU M | Axis 13: Positioning Current Point No. |
| F R38821 | - AX13_CUR_COORD | Axis 13: Current Coordinate (Low word) |
| F R38822 | | Axis 13: Current Coordinate (High word) |
| F 38823 | - AX13_SPD | Axis 13: Feedback Speed Monitor (Low word) |
| ▼R38824 | | Axis 13: Feedback Speed Monitor (High word) |
| F R38825 | - AX13_POSI_DEV | Axis 13: Position Deviation Monitor (Low word) |
| ▼ R38826 | | Axis 13: Position Deviation Monitor (High word) |

| R 38827 | AX13_DRIVE_DI | Axis 13: Digital Input from Driver (Low word) | |
|-----------------|--------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| F R38828 | | Axis 13: Digital Input from Driver (High word) | |
| F R38829 | | Axis 13: Current Flow ID | |
| F R38830 | AX13 CNTA OUT | Axis 13: Contact Output (Low word) | |
| F R38831 | | Axis 13: Contact Output (High word) | |
| R 38832 | AX13_CUR_TORQ | Axis 13: Current Torque | |
| ▼ R38833 | AX13_ECAM_IN_PHASE | Axis 13: E-Cam Input Phase (Low word) | |
| F R38834 | | Axis 13: E-Cam Input Phase (High word) | |
| F R38835 | AX13_ORG_POSI | Axis 13: Origin Position (Low word) | |
| F R38836 | | Axis 13: Origin Position (High word) | |
| F R38837 | | | Bit0:M11720 |
| F R38838 | | Axis 13: Axis Status Word | ~ Bit12:M11732 After Bit13 |
| R 38839 | | | Reserved |
| F R38840 | | Axis 13: Main Clutch Output Phase (Low word) | |

| R 38841 | | Axis 13: Main Clutch Output Phase (High word) |
|-----------------------|-----------------|---|
| R 38842 | | Axis 13: Probe 1 Coordinate (Low Word) |
| ▼R38843 | | Axis 13: Probe 1 Coordinate (High Word) |
| R 38844 | | Axis 13: Probe 2 Coordinate (Low Word) |
| F R38845 | | Axis 13: Probe 2 Coordinate (High Word) |
| R38846 ~ R38929 | | Reserved |
| R 38930 | | Axis 14: Axis properties |
| R38931 ~ R38933 | | Reserved |
| R 38934 | AX14_CTRL_MODE | Axis 14: Current Control Mode |
| R38935 ~ R38953 | | Reserved |
| ▼R38954 | AX14_ERR_INFO_1 | Axis 14: Error Detail Information 1 |
| F R38955 | AX14_ERR_INFO_2 | Axis 14: Error Detail Information 2 |

| R 38956 | AX14_WARN_INFO_1 | Axis 14: Warning Detail Information 1 | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|--|--|
| R 38957 | AX14_WARN_INFO_2 | Axis 14: Warning Detail Information 2 | |
| R38958 ~ R38961 | | Reserved | |
| R 38962 | AX14_AX_CTRL | Axis 14: Axis Control | |
| R 38963 | AX14_WARN_CODE | Axis 14: Axis Warning Code | |
| ▼R38964 | | Axis 14: Command Coordinate (Low word) | |
| R 38965 | - AX14_CMD_COORD | Axis 14: Command Coordinate (High word) | |
| R 38966 | | Axis 14: Command Speed (Low word) | |
| R 38967 | - AX14_CMD_SPD | Axis 14: Command Speed (High word) | |
| F R38968 | | Axis 14: Command Position (Low word) | |
| R 38969 | - AX14_CMD_POSI | Axis 14: Command Position (High word) | |
| R 38970 | AX14_POSI_CUR_PT_NU M | Axis 14: Positioning Current Point No. | |
| F R38971 | AX14_CUR_COORD | Axis 14: Current Coordinate (Low word) | |

| F R38972 | | Axis 14: Current Coordinate (High word) |
|-----------------|--------------------|---|
| ▼ R38973 | AX14 SPD | Axis 14: Feedback Speed Monitor (Low word) |
| ▼R38974 | AA14_5FD | Axis 14: Feedback Speed Monitor (High word) |
| R 38975 | AX14 POSI DEV | Axis 14: Position Deviation Monitor (Low word) |
| F R38976 | AX14_POSI_DEV | Axis 14: Position Deviation Monitor (High word) |
| R 38977 | | Axis 14: Digital Input from Driver (Low word) |
| F R38978 | AX14_DRIVE_DI | Axis 14: Digital Input from Driver (High word) |
| R 38979 | | Axis 14: Current Flow ID |
| R 38980 | AX14_CNTA_OUT | Axis 14: Contact Output (Low word) |
| R 38981 | AX14_CN1A_001 | Axis 14: Contact Output (High word) |
| F R38982 | AX14_CUR_TORQ | Axis 14: Current Torque |
| ▼R38983 | | Axis 14: E-Cam Input Phase (Low word) |
| F R38984 | AX14_ECAM_IN_PHASE | Axis 14: E-Cam Input Phase (High word) |

| R 38985 | - AX14_ORG_POSI | Axis 14: Origin Position (Low word) | |
|-----------------------|-----------------|---|----------------------------------|
| ▼R38986 | | Axis 14: Origin Position (High word) | |
| F R38987 | | | Bit0:M11760 |
| ▼ R38988 | | Axis 14: Axis Status Word | ~ Bit12:M11772 After Bit13 |
| F R38989 | | | Reserved |
| ▼ R38990 | | Axis 14: Main Clutch Output Phase (Low word) | |
| ▼R38991 | | Axis 14: Main Clutch Output Phase (High word) | |
| ▼R38992 | | Axis 14: Probe 1 Coordinate (Low Word) | |
| F R38993 | | Axis 14: Probe 1 Coordinate (High Word) | |
| ▼R38994 | | Axis 14: Probe 2 Coordinate (Low Word) | |
| F R38995 | | Axis 14: Probe 2 Coordinate (High Word) | |
| R38996 ~ R39079 | | Reserved | |

| R 39080 | | Axis 15: Axis properties | |
|-----------------|------------------|--|--|
| R39081 | | | |
| ~ | | Reserved | |
| R39083 | | | |
| F R39084 | AX15_CTRL_MODE | Axis 15: Current Control Mode | |
| R39085 | | | |
| ~ | | Reserved | |
| R39103 | | | |
| | AX15_ERR_INFO_1 | Axis 15: Error Detail | |
| R 39104 | | Information 1 | |
| | AX15_ERR_INFO_2 | | |
| R 39105 | | Axis 15: Error Detail Information 2 | |
| | AX15_WARN_INFO_1 | | |
| R 39106 | | Axis 15: Warning Detail Information 1 | |
| | AX15_WARN_INFO_2 | | |
| R 39107 | | Axis 15: Warning Detail Information 2 | |
| R39108 | | | |
| ~ | | Reserved | |
| R39111 | | | |
| | AX15_AX_CTRL | | |
| R 39112 | | Axis 15: Axis Control | |
| | AX15_WARN_CODE | | |
| R 39113 | | Axis 15: Axis Warning Code | |
| | | | |

| | AVIE CMD COODD | |
|-----------------|--------------------------|---|
| F R39114 | AX15_CMD_COORD | Axis 15: Command Coordinate (Low word) |
| F R39115 | | Axis 15: Command Coordinate (High word) |
| R 39116 | AX15_CMD_SPD | Axis 15: Command Speed (Low word) |
| F R39117 | | Axis 15: Command Speed (High word) |
| F R39118 | AX15_CMD_POSI | Axis 15: Command Position (Low word) |
| F R39119 | | Axis 15: Command Position (High word) |
| ▼R39120 | AX15_POSI_CUR_PT_NU M | Axis 15: Positioning Current Point No. |
| F R39121 | AX15_CUR_COORD | Axis 15: Current Coordinate (Low word) |
| F R39122 | | Axis 15: Current Coordinate (High word) |
| ▼R39123 | AX15_SPD | Axis 15: Feedback Speed Monitor (Low word) |
| ▼ R39124 | | Axis 15: Feedback Speed Monitor (High word) |

| R 39125 | AX15_POSI_DEV | Axis 15: Position Deviation Monitor (Low word) |
|-----------------|--------------------|---|
| ▼R39126 | | Axis 15: Position Deviation Monitor (High word) |
| ▼R39127 | AX15_DRIVE_DI | Axis 15: Digital Input from Driver (Low word) |
| ▼ R39128 | | Axis 15: Digital Input from Driver (High word) |
| ▼R39129 | | Axis 15: Current Flow ID |
| F R39130 | AX15_CNTA_OUT | Axis 15: Contact Output (Low word) |
| F R39131 | | Axis 15: Contact Output (High word) |
| R 39132 | AX15_CUR_TORQ | Axis 15: Current Torque |
| ▼R39133 | AX15_ECAM_IN_PHASE | Axis 15: E-Cam Input Phase (Low word) |
| ▼R39134 | | Axis 15: E-Cam Input Phase (High word) |
| F R39135 | AX15_ORG_POSI | Axis 15: Origin Position (Low word) |

| R 39136 | Axis 15: Origin Position (High word) | |
|-----------------------|---|----------------------------------|
| R 39137 | | Bit0:M11800 |
| R 39138 | Axis 15: Axis Status Word | ~ Bit12:M11812 After Bit13 |
| R 39139 | | Reserved |
| R 39140 | Axis 15: Main Clutch Output Phase (Low word) | |
| F R39141 | Axis 15: Main Clutch Output Phase (High word) | |
| R 39142 | Axis 15: Probe 1 Coordinate (Low Word) | |
| F R39143 | Axis 15: Probe 1 Coordinate (High Word) | |
| R 39144 | Axis 15: Probe 2 Coordinate (Low Word) | |
| R 39145 | Axis 15: Probe 2 Coordinate (High Word) | |
| R39146 ~ R39229 | Reserved | |

| | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
|-----------------------|------------------|---|---------------------------------------|
| ▼R39230 | | Axis 16: Axis properties | |
| R39231 ~ R39233 | | Reserved | |
| ▼ R39234 | AX16_CTRL_MODE | Axis 16: Current Control Mode | |
| R39235 ~ R39253 | | Reserved | |
| R 39254 | AX16_ERR_INFO_1 | Axis 16: Error Detail Information 1 | |
| F R39255 | AX16_ERR_INFO_2 | Axis 16: Error Detail Information 2 | |
| ▼R39256 | AX16_WARN_INFO_1 | Axis 16: Warning Detail Information 1 | |
| R 39257 | AX16_WARN_INFO_2 | Axis 16: Warning Detail Information 2 | |
| R39258 ~ R39261 | | Reserved | |
| F R39262 | AX16_AX_CTRL | Axis 16: Axis Control | |
| R 39263 | AX16_WARN_CODE | Axis 16: Axis Warning Code | |
| ▼ R39264 | AX16_CMD_COORD | Axis 16: Command Coordinate (Low word) | |

| ▼R39265 | | Axis 16: Command Coordinate (High word) | |
|-----------------|--------------------------|--|--|
| R 39266 | AX16_CMD_SPD | Axis 16: Command Speed (Low word) | |
| ▼R39267 | | Axis 16: Command Speed (High word) | |
| ▼R39268 | AX16_CMD_POSI | Axis 16: Command Position (Low word) | |
| ▼R39269 | | Axis 16: Command Position (High word) | |
| ▼ R39270 | AX16_POSI_CUR_PT_N UM | Axis 16: Positioning Current Point No. | |
| R 39271 | AX16_CUR_COORD | Axis 16: Current Coordinate (Low word) | |
| ▼R39272 | | Axis 16: Current Coordinate (High word) | |
| ▼R39273 | AX16_SPD | Axis 16: Feedback Speed Monitor (Low word) | |
| ▼ R39274 | | Axis 16: Feedback Speed Monitor (High word) | |
| ▼R39275 | AX16_POSI_DEV | Axis 16: Position Deviation Monitor (Low word) | |
| ▼R39276 | | Axis 16: Position Deviation Monitor (High word) | |

| | | 1 | , |
|-----------------|---------------------|---|----------------------------------|
| ▼R39277 | AX16_DRIVE_DI | Axis 16: Digital Input from Driver (Low word) | |
| ▼R39278 | AXIO_DRIVE_DI | Axis 16: Digital Input from Driver (High word) | |
| ▼ R39279 | | Axis 16: Current Flow ID | |
| R 39280 | | Axis 16: Contact Output (Low word) | |
| ▼R39281 | AX16_CNTA_OUT | Axis 16: Contact Output (High word) | |
| R 39282 | AX16_CUR_TORQ | Axis 16: Current Torque | |
| ▼R39283 | AX16_ECAM_IN_PHASE | Axis 16: E-Cam Input Phase (Low word) | |
| ▼R39284 | AXI0_ECAMI_IN_PHASE | Axis 16: E-Cam Input Phase (High word) | |
| ▼ R39285 | AX16_ORG_POSI | Axis 16: Origin position (Low word) | |
| ▼R39286 | | Axis 16: Origin position (High word) | |
| ▼R39287 | | Axis 16: Axis Status Word | Bit0:M11840 ~ Bit12:M11852 |

| ▼R39288 | | After Bit13 Reserved |
|-----------------------|---|-------------------------|
| ▼ R39289 | | |
| ▼R39290 | Axis 16: Main Clutch Output Phase (Low word) | |
| ▼R39291 | Axis 16: Main Clutch Output Phase (High word) | |
| ▼R39292 | Axis 16: Probe 1 Coordinate (Low Word) | |
| ▼R39293 | Axis 16: Probe 1 Coordinate (High Word) | |
| ▼R39294 | Axis 16: Probe 2 Coordinate (Low Word) | |
| ▼R39295 | Axis 16: Probe 2 Coordinate (High Word) | |
| R39296 ~ R39379 | Reserved | |
| R39380 ~ R43193 | Reserved | |

Table 1 Motion special register list

3

M SERIES PLC Instruction Lists

| <u>3-1</u> | Sequential Instruction | 2 |
|------------|------------------------|---|
| <u>3-2</u> | Function Instruction | 5 |

| Operand | Symbol | Function | Instruction Type |
|-----------------|--|---|----------------------------|
| ┝ ─┤ ├── | | Starting a network with a normally open (A) contact | |
| Х,Ү,М, | +-1/1 | Starting a network with a normally closed (B) contact | |
| S,T,C | + ↑ | Starting a network with a differential up (TU) contact | Network starting |
| | + ↓ | Starting a network with a differential down (TD) contact | instructions |
| | + ∘ | Starting a network with a open circuit contact | |
| | + | Starting a network with a short circuit contact | |
| | | Starting a relay circuit from origin or branch line with a normally open contact | |
| Х,Ү,М, | | Starting a relay circuit from origin or branch line with a normally closed contact | |
| S,T,C | | Starting a relay circuit from origin or branch line with a differential up contact | Origin or branch line |
| | | Starting a relay circuit from origin or branch line with a differential down contact | starting instructions |
| | | Starting a relay circuit from origin or branch line with a open circuit contact | |
| | • Starting a relay circuit from origin or branch line with a short circuit contact | | |
| X,Y,M, | | Serial connection of normally open contact | Serial |
| S,T,C | | Serial connection of normally close contact | connection instructions |

3-1 Sequential Instructions

| Operand | Symbol | Function | Instruction Type | |
|---------|---|--|----------------------------|--|
| | | Serial connection of differential up contact | | |
| | | Serial connection of differential down contact | | |
| | • • | Serial connection of open circuit contact | | |
| | •• | Serial connection of short circuit contact | | |
| | | Parallel connection of normally open contact | | |
| Х,Ү,М, | | Parallel connection of normally closed contact | | |
| S,T,C | Ť _ ↑ _ Ť | Parallel connection of differential up contact | Parallel | |
| | + ↓ + | Parallel connection of differential down contact | connection instructions | |
| | Parallel connection of open circuit contact | | | |
| | + + | Parallel connection of short circuit contact | | |
| | | Serial connection of two circuit blocks | Blocks merge | |
| | | Parallel connection of two circuit blocks | | |
| VAC | () | Send result to coil | | |
| Y,M,S | ——(/) Send inverted result to coil | | Coil output | |
| Y | () | Send result to an external output coil and appoint it as of retentive type | | |
| тр | | Save the node status to a temporary relay | | |
| TR | | Load the temporary relay | Node | |
| | ↑ | Take the transition up of the node status | operation | |
| | | Take the transition down of the node status | instruction | |
| | _/ | Invert the node status | | |

Chapter 3 M SERIES PLC Instruction Lists

| Operand | Symbol | Function | Instruction Type |
|---------|-----------------|--------------|---------------------|
| | - ← (S) | Set a coil | |
| | - • —(R) | Reset a coil | |

sequential instructions list

isted above are all applicable to every models of M - SERIES PLC. ♦

3-2 Function Instruction

There are more than 100 different M SERIES PLC function instructions. If put the D and P derivative instructions into account, the total number of instructions is over 200. On top of these, many function instructions have multiple input controls (up to 4 inputs) which can have up to 8 different types of operation mode combinations. Hence, the size of M SERIES PLC instruction sets is in fact not smaller than that of a large PLC. Having powerful instruction functions, though may help for establishing the complicated control applications, but also may impose a heavy burden on those users of small type PLC's. For ease of use, M-Series PLC function instructions are divided into two groups, the Basic function group (The instructions attached with "★" symbol are basic functions which amounts to 26 function instructions and 4 SFC instructions) and the advanced function group.

| FUN No | Name | Operand | Derivative Instruction | Function descriptions |
|-----------|--------|---------|---------------------------|--|
| * | T nnnn | PV | | General timer instructions ("nnnn" range 0 ~ 1023, total 1024) |
| * | C nnnn | PV | | General counter instructions ("nnnn" range 0 ~ 1279, total 1280) |
| ★ 7 | UDCTR | CV,PV | DP | 16-Bit or 32-Bit up/down counter |

• General Timer / Counter Function Instructions

General Timer / Counter Function Instructions list

• Single Operand Function Instructions

| ★ 4 | DIFU | D | Р | To get the up differentiation of a D relay and store the result to D |
|-----|------|---|---|--|
| ★ 5 | DIFD | D | Р | To get the down differentiation of a D relay and store the result to D |
| ★10 | TOGG | D | Ρ | Toggle the ON/OFF status of the D relay |

Single Operand Function Instructions List

• Setting / Resetting Instructions

| * | SET | D | DP | Set all bits of register or a discrete point to 1 |
|-----|------|---|----|---|
| * | RST | D | DP | Clear all bits of register or a discrete point to 0 |
| 114 | Z-WR | N | Р | Zone set or clear |

Setting / Resetting Instructions List

• SFC Instructions

| * | STP | Snnnn | STEP declaration |
|---|--------|-------|-----------------------------|
| * | STPEND | | End of the STEP program |
| * | то | Snnnn | STEP divergent instruction |
| * | FROM | Snnnn | STEP convergent instruction |
| | | | SEC Instructions List |

SFC Instructions List

Mathematical Operation Instructions

| ★11 | (+) | Sa,Sb,D | DP | Perform addition of Sa and Sb and then store the result to D |
|-----|------|---------|-----|---|
| ★12 | (-) | Sa,Sb,D | DP | Perform subtraction of Sa and Sb and then store the result to D |
| ★13 | (*) | Sa,Sb,D | DP | Perform multiplication of Sa and Sb and then store the result to D |
| ★14 | (/) | Sa,Sb,D | DP | Perform division of Sa and Sb and then store the result to D |
| ★15 | (+1) | D | D P | Adds 1 to the D value |
| ★16 | (-1) | D | DP | Subtracts 1 from the D value |
| 24 | SUM | S,N,D | DP | Take the sum of the successive N values beginning from S and store it in D |
| 25 | MEAN | S,N,D | DP | Take the mean average of the successive N values beginning from S and store it in D |

| 27 | NEG | D | D P | Take the 2's complement (negative number) of the D value and store it back in D |
|-----|------|------------------------|-----|---|
| 28 | ABS | D | DP | Take the absolute value of D and store it back in D |
| 38 | PID2 | ID,CH, SR,OR, PR,WR | | PID operation |
| 33 | LCNV | Md,S,Ts,D,L | Р | Linear Conversion |
| 34 | MLC | Rs,SI,Tx,Ty,TI, D | Ρ | Multiple Linear Conversion |
| 200 | I→F | S,D | DP | Integer to floating point number conversion |
| 201 | F→I | S,D | DP | Floating point number to integer conversion |
| 202 | FADD | Sa,Sb,D | Ρ | Addition of floating point number |
| 203 | FSUB | Sa,Sb,D | Ρ | Subtraction of floating point number |
| 204 | FMUL | Sa,Sb,D | Ρ | Multiplication of floating point number |
| 205 | FDIV | Sa,Sb,D | Ρ | Division of floating point number |
| 206 | FCMP | Sa,Sb | Ρ | Comparison of floating point number and then store the result to FO0 ~ FO2 |
| 207 | FZCP | S,SU,SL | Ρ | Comparison of floating point number S to the zones formed by the upper limit SU and the lower limit SL and then store the result to FO0 ~ FO2 |
| 209 | FSIN | S,D | Ρ | SIN trigonometric function |
| 210 | FCOS | S,D | Р | COS trigonometric function |
| 211 | FTAN | S,D | Ρ | TAN trigonometric function |
| 212 | FNEG | D | Р | Change sign of floating point number |
| 213 | FABS | D | Р | Take absolute value of floating point number |

Mathematical Operation Instructions List

DΡ ★18 AND Sa,Sb,D Perform logical AND for Sa and Sb and store the result to D DΡ Sa,Sb,D ★19 OR Perform logical OR for Sa and Sb and store the result to D Take the result of the Exclusive OR logical operation made DΡ 35 XOR Sa,Sb,D between Sa and Sb, and store it in D Take the result of the Exclusive NOR logical operation made DΡ 36 XNR Sa,Sb,D between Sa and Sb, and store it in D

• Logical Operation Instructions

Logical Operation Instructions List

• Comparison Instructions

| ★17 | СМР | Sa,Sb | DP | Compare the data at Sa and data at Sb and store the result to FO0~FO2 |
|-----|-------|---------|----|---|
| 37 | ZNCMP | S,SU,SL | DP | Compare S with the zones formed by the upper limit SU and lower limit SL, and store the result to FO0~FO2 |

Comparison Instructions List

• In Line Comparison Instructions

| 170 | = | Sa,Sb | D | Equal to compare |
|-----|-----|-------|---|----------------------------------|
| 171 | > | Sa,Sb | D | Greater than compare |
| 172 | < | Sa,Sb | D | Less than compare |
| 173 | < > | Sa,Sb | D | Not equal to compare |
| 174 | > = | Sa,Sb | D | Greater than or equal to compare |
| 175 | = < | Sa,Sb | D | Less than or equal to compare |

In Line Comparison Instructions List

• Data Movement Instructions

| ★ 8 | MOV | S,D | DP | Transfer data from S to D |
|-----|-------|-----|----|---|
| ★ 9 | MOV/ | S,D | DP | Invert data S, and then transfers the result to D |
| 40 | BITRD | S,N | DP | Read the status of the bits specified by N within S, and send it to FO0 |

| | | | | - |
|-----|-------|---------------------|-----|--|
| 41 | BITWR | D,N | DP | Write the INB input status into the bits specified by N within D |
| 42 | BITMV | S,Ns,D,Nd | D P | Write the status of bit specified by Ns within S into the bit specified by Nd within D |
| 43 | NBMV | S,Ns,D,Nd | DP | Write the Ns nibble within S to the Nd nibble within D |
| 44 | BYMV | S,Ns,D,Nd | DP | Write the byte specified by Ns within S to the byte specified by Nd within D |
| 45 | XCHG | Da,Db | DP | Exchange the values of Da and Db |
| 46 | SWAP | D | Ρ | Swap the high-byte and low-byte of D |
| 115 | DBUF | ID,CH,D | | Store the data form Expansion Module to PLC register |
| 160 | RWFR | Sa,Sb,Pr,L,Sa | | Read/write file register commands |
| 161 | WR-MP | S,Bk,Os,Pr,L, WR | | Write memory pack |
| 162 | RD-MP | Bk,Os,Pr,L,D | | Read memory pack |

Data Movement Instructions List

• Shifting/Rotating Instructions

| ★ 6 | BSHF | D | DP | Shift left or right 1 bit of D register |
|-----|------|-----|----|---|
| 51 | SHFL | D,N | DP | Shift left the D register N bits and move the last shifted out bits to FO0. The empty bits will be replaced by INB input bit |
| 52 | SHFR | D,N | DP | Shift right the D register N bits and move the last shifted out bits to FOO. The empty bits will be replaced by INB input bit |
| 53 | ROTL | D,N | DP | Rotate left the D operand N bits and move the last rotated out bits to FO0 |
| 54 | ROTR | D,N | DP | Rotate right the D operand N bits and move the last rotated out bits to FO0 |

Shifting/Rotating Instructions List

• Code Conversion Instruction

| 61 | →SEC | S,D | | Convert the time data (hours, minutes, seconds) of the three successive registers starting from S into seconds data then store to D |
|----|------|-----|---|---|
| 62 | →HMS | S,D | Ρ | Convert the seconds data of S into time data (hours, minutes, seconds) and store the data in the three successive registers starting from D |

Code Conversion Instruction List

• Flow Control Instructions

| ★ 0 | МС | N | | The start of master control loop |
|-----|-------|----------------------|-----|--|
| ★ 1 | MCE | N | | The end of master control loop |
| ★ 2 | SKP | N | | The start of skip loop |
| ★ 3 | SKPE | N | | The end of skip loop |
| | END | | | End of Program |
| 22 | BREAK | | Ρ | Exit from FOR-NEXT loop |
| 65 | LBL | 1 ~ 6 alphanumeri | | Define the label with 1~6 alphanumeric characters |
| 66 | JMP | LBL | Ρ | Jump to LBL label and continues the program execution |
| 67 | CALL | LBL | Ρ | Call the sub-program begin with LBL label |
| 68 | RTS | | | Return to the calling main program from sub-program |
| 69 | RTI | | | Return to interrupted main program from sub-program |
| 70 | FOR | N | | Define the starting point of the FOR Loop and the loop count N |
| 71 | NEXT | | | Define the end of FOR loop |
| 199 | TXTDF | LN | | Ladder Program blocking function |
| | 1 | 1 | Elo | w Control Instructions List |

Flow Control Instructions List

• I/O Function Instructions

| 74 | IMDIO | D,N | Ρ | Update the I/O signal on the main unit immediately |
|----|---------|-----------------------|---|--|
| 99 | TPCTL 2 | ID,CH,SR,PR, OR,WR | | PID control Instructions |

I/O Instructions List

• Cumulative Timer Function Instructions

| 87 | T1mS | CV,PV | | Cumulative timer using 1mS as the time base | |
|----|---|-------|--|---|--|
| 88 | T10mS | CV,PV | | Cumulative timer using 10mS as the time base | |
| 89 | T100mS | CV,PV | | Cumulative timer using 100mS as the time base | |
| | Cumulative Timer Function Instructions List | | | | |

• Watch Dog Timer Control Function Instructions

| 90 | WDT | N | Ρ | Set the WDT timer time out time to N mS |
|----|-------|---|---|---|
| 91 | RSWDT | | Ρ | Reset the WDT timer to 0 |

Watch Dog Timer Control Function Instructions List

High Speed Counter Control Function Instructions

| 92 | HSCTR | CN | DP | Read the current CV value of the hardware HSCs, HSCO ~ HSC3, or HST on SOC to the corresponding CV register in the PLC respectively |
|----|-------|--------|----|---|
| 93 | HSCTW | S,CN,D | DP | Write the CV or PV register of HSC0 ~ HSC3 or HST in the PLC to CV or PV register of the hardware HSC or HST on SOC respectively |

High Speed Counter Control Function Instructions List

• Ramp Up/Down Function Instructions

| (| 98 | RAMP2 | Om,Ta Td,Rt Rc,WR | | Tracking type ramp function for analog output |
|---|----|-------|----------------------|---|---|
| | | | | - | |

Ramp Function Instructions List

• Communication Function Instructions

| 150 | M-Bus | Pt,SR,WR | Р | Modbus protocol communication instruction |
|-----|-------|--------------------|---|--|
| 151 | CLINK | Pt,MD,SR,W R | Ρ | FATEK/Generic protocol communication instruction |
| 152 | NCR | | | Active network communication |
| 156 | CMCTL | ID,Pt,Ts,MD, WR | | Communication module instruction |

Communication Function Instructions List

• Table Function Instructions

| 103 | BT_M | Ts,Td,L | DP | Copy the entire contents of Ts to Td |
|-----|-------|---------|----|---|
| 107 | T_FIL | Rs,Td,L | DP | Fill the table Td with Rs |
| 113 | SORT | S,D,L | DP | Sorting the registers starting from S length L and store the sorted result to D |

Table Function Instructions List

Matrix Instructions

| 130 | MBCNT | Ms,L,D | Р | Calculate the total number of bits that are 0 or 1 in Ms, then store the results into D | | | | |
|--------------------------|-------|--------|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Matrix Instructions List | | | | | | | | |

• NC Positioning Instruction

| 140 | | | | HSPSO instruction of NC positioning control | | | | |
|---------------------------------|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| 141 | | | | Parameter setting instruction of NC positioning control | | | | |
| NC Positioning Instruction List | | | | | | | | |

Interrupt Control Instruction

| 145 | EN | LBL | Ρ | Enable HSC, HST, external INT or peripheral operation |
|-----|-----|-----|---|--|
| 146 | DIS | LBL | Ρ | Disable HSC, HST, external INT or peripheral operation |

Interrupt Control Instruction List

• Motion Control Instruction

| 176 | ME_START | ID | Start the motion flow |
|-----|------------|---------|------------------------------|
| 177 | ME_SYSTOP | | Control motion system stop |
| 178 | ME_HOME | AX | Control the axis homing |
| 179 | ME_POS | РТ | Start point position control |
| 180 | ME_JOG | AX,D,MD | Control the axis homing |
| 182 | ME_PAUSE | | Pause the motion flow |
| 183 | ME_RESUME | | Resume the motion flow |
| 184 | ME_SUSPEND | | Suspend the motion flow |
| 185 | ME_RSTALM | | Reset motion alarm status |
| 186 | MTE_TRMT | ID | Terminate the motion flow |
| 187 | MTE_Init | | Servo initialization |

Motion Control Instruction list

Chapter 4 Sequential Instructions

4

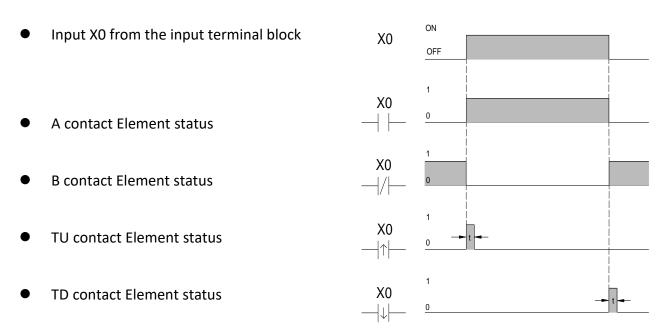
Sequential Instructions

<u>4-1</u> <u>Element Description</u>.....2

This chapter only describes the Element features and functions of sequence commands.

4-1 Element Description

4-1.1 Characteristics of A,B,TU and TD Contacts



Characteristics of A,B,TU and TD Contacts

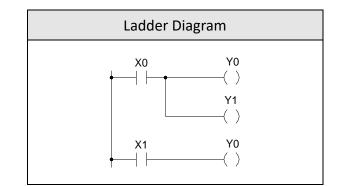
The waveform shown above reveals the function of A, B, TU and TD elements by exercising the external input X0 form OFF to ON then OFF.

- TU (Transition Up): This is the "Transition Up Contact". Only a rising edge (0→1) of the referenced signal will turn on this element for one scan time.
- TD (Transition Down): This is the "Transition Down Contact". Only a falling edge $(1 \rightarrow 0)$ of the referenced signal will turn on this element for one scan time.
- TU and TD contact will automatically generate the TU or TD pulse corresponding to the contacts or coils for all X, Y, M, S, T, C contact or coil state changes. However, if the state change of the coil is operated by the "application Instruction" in units of 16 or 32 bits (WYAAA

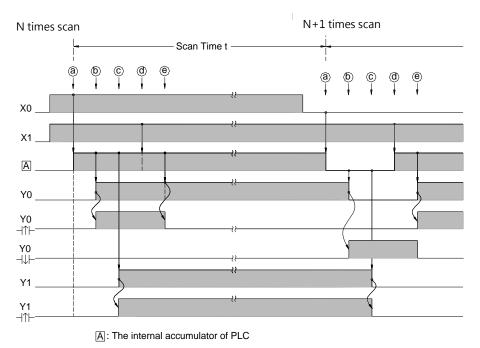
 $WM \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \cdot WS \triangle \triangle \triangle$) , TU or TD pulses will not be generated.

Note: The "ON" maintenance time of the TU and TD elements of the M SERIES PLC relay is the first scan after the "ON" condition of the element is established (for example, the TU element changes from 0 to 1, and the TD element changes from 1 to 0). Set it to "ON" for coil elements. Once it is set to "ON", it will be cleared to "OFF" immediately when it is scanned again. In most applications, each element will only be scanned once during the CPU problem-solving scan cycle, so the "ON" time of TU and TD elements must be equal to the scan time of the CPU. However, if it is scanned more than

once in a CPU scan cycle (such as using "immediate input" or "multiple coil output" in the program), the TU and TD states of its elements will be the first time the "ON" condition is met. Set to "ON" when the scan arrives, and clear to "OFF" immediately when the second scan arrives, and the "ON" time will be less than one CPU scan time. The TU of Y0 in the following illustration is that. Therefore, if the customer needs to capture the TU of Y0 for trigger operation, one must insert the application program in the range of Y0 TU "ON" to "OFF" (in this example, between b and e), otherwise he will not be able to capture any Y0 or TU trigger signal.



Example diagram of the contact and scan time relationship

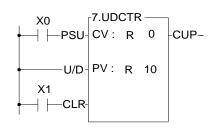


PLC contact trigger and scan time relationship

 Besides the TU/TD instructions which can detect the status change of reference operand, M SERIES PLC also provides the instructions to detect the change of node status (power flow). For details please refer the descriptions of FUN4 (DIFU) and FUN5 (DIFD) instructions.

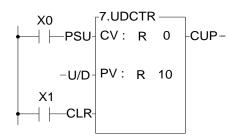
4-1-2 OPEN and SHORT Contact

The status of OPEN and SHORT contacts are fixed and can't be changed by any ladder instructions. Those two contacts are mainly used in the places of the Ladder Diagram where fixed contact statuses are required, such as the place where the input of an application instruction is used to select the mode. The sample program shown below gives an example of configuring an Up/Down counter (UDCTR) to an Up counter by using the SHORT contact.



Up counter using the SHORT contact

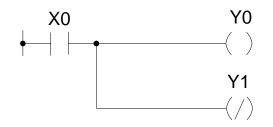
• FUN7 is the UDCTR function. While rising edge of CK input occur, FUN7 will count up if the U/D status is 1 or count down if the U/D status is 0. The example shown above, U/D status is fixed at 1 since U/D is directly connected from the origin-line to a SHORT contact, therefore FUN7 becomes an Up counter. On the contrary, if the U/D input of FUN7 is connected with an OPEN contact from the origin-line, the FUN7 becomes a DOWN counter.



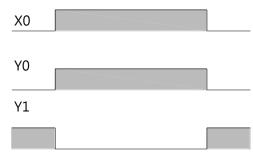
Down counter using the OPEN contact

4-1-3 Output Coil and Inverse Output Coil

Output Coil writes the node status into an operand specified by the coil instruction. Invert Output Coil writes the complement status of node status into an operand specified by the coil instruction. The characteristics depicts at below.



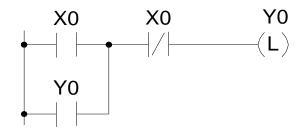
Ladder Diagram of Output Coil and Invert Output Coil



Output Coil and Invert Output Coil

4-1-4 Retentive Output Coil

For the internal coil, it can be set as holding or non-holding (it is a dichotomy, such as M0-M8519 of the internal coil M0-M9119 is non-holding, then M8520-M9119 is holding), but for the output point, due to practical It is not suitable to use the dichotomy method to set hold or non-hold, so if most PLCs need to hold the output point, they must first send the result to the internal hold coil, and then send the internal hold coil to the indirect method of the output point, M SERIES PLC Then provide you with the method of selecting the output point to be maintained under the page of I/O Configuration -> Output Power Failure Hold, the following self-protection circuit:

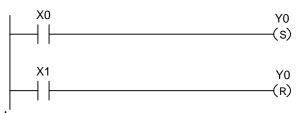


Ladder Diagram of Retentive Output Coil

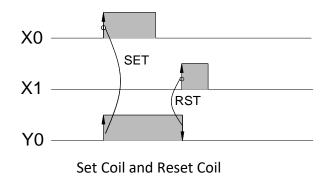
From the above example, if turn the X0 "ON" then "OFF", Y0 will keep at "ON". When change the PLC state from RUN to STOP then RUN or turn the power off then on, the Y0 still keep at ON state. But if use the OUT Y0 instruction instead of the OUT L Y0, need to turn the X0 "ON" again after change the PLC state from RUN to STOP then RUN or turn the power off then on, Y0 status will be ON.

4-1-4 Set Coil and Reset Coil

Set Coil writes 1 into an operand specified. Reset Coil writes 0 into an operand specified. The characteristics depicts at below.



Ladder Diagram of Set Coil and Reset Coil



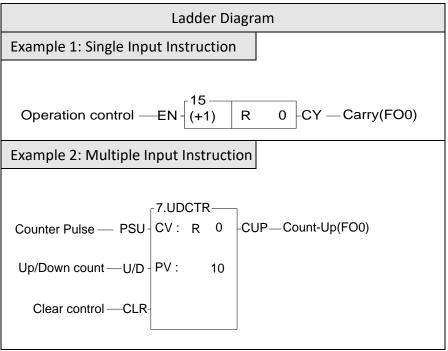
5

Description of Function Instructions

| <u>5-1</u> | The Format of Function Instructions |
|------------|---|
| <u>5-2</u> | Use W Prefix for Word and Bit Access Transformation10 |
| <u>5-3</u> | Use Index Register (XR) for Indirect Addressing |
| <u>5-4</u> | Numbering System錯誤! 尚未定義書籤。 |
| | Overflow and Underflow of Increment (+1) or Decrement (-1) Instruction (Beginners e skip this section) |
| <u>5-6</u> | Carry and Borrow in Addition/Subtraction |

5-1 The Format of Function Instructions

Function Instructions of M Series PLC will be divided into four parts including input control, instruction number/name, operand and function output. The number of input controls, operands, and function outputs of each instruction is different (please refer to the description of each instruction).



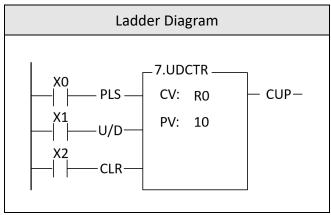
The Format of Function Instructions

5-1-1 Input Control

M SERIES PLC has at least one input control for other application commands except for 7 application commands without input control, up to four. Application instructions are based on the combination of input control signals to determine whether to execute the instruction and what kind of operation to perform. On the software package of UperLogic and when the ladder diagram program is printed out, all the input control and function output terminals of the application instruction symbols are marked with English comment abbreviations to indicate what kind of function control or output the terminal is, so as to facilitate memory and Read, as shown in the above figure 2, the first input is marked "PLS", which means that the counter only counts once when the counting pulse pulse changes from $0 \rightarrow 1$ (rising edge), and the second input is marked "U/D" on the U meter above the slash Count Up, D at the bottom means count Down, if this input is 1, when the counting pulse PLS comes, the counter value will increase by 1, otherwise, if it is 0, it will decrease by 1, and the third input is marked "CLR", which means clear Clear, that is, when this input is 1, the count value of the counter will be cleared to 0. For the input control comments of other application commands, please refer to the description of each command.

Note: No input control command means that the command needs to be directly connected to the bus, and cannot be connected in series with input control components, and has no functional output. The command itself forms a network. There are 6 non-input control commands such as MCE, SKPE, LBL, RTS, FOR, NEXT, etc., please refer to the description of each command in Chapter 6 and 7.

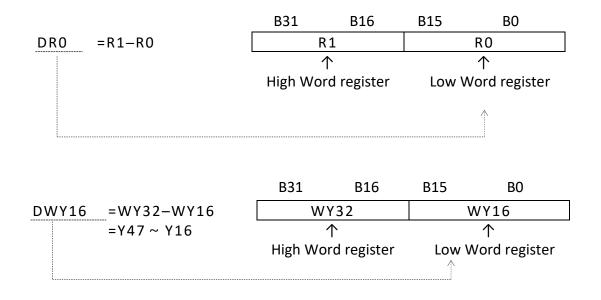
All input controls of the function instructions should be connected by the corresponding elements, otherwise a syntax error will occur. As shown in example 3 below, the function instruction FUN7 has three inputs and three elements before FUN7. X0, X1, and X2 corresponds to the first input PLS, second input U/D and third input CLR.



Function instruction of Input Control

5-1-2 Instruction Number and Derivative Instructions

D: Indicates a Double Word (32-bit). The 16-bit word is the basic unit of the registers in M-Series PLC. The data length of R, T and C (except C1024~C1063) registers are 16-bit. If a register with 32-bit data length is required, then it is necessary to combine two consecutive 16-bit registers together such as R1-R0, R3-R2 etc. and those registers are represented by prefix a D letter before register name such as DR0 represents R1-R0 and DR2 represents R3-R2. If you enter DR0 or DWY16 in the monitor mode of FP-08, then a 32-bit long value (R1-R0 or WY32-WY16) will be displayed.



Note 1: In order to differentiate between 16-bit and 32-bit instructions while using the ladder diagram and mnemonic code, we add the postfix letter D after the "Instruction number" to represent 32-bit instructions and the size of their operand are 32-bit. The instruction FUN 11D has a postfix letter D, therefore the source and destination operands need to prefix a letter D as well, such as the augend Sa:R0 is actually Sa=DR0=R1-R0 and Sb=DR2=R3-R2. Please also pay special attention to the length of the other operands except source and destination are only one word whether 16-bit or 32-bit instructions are used.

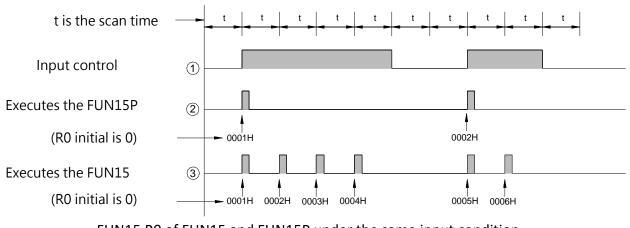
Note 2: Reading register status at labber Diagram, we can add the prefix letter W before the "Instruction number" to access the register status of consecutive 16 bits, for example, WX0 represent X0~X15, WM32 represent M32~M47, the accessed bit address must be a multiple of 16 bits. For example, WM16 is a legal address, but WM8 is an illegal address.

P: indicates the pulse mode instruction. The instruction will be executed when the status of input control changes from 0 to1 (rising edge). If a postfix letter P is added to the instruction (FUN 15P), the instruction FUN 15P will only be executed when the status of input control signal changes from 0

to 1. The execution of the instruction is in level mode if it does not have a P postfix, this means the instruction will be executed for every scan until the status of input control changes from 1 to 0. In this operation manual, an example of the operation statement of a function instruction is shown below.

• When the operation control "EN"=1 or (P instruction) from $0 \rightarrow 1, \cdots$

The first one indicates the execution requirement for non-P instruction (level mode) and the second one indicates the execution requirement for P instruction (pulse mode). The following waveform shows the result (R0) of FUN15 and FUN15P under the same input condition.



FUN15 R0 of FUN15 and FUN15P under the same input condition

D P : Indicates the instruction is a 32-bit instruction operating with pulse mode.

Note: P instruction is much more time saving than level instruction in program scanning, so user should use P instruction as much as possible.

5-1-3 Operand

The operand is used for data reference and storage. The data of source (S) operand are only for reference and will not be changed by the execution of the instruction. The destination (D) operand is used to store the result of the operation and its data may be changed after the execution of the instruction. The following table illustrates the names and functions of M-Series PLC function instruction's operands and types of contacts, coils, or registers that can be used as an operand.

| • | The names and functions of the major operands : |
|---|---|
|---|---|

| Abbreviation | Name | Description |
|--------------|------------------|--|
| s | Source | The data of source (S) operand are only for reading and reference and will not be changed with the execution of the instruction. If there are more than one source operands, each operand will be identified by the footnote such as Sa and Sb. |
| D | Destination | The destination (D) operand is used to store the result of operation. The original data will be changed after operation. Only the coils and registers which are not write prohibited can be the destination operand. |
| L | Length | Indicates the data size or the length of the table, usually are constants. |
| N | Number | A constant most often used as numbers and times. If there are more than one constant, each constant will be identified by the footnotes such as Na, Nb, Ns, Nd, etc |
| Pr | Point | Used to point to a specific a block of data or a specific data or register in a table. Generally, the Pr value can be varied, therefore cannot be constant or input register. |
| cv | Current value | Used in T and C instruction to store the current value of T or C |
| PV | Set value | Used in T and C instructions for reference and comparison |
| т | Table | A combination of a set of consecutive registers forms a table. The basic operation units are word and double word. If there is more than one table, each table will be identified by footnotes such as Ta, Tb, Ts and Td etc |

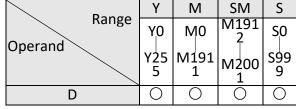
| Abbreviation | Name | Description |
|--------------|--------|--|
| М | Matrix | A combination of a set of consecutive registers forms a matrix. The basic operation unit is bit. If there is more than one matrix, each matrix will be identified by footnotes such as Ma, Mb, Ms and Md etc |

Major operands list

Besides the major operands mentioned above, there are other operands which are used for certain special purposes such as the operand Fr for frequency, ST for stack, QU for Queue etc., please refer to the instruction descriptions for more details.

- The types of the operand and their range: The types of operands for the function instructions are Discrete, Register and Constant.
- a. Discrete (Digital) Operand:

There is total five function instructions that reference the discrete operand, namely SET, RST, DIFU, DIFD and TOGG. Those five instructions can only be used for operations of Y \triangle \triangle \triangle (external output), M \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle (internal and special) and S \triangle \triangle \triangle (step) relays. The table shown below indicates the operands and ranges of the five function instructions.



Discrete operand ranges list

Symbol "O" indicates the D (Destination operand) can use this type of coils as operands. The "*" sign above the "O" shown in SM column indicates that should exclude the write prohibited relays as operands. Please refer to Chapter 2-3 for introduction of the special relays

b. Register Operand:

The major operand for function instructions is register operand. There are two types of register operands: the native registers which already is of Words or Double Words data such as R, T, C. The other is derivative registers (WX, WY, WM, WS) which are formed by discrete bits. The types of registers that can be used as instruction operands and their ranges are all listed in the following table:

| Ran | WX | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | K | XR |
|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|------------|-------------|-------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------------------|-------------|------------|------------------------------------|----------------|
| ge Ope ran d | WX0 WX10 08 | WY0 WY10 08 | WM0 WM29 584 | | T0 T1023 | C0 C1279 | | 8 | 4 | R3528 0 R4322 3 | 4 | | 16/32- bit +/- numbe r | V , Z P0~P9 |
| S | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | () * | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc |
| D | | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | | \bigcirc | * | * | \bigcirc | | \bigcirc |
| Ĭ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Register operand ranges list

The " \bigcirc " symbol in the table indicates can apply this kind of data as operand. The " \bigcirc *" symbol indicates can apply this kind of data except the write prohibited registers as operand. To learn more about write prohibited registers please refer to page 2.4 for introduction of the special register.

When R43224 ~ R47319 are not set to be read only registers, can used as normal registers (read, and write)

Note 1: The registers with a prefix W, such as WX, WY, WM and WS are formed by 16 bits. For example, WX0 means the register is formed by X0(bit 0) ~ X15(bit 15). WY144 means the register is formed by Y144(bit 0) ~ Y159(bit 15). Please note that the discrete number must be the multiple of 16 such as 0, 16, 32, 48....

Note 2: The last register (Word) in a table can not be represented as a 32-bit operand in the function because 2 Words are required for a 32-bit operand. The use of WM, WX, WY must be a multiple of 16, for example: WM16, WM32 are supported; WM8 is not supported.

Note 3: TMR (T0~T1023) and CTR (C0~C1279) are special temporary registers for timers and counters. Although they can also be used as general temporary registers, they will make the system complex and difficult to debug. Therefore, except for T or C commands, other instructions should avoid writing to TMR or CTR.

Note 4: T0 ~ T1023 and C0 ~ C1023 are 16-bit register. But C1024~C1279 are 32-bit register, therefore can't be used as 16-bit operands.

Note 5: Apart from being directly appointed by register's number (address) as the foregoing

discussions, RXXXXX and DXXXXX register can be combined with pointer register V $\,^{\,\mathrm{v}}$ Z or P0~P9 to

make indirect addressing. Please refer to the example in the next section (Section 5.3) for the description of using pointer register (XR) to make indirect addressing.

c. Constant Operand:

The range of 16-bit constant is between -32768~32767. The range of 32-bit constant is between - 2147483648~2147483647. The constant for several function instructions can only be a positive constant. The range of 16-bit and 32-bit constants are listed in the table shown below.

| Classification | Range |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| 16-bit signed number | -32768 ~ 32767 |
| 16-bit un-signed number | 0~32767 |
| 32-bit signed number | -2147483648 ~ 2147483647 |

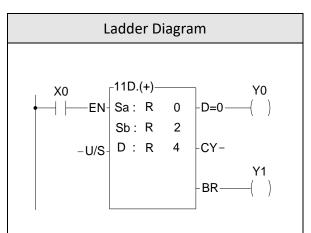
| 32-bit un-signed number | 0~2147483647 | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 16/22 hit signed number | -32768 ~ 32767 or | | | | | | |
| 16/32-bit signed number | -2147483648 ~ 2147483647 | | | | | | |
| 16/22 hit up signed number | 0 ~ 32767 or | | | | | | |
| 16/32-bit un-signed number | 0~2147483647 | | | | | | |

Constant category and its range table

In addition, some specific operands have different lengths (such as length L, number of bits...N, etc.) and the range will be directly marked on the field of each operand. Please refer to the description of individual instructions.

5-1-4 Functions Output (FO)

The "Function Output" (FO) is used to indicate the operation result of the function instruction. Like control input, each function outputs shown in the screen of programming software are all attached with a word which comes from the abbreviation of the output functionality. Such as CY derived from CarrY. The maximum number of function outputs is 4 and those are denoted as FO0, FO1, FO2, FO3 respectively. The order is from top to bottom, first FO is FO0, second FO is FO1, last FO is FO3. The FO status must be taken out by FO instruction. The unused FO may be left without connecting to any elements, such as FO1 (CY) shown in Example 4 below.



Function output diagram using FUN11

5-2 Use W Prefix for Word and Bit Access Transformation

The single-point (BIT state) memory of M-Series PLC can use W prefix word for word access, that is to access 16 single points at a time, for example, WX0 means one access to X0~X15 On the contrary, you can also use this technique to access any single-point state of the character group data, for example, you can place the character group data in WM0, if you want to read the 6th bit of the character group state, just read M6 directly.

5-3 Numbering System

5-3-1 Binary values and the terms

Binary is the basic number system of digital computers. PLC is composed of digital computers, and naturally uses binary. In order to express and grasp binary values, you first need to understand the following terms:

- Bit: (Bit is abbreviated as B, such as B0, B1...) Bit is the most basic unit of binary value, and its state is either 1 or 0.
- Nibble: (Nibble is abbreviated as NB, such as NB0, NB1...) It is composed of 4 consecutive bits (such as B3~B0) and can be used to represent a decimal number 0~9 or 0~F in hexadecimal.
- Byte: (Byte abbreviated as BY, such as BYO, BY1...) is composed of two consecutive digits (that is, 8 bits, such as B7~BO). It can represent the two-digit value of hexadecimal 00~FF.
- Word group: (Word abbreviation W, such as W0, W1...) is composed of two consecutive bits (that is, 16 bits such as B15~B0) can represent 16 The 4-digit value in base system is 0000~FFFF.
- Double word group: (Double word abbreviation DW, such as DW0, DW1...) is composed of two consecutive word bytes (that is, 32 bits, such as B31~B0) can represent the 8-digit value of hexadecimal 00000000~FFFFFFF.

| | DW | | | | | | | | ←Double word group | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|--|--|--|--|---------|----|----|-------------|-----------------------|---------|-----------------|---------|--|---------|---------|--|---------|--------|---------|--------|--------|--------|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|------|
| | W1 W0 | | | | | | | | | | ←Word `group | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | BY3 BY2 | | | | | | | BY1 BY0 | | | | | | | | | | | | _ | ←Byte | | | | | | | | | |
| | NB7 NB6 NB5 | | | | | NI | 34 | | NB3 | | | NB2 | | | | | NE | | | NE | 30 | | ←Nibble | | | | | | | |
| B B 31 30 | | | | | B 25 | | | В2 2 | | B 20 | | B1 8 | | B 16 | B 14 | | B 12 | B 1 | B 10 | B 9 | B 8 | B 7 | B 6 | B 5 | B 4 | B 3 | B 2 | B 1 | В 0 | ←Bit |
| | Schematic diagram of binary values and the terminology | | | | | |] | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Floating Point Number: It is composed of two consecutive word bytes. The maximum range that can be represented by floating point numbers is $\pm(1.8*10-38 \sim 3.4*1038)$, please refer to Section 5.3.6 for the detailed format description.

5-3-2 M SERIES PLC Digit

The numerical calculation or storage inside the M SERIES PLC all uses binary values (Binary), so the values input from the outside to the PLC must be converted into binary codes before the PLC can process them. Similarly, the numerical results retrieved from the PLC are also binary values so all the numbers of UpperLogic must be converted into binary before they can be input to PLC. However, because binary values are extremely difficult to input and read, UpperLogic provides users with the familiar decimal or hexadecimal to input or display in the man-machine interface (numerical input or

display), But in fact, all numerical processing is carried out in binary code. °

Note: If your numerical input or display is not through UperLogic (for example, use a dip switch or a 7-segment display to input to or get from the PLC through the I/O point), then you have to use the ladder diagram program instructions to process the binary and the conversion between decimals allows you to input in decimals and get output in decimals without using UperLogic. Please refer to the description of FUN20(BIN \rightarrow BCD) and FUN21(BCD \rightarrow BIN).

5-3-3 Value Range

As mentioned above, all M SERIES PLCs use binary internally (the BCD value is only for people's habit, and the binary value is converted into a digital display suitable for people to read). There are three types of values in PLC: 16-bit, 32-bit and floating-point numbers, which can represent the following ranges respectively.

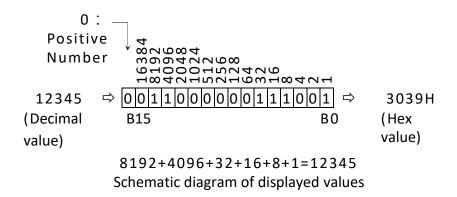
| 16-bit | -32768 ~ 32767 |
|-----------------------|--|
| 32-bit | -2147483648 ~ 2147483647 |
| Floating Point Number | $\pm(1.8^{*}10^{-38} \sim 3.4^{*}10^{38})$ |

5-3-4 Display of Values (Please skip this section for beginners)

The following sections describe the representation and format of 16-bit and 32-bit values. For users to have an in-depth understanding of the calculation process and results of numerical values and to meet various complex application requirements.

Whether it is a 16-bit or 32-bit value, its highest bit MSB (16-bit B15, 32-bit B31) indicates the sign of the value (0: positive number, 1: negative number), and the rest Bits (B14~B0 or B30~B0) are really

used to represent the numerical value, hereby take 16 bits as an example to explain as follows: (32 bits are also done in the same way, only the length is doubled).

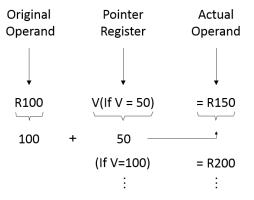


As in the above example, regardless of 16-bit or 32-bit, the binary bits start from the lowest bit LSB (B0), B0 represents 1, B1 represents 2, B2 represents 4, B3 represents 8,...the rest can be deduced by analogy, and its value is the sum of the values represented by all the bits that are 1.

5-4 Use Index Register (XR) for Indirect Addressing

In the M-Series PLC function instructions, there are some operands that can be combined with pointer register (V, Z, P0~P9) to make indirect addressing (will be shown in the operand table if it applicable). Registers in the range RXXXXX can be combined with a pointer register to perform indirect addressing useing operand (V, Z), range RXXXXX can be combined with an pointer register to perform indirect addressing useing operand(P0~P9). Other operands such as discrete and constant cannot be used for indirect addressing).

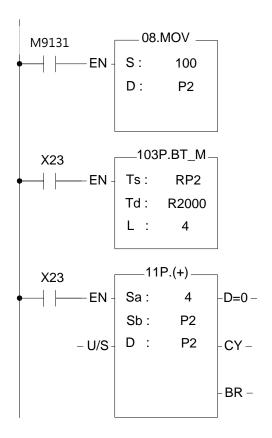
There are twelve pointer registers XR (V, Z, P0~P9). The V register in the M SERIES PLC is R43214, and the Z register is R43216. The actual addressed register by index addressing is just offset the original operand with the content of the index register.



As shown in the above diagram, you only need to change the V value to change the operand address. After combining the index addressing with the M-Series PLC function instructions, a powerful and highly efficient control application can be achieved by using very simple instructions. Using the program shown in the diagram below as an example, you only need to use a block move instruction (BT_M) to achieve a dynamic block data display, such as a parking management system.

5-4-1 Index Register (P0~P9) Introduction

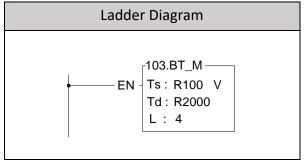
- In indirect addressing application, Rxxxxx register can combine V, Z, P0~P9 for index addressing; Dxxxxx register can't combine V, Z for index addressing, but P0~P9 are allowed.
- When V, Z index register being combined with the Rxxxxx register, for example, R0 with V, Z, the instruction format is R0V (where V=100, it means R100) or R0Z(where Z=500, it means R500); when P0~P9 index register being combined with the Rxxxxx register, the instruction format is RPn (n=0~9) or RPmPn (m,n=0~9), for example RP5 (where P5=100, it means R100) or RP0P1(where P0= 100, P1=50, it means150).
- When P0~P9 index register being combined with the Dxxxxx register, the instruction format is DPn (n=0~9) or DPmPn (m, n=0~9), for example DP3 (where P3=10, it means D10) or DP4P5 (where P4=100, P5=1, it means D101).
- It can combine both P0~P9 index register, for example P2=20, P3=30, when Rxxxxx or Dxxxxx register combines both index register, RP2P3 will point to R50, DP2P3 will point to D50, it means the summation of both indexes register for indirect addressing.



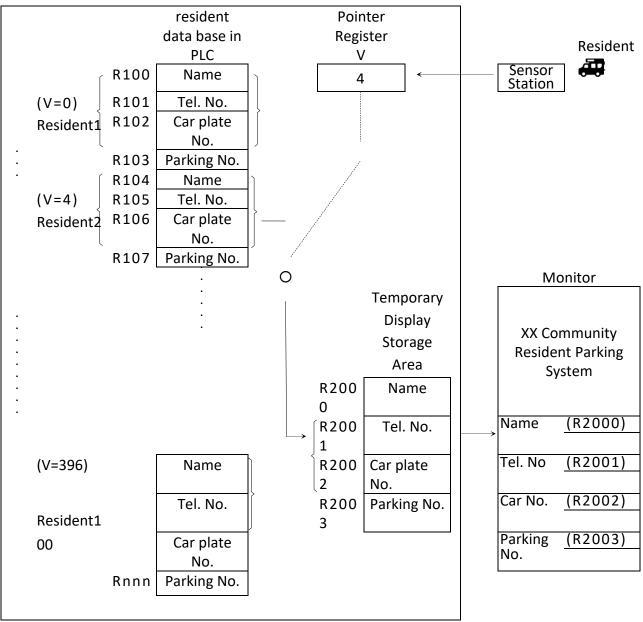
Chapter 5 Description of Function Instructions

- Power up and the initial pulse M9131 will move 100 into the index register P2.
- When X23 changes from 0 1, FUN103 will perform the table movement, the source starts from R100 (P2=100), the destination starts from R2000, the amount is 4.
 Coping the content of R100~R103 for R2000~R2003 at first execution, coping the content of R104~R107 for R2000~R2003 at second execution...
- Fun11 is used to increase the index by 4 words each time, every time X23 is "ON", P2 index register will be increased by 4.

5-4-2 Indirect Addressing Program Example



Ladder Diagram of FUN103 BT_M



Automated Parkinglot Management System

Program Description

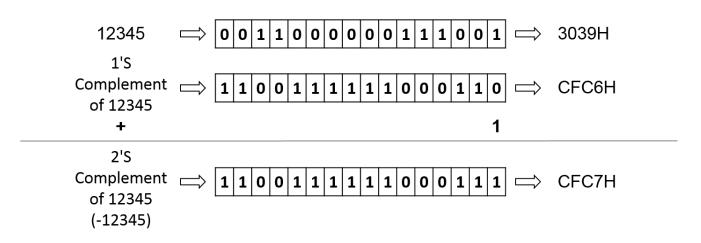
The above example assumes that the automated parking lot management system for residents in a community has a total of 100 resident parking spaces, and each resident has 1 set of basic information, which are resident name, phone number, car plate number, parking number, etc. As shown in the figure above, it occupies 4 consecutive PLC internal temporary registers, occupying a total of 400 temporary registers such as R100~R499. Each household has a card with a different card number, which is used for entrance and exit control and parking lot. 0, 4, ……, 396, etc. 100 types, after the PLC senses the card number, it will be stored in the index temporary register "V", and displayed on the terminal (LCD or CRT) at the administrator's office The data is captured and displayed by R2001~R2003 inside the PLC. For example, in this example, the card of resident 2 is sensed, and its value=4, so the V register=4, and the PLC immediately moves the data of R104~R107 to the display the information on the terminal when it senses the card of resident 2.



- 1. Although using pointer register for indirect addressing application is powerful and flexible, but changing the V and Z values freely and carelessly may cause great damages with erroneous writing to the normal data areas. The user should take special caution during operation.
- 2. In the data register range that can be used for indirect addressing application (RXXXX,DXXXX), the 12552 registers R34768~R47319 (i.e. IR, OR and SR) are important registers reserved for system or I/O usage. Writing at-will to these registers may cause system or I/O errors and may result in a major disaster. Due to the fact that users may not easily detect or control the flexible register address changes made by the V and Z values, M-Series PLC will automatically check if the destination address is in the R34768~R47319 range. In case it is necessary to write to the registers R34768~R47319, please use the direct addressing.

5-4-3 Representation of Negative Number (Beginners should skip this section)

As prior discussion, when the MSB is 1, the number will be a negative number. The M-Series PLC negative numbers are represented by 2'S Complement, i.e to invert all the bits (B15 \sim B0 or B31 \sim B0) of its equivalent positive number (The so-called 1'S Complement is to change the bits equal 1 to 0 and the bits equal 0 to 1) then add 1. In the above example, the positive number is 12345. The calculation of its 2'S Complement (i.e. -12345) is described below:



Example of Negative Number

5-4-4 Representation of Floating Point Number (Beginners should skip this section)

The format of floating point number of FATEK-PLC follows the IEEE-754 standard, which use a double word for storage and can be expressed as follow :

| Sign | Exponent | Mantissa |
|-------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| b 31 | $b_{30} \sim b_{23}$ | $b_{22} \sim b_0$ |
| 1 bit | 8 bits | 23 bits |
| | | |
| | 32 bits | |

floating point number = sign + Exponent + Mantissa

Representation of Floating Point Number

If the sign bit is 0 the number is positive, if the sign bit is 1 the number is negative. The exponent is denoted as 8-bit excess 127. For example, if the value of exponent is 128, it represents the power of 1, if the value of exponent is 129, it represents the power of 2... So on and so forth. If you want to express the negative value of the exponent, then 126 is the power of -1, and 125 is the power of -2... So on and so forth. The mantissa is 23-bit with radix 2. A normalized mantissa always starts with a bit 1, followed by the radix point, followed by the rest of the mantissa. The leading bit 1, which is always present in a normalized mantissa, is implicit and is not represented.

$$N = (-1)^{S} * 2^{(E-127)} * (1.M)$$
 $0 < E < 255$

Example 1

 $1 = (-1)^{0} * 2^{(01111111)} * (1.000 \cdots 0)$

The sign is represented by 0, the exponent's code in excess 127 is 127 = 01111111, and the significant bit is 1, resulting in the mantissa being all O's. The simple precision IEEE 754 representation of 1, is thus:

= 3F800000H

Example 2

 $0.5 = (-1)^{0} * 2^{(01111110)} * (1.000 \cdots 0)$

The sign is represented by 0, the exponent's code in excess 127 is 126 - 127 = 01111110, and the significant bit is 1, resulting in the mantissa being all O's. The simple precision IEEE 754 representation of 0.5, is thus:

| Code(0.5) = | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | …0 | 0 | 0 |
|---------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|---|---|
| | s | е | е | е | е | е | е | е | е | m | m | m | m | m | m | m | m | m |

= 3F000000H

Example 3

-500.125 = (-1)¹ * 2⁽¹⁰⁰⁰⁰¹¹¹⁾ * (1. 111101000010000000000)

The sign is represented by 1, the exponent's code in excess 127 is 135 - 127 = 10000111, and the significant bit is 1, resulting in the mantissa is 111101000010000000000. The simple precision IEEE 754 representation of -500.125, is thus:

| 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 000 | 0 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----------|---|
| s | е | е | е | е | е | е | е | е | m | m | m | m | m | m | m | m | m | m | m | m | m | m | mm·····m | m |

= C3FA1000H

5-5 Overflow and Underflow of Increment (+1) or Decrement (-1) Instruction (Beginners please skip this section

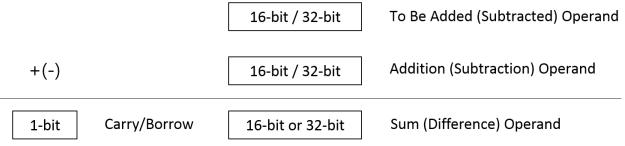
The maximum positive value that can be represented by 16-bit and 32-bit operands are 32767 and 2147483647, and the maximum negative value are -32768 and -2147483648, respectively. When increase or decrease an operand (e.g., when Up/Down Count of a counter or the register value is +1 or -1), and the result exceeds the value of the positive limit of the operand, then "Overflow" (OVF) occurs. This will cause the value to cycle to its negative limit (e.g., add 1 to the 16-bit positive limit 32767 will change it to -32768). If the result is smaller than the negative limit of the operand, then "Underflow" (UDF) occurs. This will cause the value to cycle to its ocycle to its positive limit (e.g., deducting 1 from the negative limit -32768 will change it to 32767) as shown in the table below. The flag output of overflow or underflow exists in the FO of M-Series PLC and can be used in cascaded instructions to obtain over 16-bit or 32-bit operation results.

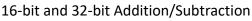
| Increase (Decrease) Result Overflow/ Underflow | 16-bit Operand | 32-bit Operand |
|--|---|--|
| Increase | OVF = 1 | OVF = 1 2147483646 -2147483647 2147483648 2147483647 2147483647 2147483646 |
| Decrease | UDF = 1 (-32767 -32768 -32767 -32766 -32766 -32765 | UDF = 1 |

Increment or Decrement in 16-bit and 32-bit Operand

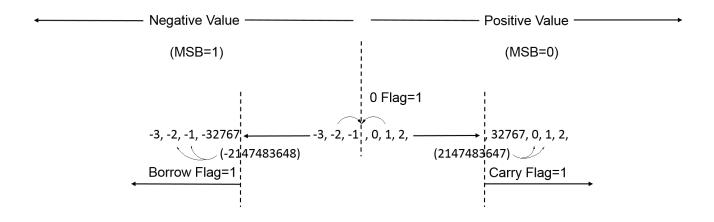
5-6 Carry and Borrow in Addition/Subtraction

Overflow/Underflow takes place when the operation of increment/decrement causes the value of the operand to exceed the positive/negative limit that can be represented in the PLC, consequently a flag of overflow/underflow is introduced. Carry/Borrow flag is different from overflow/underflow. At first, there must be two operands making addition (subtraction) where a sum (difference) and a flag of carry/borrow will be obtained. Since the number of bits of the numbers to be added (subtracted), to add (subtract) and of sum (difference) are the same (either 16-bit or 32-bit), the result of addition (subtraction) may cause the value of sum (difference) to exceed 16-bit or 32-bit. Therefore, it is necessary to use carry/borrow flag to be in coordination with the sum (difference) operand to represent the actual value. The carry flag is set when the addition (subtraction) result exceeds the positive limit (32767 or 2147483647) of the sum (difference) operand. The borrow flag is set when addition (subtraction) result exceeds the negative limit (-32768 or -2147483648) of the sum (difference) operand. Hence, the actual result after addition (subtraction) is equal to the carry/borrow plus the value of the sum (difference) operand. The FO of M-Series PLC addition/subtraction instruction has both carry and borrow flag outputs for obtaining the actual result.





While all M-Series PLC numerical operations use 2'S Complement, the representation of the negative value of the sum (difference) obtained from addition (subtraction) is different from the usual negative number representation. When the operation result is a negative value, 0 can never appear in the MSB of the sum (difference) operand. The carry flag represents the positive value 32768 (2147483648) and the borrow flag represents the negative value -32768 (-2147483648).



| | \uparrow | | Μ | ISB | | | | | | | | | | | | | LS | В | | \uparrow | | \uparrow |
|-------|--------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|---|------|-----|------|---|-----|-----|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|--------------|----|----------------|
| | • | | Ļ | | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | Ļ | | • | | |
| | • | | | | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | | • | | |
| C=1 | B=0 | Z=0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 - | | - 327 | 69 | |
| C=1 | B=0 | Z=0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 - | | - 327 | 68 | |
| C=0 | B=0 | Z=0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 - | | - 327 | 67 | Posi |
| C=0 | B=0 | Z=0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 - | | - 327 | 66 | tive |
| C=0 | B=0 | Z=0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 - | | - 327 | 65 | Positive Value |
| | | | | | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | | • | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | | • | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | | • | | |
| C=0 | B=0 | Z=0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | - | 2 | | |
| C=0 | B=0 | Z=0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | - | — 1 | | |
| C=0 | B=0 | Z=1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | — O | _ | |
| C=0 | B=0 | Z=0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | -1 | | |
| C=0 | B=0 | Z=0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | - | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | | • | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | | • | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | | • | | |
| C=0 | B=0 | Z=0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 - | | -327 | 66 | |
| C=0 | B=0 | Z=0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 - | | -327 | 67 | |
| C=0 | B=0 | Z=0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 - | | -327 | 68 | |
| C=0 | B=1 | Z=0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 - | | 327 | 69 | |
| C=0 | B=1 | Z=0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 - | | -327 | 70 | |
| | • | | | | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | | • | | |
| | • | | | | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | | • | | |
| | \downarrow | | | | | | | | | | Ļ | | | | | | | | | \downarrow | | |
| C = C | arry | | В = | Β¢ | ٦rr | 0.14 | , | | | | 7 | = 2 | 7er | 0 | | | | | | | | · |
| | , | | 2 - | | | | | Bori | rov | v in | | dit | - | - | ubt | rac | tio | n | | | | |
| | | | | | ' | | | | | | - | | | • | - | - | - | | | | | |

XIF carry and borrow processing is not required, it is recommended to use Fun224 fast addition and Fun225 fast subtraction, because compared with Fun11 addition and Fun12 subtraction, no carry/borrow is required

6

Basic Function Instructions

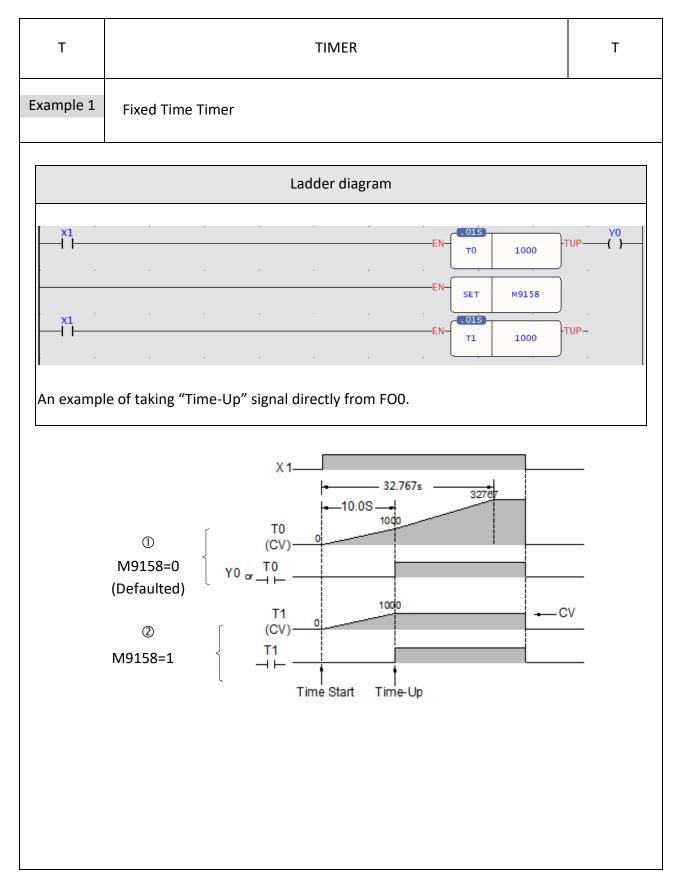
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6-1 TIMER(T)

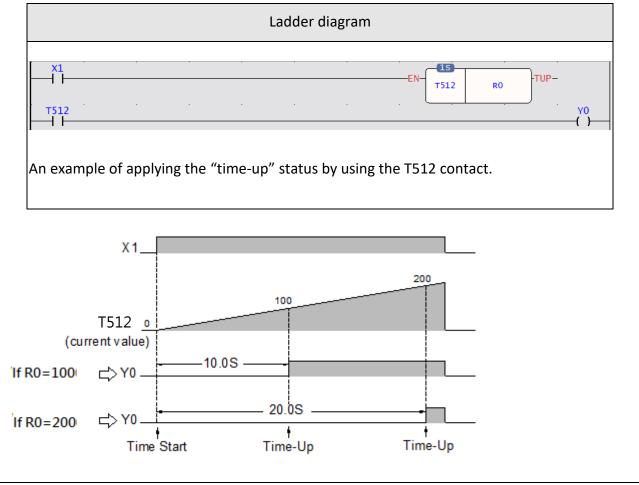
| Т | | | | | Т | IME | R | | | | | | | - | Г |
|------------------------------------|--|---|--|--|---|---------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|------------------|------------|------------|------------|----------------|------|----|
| Commar Descriptio | | | | | | | | | | | | | I | | |
| | Ladder | symbo | <u>) </u> | | | | <u>0</u> | beran | <u>d</u> | | | | | | |
| Times control | | PV |] | Time | | ` | | | | | | | | | |
| Time contr | rol—EN- Tn | PV | | —Time -I | |) | | | er Nu | | | | | | |
| TB: Time B | : Time Base (0.01S, 0.1S, 1S) PV: Preset value of the timer. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | < | WX | WY | WM | WS | TM R | CT R | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | K | |
| | Range | wxo | W _Y 0 | WM0 | WS0 | ΤÒ | ĊÒ | RO | R34 768 | R35 024 | R35 280 | R43 224 | D ₀ | Q | |
| Ope | erand | WX1 | WY1 008 | WM2 9584 | WS3 | T1 02 3 | C1 27 9 | R34 767 | | | | R48 | D11 999 | 327 | |
| | Tn | 008 | 008 | 9584 | 088 | 3 | <u>9</u> | /6/ | 895 | 151 | R43 223 | 471 | 999 | 67 | |
| | PV | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Ö | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 0.19 adju T0 ~ T25 T51 | e total number S and 1S.The d usted accordin ~ T255 : 0.001 56 ~ T511 : 0.0 .2 ~ T767 : 0.1 58 ~ T1023 : 1 | lefault ng to u LS tim D1S tim LS tim | t num iser's er (d ner (er (d | ber an actual efault defaul efault | d alloo requi as 0.0 t as 0. as 0 ~ | catio reme 0 ~ 1 0 ~ 1 | on of ents 32.7 327. 76.75 | time by th 67S) 67S) | rs is s e "Co | how | n as l | oelow | (Car | n be | 3, |
| ope | e Timer of M-S eration, you m able Timer. If t | ust Di | sable | the Tir | ner, n | ot ca | allin | g the | subp | rogra | m, w | | • | | |

| [| | |
|---|---|--|
| т | TIMER | т |
| need 2. • The n timin | is a register, then Timer's time = Time base x register content. Therefore to change the register content to change the timer's time. Please refer naximum error of a timer is a time base plus a scan time. In order to red g error in the application, please use the timer with a smaller time base | to Example uce the |
| Function | | |
| Description | | |
| accur will cl has re M915 will re Tn wi chang M-Se Up"at of M5 set th | In the time control "EN" is 1, the timer will start timing (the current value mulate from 0) until "Time Up" (i.e., $CV \ge PV$), then the Tn contact and T hange to 1. As long as the timer control "EN" input is kept as 1, even the eached or exceeded the PV, the CV of the timer will continue accumulat is = 0) until it reaches the maximum limit (32767). The Tn contact status emain as 1 when $CV \ge PV$, unless the "EN" input is 0. When "EN" input is Il be reset to 0 immediately and the Tn contact and "Time Up" flag TUP ge to 0 (please refer to the diagram ① below). ries PLC can set the M9158 to 1 so the CV will not accumulate further af and stops at the PV value. The default value of the M9158 is 0, therefore D158 can be set before executing any timer instruction inthe program to be timer CV to continue accumulating or stop at the PV after "Time Up" e diagram ② below). | UP (FOO) e CV of Tn ing (with s and flag s 0, the CV of will also fter "Time the status o individually |



| Т | TIMER | Т |
|-----------|---------------------|---|
| Example 2 | Variable Time Timer | |

The preset value (PV) shown in example 1 is a constant which is equal to 1000. This value is fixed and can not be changed once programmed. In many circumstances, the preset time of the timers needs to be varied while PLC running. In order to change the preset time of a timer, can first use a register as the PV operand (R or D...) and then the preset time can be varied by changing the register content. As shown in this example, if set R0 to 100, then T becomes a 10S Timer, and hence if set R0 to 200, then T becomes a 20S Timer. So that we can easily change the timer dynamically while the PLC is running.

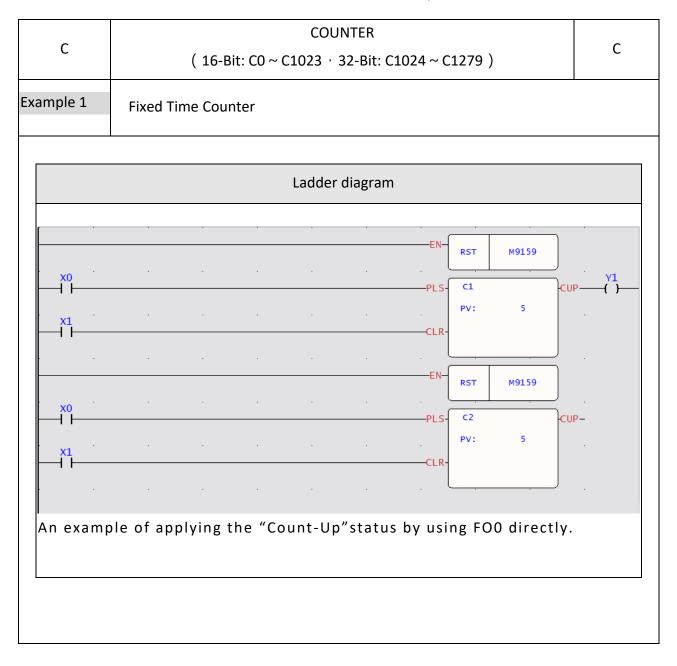


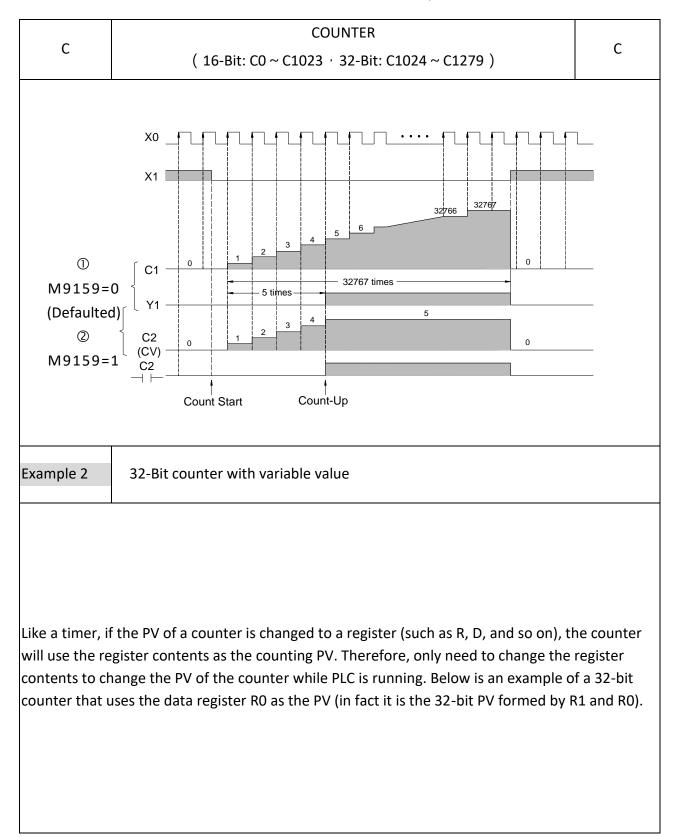
| т | TIMER | Т |
|-------------|--|---|
| ("EN" input | preset value of the timer is equal to 0, then the timer's contact status a must be at 1) immediately, after the PLC finishes its first scan because ' FUP) stays at 1 until "EN" input changes to 0. | |
| | , , | |

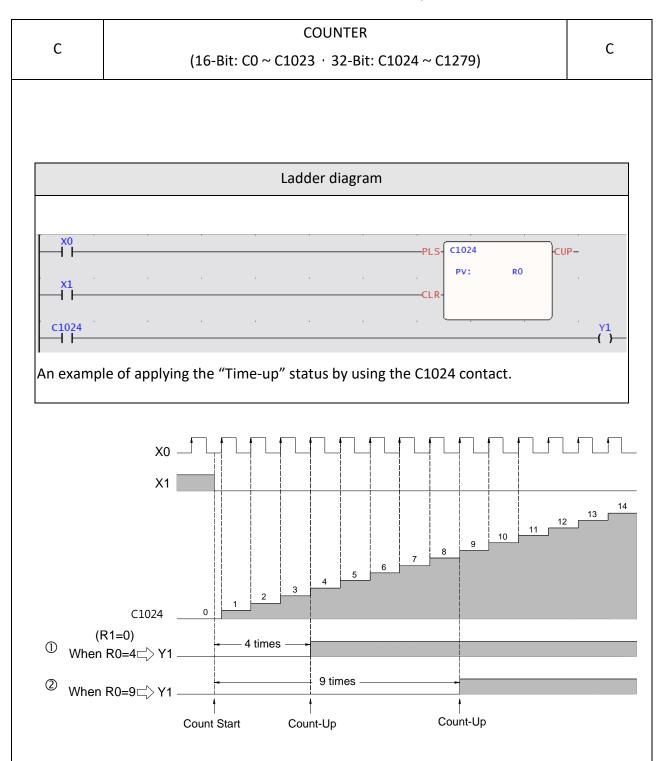
6-2 COUNTER(C)

| С | | | | | | COU | INTE | R | | | | | | C | |
|---------------------------|---------------------|---------|------------------|----------|----------|------------------|--------------|----------------|------------|------------|------------|----------------|------------|-------------|----|
| L | | | (16-I | Bit: CO | ~ C10 | 23, | 32-E | Bit: C1 | 024 ~ | - C12 | 79) | | | C | |
| Command | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Description | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Ŀ | adder s | symbol | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Clock — | PLS - | Cn | | -CUP-C | Count-UF | P(FO0) | | Oper | | | | | | | |
| | F | PV : | | | | | | Cn: T | | | | nber | | | |
| Clear control — | Clear control — CLR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | WX | WY | WM | WS | TM R | CT R | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | K | |
| F | Range | wx0 | W _Y 0 | WM0 | WS0 | T _. 0 | C0 | RO | R34 768 | R35 024 | R35 280 | R43 224 | D432 24 | 0 | |
| Operand | | WX1 | WY1 | WM2 | | | C1 27 | R34 | R34 | | R43 | | D119 | 0 32767 | |
| | | 008 | 008 | 9584 | 088 | 23 | 9 | 767 | 895 | | 223 | 319 | 99 | 52707 | |
| Cn PV | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | \mathbf{O} | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | |
| | | | | | | • | | • | | - | • | | | etween | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | vhen the | |
| | | | - | | | | | | | | | | | re Non- | ^ |
| | | | | or RUN | | | PLC | 510P | occu | rs, tri | ecv | value | will be | e reset to | 0 |
| | | | | counte | 0 | | ~C10 | 179) T | he ra | nge (| of the | nrese | et valu | e is | |
| | | | | | • | | | | | - | | • | | L279 are | |
| Non-I | Reten | tive Co | ounter | s. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| The a | bove | 16-bit | and 3 | 2-bit c | ounte | rs' re | tent | ive/no | on-re | tentiv | ve nui | mber | distrib | ution is tl | ıe |
| origir | nal fac | tory s | etting. | If this | does | not n | neet | your | need | s, you | ı can | use th | ie "Fra | me | |
| Confi | gurati | ion" fu | inctior | ı to adj | just. | | | | | | | | | | |
| To en | isure t | the pro | oper c | ounting | g fron | י C0~ | C102 | 24 <i>,</i> th | e sust | tain t | ime o | f inpu | t statu | is of CLK | |
| shoul | d grea | ater th | ian 1 s | can tin | ne. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | iency v | | | | | | | | 0Hz <i>,</i> f | or higł | her | |
| frequ | ency | please | use tł | ne high | -spee | d sof | t/ha | rdwar | re cou | inter. | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | COUNTER | С | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| C | (16-Bit: C0 ~ C1023 · 32-Bit: C1024 ~ C1279) | | | | | |
| Function | | | | | | |
| Description | | | | | | |
| When clears When essen the cure that i of the curre M915 and t contr M-Se Up"a set be count | a "CLR" is at 1, all of the contact Cn, FO0 (CUP), and CV value of the court ed to 0 and the counter stops counting. a "CLR" = 0, the counter is allowed to count, because the counter comm tially a "P command", so only when the counting pulse "PLS" changes fr arrent value CV of the counter Cn will increase by 1. Until "Count up" (C s, CV value \geq set value), the count up contact Cn and the count up fla e counter will both become 1. If there is still counting pulse input at this int value CV of Cn will exceed the set value and continue to accumulate is9=0), until it reaches the upper limit (32767 or 2147483647), and the C the counting flag CUP will As long as CV \geq PV, it will always be 1, unless t ol CLR input becomes 1. (Please refer the diagram ① below) ries PLC can set the M9159 to 1 so the CV will not accumulate further af and stops at the PV. M9159 default value is 0, therefore the status of M9 efore executing any counter instruction in the program to individually set there CV to continue accumulating or stops at the PV after "Count Up" (please in agram ② below). | and is rom 0 to 1, ount up, g CUP (FO0) time, the (when n contact he clear fter "Count 159 can be et the | | | | |



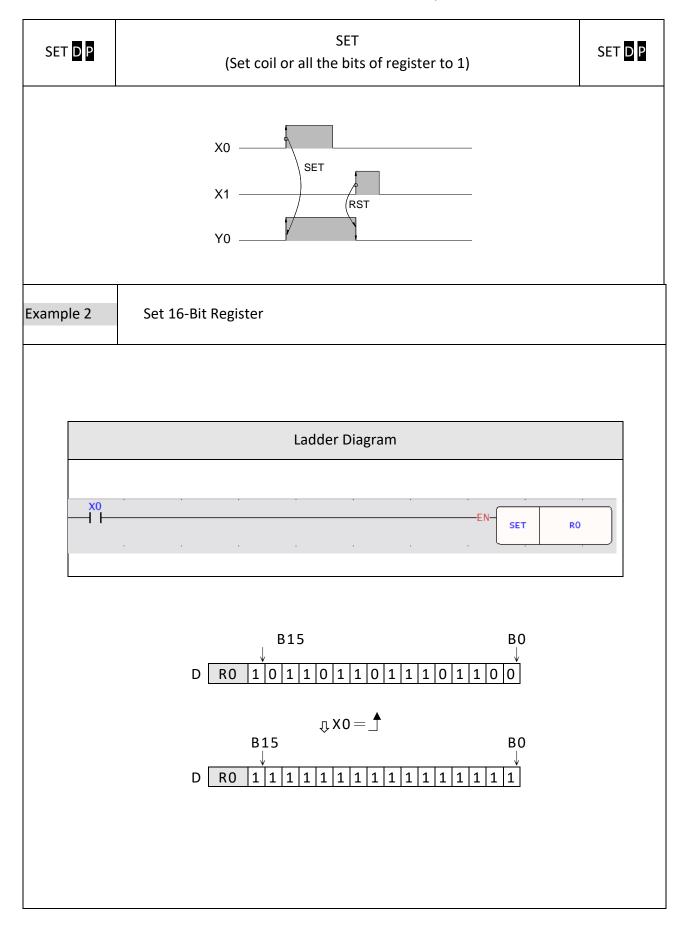


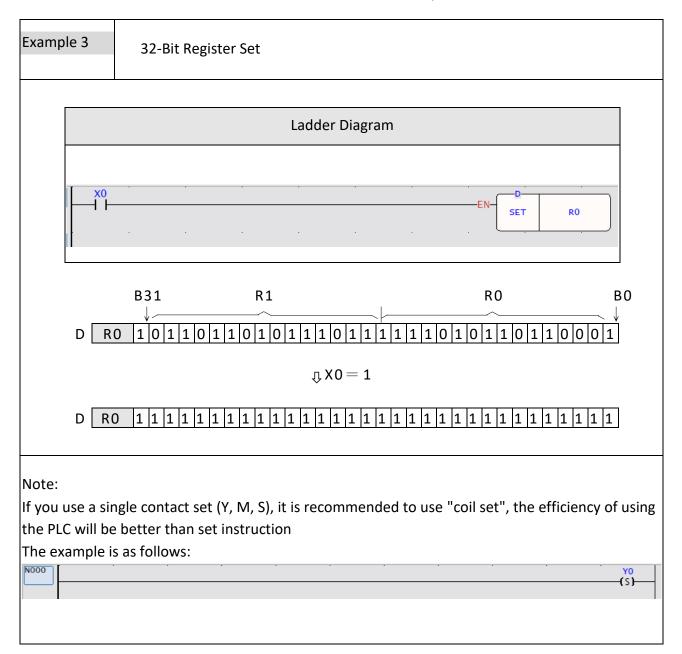


Note: If the preset value of the counter is 0 and "CLR" input also at 0, then the Cn contact status and FO0 (CUP) becomes 1 immediately after the PLC finishes its first scan because the "Count-Up" has occurred. It will stay at 1 regardless how the CV value varies until "CLR" input changes to 1.

6-3 SET(S)

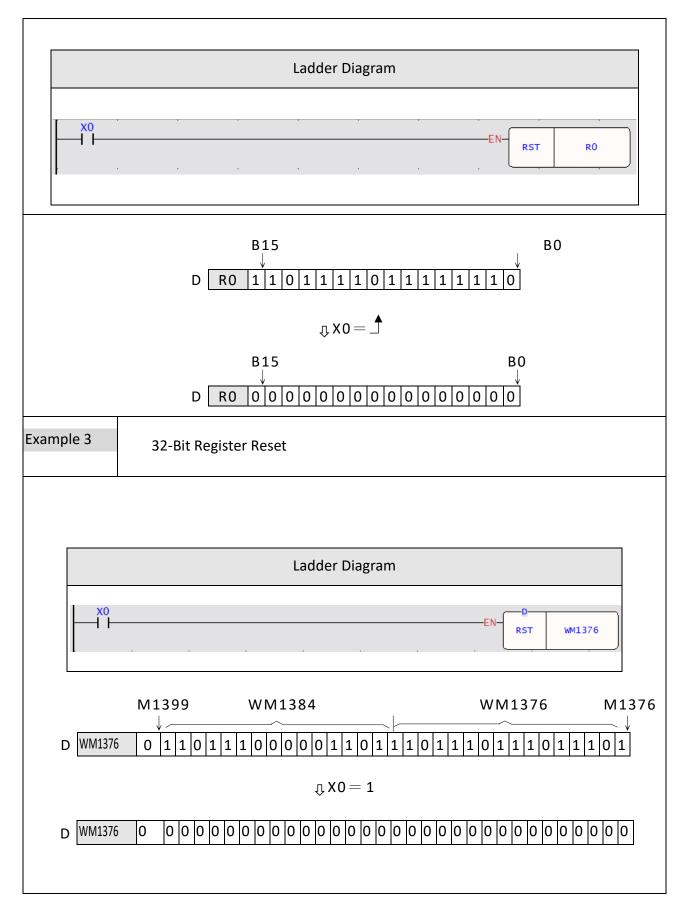
| SET D P | | | (| Set co | il or al | | ET pits of I | registe | er to 1) |) | | | SET | DP |
|--|-----------|--------------------|------------|----------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Command Description | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ladder symbol Operand DP D Set control - EN SET D (The number of a coil or a | | | | | | a regi | ister) | | | | | | | |
| | Y | М | SM | S | WY | WM | | TMR | CTR | HR | OR | SR | ROR | DR |
| Range | YO | M0 | M91 20 | S ₀ | W _Y 0 | WM Q | W\$0 | ΤO | C0 | RO | R350 24 | R352 80 | R402 80 | D0 |
| Operand | Y102 3 | M91 19 | M29 599 | S310 3 | WY1 008 | WM 2958 4 | WS3 088 | T102 4 | C128 0 | R347 67 | | | | D119 99 |
| D | 0 | 0 | 0* | 0 | 0 | Ö | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0* | 0* | 0 |
| | | set cor r to 1. | | EN" =1 | . or frc | om 0 - | → 1 (P | instruc | ction), | sets tl | ne bit | of a cc | il or a | ll bits |
| Example 1 | S | ingle (| Coil Se | t | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | La | dder [| Diagrar | n | | | | | | |
| x0 | • | | | • | • | | · | | | EN | SET | , | Y0 |) |
| | | | | | | | | | | | RST | | Y0 | |





6-4 RST(R)

| RST D P | | RESET (Reset the coil or the register to 0) | | | | | | | | RS | ST D P | | |
|--|---|--|-----------|------------|-------------|------------|------------------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Command Description | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ladder symbol Operand DP D Reset control – EN RST D (The number of a coil or a register) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Rang Y | M | SM | S | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | OR | SR | ROR | DR |
| e YO | M0 | M91 20 | S0 | WY0 | wмo | WS0 | T _I O | C0 | RO | R350 24 | R352 80 | R402 80 | D0 |
| Ope- ran Y102 | 2 M91 19 | M29 | S310 3 | WY1 023 | WM2 9584 | WS3 104 | T102 4 | C128 0 | R347 67 | R351 51 | | R484 71 | D119 99 |
| D O | 0 | 599 〇* | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0* | 0* | 0 |
| Description | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | When the reset control "EN" =1 or from 0 → 1 (P instruction), resets the coil or register to 0. | | | | | | gister | | | | | | |
| Example 1 | Single Coil Reset | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Please refer | Please refer to example 1 for the SET instruction | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Example 2 | 16-Bit Register Reset | | | | | | | | | | | | |



Y0 -(R)-

Note:

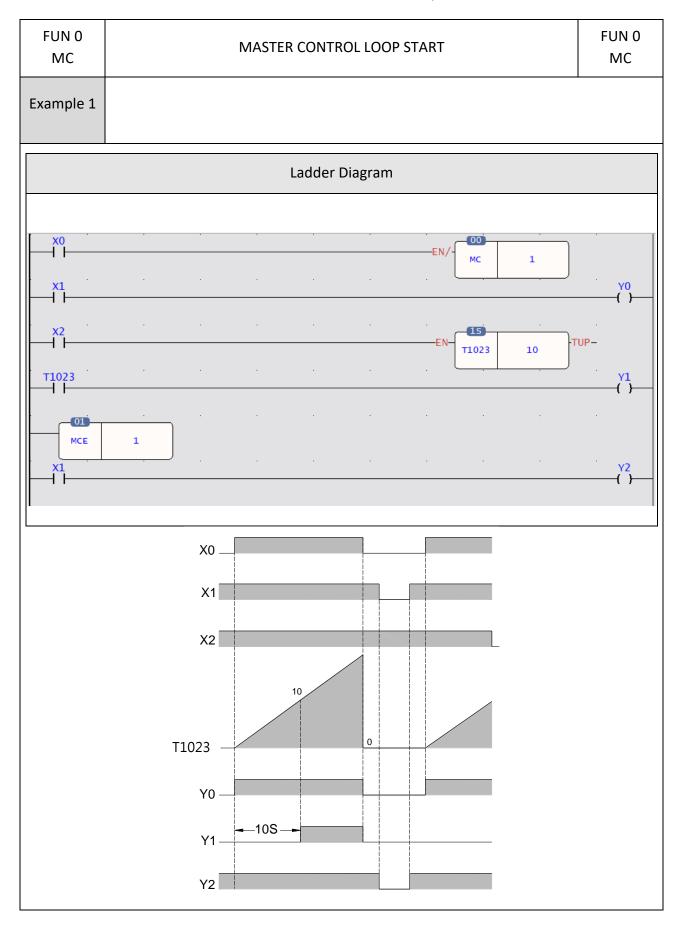
N000

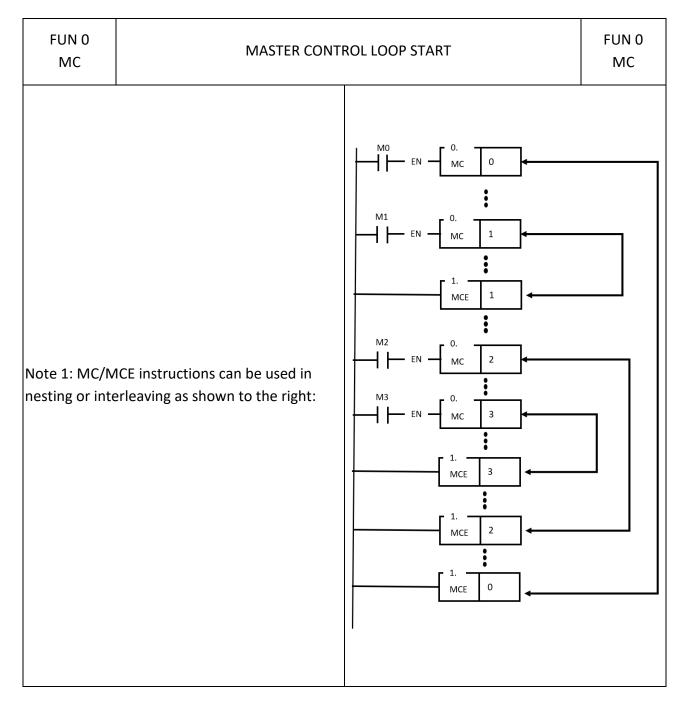
If you use a single contact reset (Y, M, S), it is recommended to use "coil reset", the efficiency of using the PLC will be better than set instruction

The example is as follows:

6-5 MASTER CONTROL(MC)

| FUN 0 MC | MASTER CONT | ROL LOOP START | FUN 0 MC | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Command Description | | | | | | |
| $\frac{\text{Ladder symbol}}{\text{Master control} - EN/- \left(\frac{0.}{MC} \right)} $ Master control - EN/- MC N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N | | | | | | |
| Description | | | | | | |
| N, mus numbe MCE N When t it does When t the MC or Time | t correspond to a Master Control E r as MC N. They must always be use instruction is after the MC N instruct he Master Control input "EN/" is 1, f not exist. he Master Control input "EN/" is 0, t N and MCE N is called the Master C | ~127). Every Master Control Start ins ind instruction, MCE N, which has the ed in pairs and you should also make stion. then this MC N instruction will not be the master control loop is active, the a Control active loop area. All the status p area will be cleared to 0. Other inst | e same loop sure that the executed, as area between s of OUT coils | | | |



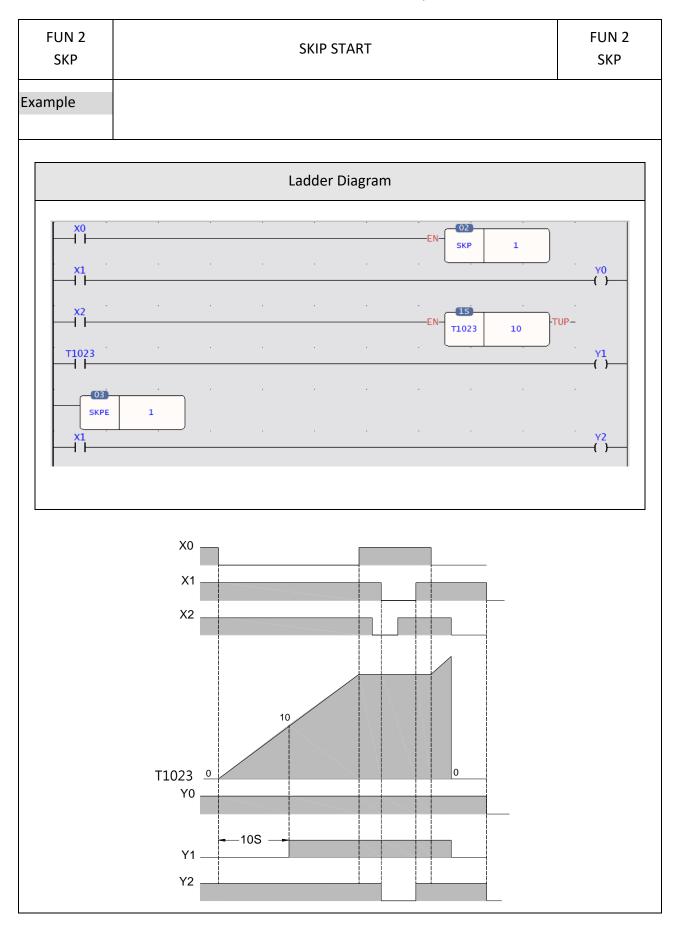


6-6 MASTER CONTROL END(MCE)

| FUN 1 MCE | MASTER CONT | TROL LOOP END | FUN 1 MCE |
|--|---|--|--|
| Command Description | | | |
| + | Ladder symbol 1. — MCE N | Operand N: Master Control End number (N=0 not be used repeatedly. | ~127) N can |
| used instru will b resun MCE netw execu progr | as a pair and you should also make uction. After the MC N instruction have e cleared to 0 and no other instruct ne until a MCE instruction which have instruction does not require an inp ork which other instructions can n uted then the master control opera | ter Control Start instruction. They mu sure that the MCE N instruction is af as been executed, all output coil statu cions will be executed. The program e is the same N number as MC N instruct out control because the instruction i not connect to it. If the MC instruction tion will be completed when the exe MC N instruction has never been es | ter the MC N us and timers execution will tion appears. tself forms a ion has been cution of the |
| Example 1 Pleas | e refer to the example and explana | tions for MC instruction. | |

6-7 SKIP(SKP)

| FUN 2 SKP | SKIP | FUN 2 SKP | |
|---|--|---|--|
| Command Description | | | |
| Skip contro | Ladder symbol | Operand N: Skip loop number (N=0~127), N can not be used repeatedly. | |
| to a s alway the S Wher equiv Wher the S exect | skip end instruction, SKPE N, which ys be used as a pair and you should KP N instruction. In the skip control "EN" is 0, then the valent SKP N command does not exi In the skip control "EN" is 1, the rang kip active loop area will be skipped | very skip start instruction, SKP N, mus has the same loop number as SKP I also make sure that the SKPE N instru- ne Skip Start instruction will not be st). e between the SKP N and SKPE N whi , that is all the instructions in this are e discrete or registers in this Skip act | N. They must uction is after executed (An ch is so called ea will not be |

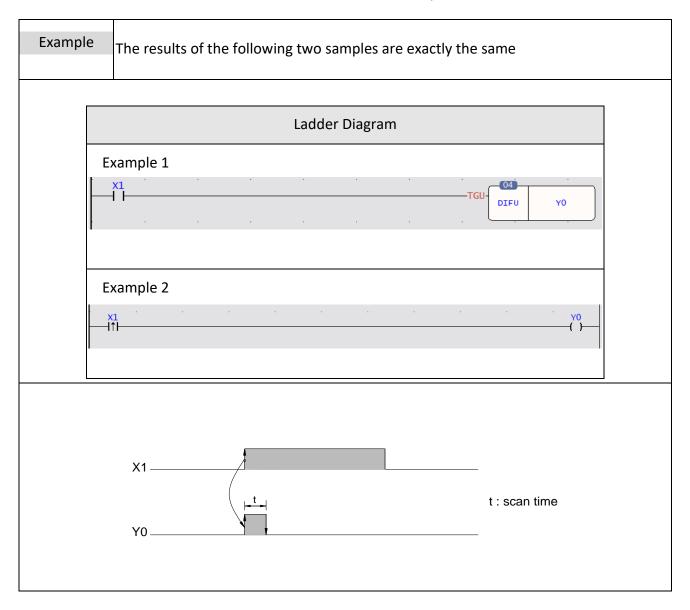


6-8 SKIP END(SKPE)

| FUN 3 SKPE | SKIF | PEND | FUN 3 SKPE | | | |
|--|--|------|---------------|--|--|--|
| Command Description | | | | | | |
| + | Ladder symbol Operand 3. N : SKIP END Loop number (N=0~127) N c SKPE N not be used repeatedly. | | | | | |
| Description | | | | | | |
| Every SKPE N must correspond to a SKP N instruction. They must always be used as a parand you should also make sure that the SKPE N instruction is behind the SKP N instruction. SKPE instruction does not require an input control because the instruction itself forms a network which other instructions can not connect to it. If the SKP N instruction has been executed then the skip operation will be completed when the execution of the program reaches the SKPE N instruction. If SKP N instruction has never been executed then the SKPE instruction will do nothing. | | | | | | |
| Example 1 | | | | | | |
| Please refer to the example and explanations for SKP N instruction. Note: SKP/SKPE instructions can be used by nesting or interleaving. The coding rules are the same as for the MC/MCE instructions. Please refer to the section of MC/MCE instructions. | | | | | | |

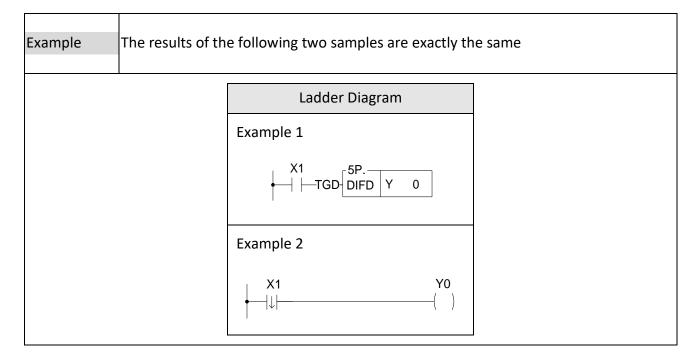
6-9 DIFFERENTIAL UP (DIFU)

| FUN 4 P DIFU | DIFFERE | FUN 4 P DIFU | | | | | |
|------------------------|--|---|----------------|--|--|--|--|
| Command Description | | | | | | | |
| Input status | Ladder symbol - 4 - TGU - DIFU D | Operand D: The specific coil number where the result of the Differential Up operation is stored. | | | | | |
| | Range Y0 | M SM S M0 M9120 S0 1958 M2959 S3104 3 9 S | | | | | |
| Description | | | | | | | |
| to "T "TGU | GU") and the pulse signal resulting " for one scan time is stored to a co | he up differentiation of a node statu g from the status change at the risin oil specified by D. also be achieved by using a TU contact | ng edge of the | | | | |



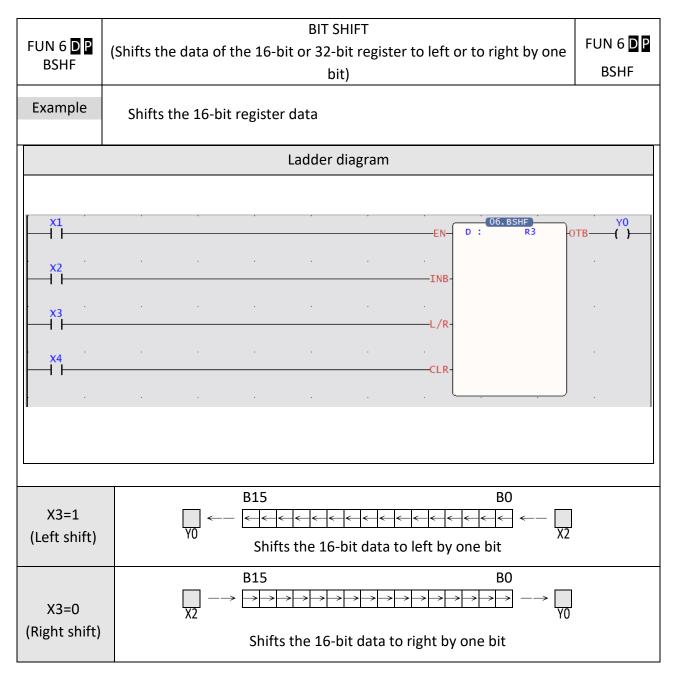
6-10 DIFFERENTIAL DOWN(DIFD)

| FUN 5 P DIFD | DIFFEREN | FUN 5 P DIFD | | | | | |
|------------------------|--|---|----------------|--|--|--|--|
| Command Description | | | | | | | |
| Input status | Ladder symbol 5 5 5 5 DIFD D | Operand D: The specific coil number where the result of the Differential Up operation is stored. | | | | | |
| | Range Y0 M Ope- rand Y102 M 3 | $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | | | | |
| Description | | | | | | | |
| to "T "TGD | GD") and the pulse signal resulting " for one scan time is stored to a co | e down differentiation of a node statu ; from the status change at the fallin oil specified by D. also be achieved by using a TD contact | ng edge of the | | | | |



| FUN 6 D F BSHF | (Shifts the da | ata of the 16- | -bit or 32 | SHIFT 2-bit re bit) | gister | to left | or to | right | by one | FUN 6 D P BSHF |
|--|--|--|---|---|---|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---|---|
| Commano Descriptio | | | | | | | | | | |
| Shift control - Fill-in bit - Shift direction - Clear control - | D : | DI OTB — Shift-out | bit (FO0) | D: Th | e regis | ster nu | | <u>erand</u> for sh | hifting | |
| | Range Operand D | WY WM WY0 WM0 WY1 WM2 008 9584 〇 〇 | WS0 T WS3 T | M CT R R TO CO 10 C1 23 280 0 0 | HR R0 R347 67 | OR R350 24 R351 51 | 80 | ROR R432 24 R473 19 ()* | DR D0 D11 999 | |
| cleared When the shi to righ when to left | n the status of cle d to 0. All other the status of cle ift control "EN" t (L/R=0) or to le shift to right) fo and MSB when n bit "INB". | input signals ear control is = 1 or from (eft (L/R=1) by r both cases | are invations of the second s | alid. at 0, the Instruct The sh sent to | en the tion), 1 ifted-o FO0. 1 | shift the da out bit The va | opera ta of t (MSB cated | tion is the re wher bit sp | s perm gister v n shift t pace (LS | issible. When vill be shifted o left and LSB SB when shift |

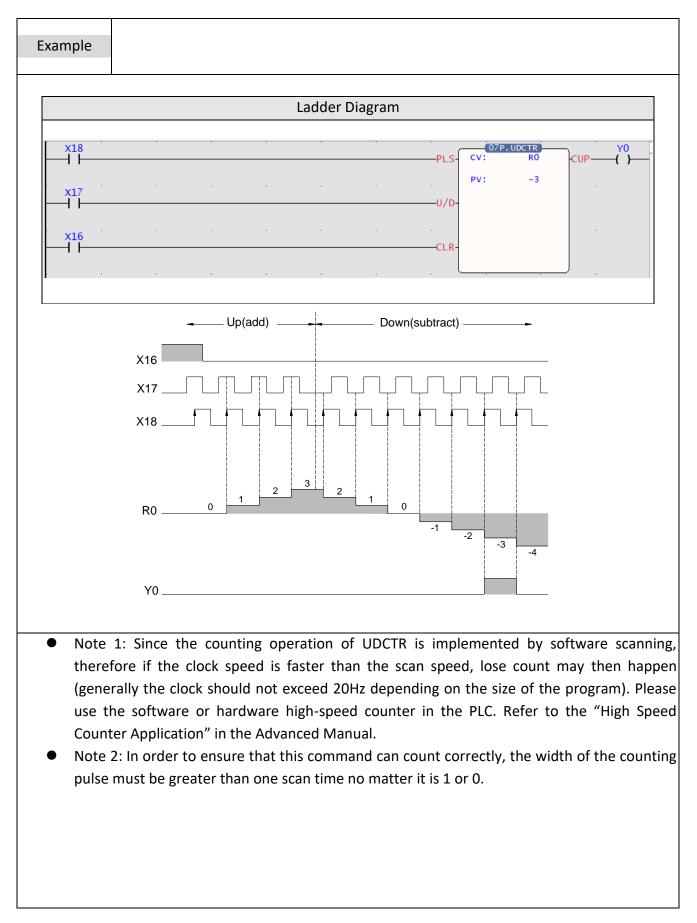
6-11 BIT SHIFT(BSHF)



6-12 UP/DOWN COUNTER(UDCTR)

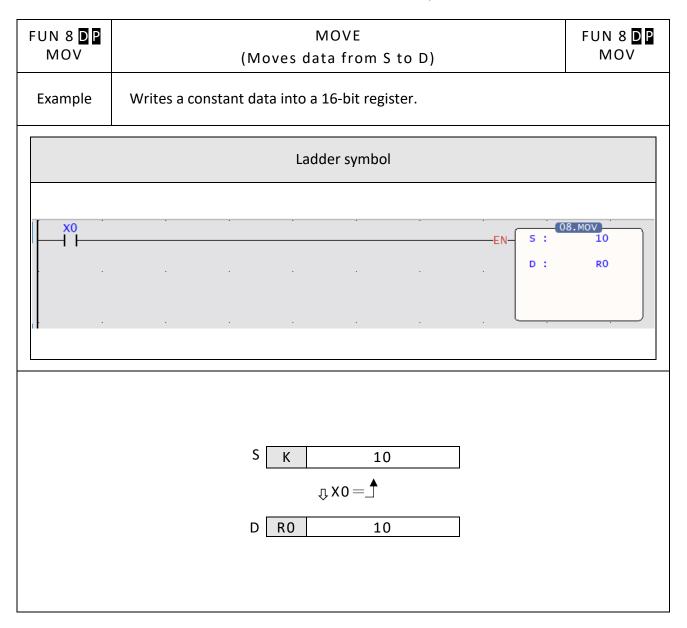
| FUN 7 D P UDCTR | UP/DOWN COUNTER (16-bit or 32-bit up and down 2-phase Counter) | FUN 7D P UDCTR |
|--|---|-----------------------------------|
| Command Description | | |
| Clock — Up/Down count — Clear counter — | U/D - PV : CLR - | s register |
| Range WX Ope WX ran WX d 008 CV PV 0 Description | $ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $ | D0 -bit +/- 0119 numb er |
| be ab • Wher is a P | the clear control "CLR" is 1, the counter's CV will be reset to 0 and the d e to count. the clear control "CLR" is 0, counting will then be allowed. The nature of instruction. Therefore, when the count-pulse "PLS" is from 0→1 (rising e increased by 1 (if U/D=1) or decreased by 1 (if U/D=0). | f the instruction |

- When CV=PV, FO0("Count-Up) will change to 1". If there are more clocks input, the counter will continue counting which cause CV≠PV. Then, FO0 will immediately change to 0. This means the "Count-Up" signal will only be equal to 1 if CV=PV, or else it will be equal to 0 (Care should be taken to this difference from the "Count-Up" signal of the general counter).
- The upper limit of up count value is 32767 (16-bit) or 2147483647 (32-bit). After the upper limit is reached, if another up-count clock is received, the counting value will become –32768 or -2147483648 (the lower limit of down count).
- The lower limit of down count value is -32767 (16-bit) or -2147483647 (32-bit). After the lower limit is reached, if another down count clock is received, the counting value will become 32768 or 2147483648 (the upper limit of up count).
- If U/D is fixed as 1, the instruction will become a single-phase up count counter. If U/D is fixed as 0, the instruction will become a single-phase down count counter.



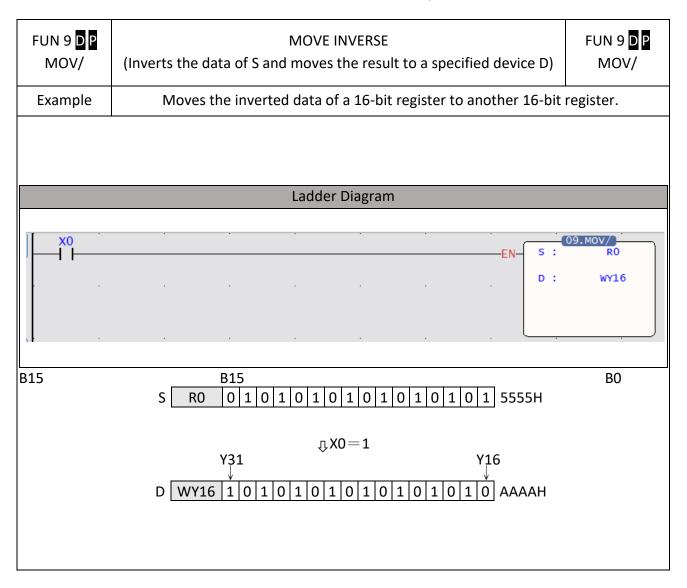
6-13 MOVE(MOV)

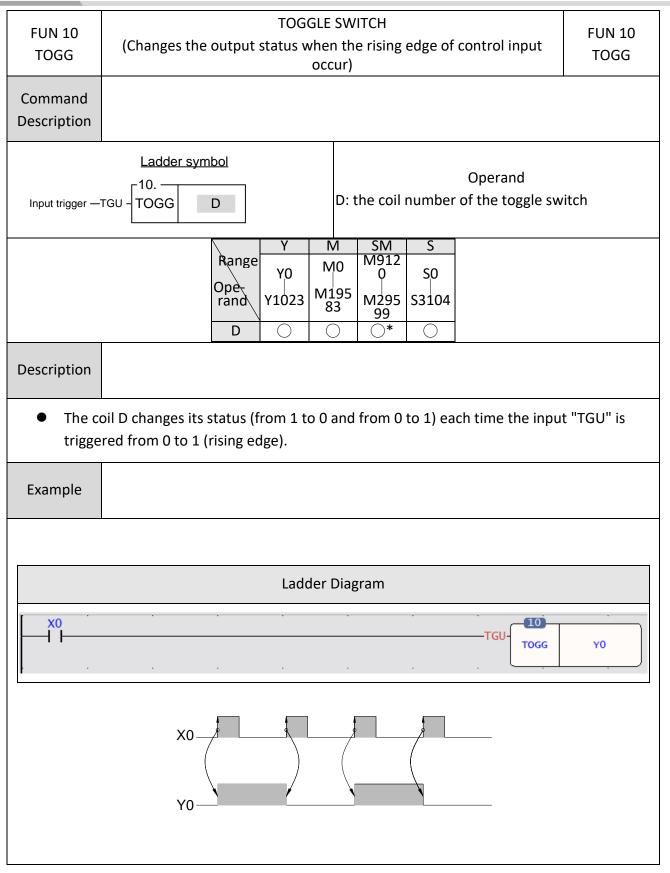
| FUN 8 MOV | | | | | (Mov | N es da | ЛОVE ta fro | m S t | o D) | | | | | 8 D P OV |
|------------------|------------|------------|---------------------|------------|-----------------------|------------|----------------|-------------------|--|----------------------------|------------|------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| Comma Descrip | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Mov | e cont | rol — E | EN - | | <u>er syı</u> .MO∖ | | D: [The | Destina S, D n | registe ation re nay cou ddress | er num egister mbine | numb | er | ~P9 to | serve |
| Rang | WX | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | К | XR |
| Ope- | wx0 | | WM0 | | то | C0 | RO | R347 68 | R350 24 | R352 80 | R432 24 | D0 | 16/3 2-bit | V × Z |
| ra n d | WX1 008 | WY1 008 | WM2 9584 | WS3 008 | T102 3 | C127 9 | R347 67 | R348 95 | R351 51 | R432 23 | R473 19 | D119 99 | +/– num ber | Р0-Р9 |
| S D | \bigcirc | 0 | | \bigcirc | | | | 0 | |) * | ○ ○* | | \bigcirc | \bigcirc |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Descrip | tion | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | |) the da P Instr | | | specifie | ed regi | ster D | when | the mo | ove coi | ntrol ir | nput "E | N" =1 or |



6-14 MOVE INVERSE(MOV/)

| FUN 9 MOV | | (Inve | erts the | e data o | of S an | MOV d mov | E INVE es the | | to a sp | e D) | FUN 9 D P MOV/ | | | |
|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|------------------------|--------------|
| Comm Descrip | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Move | contro | I — EN | – 9 | | - | | D: S, I | Destin D may | | er num egiste ne wit | r numb | ber | to serv | e |
| Range | WX | WY | WM | WS | Т | C | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | К | XR |
| Ope- rand | WX0 WX1008 | WY0 WY1008 | WM0 WY29584 | WS0 WS3088 | T0 T1023 | C0 C1279 | R0 R34767 | R34768 R34895 | R35024 R35151 | R35280 R43223 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | 16/32-bit +/-number | V,Z P0-P9 |
| S | | | | | | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | | | | \bigcirc | | \bigcirc |
| D | | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc | 0 | | 0 | * | * | \bigcirc | | \bigcirc |
| | verts | | | | | | | | | | - | _ | es the r Instruc | |



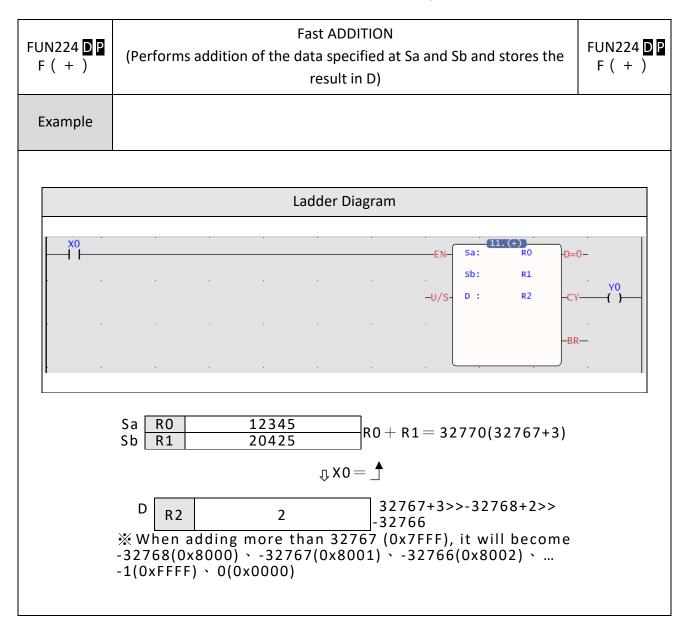


6-15 TOGGLE SWITCH(TOGG)

| FUN224 D F(+) | (Perf | orms a | idditio | n of th | e data | ADDI specif sult in | ied at | Sa and | Sb an | d store | es the | | 224 D P +) | |
|------------------------|----------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------------------------|---|-------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Command Descriptior | Suppo | rt aftei | ⁻ Uper | Logic: v | /_0.8.5 | 517 vis | ions | | | | | | | |
| Addition Cor | trol –EN | _224 | | rmbol PS.F(+) - | | Sb: D: of ⁻ Sa, | the ad Sb, D | nd ation r dition | egiste ombine | | ore the | e result: 0~P9 to | | |
| Range W | X WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | К | XR | |
| Ope- rand wx1 | | WM0 WY29584 | WS0 WS3088 | то Т1023 | C0 C1279 | R0 R34767 | R34768 R34895 | R35024 R35151 | R35280 R43223 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | 16/32-bit +/-number | V,Z P0-P9 | |
| Sa | | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | 0 | \bigcirc | |
| Sb 🤇 | | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | 0 | \bigcirc | |
| | | | | \bigcirc | \sim | | ○ ○* ○* ○ ○ | | | | | | | |

6-16 FAST ADDITION F (+)

| FUN224 | (Perfor | ms additio | Fast ADDI1 n of the data specif result in | he FUN22 F(+ | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|---|---|--|--------------------------|
| Description | | | | | | | | |
| Perfe | orms the fa | ast additio | n control "EN"=1 oi | r from C |)→1 (P cor | mmand) ar | nd the comm | and |
| set t | o signed (| S comman | d), add Sa and Sb | with th | e positive | and negat | tive number | (Sig |
| algoi | ithm and v | write the re | esult into D. | | | | | |
| Perfe | orms the fa | ast additio | n control "EN"=1 oi | r from C |)→1 (P cor | mmand) ar | nd the comm | and |
| cot t | o unsigned | l (U comm | and), use the positi | ve integ | ger (Unsig | ned) algori | thm to add S | Sa a |
| 3011 | | | | | | | | |
| | nd write th | e result in | D . | | | | | |
| Sb ai | | | D . on operation of FU | N11, th | e fast addi | tion opera | tion eliminat | es |
| Sb ai ● Com | pared with | the additi | | | | • | | |
| Sb ar Com the c | pared with overflow a | the additi nd underflo | on operation of FU | lags, so | the progr | am execut | ion time will | be |
| Sb an Com the c faste | pared with overflow and r than the | the additi nd underflo addition o | on operation of FU ow operations and f | lags, so and the | the progr e operatio | am execut n result wil | ion time will Il be the sam | be e as |
| Sb an Com the c faste the g | pared with overflow and r than the eneral ope | the additi nd underflo addition o | on operation of FU ow operations and f peration of FUN11, e result after the co | lags, so and the | the progr e operatio | am execut n result wil | ion time will Il be the sam | be e as |
| Sb an Com the o faste the g on th | pared with overflow and r than the eneral open re left side | a the additing addition o eration. Th of the figu | on operation of FU ow operations and f peration of FUN11, e result after the co | lags, so and the omputer | the progr operatio calculatio | am execut n result wil on is the sa | ion time will ll be the sam me as the re | be e as sult |
| Sb an Com the c faste the g on th In ac | pared with overflow and r than the eneral open re left side | a the additing addition o eration. Th of the figure calculatio | on operation of FU ow operations and f peration of FUN11, e result after the co ire below, | lags, so and the omputer | the progr operatio calculatio | am execut n result wil on is the sa | ion time will ll be the sam me as the re | be e as sult |
| Sb an Com the c faste the g on th In ac | pared with overflow and r than the general open re left side dition, the | a the additing addition o eration. Th of the figure calculatio | on operation of FU ow operations and f peration of FUN11, e result after the co ire below, | lags, so and the omputer | the progr operatio calculatio | am execut n result wil on is the sa | ion time will ll be the sam me as the re | be e as sult |
| Sb an Com the c faste the g on th In ac the r | pared with overflow and r than the general operation in left side dition, the numerical h | a the additi addition o eration. Th of the figu calculatio poundary. | on operation of FU ow operations and f peration of FUN11, e result after the co tre below, n result of the addit Augend Addend | lags, so and the omputer | the progr operatio calculatio | am execut n result wil on is the sa | ion time will Il be the sam me as the re be different | be e as sult |
| Sb an Com the c faste the g on th In ac the r R10 | pared with overflow and r than the eneral ope de left side dition, the unmerical here | a the additi addition o eration. Th of the figu calculatio poundary. 7FFFH | on operation of FU ow operations and f peration of FUN11, e result after the co ire below, n result of the addit | lags, so and the omputer | the progr operatio calculatio | am execut n result wil on is the sa | ion time will ll be the sam me as the re | be e as sult at |
| Sb an Com the c faste the g on th In ac the r R10 R11 | pared with overflow and r than the eneral ope de left side dition, the dition, the numerical b HEX HEX | a the addition of the figure calculation of the figure for the figure f | on operation of FU ow operations and f peration of FUN11, e result after the co tre below, n result of the addition Augend Addend fast addition operation | lags, so and the omputer tion ope | the progr operatio calculatio eration of | am execut n result wil on is the sa FUN11 will | ion time will Il be the sam me as the re be different addition | be e as sult at |
| Sb an Com the c faste the g on th In ac the r R10 R11 | pared with overflow and r than the eneral ope de left side dition, the dition, the numerical b HEX HEX | a the addition of the figure calculation of the figure for the figure f | on operation of FU ow operations and f peration of FUN11, e result after the co tre below, n result of the addition Augend Addend fast addition operation | lags, so and the omputer tion ope | the progr operatio calculatio eration of | am execut n result wil on is the sa FUN11 will | ion time will Il be the sam me as the re be different addition | be e as sult at |
| Sb an Com the c faste the g on th In ac the r R10 R11 R12 | pared with overflow and r than the eneral operation dition, the dition, the unmerical b HEX HEX HEX | a the additi addition o eration. Th of the figure calculatio poundary. 7FFFH 0001H 8000H | on operation of FU ow operations and f peration of FUN11, e result after the co re below, n result of the addir Augend Addend fast addition operation resualt | lags, so and the omputer tion ope | the progr operatio calculatio eration of | am execut n result wil on is the sa FUN11 will | ion time will Il be the sam me as the re be different addition | be e as sult at |



6-17 FAST SUBTRACTION F (-)

| FUN225 F (- | | (Per | forms | subtra | stores | | 225 D P -) | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------|---------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|------------------------|--------------|
| Comm Descrip | | Supp | ort afte | er Upe | erLogic | : v_0.8 | .517 v | isions | | | | | | |
| Addition | Contro | ol−EN- | _2250 | lder syn DPU/DP | <u>mbol</u> 2S.F(-) | | Sb: D: [sub Sa, | tractio | ahend ation ro on may co | egister ombine | | re the | results)~P9 to | |
| Range | WX | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | К | XR |
| Ope- rand | WX0 WX1008 | WY0 WY1008 | WM0 WY29584 | WS0 WS3088 | T0 T1023 | C0 C1279 | R0 R34767 | R34768 R34895 | R35024 R35151 | R35280 R43223 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | 16/32-bit +/-number | V,Z P0-P9 |
| Sa | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | \bigcirc |
| Sb | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | 0 | \bigcirc |
| D | | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | | \bigcirc | ○* | ○* | \bigcirc | | \bigcirc |
| Descrip | otion | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

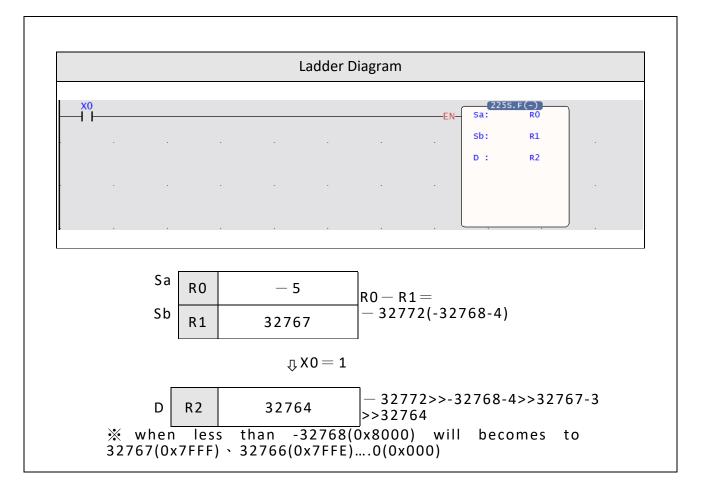
- When the subtraction control "EN"=1 or from 0→1 (P command) and the command is set to signed (S command), subtract Sa and Sb with the positive and negative number (Sign) algorithm and write the result into D.
- When the subtraction control "EN"=1 or from 0→1 (P command) and the command is set to unsigned (U command), subtract Sa and Sb with a positive integer (Unsigned) algorithm and write the result in D.
- Compared with the subtraction operation of FUN12, the fast subtraction operation eliminates overflow and underflow operations and flags, so the program execution time is faster than the subtraction operation of FUN12, and the operation result will be the same as the general operation. The result calculated by the computer is the same as the result on the left side of the figure on the next page, and it will also be different from the calculation result of the subtraction operation of FUN12 at the numerical boundary.

| FUN225 D | Ρ |
|----------|---|
| F (-) | |

Fast SUBTRACTION (Performs subtraction of the data specified at Sa and Sb and stores the result in D)

FUN225 D P F (-)

| 十六進制 | 8000H | 被減數 | | | | |
|-------|--------|--------------|----|------|-------|--------|
| 十六進制 | 0001H | 減數 | | | | |
| 十六進制 | 7FFFH | 快速減法運算 結果 | R5 | 十六進制 | FFFFH | 減法運算結果 |
| | | | | | | |
| 十進制 | -32768 | 被減數 | | | | |
| 十進制 | 1 | 減數 | | | | |
| 十進制 | 32767 | 快速減法運算 結果 | R5 | 十進制 | -1 | 減法運算結果 |
| | 1 | | | | | |
| ampla | | | | | | |
| ample | | | | | | |



| FUN11 (+ |) | (Perf | orms a | dditio | n of th | e data | DDITIC specif sult in | ied at : | Sa and | Sb an | d store | es the | | 11 D P +) |
|----------------------|--------------------|------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| Descript | tion | | adder sy | | | | 5-1 | Auger | ad | 0 | peran | d | | |
| Addition c Unsigr | control — | EN - Sa | a : | -D= - C | :0 — Sum Y — Carr R — Borr | y(FO1) | Sb: D: of ⁻ Sa, | Adder Destin the ad Sb, D | nd ation r dition | ombine | | | e result: 0~P9 to | |
| Range | WX | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | К | XR |
| Ope- rand | WX0 WX1008 | WY0 | WM0 WY29584 | WS0 | T0 T1023 | C0 C1279 | R0 R34767 | R34768 | R35024 | R35280 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | 16/32-bit +/-number | V,Z P0-P9 |
| Sa | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc | 0 | 0 | \bigcirc | \bigcirc |
| Sb | \bigcirc | 0 | 0 | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc |
| D | | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | | \bigcirc | • | • | \bigcirc | | \bigcirc |
| Descript | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

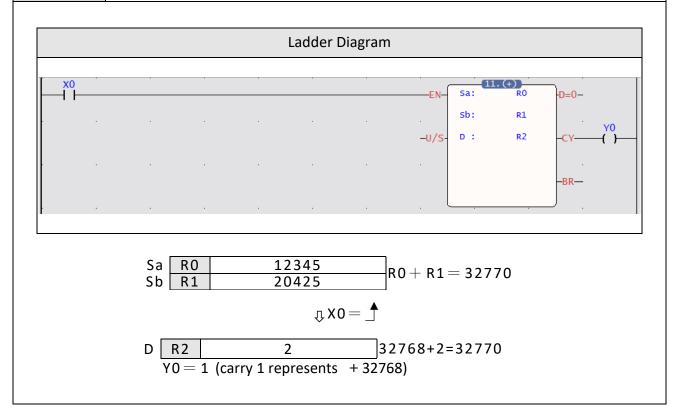
6-18 ADDITION (+)

....

Performs the addition of the data specified at Sa and Sb using signed number and writes the results to a specified register D when the add control input "EN" =1 or from 0 to 1 (presented instruction) and "U/S" = 0. If the result of addition is equal to 0 then set FO0(D = 0) to 1. If carry occurs (the result exceeds 32767 or 2147483647) then set FO1(CY) to 1. If borrow occurs (adding negative numbers resulting in a sum less than -32768 or -2147483648), then set the FO2(BR) to 1. All the FO statuses are retained until this instruction is executed again and overwritten by a new result.

Performs the addition of the data specified at Sa and Sb using unsigned number and writes the results to a specified register D when the add control input "EN" =1 or from 0 to 1 (primetric instruction) and "U/S" = 1. If the result of addition is equal to 0 then set FO0(D = 0) to 1. If carry occurs (the result exceeds 65535 or 4294967295) then set FO1(CY) to 1

| FUN11 D P (+) | ADDITION (Performs addition of the data specified at Sa and Sb and stores the result in D) | FUN11 D P (+) |
|------------------|--|------------------|
| Example | | |



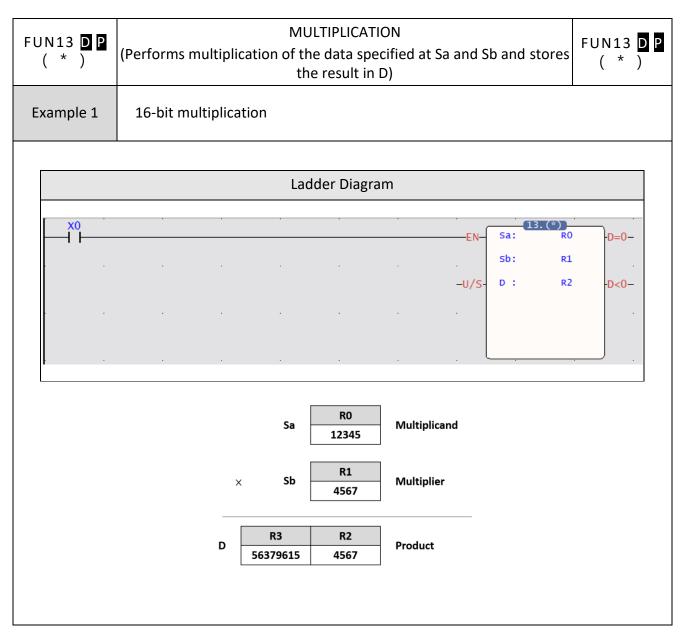
| UN12 (- | | (Per | forms | subtra | iction d | of the d | TRAC ata sp result | pecifie | d at Sa | and Sl | o and s | tores | | 12 D -) |
|-----------------------|--|---|---------------------------------------|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|---------------------------------------|--|---|--------------------------------|
| Symt | ool | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Subtractior Unsi | n control — ign/Sign — | EN - Sa | dder sym 2DP.(-) — a : b : | - D=0 - CY | — Differen — Carry(F — Borrow | O1) | Sb: D: I Sa, | of the | ahend ation re subtra may co | egister action mbine | | re the | results)~P9 to | |
| Range | WX | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | К | XR |
| Ope- rand | WX0 WX1008 | WY0 WY1008 | WM0 WY29584 | WS0 | T0 T1023 | C0 C1279 | R0 R34767 | R34768 R34895 | R35024 | R35280 | R43224 | D0 D11999 | 16/32-bit +/-number | V,Z P0-P9 |
| Sa | | | | | | \bigcirc | | | | | | | | \bigcirc |
| Sb | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | \bigcirc |
| D | | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | | \bigcirc | * | ○* | \bigcirc | | \bigcirc |
| th ins ca +3 | erform e resu structi rry occ | lts to a on) an curs (s or +21 | a speci Id "U/S Ubtrac 47483 | fied re 5" =0". ting a 647), t | gister If the i negativ hen se | D wher result c ve num t FO1((| n the s of subt ber fr CY) to | subtrac traction om a p 1. If bo | ct cont n is eq positive prrow | rol inp ual to (e numl occurs | ut "EN 0 then oer and (subtr | " =1 or set FC d the r acting | per and r from (00(D=0) esult es a posit | 0 to 1 (to 1. If xceeds |
| nu 21 | ımber .47483 | from a 8648), | a negat then s | tive nu et FO2 | imber (BR) to | and the | e resu the FC | lted di [.] D statu | fferend | e is le | ss thar | -3276 | - | |

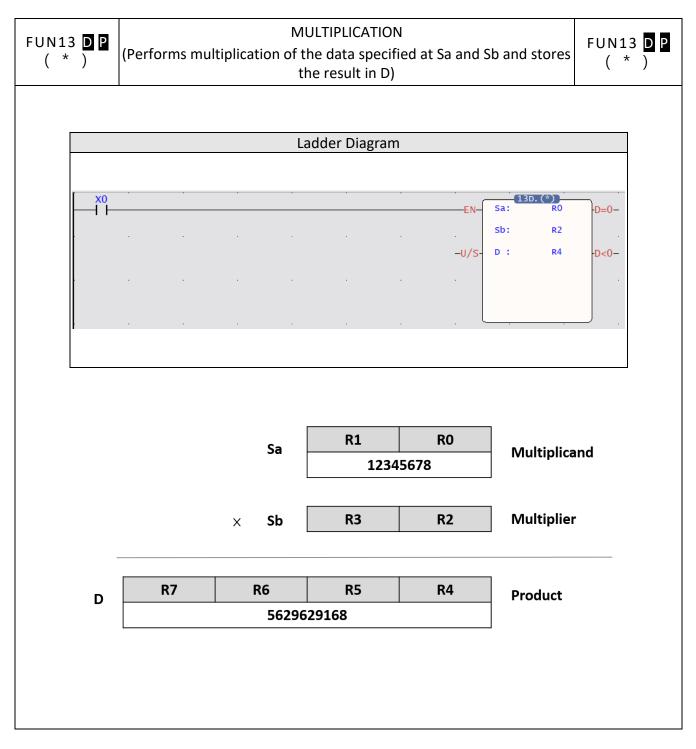
6-19 SUBTRACTION (-)

| FUN12 D P (-) | SUBTRACTION (Performs subtraction of the data specified at Sa and Sb and stores the result in D) | FUN12 D P (-) |
|--------------------|---|---------------------|
| "U/S' and v | n the subtraction control "EN"=1 or from 0→1 (P command =1, subtract Sa and Sb with the positive integer (Unsign) write the result to D. At the same time, if the difference is is set to 1, and if a borrow occurs (Sa-Sb<0), FO2 (BR) is | algorithm 0, FO0 |
| Example | | |
| | Ladder Diagram | |
| | EN- Sa: R0 Sb: R1 -U/S- D : R2 -BR- | |
| | Sa R0 -5 Sb R1 32767 x0 = 1 R0 - R1 = -32772 | |
| | D R2 -4 $-32768 - 4 = -32772$ Y2 = 1 (borrow 1 represents - 32768) Please refer to section 5.5 | on |

| Command Description | VWY WY0 WY1008 | <u>-adder sy</u> 13DP.(*) Sa : Sb : D : U : | - D= | 0 — Produc 0 — Produc 0 — Produc | CTR CTR C0 C1279 | Ve HR R0 R3476 | Sa, Sb, D ndirect | OR R35024 R35151 | d registe iplicati combin | ion | ore the | | |
|---|--|--|---|---|--|---|---|---|--|--|---|---|--|
| Unsign/Sign Range WX Ope- rand wx1008 Sa | VWY WY0 WY1008 | 13DP.(*) Sa : Sb : D : WM | - D= - D< - D< | TMR | CTR CTR C0 C1279 | Ve HR R0 R3476 | Sb: Mult D: Destin of th Sa, Sb, D ndirect | OR R35024 R35151 | d registe iplicati combin ssing SR | er to st ion ne with ROR R43224 | ore the V, Z, F DR | PO~P9 t K | XR v,z |
| Ope- rand WX1008 | WY0 WY1008 | WMO | WS0 | T0 T1023 | C0 C1279 | R0 R3476 | R34768 7 R34895 | R35024 R35151 | R35280 | R43224 | D0 | 16/32-bit | V,Z |
| Sa | WY1008 | | WS3088 | T1023 | C1279 | R3476 | 7 R34895 | R35151 | | | | | |
| | 0 | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sb 🔿 | \cap | | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc |
| | 0 | 0 | \bigcirc | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | \bigcirc | \bigcirc |
| D | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | ○* | ○* | 0 | | 0 |
| writes from (FO0(D Perfor writes from (| s the re O to 1 (D=O) to rms the s the re | instru 1. If the multip sults to instru | o a spe iction) e prod blicatic o a spe | ecified and "L luct is a on of th ecified | registo J/S" = a negat ne data registo | er D 0. If t tive r spec er D | ecified a when th he prod number, cified at when th he prod | ne mult luct of then s Sa and ne mult | tiplicat multip et FO1 Sb usi tiplicat | ion con lication L(D<0) ng the ion con | ntrol ir n is equ to 1. unsigr ntrol ir | nput "E ual to 0 ned nur nput "E | EN" =1) then : mber a EN" =1 |

6-20 MULTIPLICATION (*)



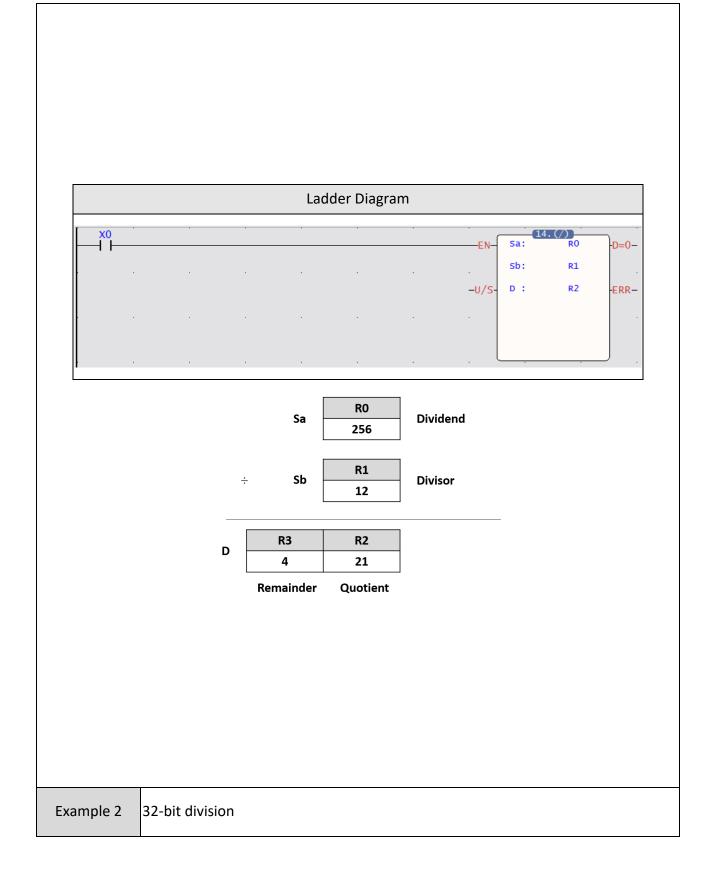


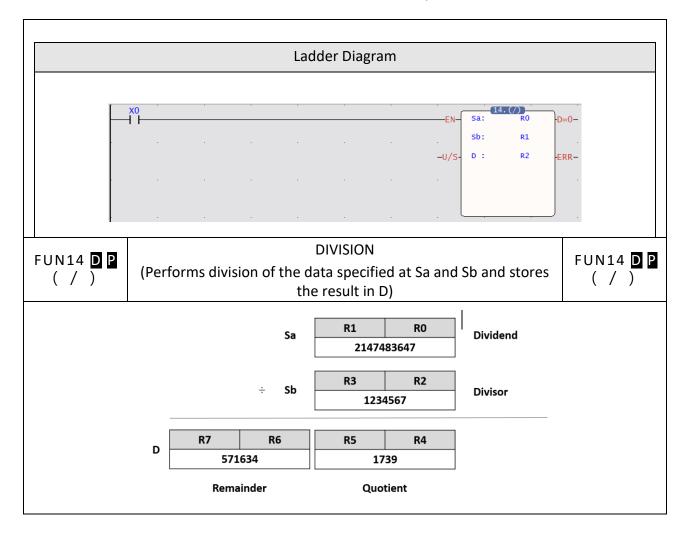
| FUN14 D P (/) | (Pe | rforms | s divisi | on of t | he dat | OIVISIO ta spec result i | ifie | | nt Sa ar | nd Sb a | and sto | ores | FUN14 D P (/) | | | |
|----------------------------|--|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------|--------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|------------------------|--------------|--|--|
| Command Description | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Ladder symbol Operand Division control EN Sa : D=0 Quotient=0 (FO0) Sb : D: D: Unsign/Sign U/S D : ERR Divisor is 0 (FO1) Sa, Sb, D may combine with N serve indirect addressing | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Range WX | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | I | R | OR | SR | ROR | DR | К | XR | | |
| Ope- rand wx0 wx1008 | WY0 WY1008 | WM0 WY29584 | WS0 WS3088 | T0 T1023 | C0 C1279 | R0 R34767 | R34 R34 | 768 895 | R35024 R35151 | R35280 R43223 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | 16/32-bit +/-number | V,Z P0-P9 | | |
| Sa 🔿 | 0 | 0 | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | (|) | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | | |
| Sb 🔾 | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | C | \mathbf{D} | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | | |
| D | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | | | \bigcirc | ○* | ○* | \bigcirc | | \bigcirc | | |
| Description | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

6-21 DIVISION (/)

- Performs the division of the data specified at Sa and Sb using the signed number and writes the results to a specified register D when the multiplication control input "EN" =1 or from 0 to 1 (P instruction) and "U/S" =0. If the quotient of division is equal to 0 then set FO0 to 1. If the divisor Sb=0 then set the error flag FO1 to 1 without executing the instruction.
- Performs the division of the data specified at Sa and Sb using the unsigned number and writes the results to a specified register D when the multiplication control input "EN" =1 or from 0 to 1 (P instruction) and "U/S" =1. If the quotient of division is equal to 0 then set FO0 to 1. If the divisor Sb=0 then set the error flag FO1 to 1 without executing the instruction.

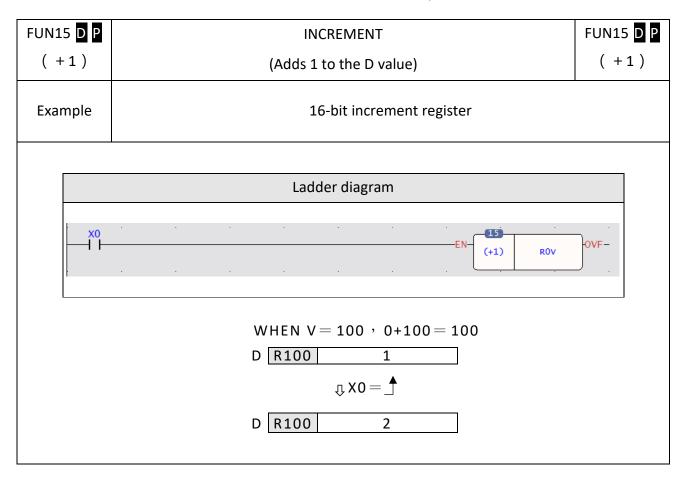
| FUN14 D P (/) | DIVISION (Performs division of the data specified at Sa and Sb and stores the result in D) | FUN14 D P (/) |
|--------------------|--|--------------------|
| Example 1 | 16-bit division | |





| FUN15 D P | | | | INCRE | MEN | Т | | | FU | N15 D P |
|--------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|----------------------------|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|--------------|
| (+1) | | | (Ad | ds 1 to t | he D | value) | | | | (+1) |
| Command Description | | | | | | | | | | |
| Increment contro | | | | — Overflow | (FO0) | D: The regi D may com indirect ad | ster to l bine wi | th V, Z, F | |) serve |
| Range W | Y WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HF | R OR | SR | ROR | DR | XR |
| Ope- rand WY1 | | WS0 WS3088 | T0 T1023 | C0 C1279 | R0 R3476 | R35024 57 R35151 | R35280 R43223 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | V,Z P0-P9 |
| D | | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | С | | * | * | \bigcirc | \bigcirc |
| instru 21474 32768 | 1 to the reg ction). If the 183647, add 3 or -214748 e refer to Se | e value o ling one 33648. A | of D is alı to this v .t the sar | ready at alue wil me time | the u I char , the o | upper limit nge it to the overflow fla | of positi lower l | ve numt imit of n | oer 3276 egative | 57 or |

6-22 INCREMENT (+1)



| FUN16 D P | | | | | DECRE | MENT | | | | F | UN16 D P | |
|---|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------|--|
| (-1) | | | | (Subtra | cts 1 fro | m the D | value) | | | | (-1) | |
| Command Description | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Decrement c | ontrol — E | ſ ^{16DF} | | | — Underflc | ow(FO0) | D : The r D may co indirect | ombine | with V, Z | creased |) to serve | |
| Range | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | XR | |
| Ope- rand | WY0 WY1008 | WM0 WY29584 | WS0 WS3088 | T0 T1023 | C0 C1279 | R0 R34767 | R35024 R35151 | R35280 R43223 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | V,Z P0-P9 | |
| D | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | ○* | ○* | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | |
| Description Subtracts 1 from the register D when the decrement control input "EN" =1 or from 0 to 1 (P instruction). If the value of D is already at the lower limit of negative number -32768 or -2147483648, subtracting one from this value will change it to the upper limit of positive number 32767 or 2147483647. At the same time, the underflow flag FO0 (UDF) is set to 1. Please refer to section 5.4 for detailed description of missing bits. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Ladder | diagram | l | EN- | (-1) | RO | -UDF- | |

6-23 DECREMEMT (-1)

| FUN16 D P | DECREMENT | FUN16 D P |
|-----------|--------------------------------|-----------|
| (-1) | (Subtracts 1 from the D value) | (-1) |
| | | |
| | D RO O | |
| | л Х0 = | |
| | D R0 -1 | |
| | | |

6-24 COMPARE(CMP)

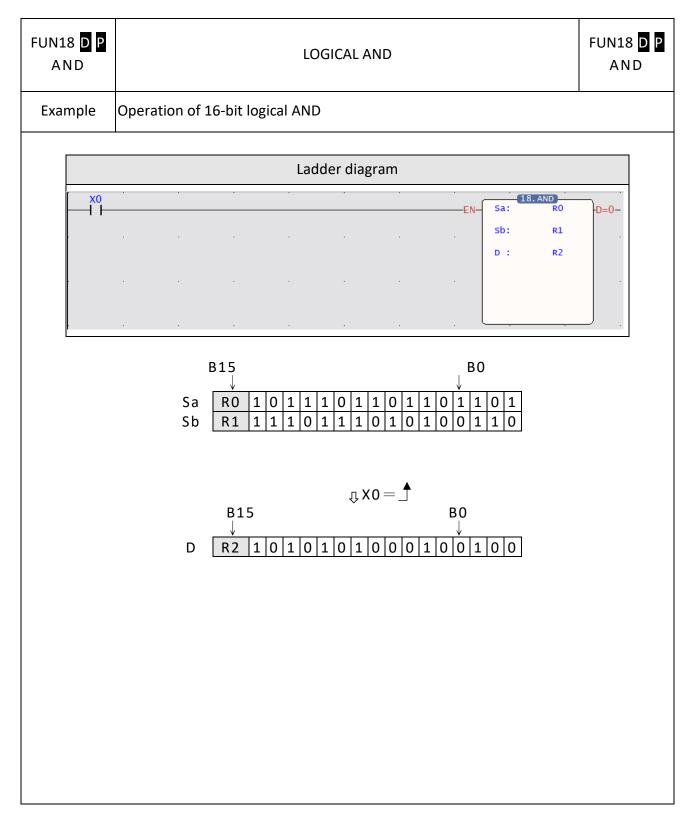
| FUN17 D P CMP | (Co | mpa | ares th | ie data | a of Sa | and S | MPAR b and utputs | output | s the r | results | to fur | nction | | N17 D P CMP |
|---|------|--------|-------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| Command Description | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $\begin{array}{c} Ladder symbol \\ Compare control - EN \\ Unsign/Sign - U/S \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 17DP.CMP \\ Sa : \\ Sb : \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ $ | | | | | | | | | | | | P9 to s | serve | |
| Range W | X V | /Y | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | K | XR |
| w w | ko w | Y0 | wмо | WS0 | то | C0 | RO | R347 68 | R350 24 | R352 80 | R432 24 | D0 | 16/3 2 bit | V ` Z |
| Opè- ran d | | | WM2 9584 | WS3 088 | T102 3 | C127 9 | R347 67 | R348 95 | R351 51 | R432 23 | R473 19 | D119 99 | +/- num ber | Р0~Р 9 |
| Sa C Sb C | |)) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 00 | 0 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Description | | | | | · | | | · | | | | | | |

| Comp | ares the data of Sa and Sb using signed number when the compare cont | trol input "EN" |
|--------------------------|--|-----------------|
| =1 or | from 0 to 1 (P instruction) and "U/S" =0. If the data of Sa is equal to Sb | , then set FO0 |
| to 1. | f the data of Sa>Sb, then set FO1 to 1. If the data of Sa <sb, f<="" set="" th="" then=""><th>O2 to 1. If the</th></sb,> | O2 to 1. If the |
| data d | of Sa < Sb, then set the FO2 to 1. | |
| Comp | ares the data of Sa and Sb using unsigned number when the compare | control input |
| "EN" : | =1 or from 0 to 1 (P instruction) and "U/S" =1. If the data of Sa is equal t | to Sb, then set |
| FO0 t | o 1. If the data of Sa>Sb, then set FO1 to 1. If the data of Sa <sb, s<="" th="" then=""><th>et FO2 to 1. If</th></sb,> | et FO2 to 1. If |
| the da | ata of Sa < Sb, then set the FO2 to 1. | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | COMPARE | |
| FUN17 D P | (Compares the data of Sa and Sb and outputs the results to function | FUN17 D P |
| СМР | Outputs) | СМР |
| | | |
| Example | Compares the data of 16-bit register | |
| | | |

| • | • | • | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|---|---|--|---|---|---|
| | | | • | | EN | 17. Sa: | CMP R0 | -a=b- |
| | | | | | | Sb: | R1 | |
| | | | | | -U/S- | | | -a>b- |
| | | | | | | | | a <b(td="" }-<=""></b(> |
| | | | | | , L | | | J . |
| | | | | | | | please s | end = \cdot < ar |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| data by e since a< u want f | data by executin since a <b. u want to have t</b. | data by executing the CM since a <b. u want to have the comp</b. | data by executing the CMP instruc since a <b. u want to have the compound res</b. | data by executing the CMP instruction. The since a <b. u want to have the compound results, suc</b. | data by executing the CMP instruction. The FOO and since a <b. u want to have the compound results, such as \geq 、</b. | data by executing the CMP instruction. The FOO and FO1 a since a <b. u want to have the compound results, such as \geqq 、 \le 、 <</b. | data by executing the CMP instruction. The FO0 and FO1 are set t since a <b.< td=""><td>u want to have the compound results, such as \geq 、 \leq 、 < > etc., please s</td></b.<> | u want to have the compound results, such as \geq 、 \leq 、 < > etc., please s |

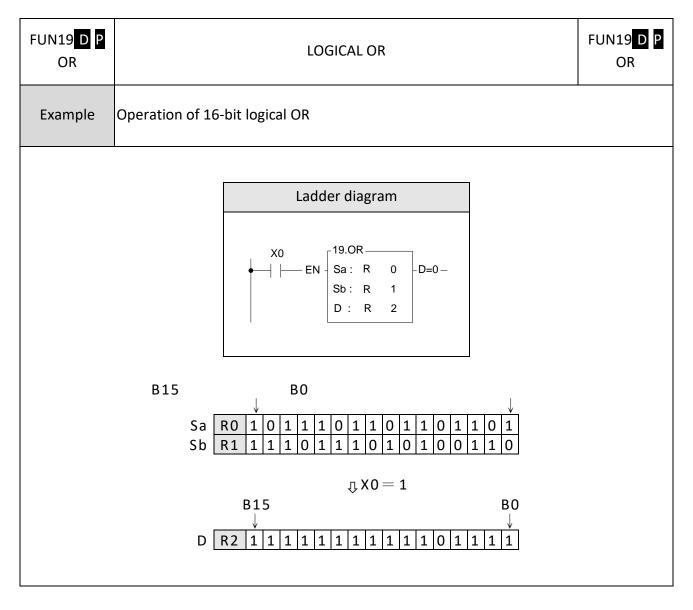
6-25 LOGICAL AND(AND)

| FUN18 D AND | P | | LOGICAL AND | | | | | | | | | | | | .8 D P N D |
|----------------------|--|-------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|---|----------------------|
| Commar Descriptio | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Operatior | Ladder symbol Operand Operation control - EN Sa : D=0 - Result is 0 (FO0) Sb : D : D : D : D : D : WX WY WM WS WX WY WM WS TM CTR HR IR OR SR ROR DR | | | | | | | | | | h V, Z, P | 0~P9 | | | |
| | | WX | WY | WM | WS | TM R | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | К | |
| Ra Op rar d | | WX0 WX1 008 | WY1 008 | WM0 WM2 9584 | WS0 WS3 088 | 23 | C0 C127 9 | R0 R34 67 | 68 7 R34 95 | 7 R350 24 8 R351 51 | 80 | 24 R473 19 | D0 D11 999 | 16/32 bit +/- numbe r | |
| | Sa Sb D | 00 | 000 | 000 | 000 | 000 | 000 | 000 | 0 | 000 | 0 0 0* | 0 0 0* | 000 | 0 | |
| Descripti | ion | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| "E Sa | EN" = a and | 1 or fr Sb (B | om 0 0~B15 | to 1 (<mark>P</mark> or B0^ | instru ′B31). | ctior The | n). Thi bit in | s op the | eratio D is se | n comp t to 1 i | oares t f both | he cor of the | respo corre | n contro Inding bi Ispondin bits is 0. | its of ng bit |



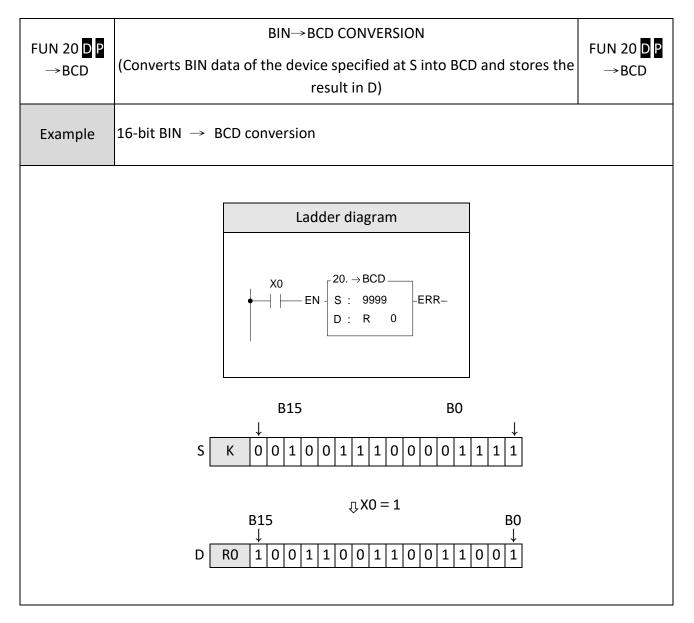
6-26 LOGICAL(OR)

| FUN19 O | | | | | | LO | GICAL | OR | | | | | | 9 D P DR |
|--|---|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|------------------------|--------------|
| Comn Descri | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Oper | Ladder symbol Operand Operation control - EN Sa : D=0 - Result is 0 (FO0) Sb : D : D : D : D : D : Range WX WY WM WS TMR CTR HR IR OR SR ROR DF | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Range | WX | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | К | XR |
| Ope- rand | WX0 WX1008 | WY0 WY1008 | WM0 WY29584 | WS0 WS3088 | T0 T1023 | C0 C1279 | R0 R34767 | R34768 R34895 | R35024 R35151 | R35280 R43223 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | 16/32-bit +/-number | V,Z P0-P9 |
| Sa | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | 0 | 0 | \bigcirc |
| Sb | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc |
| D | | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | | \bigcirc | ○* | ○* | \bigcirc | | \bigcirc |
| Description Operation of 16-bit logical OR Performs logical OR operation for the data of Sa and Sb when the operation control input "EN" =1 or from 0 to 1 (P instruction). This operation compares the corresponding bits of Sa and Sb (B0~B15 or B0~B31). The bit in the D is set to 1 if one of the corresponding of Sa or Sb is 1. The bit in the D is set to 0 if both of the corresponding bits of Sa and Sb is 0. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | . in the | D IS 56 | | | or the | corres | -pondir | וצ מונג | | | | | | |



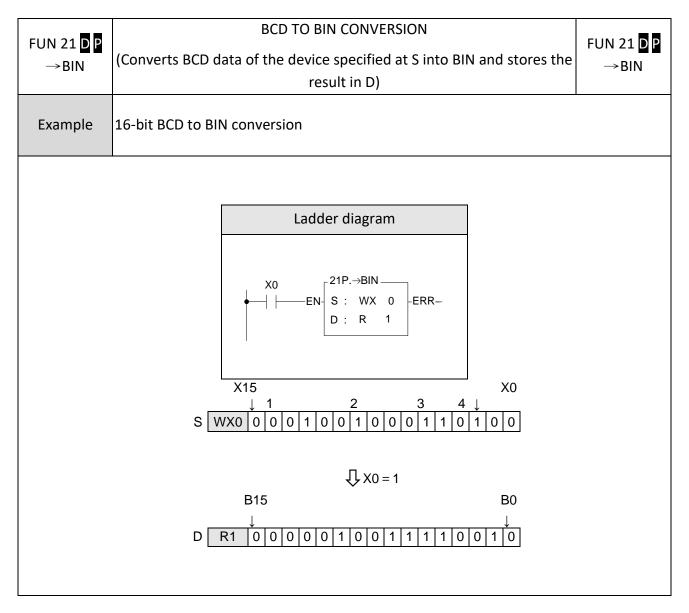
BIN→BCD CONVERSION FUN 20 D P FUN 20 D P (Converts BIN data of the device specified at S into BCD and stores the \rightarrow BCD →BCD result in D) Command Description Operand Ladder symbol S: The register to be converted -20DP.→ BCD-D: The register to store the converted data Conversion control - EN S: ERR — Error (FO0) (BCD code) D : The S, D may combine with V, Z, P0~P9 to serve indirect addressing Range WX WY WM WS TMR CTR HR IR OR SR ROR DR К XR R34768 R35024 R43224 WX0 WYO WM0 WS0 то CO RO R35280 DO 16/32-bit v,z Ope-rand W\$3088 WX1008 WY1008 WY29584 T1023 C1279 R34767 R34895 R35151 R43223 R47319 D11999 P0-P9 +/-number \bigcirc 0 0 \bigcirc 0 \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc S ()* 0* D \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc 0 0 \bigcirc Description • FB-PLC uses binary code to store and to execute calculations. If want to send the internal PLC data to the external displays such as seven-segment displays, it is more convenient for us to read the result on screen by converting the BIN data to BCD data. For example, it is more clear for us to read the reading "12" instead of the binary code "1100." Converts BIN data of the device specified at S into BCD and writes the result in D when the • operation control input "EN" =1 or from 0 to 1 (P instruction). If the data in S is not a BCD value (0~9999 or 0~9999999), then the error flag FOO is set to 1 and the old data of D are retained.

6-27 BIN→BCD CONVERSION



| | N 21 D →BIN | | onvert | s BCD o | data of | | →BIN C evice sp result | oecifi | ied at | | nto BIN | l and s | tores tl | | JN 21 D P →BIN |
|------|--|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------|------------|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| s | ymbol | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Conv | $\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Range | WX | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | : I | R | OR | SR | ROR | DR | XR |
| | Ope- rand | WX0 WX1008 | WY0 WY1008 | WM0 WY29584 | WS0 | T0 T1023 | C0 C1279 | R0 | | 768 895 | R35024 R35151 | R35280 R43223 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | V,Z P0-P9 |
| | S | \bigcirc | 0 | 0 | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc | 0 | |) | 0 | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc |
| | D | | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | | | 0 | ○* | ○* | \bigcirc | \bigcirc |
| De: | | ecimal | • • | | | | | | | | | | | | o accept |
| | | | | use the | • | | • | | | | | | | | such as |
| • | opera | tion co | ontrol | | EN" =1 | . or fro | m 0 to | 1 (P | instr | uct | ion). If | the da | | | hen the in BCD, |
| • | | | | ted to this fu | | | cally w | /hen | store | in | progra | m and | can no | t be u | sed as a |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

6-28 BCD→BIN CONVERSION



Advanced Function Instructions

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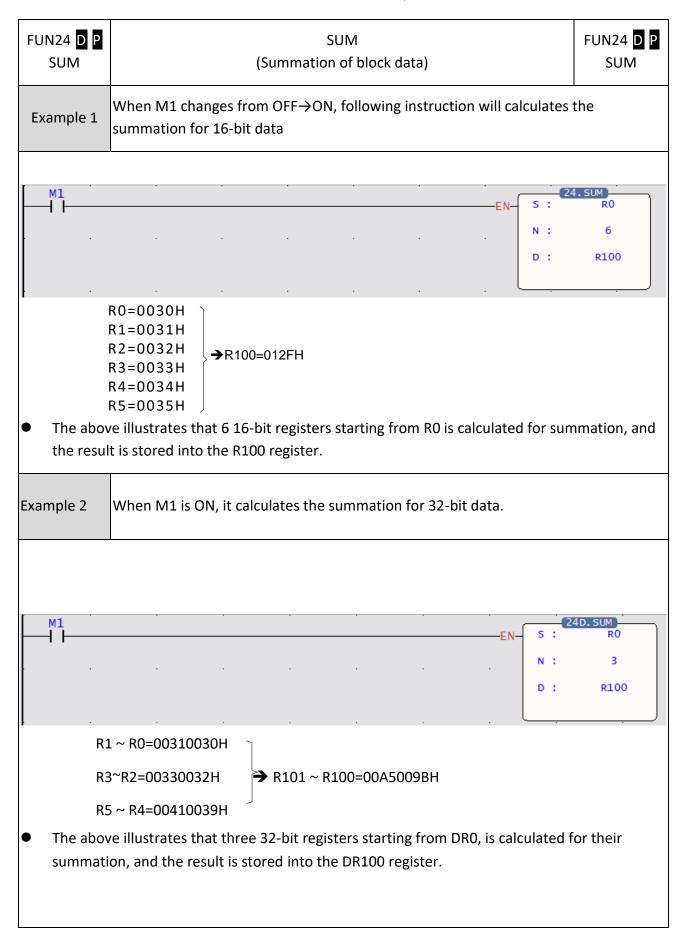
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7-1 Arithmetical Operation Instructions ($FUN24 \sim 33$)

FUN24 D P FUN24 D P SUM SUM SUM (Summation of block data) Symbol S: Starting number of source register Ladder symbol N: Number of registers to be summed 24DP.SUM -(successive N data units starting from S) S : Operation control - EN D: The register which stored the result N : (summation) D : S, N, D, can associate with V, Z, P0~P9 index register to serve the indirect addressing application. Range WM WX WY TMR ROR WS CTR HR IR OR SR DR Κ XR WM0 R34768 R35024 R35280 R43224 wx0 WY0 WS0 то C0 RO D0 1 v,z Ope-rand | 511 WS3088 C1279 R34767 R34895 D11999 wx1008 WY1008 WY29584 T1023 R35151 R43223 R47319 P0-P9 S \bigcirc Ν \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc ()* ()* \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc D

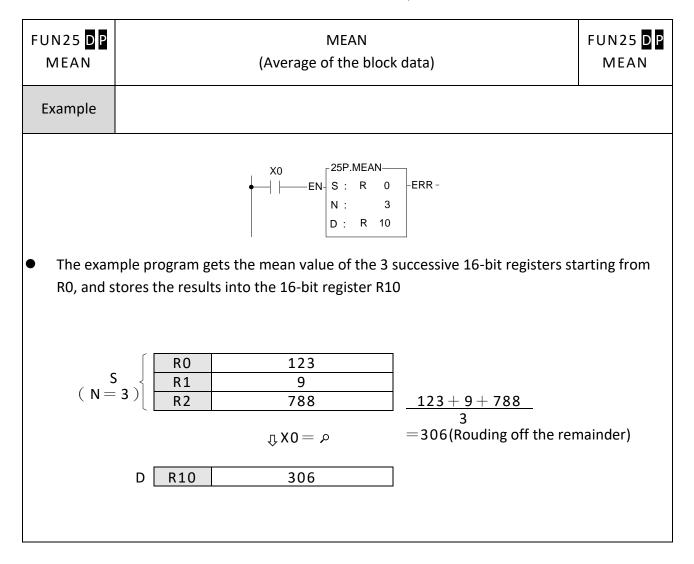
7-1-1 Summation of Block Data (SUM)

| Description | |
|--|--|
| succe the s Whe Com inter to ge | n operation control "EN"=1 or changes from 0→1 (P instruction), it puts the essive N units of 16bit or 32 bit (D instruction) registers for addition calculation to get ummation, and stores the result into the register which is designated by D. In the value of N is 0 or greater than 511, the operation will not be performed. munication port1~2 can be used to serve as a general-purpose ASCII communication face. If the data error detecting method is Checksum, this instruction can be used nerate the sum value for sending data or ot use this instruction to check if the ved data is error or not. |



| | JN25 MEAN | | | | | (Ave | | MEAN of the l | | lata) | | | | | FUN25 DP MEAN | | |
|----|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|---|-----------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|-------------------|------|--|
| | Symbo | I | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| C | Operation (| control – | - EN - | Ladder 25DP.N S: N: D: | | 7 | — N ran | ge error | N: Nu (N un S) D: Re value The S, | umber iits of s gister ?) , N, D r | of reg succes numb nay co | sive re er for s mbine | er to be a egisters storing with V, s applic | s starti g result Z, P0~ | ing fro t (mea | | |
| | Range | WX | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | К | XR | | |
| | Ope- rand | WX0 | WY0 | WM0 WY29584 | WS0 | T0 T1023 | C0 C1279 | R0 | R34768 | R35024 R35151 | R35280 | R43224 | D0 D11999 | 1 511 | V,Z P0-P9 | | |
| | S | | | 0 | | | | | | | | | | 511 | | - | |
| | N | \bigcirc | 0 | 0 | \bigcirc | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | 1 | |
| | D | | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | | \bigcirc | * | • | \bigcirc | | 0 | | |
| D. | 32-bi value While | n ope it (D ii e (roui e the | nstruct nding (N valu | tion) n off nur ie is de | umeri nbers erived | " = 1 o cal valu after t from t ror "EF | ues sta he deo the co | arting cimal p ntent | from S ooint) i of the | in the regist | then d registe er, if t | ivided er spec he N v | by N. ified b alue is | Store y D. s not b | this m betwee | iean | |

7-1-2 Average of Block Data (MEAN)

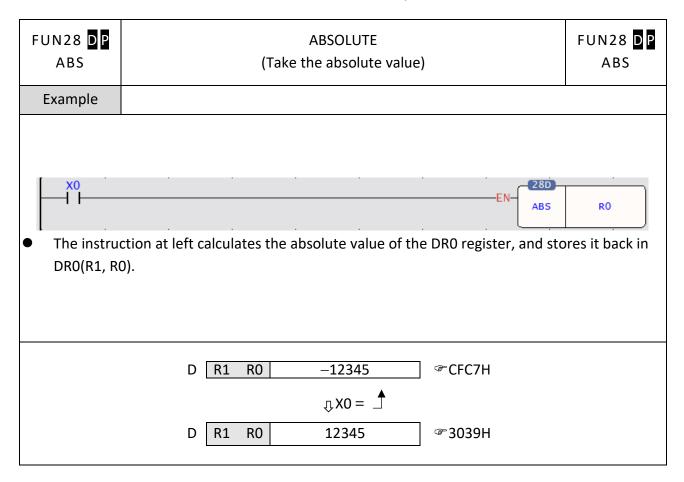


| FUN27 D P NEG | | | | (Take | | ATION gative v | alue) | | | | FUN27 NE | | |
|------------------------|--|---------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------|--------|--|
| Symbol | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Operatio | on control | | Ladder 27DP NEG | r symbol D | | D may | | | ated /, Z, P0^ | °P9 to s | serve in | direct | |
| Range | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | XR | | |
| Ope- rand | WY0 WY1008 | WM0 WY29584 | WS0 | T0 T1023 | C0 C1279 | R0 R34767 | R35024 R35151 | R35280 R43223 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | V,Z P0-P9 | | |
| D | | | W33088 | | | R34767 | K33131 | ×45223 | ×4/319 | | | | |
| Description | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| com the c If the | When operation control "EN" = 1 or from 0 to 1 (P instruction), negate (ie. calculate 2's complement) the value of the content of the register specified by D, and store it back in the original D register. If the value of the content of D is negative, then the negation operation will make it positive. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Example | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ×0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| • The inst | ruction | at left r | negates | the val | ue of tł | ne R0 re | gister, a | and sto | res it ba | ick to R | 0. | | |
| | | DF | RO | | 12345 | | ¢. | ₹3039H | ł | | | | |
| | | DF | 80 | | ர,X0 = –12345 | | (ŝ | [☞] CFC7H | I | | | | |

7-1-3 Take the Negative Value (NEGATION)

| FUN28 AB | | | | | | Fl | JN28 ABS | D P | | | | | | |
|--------------|--|------|-----------|-----------|-------|-------|-------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|--------|-----------|---|--|
| Symb | ool | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | Ladder symbol Operation control – EN ABS D Coperation control – EN D : Register to be taken absolute value. D may combine with V, Z, P0~P9 to serve indirect address application. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ran; Ope- | | /Y | WM wmo | WS wso | TMR | CTR | HR | OR R35024 | SR R35280 | ROR R43224 | DR | XR v,z | | |
| rand | ww. | 1008 | WY29584 | WS3088 | T1023 | C1279 | R34767 | R35151 | R43223 | R47319 | D11999 | P0-P9 | - | |
| Descrip | Obscription When operation control "EN" = 1 or from 0 to 1 (P instruction), calculate the absolute value of the content of the register specified by D, and write it back into the original D register. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

7-1-4 Take the Absolute Value (ABSOLUTE)



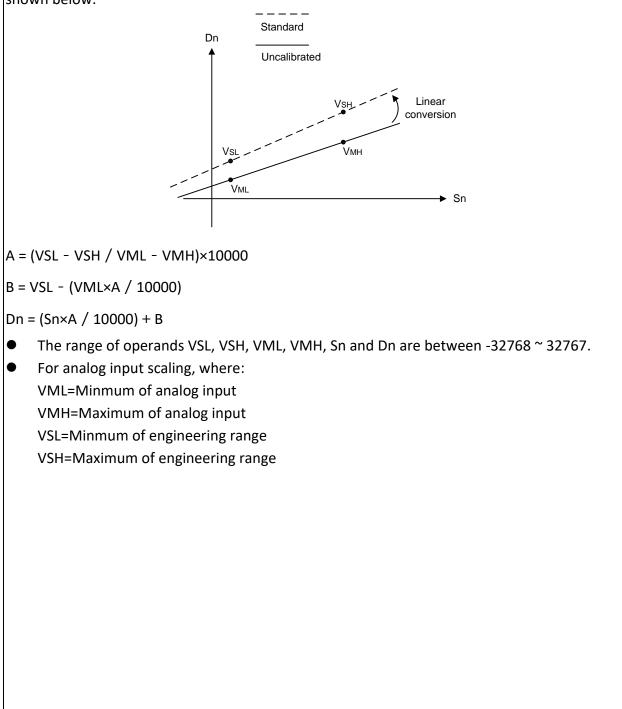
| FUN33 P LCNV | | Linear Conversion (LCNV) | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|----------------------|---|-------------------|------------|----------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|---|---------------------|--|
| Symbol | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Opera | ation control — EN - | Ladder - 33P.L0 Md : S : Ts : D : L : | | | S: Ts cc D: | Starti : Start nvers Starti | ting ac ion ng ado | ress o Idress Iress t | e, 0~3 f the source dat of the parame o store the resu rsion entry, 1~6 | ter table fo Ilt | |
| | | Range | HR | IR | ROR | DR | К | XR | | | |
| | | Ope- rand | R0 R34767 | R34768 | R43224 | D0 D11999 | | V,Z P0 – P9 | | | |
| | | Md | | | | | 0-3 | | | | |
| | | S | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | | \bigcirc | | | |
| | | Ts | \bigcirc | | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | | \bigcirc | • | | |
| | | D | \bigcirc | | ○* | 0 | | \bigcirc | 4 | | |
| | | L | \cap | | | \square | 1-64 | | | | |

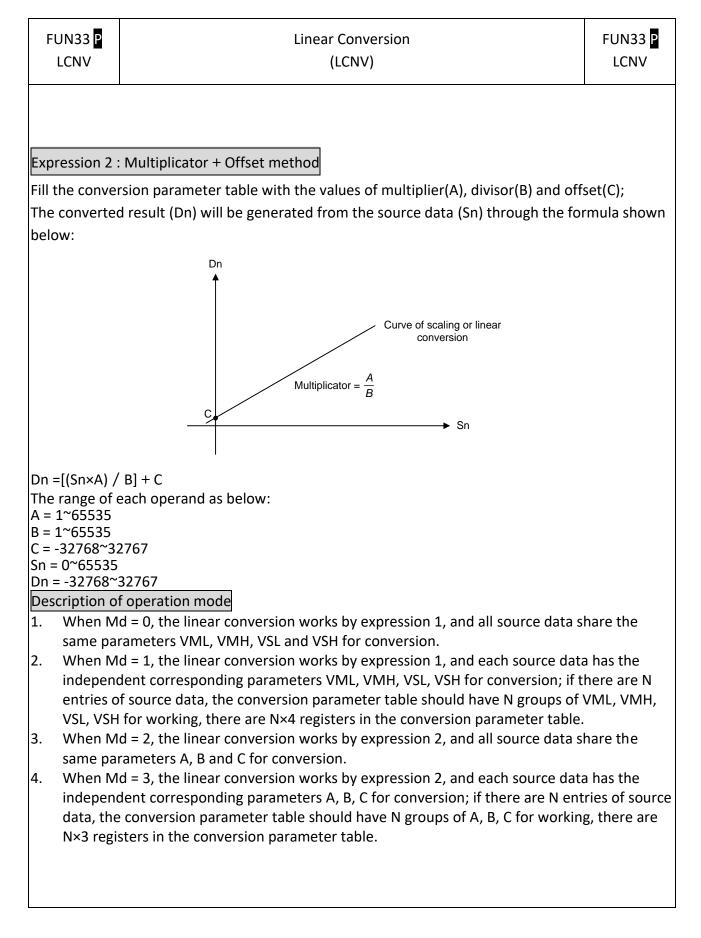
7-1-5 Linear Conversion (LCNV)

- When the analog input module being used for the analog measurement, the raw reading value of the analog input can be converted into the engineering range through this instruction for display or for proceeding control operation.
- When using temperature or analog modules for temperature or analog measurement applications, if the temperature or engineering readings measured by the PLC deviate from the results measured by standard thermometers or related standard instruments, this command can be used to make a linear correction as a correction for the actual measured value.
- When execution control "EN"=1 or from 0→1(P instruction), this instruction will perform the linear conversion operation according to the mode selection, where S is the starting address of the source data, Ts is the starting address of the conversion parameter table, D is the starting address to store the converted result, and L is the quantity of conversion entry.
- There are two expressions to meet the suitable application:

Expression 1: Two points calibration method

Fill the conversion parameter table with the low value of measurement(VML), high value of measurement (VMH), and the corresponding low value of standard (VSL), high value of standard (VSH); the converted result (Dn) will be generated from the source data(Sn) through the formula shown below:





| Example 1 | Mode 0 of | linear conv | version | | | | | |
|-----------|---|-------------|------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|
| MO 1 | | - - - | · · | - - - | | EN | Md: S : Ts: D : L : | R100 R100 R2000 6 |
| starting | 10 = 1, it will address of th ers VML, VM | e source d | ata, R1000 | is the sta | rting addre | ess of the t | able of t | he conversio: |

Chapter 7 Advanced Function Instructions

| FUN33 P LCNV | | L | inear Conversi (LCNV) | on | | | FUN33 P LCNV |
|-----------------|--|---|--|---|-----|------------|-----------------|
| | R100 R101 R102 R103 R104 R105 | R1000 R1001 R1002 R1003 S 282 3530 1906 0 5000 -115 | 3530 V 260 V 3650 V R2000 R2001 R2002 | ML MH SL SH D 260 3650 1955 -34 5184 -154 | | | |
| Example 2 | Mode 1 of lir | near conversio | in | | | | |
| MO | | · · · · | • | • | EN- | 33 33 | LCNV |
| | | | | | | s: Ts: | R100 R1000 |
| | | | | | | D : L : | R2000 3 |
| | | | | | | | |

 When M0 = 1, it will perform the mode 1 operation of linear conversion, where R100 is the starting address of the source data, R1000 is the starting address of the table of the conversion parameters VML, VMH, VSL, VSH, the quantity is 3, and R2000~R2002 will store the converted results.

| FUN33 P LCNV | | | Linear Co (LCl | | | FUN33 P LCNV |
|-----------------|--|--------------------------|--|---|--------------------------|-----------------|
| | R1000 R1001 R1002 R1003 R1004 R1005 R1006 R1007 R1008 R1009 R1010 R1011 | | Ts 282 3530 260 3650 -52 1208 -38 1101 235 4563 264 4588 | VML_0 VMH_C VSL_0 VSH_0 VML_1 VML_1 VSL_1 VSL_1 VSH_1 VSH_1 VML_2 VML_2 VMH_2 |) - | |
| | R100 R101 R102 | S 282 1208 2399 | | _ VSH_2 R2000 R2001 R2002 | D 260 1100 2426 | |

| FUN33 P LCNV | | | | Conversio LCNV) | n | | | FUN33 P LCNV |
|-----------------------------|------------------|------------|------------|--------------------|------------|-----------|---------|-----------------|
| Example 3 | Mode 2 of l | inear conv | version | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| MO | • | | • | | · | EN | Md: | 3. LCNV |
| | | | | | | | s : | R100 |
| | | | | | | | Ts: | R1000 |
| | | | | | | | D : | R2000 |
| | | | | | | | L : | 6 |
| Description: When M0 = 1 | , it will perfor | m the mo | de 2 opera | ition of lin | ear conver | sion, whe | re R100 | is the |

starting address of the source data, R1000 is the starting address of the table of the conversion parameters A, B, C, the quantity is 6, and R2000~R2005 will store the converted results.

| FUN33 P LCNV | Linear Conversion (LCNV) | FUN33 P LCNV |
|-----------------|--|-----------------------------|
| | Ts R1000 985 A R1001 1000 A R1002 20 B C | |
| | SDR1001000R20001005R1012345R20012329R1023560 R R20023526R103401 R R2003415R104568R2004579R1052680R20052659 | |
| Example 4 | Mode 3 of linear conversion | |
| | EN- Md: | 3 100 000 000 4 |
| starting | 0 = 1, it will perform the mode 3 operation of linear conversion, where address of the source data, R1000 is the starting address of the table o on parameters A, B, C, the quantity is 4, and R2000~R2003 will store th | f the |

| FUN33 P LCNV | | Linear Conversion (LCNV) | FUN33 P LCNV |
|-----------------|--|---|-----------------|
| | R1000 R1001 R1002 R1003 R1004 R1005 R1006 R1007 R1008 R1009 R1010 R1011 | $\begin{array}{c c} Ts \\ \hline 5000 & A_0 \\ \hline 16380 & B_0 \\ \hline 0 & C_0 \\ \hline 10000 & A_1 \\ \hline 16383 & B_1 \\ \hline 0 & C_1 \\ \hline 2200 & A_2 \\ \hline 16380 & B_2 \\ \hline -200 & C_2 \\ \hline 1600 & A_3 \\ \hline 16383 & B_3 \\ \hline -100 & C_3 \\ \end{array}$ | |
| | S R100 8192 R101 16383 R102 8190 R103 0 | D R2000 2500 R2001 10000 R2002 900 R2003 -100 | |

| | ar convers | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------|-----------------------------|
| FUN34 P MLC | | Mu | ltiple | e Line (M | ar Co LC) | nvers | sion | | | FUN34 <mark>P</mark> MLC |
| Symbol | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 34P.I | ИГС— | _ | | | | | | | |
| Execution Control EN — | Rs : | | - | OVR | | | | | | |
| Selection X/Y — | - sl : | | | | Rs: S | arting | addre | ess of the | e source d | ata |
| | | | | | SI: Q | uantity | of so | urce dat | a, 1~64 | |
| | Tx : | | | | | - | | ess of X t | | |
| | ту: | | | | | | | ess of Y t | | |
| | .,. | | | | | - | | ole, 2~25 | | |
| | TI: | | | | D: Sta | arting | addres | ss to sto | re the resu | llt |
| | D : | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Range | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | К | | |
| | Ope- rand | R0 R34767 | R34768 R34895 | R35204 R35151 | R35280 R43223 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | | | |
| | Rs | 0 | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | | | |
| | SI | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 1-64 | | |
| | Tx | \bigcirc | | | | \bigcirc | 0 | | | |
| | Ту | 0 | | | | * | \bigcirc | | | |
| | TI | 0 | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc | 2-255 | | |
| | D | \bigcirc | | | | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

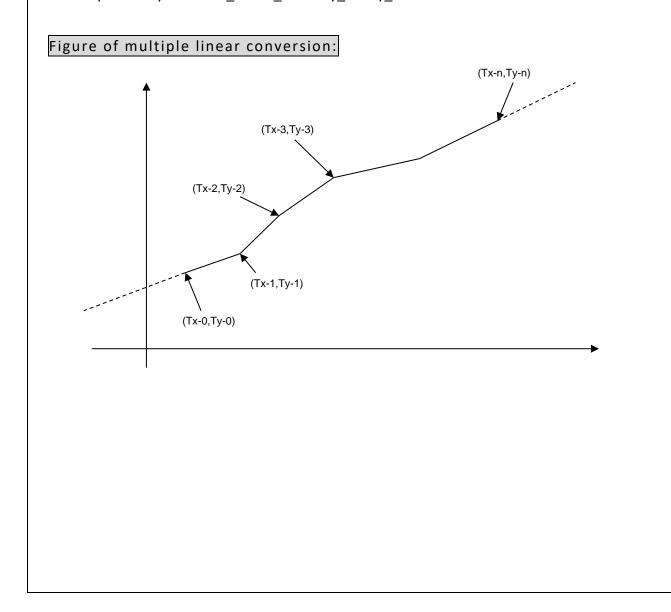
7-1-6 Multiple Linear Conversion (MLC)

| FUN34 <mark>P</mark> MLC | Multiple Linear Conversion (MLC) | FUN34 <mark>P</mark> MLC |
|---|---|---|
| Description | | |
| value instri Whe appli the n commodel Whe mult start the s conv the c Whe table ascen secti data in Ty conv Whe | In the analog input module being used for the analog measurement, the of the analog input can be converted into the engineering ranguation for display or for proceeding control operation. In using temperature or analog modules for temperature or analog cations, if the temperature or engineering readings measured by the PL esults measured by standard thermometers or related standard instand can be used to Make a linear correction as a correction for the action execution control "EN"=10r from 0→1(¹ / ₂ instruction), this instruction viple linear conversion operation according to the selection of X/Y input; ing address of the source data, SI is the quantity of source data for constraing address of X conversion parameter table, Ty is the starting a onverted result. In executing and selection X/Y=0, it will compare the source data with the to find the corresponding location in Tx table (The entities in Tx tabling sequence), and then calculate the linear conversion according on of Tx and Ty table; When executing and selection X/Y=1, it will compare with the entities of Ty table to find the corresponding location in Ty table. In the source data is out of all entities of Ty and Tx table. In the source data is out of all entities of Ta and Tx table, and then calculate the linear conversion according table. | e through this measurement C deviate from struments, this ctual measured will perform the where Rs is the onversion, Tx is g address of Y ddress to store he entities of Ty ble must be in to the located oare the source ile (The entities |

Expression:

The entities of Tx conversion parameter table must be in ascending sequence to have correct linear conversion; the entities of Ty conversion parameter table can either be in ascending or descending sequence. When executing this instruction, it will search the located section by comparing entities of the table with source data, and then calculate the linear conversion according to the following expression:

Vy = (Vx - Tx_n) × (Ty_n+1 - Ty_n / Tx_n+1 - Tx_n) + Ty_n if X/Y=0 Vx = (Vy - Ty_n) × (Tx_n+1 - Tx_n / Ty_n+1 - Ty_n) + Tx_n if X/Y=1 Value of Operand Vy ` Vx ` Tx_n ` Tx_n+1 ` Ty_n ` Ty_n+1 must be -32768 ~ 32767



| FUN34 <mark>P</mark> MLC | | | Multip | le Linea (ML | r Conve .C) | ersion | | | FUN34 <mark>P</mark> MLC | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|---|--------|-----------------|----------------|--------------------------------------|------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|------|--|--|--|
| Example 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| M10 | • | • | • | • | • | EN- | Rs: | 4.MLC R0 1000 | OVR- | M100 | | | |
| M11 | | | | | | ———————————————————————————————————— | sl: Tx: | R99 6 R1000 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | ту: | R2000 0 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | т]: D : | R199 5 D0 140 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | 140 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | . (| | · | | | | | |

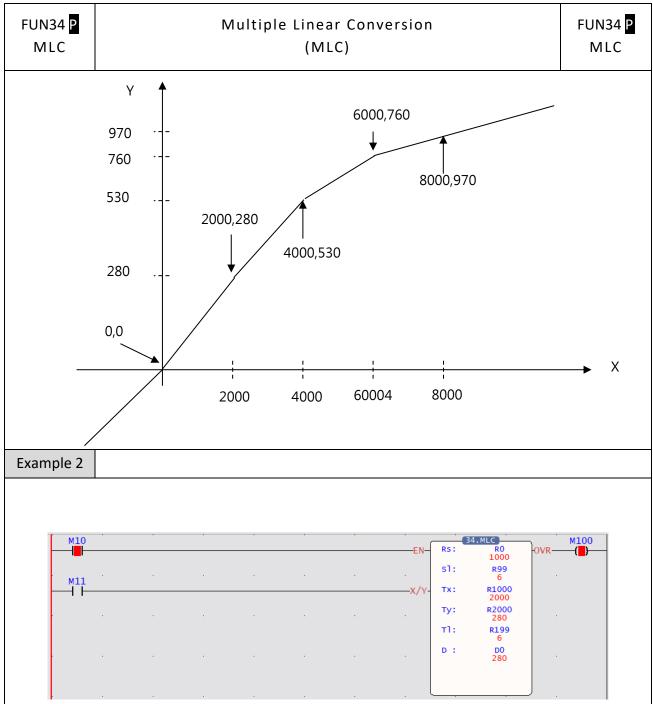
2 🗖 🗙

| FUN3 | 4 P | Multiple Linear Conversion | FUN34 P |
|------|-----|----------------------------|---------|
| ML | С | (MLC) | MLC |

Description:

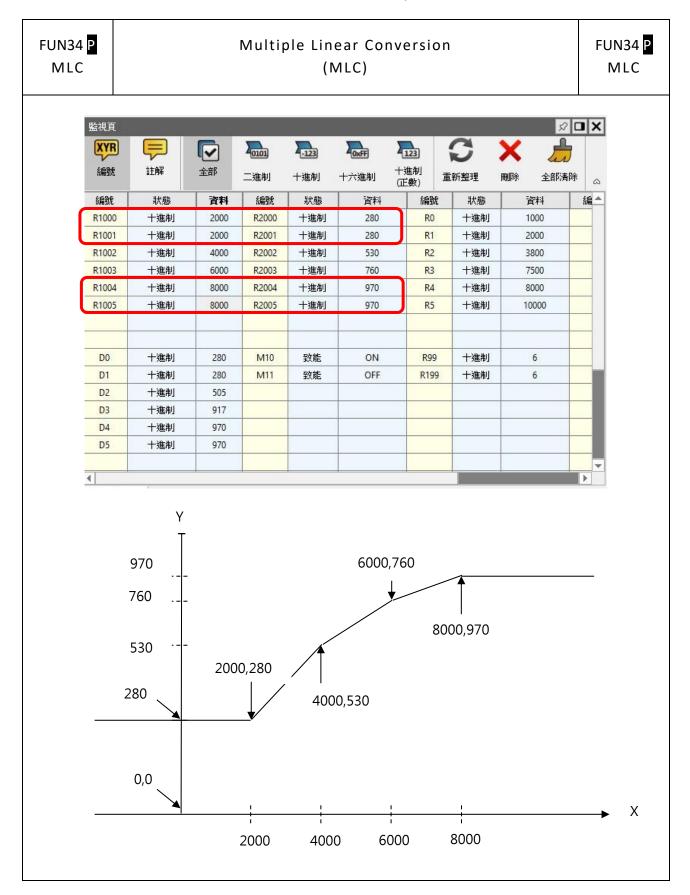
When M10=1 M11=0, R0 is the starting address of source data R99 is the quantity of source data, R1000 is the starting address of Tx conversion parameter table, R2000 is the starting address of Ty conversion parameter table, R199 is the quantity of table; the source data R0~R5 will be calculated the linear conversion according to Tx and Ty table between four sections, then store the

| 扁號 | 狀態 | 資料 | 经数 | 狀態 | 資料 | 編號 | 狀態 | 資料 | 編號 | 狀態 | 資料 | |
|---------|-----|------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|----|----|----|-------|
| 1000 | 十進制 | 0 | R2000 | 十進制 | 0 | RO | 十進制 | 1000 | | | | |
| 1001 | 十進制 | 2000 | R2001 | 十進制 | 280 | R1 | 十進制 | 2500 | | | | |
| 1002 | 十進制 | 4000 | R2002 | 十進制 | 530 | R2 | 十進制 | 5600 | | | | |
| 1003 | 十進制 | 6000 | R2003 | 十進制 | 760 | R3 | 十進制 | 7500 | 0 | | | |
| 1004 | 十進制 | 8000 | R2004 | 十進制 | 970 | R4 | 十進制 | 8000 | _ | | | |
| 199 | 十進制 | 5 | | | | R5 | 十進制 | 10000 | | | | |
| /10 | 致能 | ON | M11 | 致能 | OFF | R99 | 十進制 | 6 | | | | |
| D0 | 十進制 | 140 | - | | | _ | | | - | | | |
| D1 | 十進制 | 342 | - | | - | | | | | | | |
| D2 | 十進制 | 714 | | | | | | | | | | |
| D3 | 十進制 | 917 | į | | | | | | | | | |
| D4 | 十進制 | 970 | | | | | | | _ | | | |
| D5 | 十進制 | 1180 | | | 4 | | | | 5 | | - | _ |
| atusPag | e0 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | | × | | | | | | · . | ÷ | х. | | 4. 4. |



Description:

When M10=1, M11=0, take R0 as the starting source data and R99 as the source data length, according to the Tx conversion table starting from R1000 and the Ty conversion table starting from R2000, and R199 as the conversion table Length, perform 5-segment linear conversion operation on source data such as R0~R5, and store the conversion results in temporary registers D0~D5. In this example, when the value of the source data is less than or equal to 2000, the corresponding value is 280; when the value of the source data is greater than or equal to 8000, the corresponding value is 970.



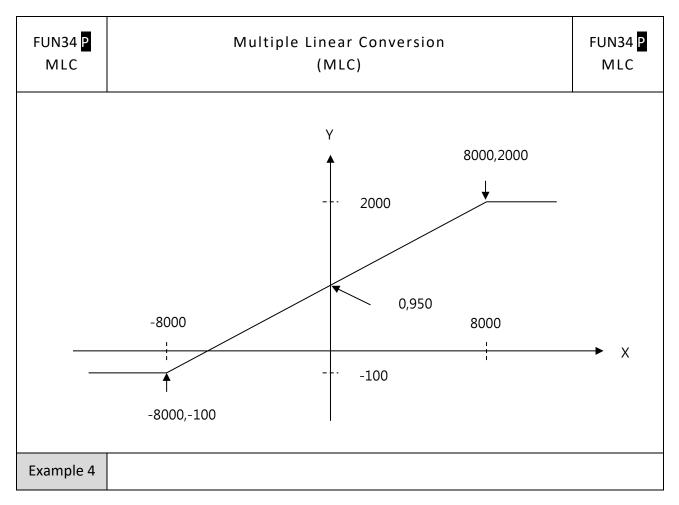
Chapter 7 Advanced Function Instructions

| FUN34 <mark>P</mark> MLC | | | Multi | ple Line: (M | | ersion | | | FUN34 P MLC |
|-----------------------------|-----|-------|-------|-----------------|------|--------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Example 3 | 3 | | | | | | | | |
| M10 | · · | • | | • | | EN- | 34.MLC Rs: R | 0 OVR- | M100 |
| | | | | | | | | 100 | · · · |
| M11 | | | | | | | | 99 5 000 | |
| | | | | | | | -8 | 000 | |
| | | | | | | | -1 | .00 | |
| | | | | | | | 4 | .99 4 | |
| | | | • | | | • | D: D -1 | 00 | • |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | . L | • | | |
| 監視頁 | | | | | | | | | ₽× |
| 編號 | 註解 | | | | | | | | ♡ |
| 編號 | 狀態 | 資料 | 編號 | 狀態 | 資料 | 編號 | 狀態 | 資料 | 編 |
| R1000 | 十進制 | -8000 | R2000 | 十進制 | -100 | RO | 十進制 | -8100 | |
| R1001 | 十進制 | -8000 | R2001 | 十進制 | -100 | R1 | 十進制 | 0 | |
| R1002 | 十進制 | 8000 | R2002 | 十進制 | 2000 | R2 | 十進制 | 4000 | |
| R1003 | 十進制 | 8000 | R2003 | 十進制 | 2000 | R3 | 十進制 | 8100 | |
| | | | | | | R4 | 十進制 | -10000 | |
| | | | | | | R5 | 十進制 | 10000 | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| DO | 十進制 | -100 | M10 | 致能 | ON | R99 | 十進制 | 6 | |
| D1 | 十進制 | 950 | M11 | 致能 | OFF | R199 | 十進制 | 4 | |
| D2 | 十進制 | 1474 | | | | | | | |
| D3 | 十進制 | 2000 | | | | | | | |
| D4 | 十進制 | -100 | | | | | | | |
| D5 | 十進制 | 2000 | | | | | | | |

Chapter 7 Advanced Function Instructions

Description:

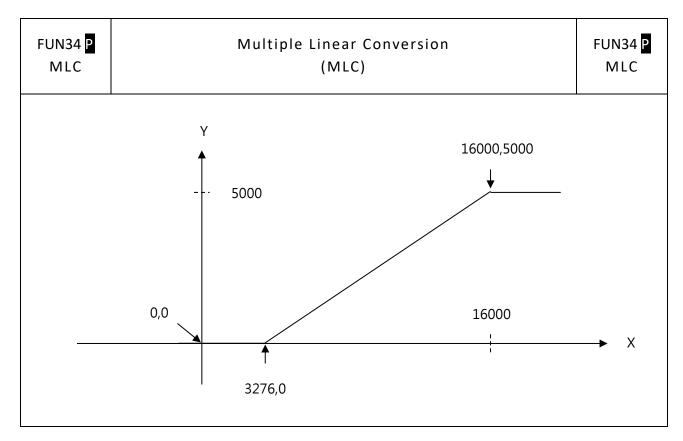
When M10=1, M11=0, R0 is the starting address of source data, R99 is the quantity of source data, R1000 is the starting address of Tx conversion parameter table, R2000 is the starting address of Ty conversion parameter table, R199 is the quantity of table; the source data R0~R5 will be calculated the linear conversion according to Tx and Ty table between three sections, then store the results into D0~D5. T In this example, when the value of the source data is -8000~8000, the corresponding value is -100~2000 according to the linear conversion shown in the figure below; when the value of the source data is \geq 8000, the corresponding value is 2000; and the corresponding values are all -100.



| м10 | | | • | | · | · | | RS: | .MLC | OVR- |
|-------|-----|-------|-------|-----|------|------|------|-------|---------------|----------|
| | | | | | | | EN- | | 0 | -0vk- |
| M11 | | | | | | | | sl: | R99 6 | |
| | | | | | | | X/Y- | Tx: | R1000 3276 | |
| | | | | | | | | ту: | R2000 | |
| | | | | | | | | т1: | 0 R199 | |
| | | | | | | | | | 4 | |
| | | | | • | | · | • | D: | D0 0 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | . L | | | J. |
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| 編號 | 註解 | | | | | | | | ~ | |
| 編號 | 狀態 | 資料 | 編號 | 狀態 | 資料 | 編號 | 狀態 | 資料 | 編 | |
| R1000 | 十進制 | 3276 | R2000 | 十進制 | 0 | R0 | 十進制 | 0 | | |
| R1001 | 十進制 | 3276 | R2001 | 十進制 | 0 | R1 | 十進制 | 3276 | | |
| R1002 | 十進制 | 16000 | R2002 | 十進制 | 5000 | R2 | 十進制 | 4095 | | |
| R1003 | 十進制 | 16000 | R2003 | 十進制 | 5000 | R3 | 十進制 | 9638 | | |
| | | | | | | R4 | 十進制 | 16000 | | |
| | | | | | | R5 | 十進制 | 16380 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| D0 | 十進制 | 0 | M10 | 致能 | ON | R99 | 十進制 | 6 | | |
| D1 | 十進制 | 0 | M11 | 致能 | OFF | R199 | 十進制 | 4 | | |
| D2 | 十進制 | 321 | | | | | - | | | |
| D3 | 十進制 | 2500 | | | | | | | | |
| D4 | 十進制 | 5000 | | | | | | | | |
| D5 | 十進制 | 5000 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | _ | |
| 1 | | - | | | | | | | | <u>e</u> |

Description:

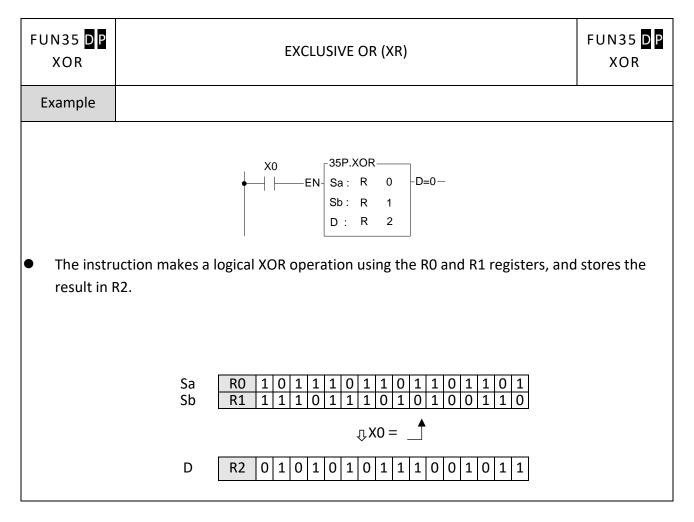
When M10=1, M11=0, R0 is the starting address of source data, R99 is the quantity of source data, R1000 is the starting address of Tx conversion parameter table, R2000 is the starting address of Ty conversion parameter table, R199 is the quantity of table; the source data R0~R5 will be calculated the linear conversion according to Tx and Ty table between three sections, then store the results into D0~D5.T In this example, when the value of the source data is 3276~16000, the corresponding value is 0~5000 according to the linear conversion shown in the figure below; when the value of the source data is \geq 16000, the corresponding value is 5000; all are 0.



7-2 Logical Operation Instructions (FUN35 ~ 36)

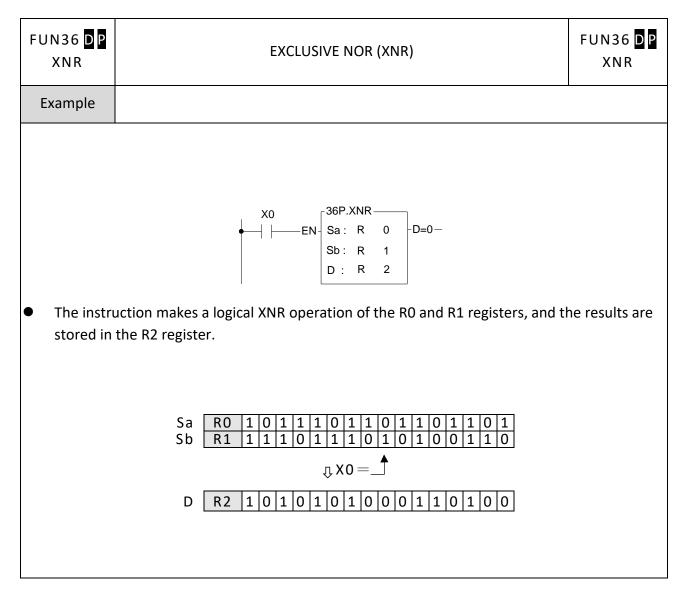
7-2-1 EXCLUSIVE OR (XOR)

| FUN3 XC | 5 D P DR | | | | | EXCLU | SIVE O | r (XOF | R) | | | | FUN3 X(| B5 D P DR |
|-------------------|---|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|---------------------|
| Sym | nbol | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Operatio | on control | — EN - | Ladder 35DP.X Sa: Sb: D: | | - D=0 | Result as | ⁰ Sb: D: I Sa, | Source Registe Sb, D i | e data er stori | b for e ng XOI mbine | xclusiv R result with V | e or op s | oeration peratio ~P9 to | n |
| Range | WX | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | К | XR |
| Ope- rand | WX0 | WY0 | WM0 | WS0 | T0 | C0 | R0 | R34768 | R35024 | R35280 | R43224 | D0 | 16-bit | V,Z |
| Sa | WX0 WY0 WM0 WS0 TO CO RO R3528 R43224 DO 16-bit V,Z WX008 WY1008 WY29584 WS3088 T1023 C1279 R34767 R34895 R35151 R43223 R43223 P11999 +/-number P0-P9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sb | \bigcirc | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| D | | \bigcirc | 0 | 0 | 0 | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | | 0 | * | * | \bigcirc | | \bigcirc |
| log cor po: | nen op vical XC mpare sition l | DR (exo the co nave d | clusive orrespo ifferen | or) op nding t statu | eration bits of | of dat Sa and set th | a Sa ai Sb (B(e corre | nd Sb.)~B15 espond | The op or B0~ ling bit | eratio B31), a withir | n of thi Ind if b In D as 1 | is func its at t ., othe | orm the tion is t he sam rwise a | o e |



7-2-2 EXCLUSIVE NOR (XNR)

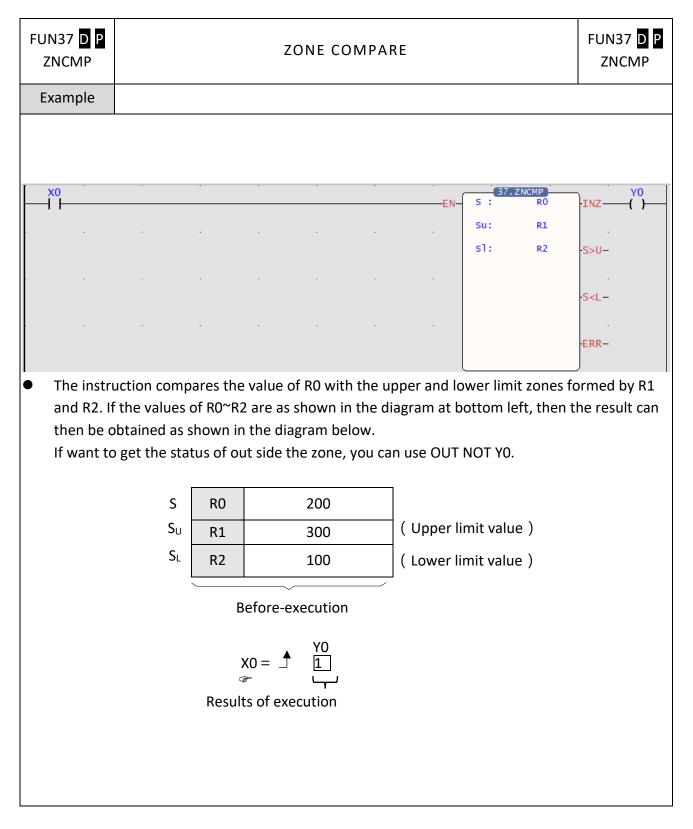
| | 36 D P N R | | | | | EXCLU | SIVE | NOR (XN | IR) | | | | | 136 D (NR | þ |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|--|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------|
| Syn | nbol | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Opera | tion contro | ol — EN | Г ^{36DF} | er symb | |) — Resu | lt as 0 | Sa: Data Sb: Data D: Regist Sa, Sb, D indirect | b for X ter stor may c | (NR op ring XN combin | eration IR resu e with | n Its |)~P9 to |) serve | |
| Range | WX | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | К | XR | |
| Ope- rand | WX0 WX1008 | WY0 WY1008 | WM0 WY29584 | WS0 WS3088 | T0 T1023 | C0 C1279 | R0 R34767 | R34768 7 R34895 | R35024 R35151 | R35280 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | 16-bit +/-number | V,Z P0-P9 | |
| Sa | WX1008 | WY1008 | WY29584 | W\$3088 | | | K34767 | 7 834895 | R35151 | R43223 | R47319 | | +/-number | P0-P9 | |
| Sb | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| D | | \bigcirc | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | • | * | \bigcirc | | \bigcirc | |
| • W lo co va | ogical X ompare alue, th | NR (in e the c ien set | clusive orresp t the co | or) op onding orrespo | eration g bits o onding | n of da f Sa an bit wit | ita Sa d Sb :hin E | from 0 to a and Sb. (B0~B15 D as 1. If hen set t | The op or B1 not the | peratic ~B31), en set | on of th and if it to 0. | is func the bit | tion is | to | _ |



7-3 Comparison Instructions (FUN37)

7-3-1 ZONE COMPARE (ZNCMP)

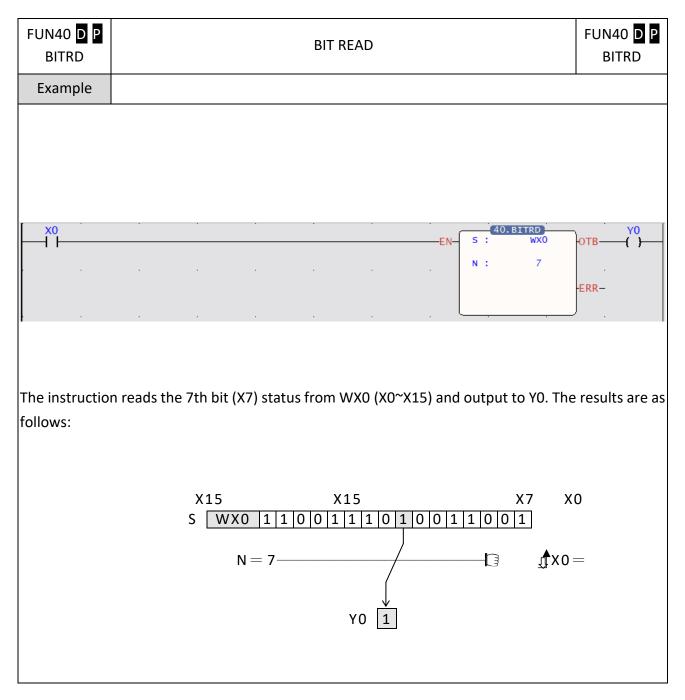
| FUN3 ZNC | 7 D P CMP | | | | | ZONE | CON | IPARE | | | | | FUN37 ZNC | |
|--------------|---------------------------------------|---|---|--|---|--|--|---|---|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------|
| Sym | nbol | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Opera | tion control | - EN - | _adder syr 37DP.ZNC S : Su : S⊾ : | :MP - INZ - S>I - S <i< th=""><th>z — Inside ; J — Higher _ — Lower R — Limit v;</th><th>than upper than lower l</th><th>SU SL ^{limit} S,</th><th>Registe I: The u : The lo SU, SL i direct a</th><th>pper li wer lir may co</th><th>mit val nit valu mbine</th><th>ue Je with V</th><th></th><th>~P9 to s</th><th>serve</th></i<> | z — Inside ; J — Higher _ — Lower R — Limit v; | than upper than lower l | SU SL ^{limit} S, | Registe I: The u : The lo SU, SL i direct a | pper li wer lir may co | mit val nit valu mbine | ue Je with V | | ~P9 to s | serve |
| Range | WX | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | К | XR |
| Ope- rand | WX0 WX1008 | WY0 WY1008 | WM0 WY29584 | WS0 WS3088 | T0 T1023 | C0 C1279 | R0 R34767 | R34768 R34895 | R35024 R35151 | R35280 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | 16-bit +/-number | V,Z P0-P9 |
| S | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | I I | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sυ | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc | 0 | 0 | 0 | \bigcirc | 0 | 0 | 0 | \bigcirc |
| SL | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc |
| Descr | uppe ≦SU limit then The u | r limit), ther SU, th the lo ipper l | SU and n set th en set t wer lim | d lower e insid the hig hit SL, t J shoul | · limit S e zone her tha hen sei d be gr | E. If S i flag "If an uppe t the lo reater t | s betw NZ" to er limit ower th :han th | veen th 1. If the t flag "S nan Iow ne Iowe | e uppe e value S>U" to ver limi r limit | r limit of S is 1. If tl t flag " SL. If S | and th greate he valu S <l" as<br="">U<sl, t<="" th=""><th>e lowe er than e of S s 1.</th><th>pares S v r limit (the up is small he limit r</th><th>SL≦S per er</th></sl,></l"> | e lowe er than e of S s 1. | pares S v r limit (the up is small he limit r | SL≦S per er |



7-4 Data Movement Instructions (FUN40 \sim 50)

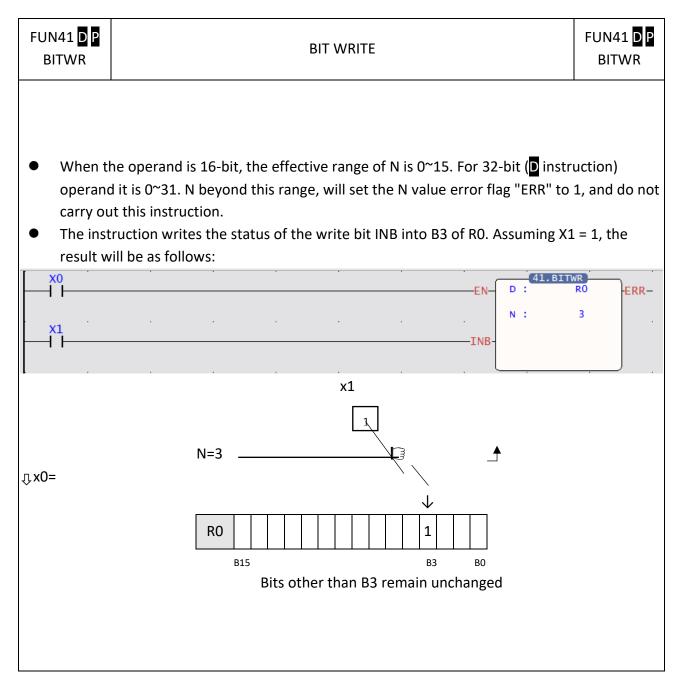
FUN40 D P FUN40 D P **BIT READ** BITRD BITRD Symbol Ladder symbol S: Source data to be read 40DP.BITRD-Operation control - EN S : OBT — Output bit N: The bit number of the S data to be read out S, N may combine with V, Z, P0~P9 to serve N : indirect address application ERR - N value error Range WX WY WM WS HR TMR CTR IR OR SR ROR DR Κ XR WX0 WY0 WM0 WS0 T0 C0 RO R34768 R35024 R35280 R43224 D0 16/32-bit V,Z Ope-rand | WY29584 | R34895 R43223 WX1008 C1279 R47319 WY1008 ws3088 T1023 R34767 R35151 D11999 +/-numbe P0-P9 S \bigcirc 0 \bigcirc D 0-31 Description When read control "EN" = 1 or changes from 0 to 1 (P instruction), take the Nth bit of the S • data out, and put it to the output bit "OTB". • When the operand is 16-bit, the effective range for N is 0~15. For 32-bit operand (D instruction) it is 0~31. N beyond this range will set the N value error flag "ERR" to 1, and do not carry out this instruction.

7-4-1 BIT READ (BITRD)



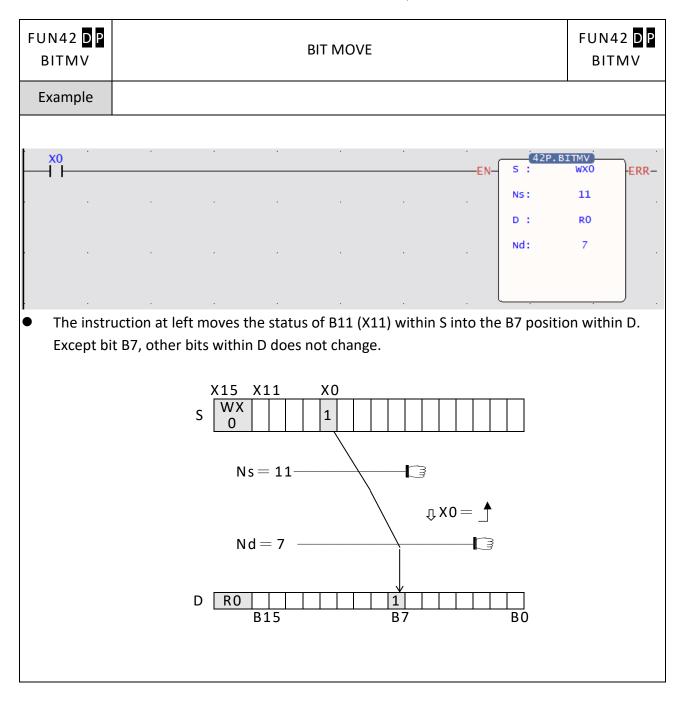
7-4-2 BIT WRITE (BITWR)

| FUN4: BIT\ | | | | | | BIT V | WRITE | | | | | | 41 D P TWR |
|---------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| Sym | bol | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | control — I | EN - D N | | R- | ? — N value | error | N: The writ D, N m | bit nur ten. ay com | ıbine w | f the D | register , P0~P9 | | /e |
| Range | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | К | XR |
| Ope- rand | WY0 WY1008 | WM0 WY29584 | WS0 WS3088 | T0 T1023 | C0 C1279 | R0 R34767 | R34768 R34895 | R35024 R35151 | R35280 R43223 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | 0 0 OR 15 31 | V,Z P0-P9 |
| D | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | | 0 | • | • | \bigcirc | | \bigcirc |
| Ν | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc |
| | Vhen w | rite cor the N | | | | nges fro | om 0 to | 1 (<mark>P</mark> ins | structio | n), will | write tl | he writ | e bit |



| FUN42 BITN | | | | | | BI | T MOV | /E | | | | | | 42 D P MV |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|---|--------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------|---|-------------------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|
| Syml | bol | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Move o | control — | ⁴² | : | /// | RR — N v | alue error | Ns: D: I Nd S, N | Assigr Destina : Assigr Ns, D, N | ation re n Nd bi Nd may | : within egister t withi comb | n S as s to be n D as ine wit | moved target :h V, Z, | l | to |
| Range | WX | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | K | XR |
| Ope- rand | WX0 WX1008 | WY0 WM0 WS0 TO CO R0 R34768 R35024 R35228 R43224 DO 16/32-bit V,Z | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| S | \bigcirc | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | \bigcirc |
| Ns | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0-31 | \bigcirc |
| D | | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | | \bigcirc | ○* | ○* | \bigcirc | | \bigcirc |
| Nd | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc | 0 | 0 | 0-31 | \bigcirc |
| Descrip | otion | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| spe • Wł op | ecified nen the erand | by Ns e opera the eff | within and is 1 | S into L6-bit, range | the bit the eff is 0~31 | specif ective | ied by range yond t | Nd wit of N is | thin D. 0~15. | For 32 | -bit (D | instru | e bit sta ction) or flag ' | |

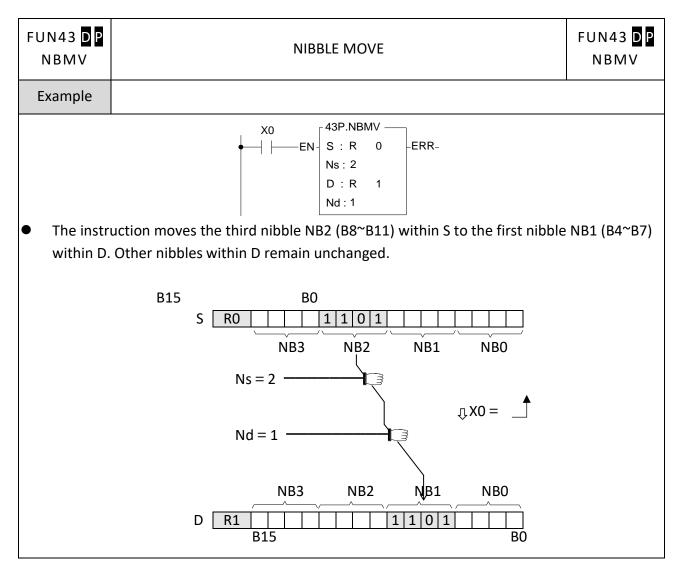
7-4-3 BIT MOVE (BITMV)



| FUN43 NBM | | | | | | NIB | BLE M | OVE | | | | | | 43 D P 8 M V |
|--------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------|---|---------------------------------|---|--|---|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Symb | ol | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Move c | ontrol — | EN - S N D | s : | MV- | ERR – N | l value err | Ns: ^{or} D: I Nd S, N | Destina : Assigi Ns, D, N | n Ns nil ation ro n Nd ni Nd may | oble w egister ibble w v comb | ithin S ⁻ to be vithin [| moved D as tai th V, Z | irce nib d rget nit , P0~P9 | oble |
| Range | WX | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | K | XR |
| Ope- rand | WX0 WX1008 | WY0 WY1008 | WM0 WY29584 | WS0 WS3088 | T0 T1023 | C0 C1279 | R0 R34767 | R34768 R34895 | R35024 R35151 | R35280 R43223 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | 16/32-bit +/-number | V,Z P0-P9 |
| S | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc | 0 | 0 | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc |
| Ns | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | 0 | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc | 0-7 | \bigcirc |
| D | | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | | \bigcirc | ○* | ○* | \bigcirc | | \bigcirc |
| Nd | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0-7 | \bigcirc |
| Descrip | tion | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

7-4-4 NIBBLE MOVE (NBMV)

- When move control "EN" = 1 or has a transition from 0 to 1 (P instruction), will move the Ns'th nibble from within S to the nibble specified by Nd within D. (A nibble is comprised by 4 bits. Starting from the lowest bit of the register, B0, each successive 4 bits form a nibble, so B0~B3 form nibble 0, B4~B7 form nibble 1, etc...)
- When the operand is 16-bit, the effective range of Ns or Nd is 0~3. For 32-bit (D instruction) operand the range is 0~7. Beyond this range, will set the N value error flag "ERR" to 1, and do not carry out this instruction.



FUN44 D P FUN44 D P BYTE MOVE **BYMV BYMV** Symbol S: Source data to be moved Ladder symbol 44DP.BYMV-Ns: Assign Ns byte within S as source byte Move control - EN S : ERR - N value error D: Destination register to be moved Ns : Nd: Assign Nd byte within D as target byte D : S, Ns, D, Nd may combine with V, Z, P0~P9 to Nd : serve indirect address application Range WX WY WM WS TMR CTR HR ROR IR OR SR DR К XR WX0 WY0 WM0 WS0 T0 C0 R34768 R35024 R35280 R43224 D0 16/32-bit V.Z RO Ope-rand | WY29584 WX1008 WY1008 WS3088 | C1279 R34767 D11999 T1023 R34895 R35151 R43223 R47319 +/-number P0-P9 \bigcirc S \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc Ns \bigcirc 0-3 \bigcirc D \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc ()* ()* \bigcirc Nd \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc 0-3 Description

7-4-5 BYTE MOVE (BYMV)

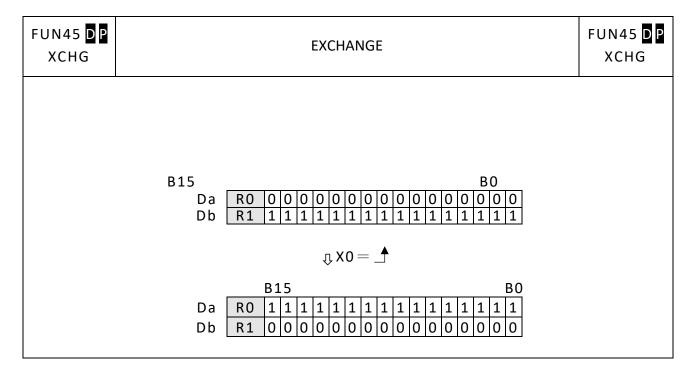
When move control "EN" = 1 or has a transition from 0 to 1 (P instruction), move Nsth byte within S to Ndth byte position within D. (A byte is comprised of 8 bits. Starting from the lowest bit of the register, B0, each successive eight bits form a byte, so B0~B7 form byte 0, B8~B15 form byte 1, etc...)

When the operand is 16 bit, the effective range of Ns or Nd is 0~1. For 32 bit (D instruction) operand, the range is 0~3. Beyond this range, will set the N value error flag "ERR" to 1, and do not carry out this instruction.

| FUN44 D P BYMV | BYTE MOVE | FUN44 D P BYMV |
|-----------------------|--|--------------------------|
| Example | | |
| | EN S: NS: D: Nd: | RO -ERR- 2 R2 1 |
| | | |
| R1R0) remai B15 | R0 1 10111011 | es within D |
| N s = | | te0 |
| N d = 1 | | l] te0 |
| D R3 | R2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | BO |

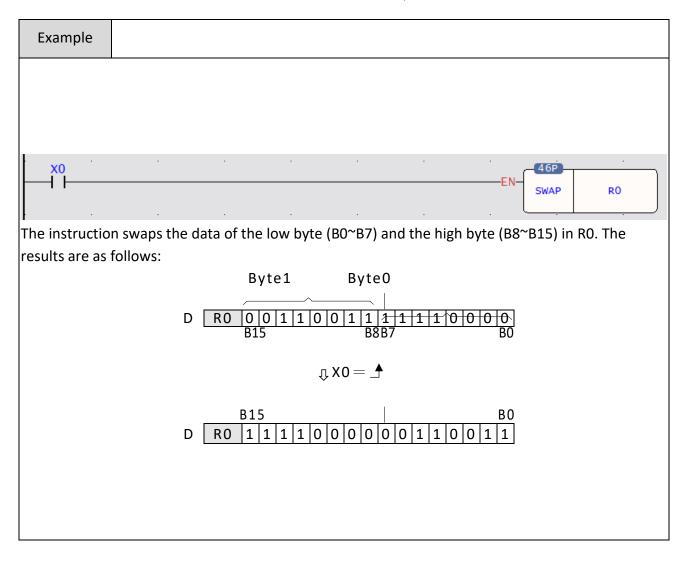
| FUN45 XCHG | | | | | EXCH | ANGE | | | | | N45 D P (CHG |
|---------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|------------------|----------------------|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|------------------------|
| Symbo | bl | | | | | | | | | | |
| E> | xchange co | ontrol — EN | Г ^{45DF} | er symbo P.XCHG- | | Db: Reg Da, Db | ister a to ister b to may com address | o be exc nbine wi | hanged th V, Z, F | 20~P9 to | serve |
| Range | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | XR |
| Ope- rand | WY0 WY1008 | WM0 WY29584 | WS0 WS3088 | T0 T1023 | C0 C1279 | R0 R34767 | R35024 R35151 | R35280 R43223 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | V,Z P0-P9 |
| Da | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | * | * | \bigcirc | \bigcirc |
| Db | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | * | ○* | \bigcirc | \bigcirc |
| | n excha | | | | | nsition f 16 bits | | | | | changes |
| Exampl | le | | | | | | | | | | |
| X0 | · · | | | | | | | | EN Da: Db: | | RO R1 |
| he instru | uction e | xchange | s the co | ntents of | f the 16 | bit R0 a | nd R1 re | gisters. | | • | |

7-4-6 EXCHANGE (XCHG)



| FUN46 SWA | _ | | | | BYTE | SWAP | | | | | N46 <mark>P</mark> WAP |
|--------------|--------------------|--|------------|------------|---------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------|----------|------------|---------------------------|
| Symb | ol | | | | | | | | | | |
| Swa | ap conti | rol — EN · | _46P.− | | bol D | D may o | ster for b combine applicat | with V, 2 | - | to serve | e indirect |
| Range | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | XR |
| Ope- rand | WY0 WY1008 | WM0 WS0 T0 C0 R0 R35024 R35280 R43224 D0 I | | | | | | | | | |
| D | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | • | * | \bigcirc | \bigcirc |
| Descrip | tion | | | | B8 te 1 igh) | B7 Byt (lo | | | | | |

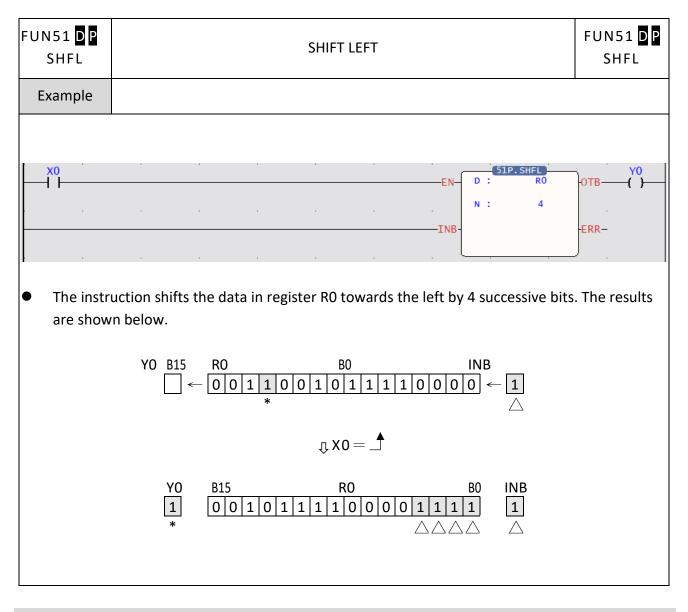
7-4-7 BYTE SWAP (SWAP)



7-5 Shifting/Rotating Instructions (FUN51 ~ 54)

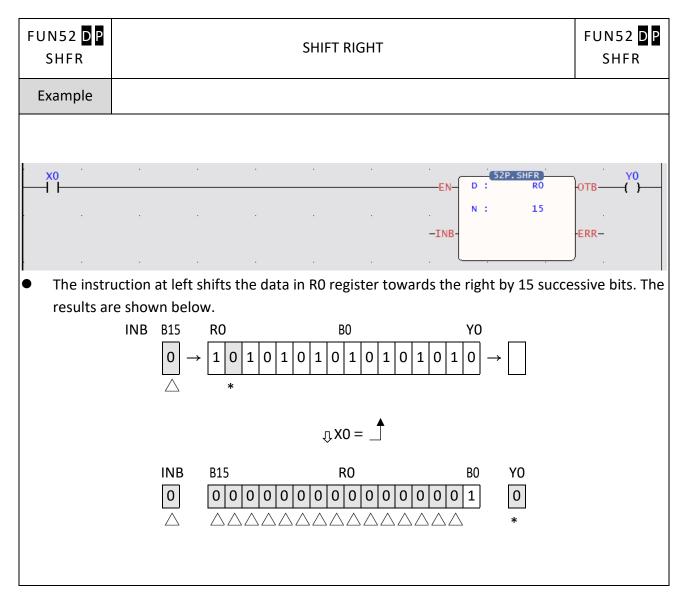
7-5-1 SHIFT LEFT (SHFL)

| Symbol Shift control | і — ем - Б | Ladder symbol D: Register to be shifted D: Number of bits to be shifted | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|---|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|------------------|--|
| | і — ем - Б | 1DP.SH | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | t — INB - | : | | OTB — SI ERR — N | | N: N, | Numb D may | er of b | its to b ne wit | e shift h V, Z, | | to serv | /e | |
| Range WX | K WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | К | XR | |
| Ope- rand | 1 | WM0 WY29584 | WS0 WS3088 | T0 T1023 | C0 C1279 | R0 R34767 | R34768 R34895 | R35024 R35151 | R35280 R43223 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | 1 1 or 16 32 | V,Z P0-P9 | |
| D | 0 | 0 | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | | 0 | * | * | \bigcirc | | \bigcirc | |
| N () | | 0 | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc | 0 | 0 | 0 | \bigcirc | 0 | 0 | |
| has be out bit If the c | egister to en shifte s B15 or operand i 2. Beyond | ed left <i>,</i> B31 (<mark>D</mark> is 16 bi | its pos instru ts, the | sition v ction) effecti | vill be will ap ive ran | replace pear at ge of N | ed by s t shift- l is 1~1 | shift-in out bit 16. For | bit IN "OTB" 32 bit | B, whil s (<mark>D</mark> ins | e the s structio | status o on) ope | of shif rand, | |



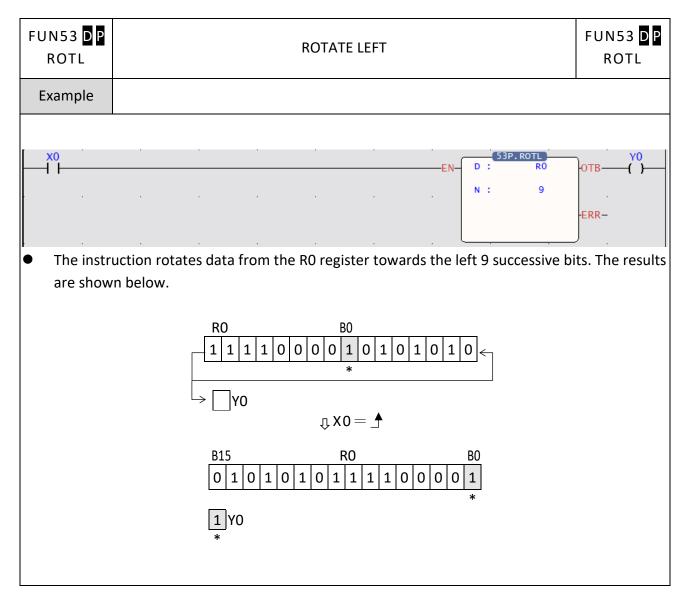
| | 52 <mark>D P</mark> IFR | | | | | SH | IFT RIG | ίΗT | | | | | | 52 D P FR |
|---|--|---|---|--|--------------------------------------|--|---|---|---|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Syn | nbol | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | t control — E hift in bit — I | EN - D N | dder sym DP.SHFI : | R | ГВ — Shift RR — N va | | N: D, | Numbo N may | | its to b ne wit | e shift h V, Z, | | to serv | 'e |
| Range | WX | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | К | XR |
| Ope- rand | WX0 WY0 WM0 WS0 T0 C0 R0 R34768 R35024 R35280 R43224 D0 wx1008 WY1008 WY29584 WS3088 T1023 C1279 R34767 R34769 R35151 R43223 R43214 D0 | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 1 or 16 32 | V,Z P0-P9 |
| D | Ope- rand I | | | | | | | | | | | | | \bigcirc |
| N | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc |
| W D B in If is | registe 15 or B bit INE the op | er towa 31 (D i 3, while erand i Beyone | ards the nstruct e shift- is 16 bi | e right tion) h out bit ts, the | by N s ave be B0 wil effect | success en shif I appea ive ran | ive bit ted rig ar at sh ge of N | s (in de ht, the nift-out N is 1~1 | escend ir posit : bit "O L6. For | ling oro tions w TB". 32 bits | der). A vill be r s (D ins | fter the eplace tructic | e highe d by th on) ope | data of est bits, e shift- rand, it out this |

7-5-2 SHIFT RIGHT (SHFR)



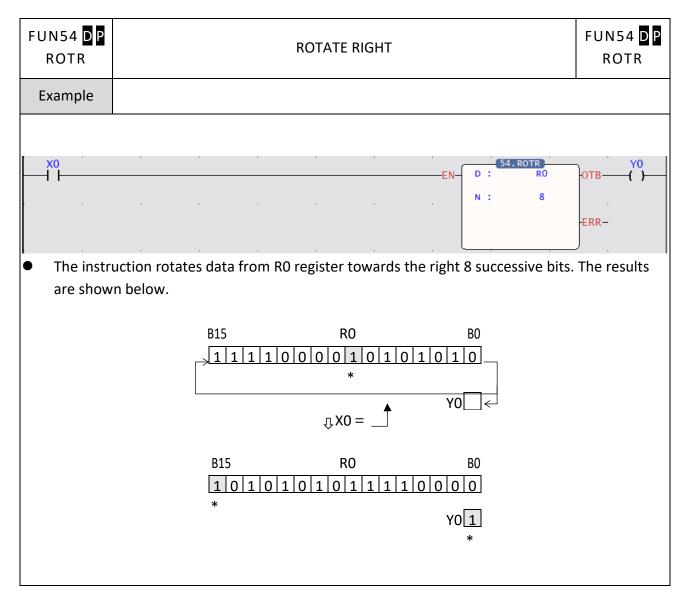
7-5-3 ROTATE LEFT (ROTL)

| FUN53 DP ROTL | | | ROT | TATE L | EFT | | | | | FUN5 RO | |
|--|---|--|---|---------------------------------------|--|----------------------------|--|---|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Symbol | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Rotate control | _53DP.Ⅰ | - 0 | rB — Rotate R — N valu | | D: Regis N: Num D, N ma indirect | iber of ay com | bits to bine w | be rot vith V, Z | Z, P0^ | °P9 to se | rve |
| Range WX | WY WM | WS TM | | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | | XR |
| Ope- rand WX0 WX1008 | WY0 WM0 WY1008 WY29584 | WS0 T0 WS3088 T102 | C0 3 C1279 | R0 R34767 | R34768 R34895 | R35024 R35151 | R35280 R43223 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | 1 1 or 16 32 | V,Z P0-P9 |
| D | 0 0 | 0 C | | 0 | | 0 | ○* | ○* | 0 | _ | \bigcirc |
| N O | 0 0 | O C | | 0 | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc |
| Description | | | | | | | | | | | |
| of D regis B0→B1, B31→B0 appear a If the opt | tate control ' ster towards B1→B2,, E). At the sam t rotate-out I erand is 16 b Beyond this r on. | the left by 14→B15, E e time, the oit "OTB". its, the effe | N succes 915→B0. e status o ective rar | sive bi In a 3 of the nge of | its (in as 2-bit ins rotated N is 1~1 | cendin tructio out b | ng orde on, BO÷ its B15 32 bits | r, ie. in →B1, B1 5 or B3 5 (D ins | a 16 L→B2 1 (D truct | -bit instr 2,, B30 instruction ion) ope | ruction,)→B31, on) will rand, it |



7-5-4 ROTATE RIGHT (ROTR)

| | 54 DP DTR | | | | | ROT | ATE RIC | GHT | | | | | FUN54 ROT | |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|---|---|---|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|--|---|--|---|------------------------|---|--|
| Syn | nbol | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Roti | ate contro | DI — EN | | er sym P.ROTF | R — − 0 [−] | | value erro | N: D, | Numbe N may | er of bi combii | e rotate ts to be ne with ldress a | e rota i V, Z, | , P0~P9 t | :0 |
| Range | WX | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | К | XR |
| Ope- | WX0 | WY0 | WM0 | WS0 | то | C0 | R0 | R34768 | R35024 | R35280 | R43224 | D0 | 1 1 or | V,Z |
| rand D | WX1008 | WY1008 | WY29584 | WS3088 | T1023 | C1279 | R34767 | R34895 | R35151 | R43223 | R47319 | D11999 | 9 16 32 | P0-P9 |
| N | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc |
| | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | 0 | | 0 | | |
| da in B a∣ ● If it | ata of structi $30 \rightarrow B2$ ppear a the op | D regis on, B1 29,, at the r perand 2. Beyo | ster tov $5 \rightarrow B1$ $B1 \rightarrow B^{-}$ rotate- is 16 b ond thi | wards 4, B14 0, B0→ out bit vits, the | the rigl →B13, →B31). "OTB" e effec | ht by N , B At the tive rai | I succe 1→B0, same f | essive BO \rightarrow time, t N is 1 ^o | bits (in B15. Ir he stat ~16. Fc | desce a 32- tus of t or 32 bi | nding o bit ins the rota its (D ir | order truct ated | ll rotate r, ie. in a ion, B31 out B0 b ction) op o not ca | 16-bit .→B30, bits will berand, |



7-6 Code Conversion Instructions (FUN55 \sim 64)

| UN5 | 5 D P | BINARY-CODE TO GRAY-CODE CONVERSION | | | | | | | FUN55 DF | | | | | | | |
|--------------|---|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|--|--|
| B→ | G | | | DINAN | | | | | | 51011 | $B \rightarrow G$ | | | | | |
| Sym | bol | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ope | eration c | ation control — EN $\begin{bmatrix} Ladder symbol \\ 55DP.B \rightarrow G \\ S : \\ D : \end{bmatrix}$ S: Starting of source D: Starting addr ess of destination S, D operand can combine V, Z, P0~P9 addressing | | | | | | 9 for in | dex | | | | | | | |
| Range | WX | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | К | XR | | |
| Ope- rand | WX0 | WY0 WY1008 | WM0 WY29584 | WS0 | то т1023 | C0 C1279 | R0 R34767 | R34768 R34895 | R35024 R35151 | R35280 R43223 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | 16/32-bit +/-number | V,Z P0-P9 | | |
| S | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | |
| D | | 0 | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | 0 | | \bigcirc | ○* | ○* | \cup | | 0 | | |
| Jesch | ption | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| • • | When of the When conve instru | S regis the co | ster to (onversiones) esult. V | Gray co on bit Vhen il | ode. is less t is grea | than 10 ater tha | 6 bits, an or e | a tem | oorary | registe | er is ne | eded | binary to store require | e the | | |

| FUN55 DP | BINARY-CODE TO GRAY-CODE CONVERSION | FUN55 DP |
|-------------------|--|-------------------|
| $B \rightarrow G$ | | $B \rightarrow G$ |
| Example1 | | |
| When M0 is fi | From OFF \rightarrow ON, convert R0 (binary code) into Gray code, and then store if $M_0 = 55P.B \rightarrow G_{\text{S}} = 60$ | : in R100. |
| | $R0 = 100101010101011B \rightarrow R100 = 110111111111010$ |) B |
| Example2 | When M0 =1, it will perform the 32-bit code conversion | |
| | PN, convert DRO (binary code) to Gray code, and then store it in DR100. | l1110B |

| FUN56 $\mathbf{D}\mathbf{P}$ G \rightarrow B | | GRAY-CODE TO BINARY-CODE CONVERSION | | | | | | | | | | | $\begin{array}{c} FUN56 \ \mathbf{D} \ \mathbf{P} \\ G \rightarrow B \end{array}$ | |
|---|-----------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|---|--------------|
| Sym | nbol | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| O | peration o | control — | 5 | 6DP.G [.] 3 : | <u>symbol</u> → B | | D: S S, D | tarting Starting opera Iressing | ; addre nd can | ess of d | | | 9 for in | ıdex |
| Range | WX | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | К | XR |
| Ope- rand | WX0 | WY0 WY1008 | WM0 WY29584 | WS0 WS3088 | то Т1023 | C0 C1279 | R0 R34767 | R34768 R34895 | R35024 R35151 | R35280 R43223 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | 16/32-bit +/-number | V,Z P0-P9 |
| S | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| D | | \bigcirc | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | • | ○* | 0 | | \bigcirc |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| • | of the Wher conve (D ins | e S regi the co ersion r tructio | ster to onversi result. on). | Gray c on bit When | ode. is less it is gre | than 16 | i bits, an or | a temp | orary | registe | r is ne | eded t | oinary c o store re requi | the |

7-6-2 GRAY-CODE TO BINARY-CODE CONVERSION (G→B)

| FUN56 \mathbf{D} \mathbf{P} G \rightarrow B | GRAY-CODE TO BINARY-CODE CONVERSION | FUN56 $\mathbf{D} \mathbf{P}$ G \rightarrow B |
|--|--|--|
| Example1 | | |
| When M0 is fr | From OFF \rightarrow ON, convert D0 (binary code) into Gray code, and then store is $M0 \qquad \qquad$ | |
| Example2 | When M0 =1, it will perform the 32-bit code conversion | |
| | N, convert DD0 (binary code) to Gray code, and then store it in DD100 M_0 H_1 H_2 EN $\begin{bmatrix} 56DP.G \rightarrow B \\ S : D0 \\ D : D100 \end{bmatrix}$ 10111001001000010111100010100B \rightarrow DD100 = 0010010111000111110010 | 1000011000B |

| /-6- | 3 HOU | JK . IVI | INUTE | SECO | ND→SE | COND | | | | | | | |
|------|--------------|---|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| F | UN61 →SEC | $-$ HOUR : MINUTE : SECOND \rightarrow SECOND | | | | | | | | FUN61 <mark>P</mark> →SEC | | | |
| | Symbol | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cc | onversion co | ntrol — EN | Г ^{61Р.→} | r symbol → SEC |] −D=0 — R€ | esult as 0 | | - | alendar egister | | - | | onverted |
| | Range | WX | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR |
| | Ope- rand | WX0 WX1008 | WY0 WY1008 | WM0 WY29584 | WS0 WS3088 | T0 T1023 | C0 C1279 | R0 R34767 | R34768 R34895 | R35024 R35151 | R35280 R43223 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 |
| | S | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc |
| | D | | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | | \bigcirc | * | * | \bigcirc |
| De | escriptio | on | | | | | | | | | | | |

7-6-3 HOUR : MINUTE : SECOND→SECOND

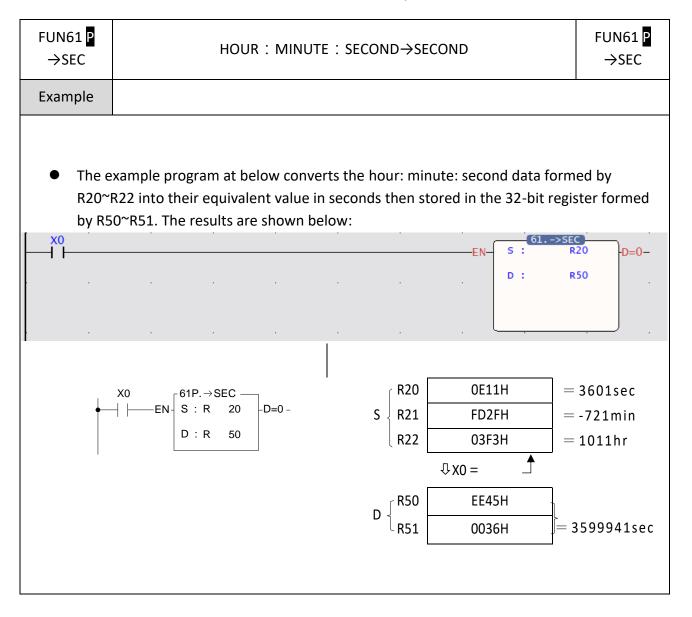
| FUN61FUN61 \rightarrow SECHOUR : MINUTE : SECOND \rightarrow SEC \rightarrow S |
|--|
|--|

- When conversion control "EN" = 1 or has a transition from 0 to 1 (pinstruction), will convert the hour: minute: second data of S~S+2 into an equivalent value in seconds and store it into the 32-bit register formed by combining D and D+1. If the result = 0, then set the "D = 0" flag as 1.
- Among the Fatek-PLC instructions, the hour: minute: second time related instructions (FUN61 and 62) use 3 words of register to store the time data, as shown in the diagram below. The first word is the second register, the second word is the minute register, and finally the third word is the hour register, and in the 16 bits of each register, only B14~B0 are used to represent the time value. While bit B15 is used to express whether the time values are positive or negative. When B15 is 0, it represents a positive time value, and when B15 is 1 it represents a negative time value. The B14~B0 time value is represented in binary, and when the time value is negative, B14~B0 is represented with the 2's complement. The number of seconds that results from this operation is the result of summation of seconds from the three registers representing [hour: minute: second].



The B15 of each register is used to represent the sign of each time value

- A B31 is used to represent the positive or negative nature of the sec. value
- Any [hour: minute: second] time data will be automatically merged and used except when accessing with FUN61 or 62 instructions. Other instructions will regard it as an individual general register and will not be automatically merged and used, there is no relationship between the 3 registers, so you can operate on any data of hours, minutes, and seconds separately, and the results will not affect each other.



| FUN62 →HM | _ | SECOND→HOUR : MINUTE : SECOND | | | | | | | | FUN62 <mark>₽</mark> →HMS | | | |
|--|--------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| Symbo | ol | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Conversion control – EN $\begin{bmatrix} Ladder symbol \\ 62P. \rightarrow HMS \\ S : \\ D : \\ OVR - Over range \end{bmatrix}$ S: Starting register of second to be converted D: Starting register storing result of converse (hour : minute : second) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Range | WX | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | K |
| Ope- Rand | WX0 WX1008 | WY0 WY1008 | WM0 WY29584 | WS0 WS3088 | T0 T1023 | C0 C1279 | R0 R34767 | R34768 R34895 | R35024 R35151 | R35280 R43223 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | -117968399 117964799 |
| S | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc |
| D | | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | | \bigcirc | ○* | ○* | \bigcirc | |

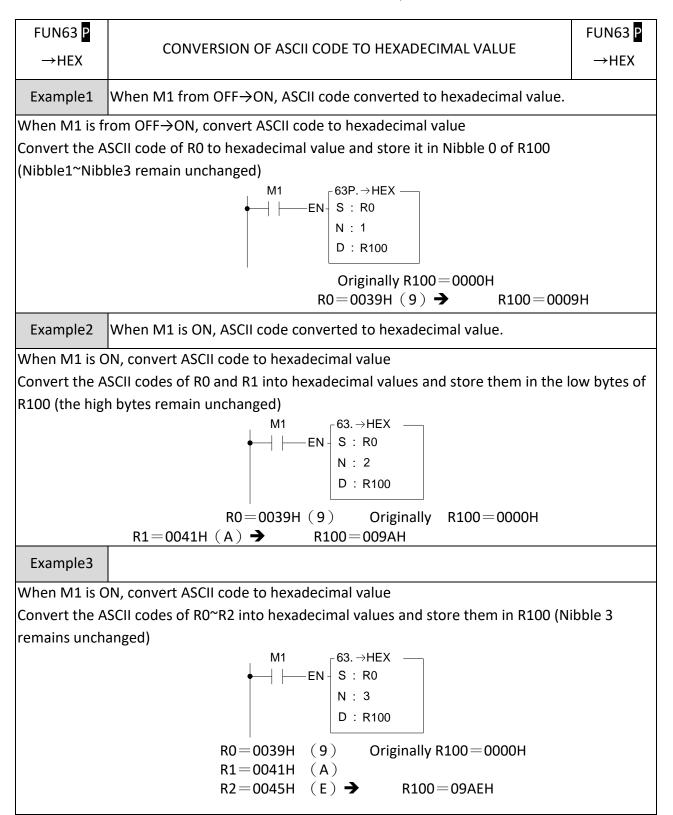
7-6-4 SECOND→HOUR : MINUTE : SECOND

| FUN62 ₽ →HMS | SECOND→HOUR : MINUTE : SECOND | FUN62 ₽ →HMS |
|---|--|---|
| Description | | |
| Wher conve secon instru 2's co S S Th reg bit As she secon range -59 m secon excee | a conversion control "EN" = 1 or has a transition from 0 to 1 () inst ert the second data from the S~S+1 32-bit register into the equivalent ho d time value and store it in the three successive registers D~D+2. All the ction is represented in binary (if there is a negative value it is represent mplement.) -1 Second \rightarrow D (sec) $-59 \sec \sim 59 \sec -59 \sec -59 \sec -59 \sin -29 \sin $ | our : minute : e data in this ed using the dusing the the minute : can be in the 32768 hours, orresponding If the S value |

| FUN62 ₽ →HMS | SECOND→HOUR : MINUTE : SECOND | FUN62 <mark>P</mark> →HMS | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Example | | | | | | | | |
| The program in the diagram below is an example of this instruction. Please note that the contents of the registers are denoted by hexadecimal, and on the right is its equivalent value in decimal notation. | | | | | | | | |
| | R0 5D17H R1 0060H 6315287se | с | | | | | | |
| | ⊕ x0 = _▲ | | | | | | | |
| | R10 002FH 47sec | | | | | | | |
| | R11 000EH 14min | | | | | | | |
| | R12 06DAH 1754hr | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| X0 | 62>HMS S: R0 | -D=0- | | | | | | |
| | D: R10 | OVR- | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

FUN63 P FUN63 P CONVERSION OF ASCII CODE TO HEXADECIMAL VALUE \rightarrow HEX \rightarrow HEX Symbol S: Starting source register. Ladder symbol N: Number of ASCII codes to be converted to 63P.→ HEXhexadecimal values. Conversion control — EN S : - ERR — D: The starting register that stores the result Ν (hexadecimal value). D 1 S, N, D, can associate with V, Z, P0~P9 to do the indirect addressing application. WY WM WS TM CTR HR IR OR SR ROR DR XR WX Κ Range R34 R35 R35 R43 WX0|WY0|WM0|WS0 Τ0 C0 R0 D0 V ` Z 16-bit 768 024 280 224 +num Ope-WX1 WY1 WM2 WS3 T10 P0~P C12 R34 D11 R35 151 R43 223 R34 895 R47 ber 9584 9 008 008 088 23 79 767 999 rand 319 O Ο Ο Ο S \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc () \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc Ο \bigcirc Ο Ο Ο Ο Ο Ο Ο Ο Ο Ο 1~ Ο Ν Ο Ο Ο Ο 0 Ο 0 Ο Ο \bigcirc^* 0* Ο Ο D Description When conversion control "EN" =1 or changes from $0 \rightarrow 1$ (P instruction), it will convert the N successive hexadecimal ASCII character('0'~'9','A'~'F') convey by 16-bit registers (Low Byte is effective) into hexadecimal value, and store the result into the register starting with D. Every 4 ASCII code is stored in one register. The nibbles of register, which does not involve in the conversion of ASCII code will remain unchanged. The conversion will not be performed when N is 0 or greater than 511. When there is ASCII error (neither $30H \sim 39H$ nor $41H \sim 46H$), the output "ERR" is ON. 0 • The main purpose of this command is to convert the ASCII numbers received by communication ports 1~2 from the external ASCII peripherals (transmitting values to the PLC in ASCII codes) into hexadecimal values that can be directly processed by the CPU.

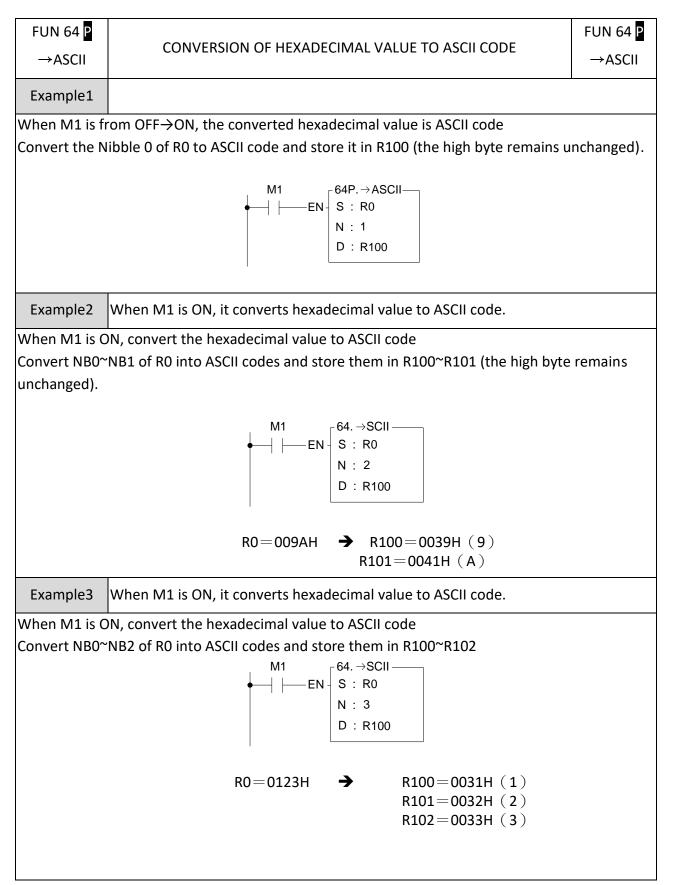
7-6-5 CONVERSION OF ASCII CODE TO HEXADECIMAL VALUE (ASCII→HEX)

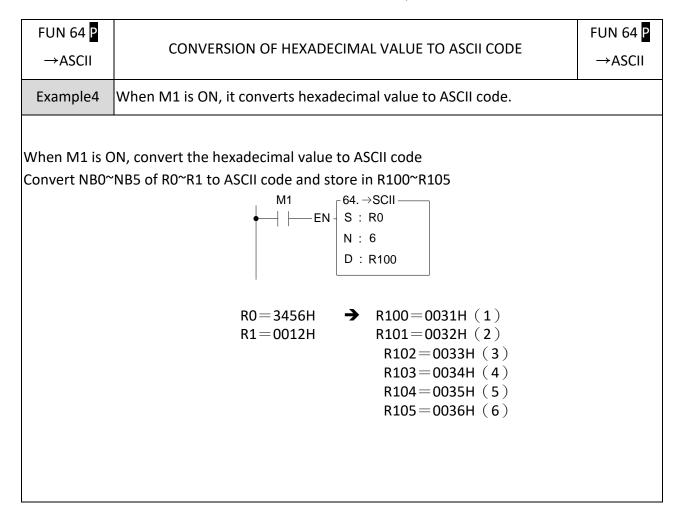


| FUN63 ₽ →HEX | CONVERSION OF ASCII CODE TO HEXADECIMAL VALUE | FUN63 <mark>P</mark> →HEX |
|-----------------|--|------------------------------|
| Example4 | When M1 is ON, ASCII code converted to hexadecimal value | |
| | DN, convert ASCII code to hexadecimal value SCII codes of R0~R5 into hexadecimal values and store them in R100~R1 $ \begin{array}{c c} M1 & \hline & 63. \rightarrow HEX \\ \hline & & 6& \\ \hline & & 8: R0 \\ \hline & & 8: 6\\ \hline & & 100 \\ \hline$ | 101 |
| | R5=0036H (6) R101=0012H | |
| | | |

| FUN 64 ₽ →ASCII | | CONVERSION OF HEXADECIMAL VALUE TO ASCII CODE | | | | | | FUN 6 →AS | _ |
|---|--|---|--|----------------------|---|--|--|--------------|-----|
| Symbol | | | | | | | | | |
| Ladder symbol 64P.→ ASCII S : N : D : | | | | N: co D: S, | S: Starting source register N: Number of hexadecimal digits to be converted to ASCII code. D: The starting register storing result. S, N, D, can associate with V, Z, P0~P9 to do the indirect addressing application. | | | | the |
| Ope- rand S N D D D S C S C S S C S S C S S C S S C S | Ope Image: Colored color | | | | | | | | |

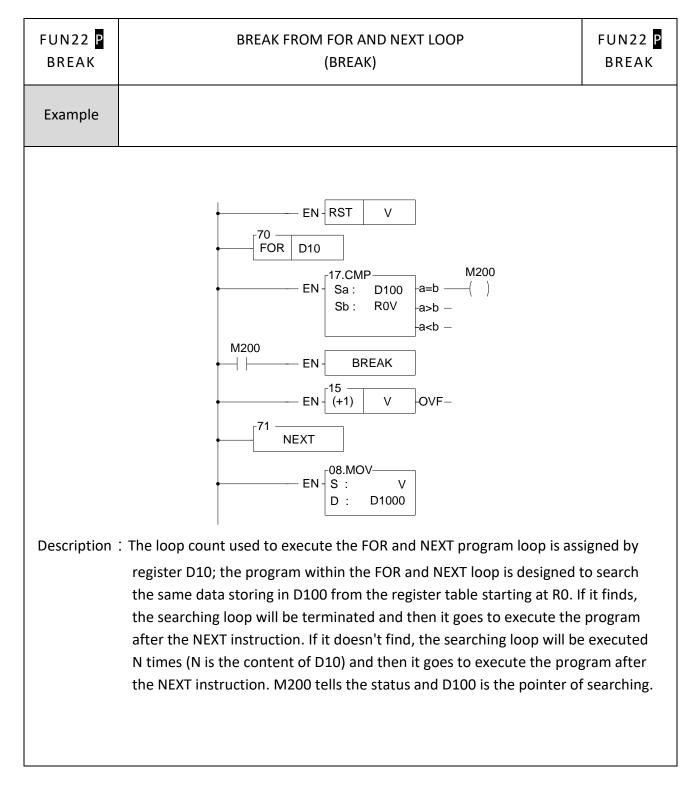
7-6-6 CONVERSION OF HEXADECIMAL VALUE TO ASCII CODE (HEX→ASCII)





7-7 Flow Control Instructions II (FUN22 $\$ FUN65 \sim 71)

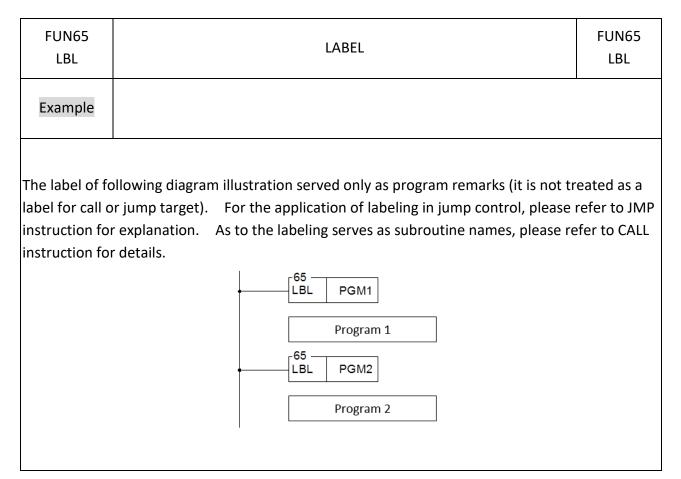
| 7-7-1 Break | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|---|------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| FUN22 P BREAK | BREAK FROM FOR AND NEXT LOOP (BREAK) | FUN22 P BREAK | | | | | | |
| Symbol | | | | | | | | |
| | Ladder symbol 22P. Execution control — EN Break | | | | | | | |
| Description | Description | | | | | | | |
| and NEXT | ecution control "EN" = 1 or changes from $0 \rightarrow 1$ (P instruction), it will tern program loop. | | | | | | | |
| instructio | The program within the FOR and NEXT loop will be executed N times (N is assigned by FOR instruction) successively, but if it is necessary to terminate the execution loop less than N times, the BREAK instruction is necessary to apply. | | | | | | | |
| The BREA | K instruction must be located within the FOR and NEXT program loop. | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |



| FUN65 LBL | LABEL | | |
|---|--|---|--|
| Symbol | | | |
| | Ladder symbol 65. LBL S | S: Alphanumeric, 1~6 characters | |
| Description | XOnly supported in the main prog | ram and subroutine | |
| targe used This proce the p influe The la in the | t address for execution of JUMP, CA for document purpose to improve t nstruction serves only as the prop dure flow or for remark. The instru- rogram contains this instruction or enced by this instruction. abel name can be formed by any 1~ | n certain address within a program, ALL instruction and interrupt service. he readability and interpretability of gram address marking to provide th action itself will not perform any action of not, the result of program execution of alphanumeric characters and can't I names are reserved for interrupt fur for normal program labels. | It also can be the program. ne control of ons; whether n will not be be duplicate |

7-7-2 LABEL (LBL)

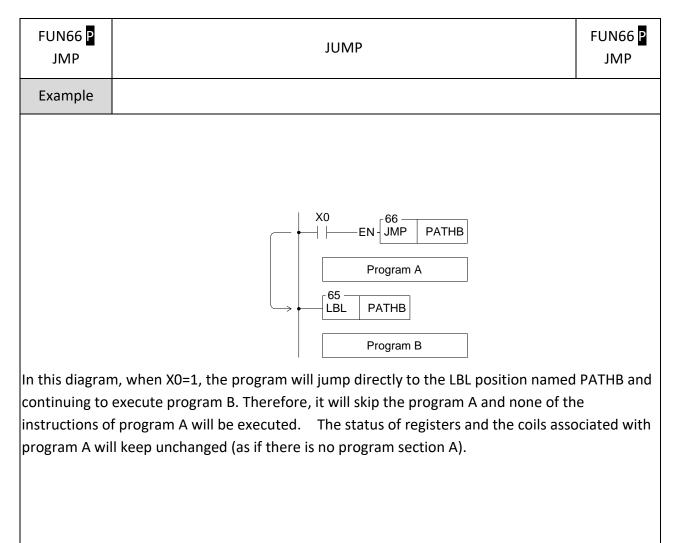
| | N65 BL | LABEL | | | | |
|--|-----------|---|---|----|--|--|
| | | | | | | |
| | | Reserved words | Interrupt | | | |
| | | X0+I~X7+I (INT0~INT7) X0-I~X7-I (INT0-~INT7-) | Interrupt service program name external X0~X7 | of | | |
| | | HSC0I~HSC7I | Interrupt service routine name c HSC0 ~ HSC7 | f | | |
| | | DI (1MS), STM1I (1MS), STM2I (1MS), (1MS), LTM0I (10MS), LTM1I (10MS), LTM2I (10MS), LTM3I (10MS) | 1mS, 10mS, 2 kinds of timer interrupt service program name in PLC | | | |
| | | HSTAI (ATMRI), HSTOI~HST3I | Label for high-speed fixed timer interrupt service routine. In units of 0.1mS | | | |
| | COC | CPUI, LHMI, RHMOI, RHM1I, RHM2I, RHM3I, RHM4I, RHM5I | Labels for the pulse output com finished interrupt service routine | | | |
| Unless the program you marked is indeed the service program corresponding to the above interrupt, the above name can be used, and it cannot be used elsewhere. Otherwise, when an interrupt occurs, the PLC will execute the general program you marked as an interrupt program, resulting in errors or crash. | | | | | | |



FUN66 P FUN66 P JUMP JMP JMP Symbol Ladder symbol 66P.-LBL: The program label to be jumped LBL Jump control - EN JMP Description When jump control "EN" = 1 or changes from $0 \rightarrow 1$ (P instruction), PLC will jump to the location behind the marked label and continuous to execute the program. This instruction is especially suit for the applications where some part of the program will be executed only under certain condition. This can shorter the scan time while not executes the whole program. And also, can use this instruction in the application of multiple coil outputs, the input control is used to select the application of executing a certain program. This instruction allows jump backward (i.e., the address of LBL is comes before the address of JMP instruction). However, care should be taken if the jump action causes the scan time exceed the limit set by the watchdog timer, the WDT interrupt will be occurred and stop executing. The jump instruction allows only for jumping among main program or jumping among subroutine area, it can't jump across main/subroutine area.

7-7-3 JUMP (JMP)

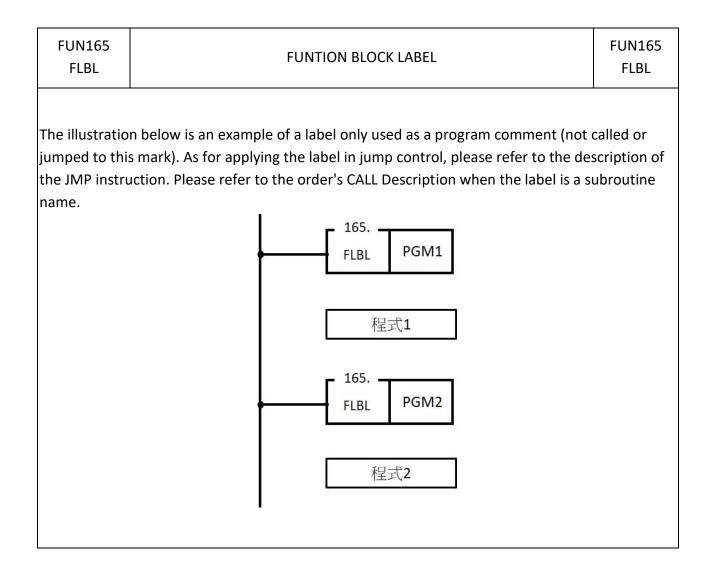
Chapter 7 Advanced Function Instructions



7-7-4 FUNTION BLOCK LABEL

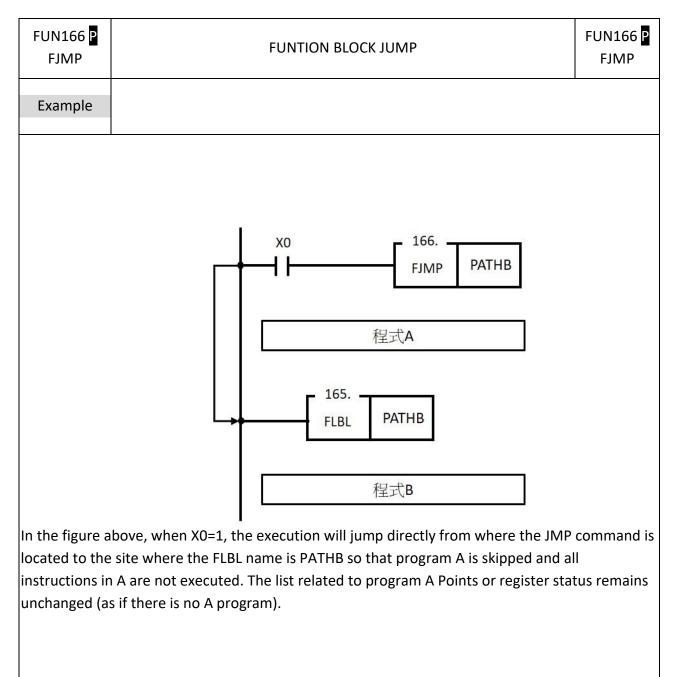
| FUN165 FLBL | FUNTION BLOCK LABEL | | |
|--|---|---|--|
| Symbol | | | |
| | <u>階梯圖符號</u> 165 FLBL S | S: English/ Digit 1~6 | |
| Discription | ℜIt only supported in the function | n block diagram. | |
| diagr is no the p ● This anno instr | am jumps (FJUMP) to the address of need for flow control, such as jump rogram to facilitate program identi instruction is only used as a progra otation. The instruction itself will no uction in the program, the execution | m address label for process control c ot perform any action. Whether there | on. If there to annotate or e is this |

| | N165 .BL | FUNTION BLO | FUNTION BLOCK LABEL | | |
|-------------------|-------------|---|---|-------------|--|
| | | | | | |
| | | Reserved words | Discription | | |
| | | X0+1~X7+1 (INT0 ~ INT7) | Labels for external input (X0~X7 |) | |
| | | X0-I~X7-I (INT0-~ INT7-) | interrupt service routine | , | |
| | | HSC01~HSC71 | Labels for high speed counter HS HSC7 interrupt service routine | 5C0 ~ | |
| | | DI (1MS), STM1I (1MS), STM2I (1MS), (1MS), LTM0I (10MS), LTM1I (10MS), LTM2I (10MS), LTM3I (10MS) | Labels for 1ms, 10ms PLC international timer interrupt service routine | al | |
| | | HSTAI (ATMRI), HSTOI~HST3I | Labels for high-speed fixed timer interrupt service routine In units of 0.1mS | | |
| | COC | CPUI, LHMI, RHMOI, RHM1I, RHM2I, RHM3I, RHM4I, RHM5I | Labels for expansion module even interrupt | ent | |
| Unless | the pro | ogram you labeled is indeed the service | program corresponding to the a | bove | |
| interru execut | upts, the | e above labels can be used and cannot eneral program you labeled as an inter rors or crashes. | be used elsewhere. Otherwise, th | ne PLC will | |
| Exai | mple | | | | |



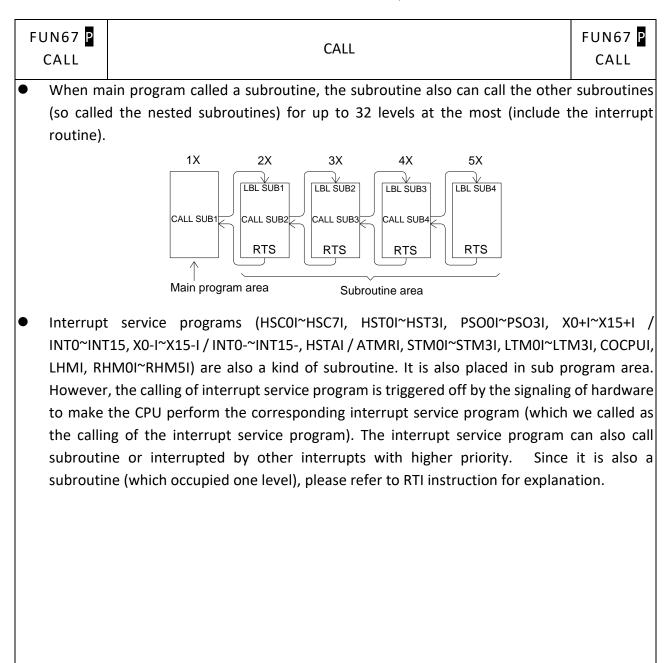
7-7-5 FUNTION BLOCK JUMP

| FUN166 P FJMP | FUNTION E | FUN166 P FJMP | |
|--|--|--|---|
| Symbol | | | |
| - | | FLBL : The program label to be | jumped |
| Discription | %It's only supported in the function | on block diagram. | |
| jum This of partial multi partial This of the a the s gene | os to the position labeled FLBL and command is especially suitable for t cular part of the program when a sp iple outputs of the coil and then use cular section of the program—usua command can jump back (that is, th ddress of the FJMP command). Still can time to extend beyond the time rate WDT Interrupted, stops runnin | the application that only needs to exercise situation occurs, and in the application occurs, and and application occurs, application occurs, application occurs, application occurs, and application occurs, application occ | ecute a plication of ute a maller than ack causes |



| FUN67 P CALL | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|-----------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Symbol | | | | | | | | | |
| Call | Control – EN – CALL LBL | LBL: The subroutine label name to be called. | | | | | | | |
| Description | Description | | | | | | | | |
| subroutii the prog encounte | ne bear the same label name as the ram will execute continuous as norr | 0→1 (P instruction), PLC will call (pe one being called. When execute the nal program does but when the prog v of the program will return back to | e subroutine, gram | | | | | | |
| one "re RTS" ins execution Neverth shared multiple though they ha illustrat | subroutines must end with turn from subroutine instruction struction; otherwise it will cause ng error or CPU shut down. neless, an RTS instruction can be by subroutines (so called as e entering subroutines; even the entry points are different, ve a same returning path) as ed in the right diagram tine SUB1-3. | SUB1 + Constraints of the second seco | SUB3 2 | | | | | | |

7-7-6 CALL



7-7-7 RETURN FROM SUBROUTINE (RTS)

| FUN68 RTS | RETURN FROM SUBROUTINE | FUN68 RTS |
|---|---|---|
| Symbol | | |
| | Eadder symbol 68. RTS | |
| Description | | |
| within conne line. Wher finish which If the execu (Syste ensur | nstruction is used to represent the end of a subroutine. Therefore, it can in the subroutine area. Its input side has no control signal, so there is no w ect any contacts. This instruction is self sustain, and is directly connected in PLC encounter this instruction, it means that the execution of a s ed. Therefore, it will return to the address immediately after the CALL in were previously executed and will continue to execute the program. above instructions are used in the subroutine and causing the subro inte the RTS instruction, then PLC will halt the operation and set the D em Stack Error) to 1. Therefore, no matter what the flow is going, it the that any subroutine must be able to execute a matched RTS instruction the usage of the RTS instruction please refer to instructions for the CALL is the usage of the RTS instruction please refer to instructions for the CALL is the usage of the RTS instruction please refer to instructions for the CALL is the usage of the RTS instruction please refer to instructions for the CALL is the usage of the RTS instruction please refer to instructions for the CALL is the usage of the RTS instruction please refer to instructions for the CALL is the usage of the RTS instruction please refer to instructions for the CALL is the usage of the RTS instruction please refer to instructions for the CALL is the usage of the RTS instruction please refer to instructions for the CALL is the usage of the RTS instruction please refer to instructions for the CALL is the the program is the the test of test o | vay to serially to the power subroutine is instruction, outine not to R35361 'Bit9 must always on. |

| FUN69 RTI | RETURN FROM INTERRUPT | |
|--|---|--|
| Symbol | | |
| | 69. RTI | |
| Description | | |
| execution Please reference A RTI insistance A RTI insistance The difference defined I or other "EN" = 1 For the effective For the effective service preservice preser | tion of this instruction is similar to RTS. Nevertheless, RTS is used to ern of sub program, and RTI is used to end the execution of interrupt service for to the explanation of RTS instruction. truction can be shared by more than one interrupt service program. The the sharing of an RTS by many subroutines. Please refer to the explanation. erence between interrupts and call is that the sub program name (LBL) or by user, and the label name and its call instruction are included in the m sub program. Therefore, when PLC performs the CALL instruction and the or changes from $0 \rightarrow 1$ (\mathbb{P} instruction), the PLC will call (execute) this sub execution of interrupt service program, it is directly used with hardware t CPU to pause the other less important works, and then to perform the program corresponding to the hardware signal (we call it the calling of in the rupt service program cannot be called by label name; therefore, we prepreserved words" label name to correspond to the various interrupts offer UN65 explanation for details). For example, the reserved word X0+I is as rupt occurred at input point X0; as long as the sub program contains the en input point X0 interrupt is occurred (X0: $ \rightarrow $), the PLC will pause the corregram and jump to the subroutine address which labeled as X0+I to eximmediately. | ice program. e usage is the ion of CALL f a call is ain program ne input program. signals to interrupt to execute, n addition, serve the ered by PLC signed to e label of other lower |

7-7-8 RETURN FROM INTERRUPT (RTI)

| FUN69 RTI | RETURN FROM INTERRUPT | FUN69 RTI |
|---|--|--|
| Description | | |
| high spee for priori the highe If the RTI cause a program program | etailed explanation and example for the usage of interrupts, please refe | o Chapter 10 rupt until all routine, may the flow of rrupt service |

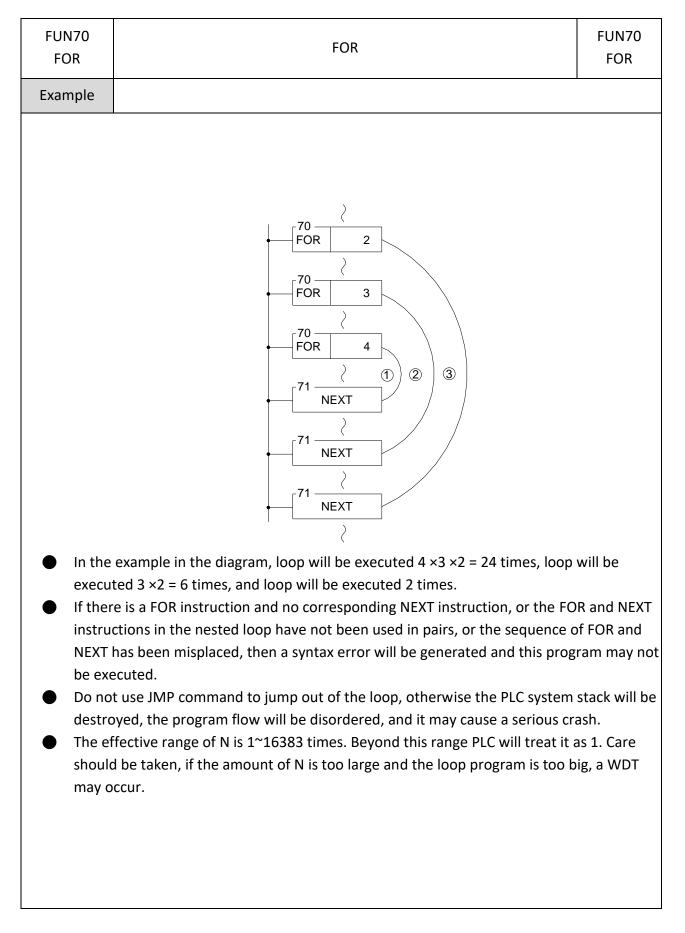
| Symbol | | FOR | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Ladder s | <u>/mbol</u> | | | | | | | | |
| FOR N | | | | | N: Num | ber of | times c | of loop | executi | on |
| Range WX WY | WM WS | TMR | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | К |
| Ope- Rand WX0 WY0 WX1008 WY1008 | WM0 WS0 WY29584 WS308 | T0 8 T1023 | C0 C1279 | R0 R34767 | R34768 R34895 | R35024 R35151 | R35280 R43223 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | 1 16838 |
| N O O | 0 0 | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc |
| Description | | | | | | | | | | |
| This instruct | ion has no i | nput con | itrol, is | conne | cted dir | ectly to | o the p | ower li | ne, and | l cannot |
| be in series v | vith any cor | nditions. | | | | | | | | |
| The program | is within the | e FOR and | d NEXT | instruc | tions fo | orm a p | rogran | n loop (| the sta | rt of the |
| loop progran | n is the next | instruct | ion afte | er FOR, | and the | e last is | the ins | truction | h befor | e NEXT). |

7-7-9 FOR

programs in the loop. Then it jumps out of the loop, and continues executes the instruction immediately after the NEXT instruction.
The loop can have a nested structure, i.e., the loop includes other loops, like an onion. 1 loop is called a level, and there can be a maximum of 32 levels. The FOR and NEXT instructions must be used in pairs. The first FOR instruction and the last NEXT instruction

(loop execution number), then for N times successively execution from start to last of the

are the outermost (first) level of a nested loop. The second FOR instruction and the second last NEXT instruction are the second level, the last FOR instruction and the first NEXT instruction form the loop's innermost level.



7-7-10 NEXT

| FUN71 NEXT | LOOP END | FUN71 NEXT |
|---|---|---|
| Symbol | | |
| | Ladder symbol 71. NEXT | |
| Description | | |
| itself with a Wher has e not ta For th | nstruction and the FOR instruction together form a program loop. The in has no input control, is connected directly to the power line, and canno any conditions. In PLC has not yet entered the loop (has not yet executed to the FOR inst executed but then jumped out), but the NEXT instruction is reached, the ake any action, just as if this instruction did not exist. The usage of this instruction please refer to the explanations for the FOR e preceding page. | t be in series ruction, or n PLC will |

| FUN199 TXTDF | Ladder Program Bloo | ck Close-out Function (TXTDF) | FUN199 TXTDF |
|--|--|---|-------------------------------|
| Symbol | | | |
| | Ladder Symbol 199.TXTDF – LN: | LN: Text definition description | |
| LN is available Description | e for inputting 1~200 bits | | |
| block clo Block Dia You may following | se-out function. Through such f agram easily. import 1~200 bits in Parameter | ladder FUN199.TXTDF command, you n function, you may protect the ladder pro r LN for describing the text definition. C eed to prevent these bits from conflictin | ogram in the urrently, the |

7-7-11 Ladder Program Block Close-out Function (TXTDF)

| FUN199 TXTDF | Ladder Program Block Close-out Function (TXTDF) | FUN199 TXTDF |
|-----------------|---|-----------------|
| | | |

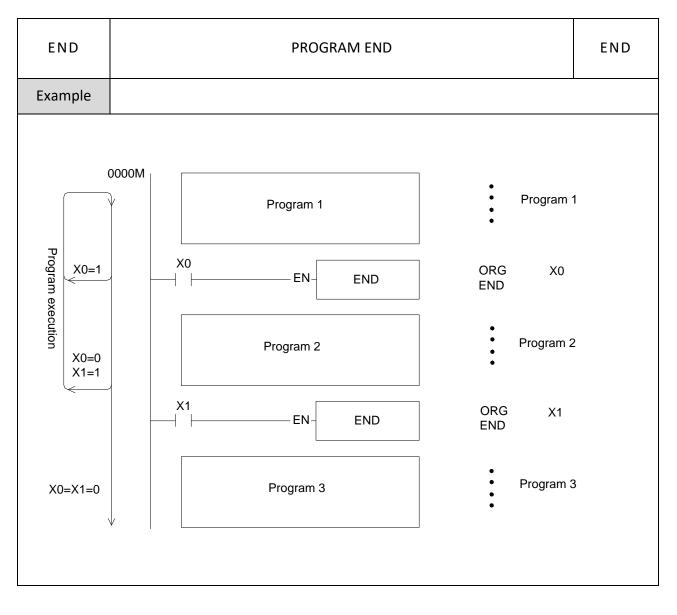
| Reserved words | Description | Notes |
|----------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|
| BLOCKS:NAME | Block Diagram starting | |
| | network commands | |
| BLOCKS: | Block Diagram starting | |
| | network commands | |
| PSW:? | To open Block Diagram, you | Effective when logged in |
| | need to input password. | the Block Diagram |
| PSWC:*** | To open Block Diagram, you | Effective when logged in |
| | need to input password and it | the Block Diagram |
| | will be shown as *. | |
| PSW:CLOSE | Such block cannot enter the | Effective when logged in |
| | open state. | the Block Diagram |
| BLOCKDSP:OPEN | When file is opened, this | Effective when logged in |
| | block enters the display state. | the Block Diagram |
| BLOCKE: | Block Diagram end network | |
| | commands. | |

| | DE | | | · · | | · | |
|-------------------|-----------------|--------------|------|--|-----------|-------------------|------|
| BLOCKS: | | | | | | | |
| x0 | | | | | | | Y10 |
| - 1 99.TXT | | | | | | | |
| PSW:?? | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | • | |
| PSWC:** | | | | | | | |
| BLOCKE: | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| ht key, you | may select clos | ing + h o pr | | | | | |
| | 199. TXTDF | | ogra | m block per the f | igure ind | dicated be | low: |
| | | | ogra | m block per the f | igure ind | licated be Esc | low: |
| | 199. TXTDF | | | | igure inc | | low: |
| | 199. TXTDF | | | Normal Arrow Undo Contact | igure ind | Esc | low: |
| | 199. TXTDF | | | Normal Arrow Undo Contact Output | igure ind | Esc | low: |
| | 199. TXTDF | | | Normal Arrow Undo Contact Output Function | igure ind | Esc | low: |
| | 199. TXTDF | | | Normal Arrow Undo Contact Output Function Block Close | igure ind | Esc | low: |
| | 199. TXTDF | | | Normal Arrow Undo Contact Output Function | igure ind | Esc | low: |
| | 199. TXTDF | | | Normal Arrow Undo Contact Output Function Block Close | igure ind | Esc | low: |
| | 199. TXTDF | | | Normal Arrow Undo Contact Output Function Block Close | igure ind | Esc | low: |
| | 199. TXTDF | | | Normal Arrow Undo Contact Output Function Block Close | igure ind | Esc | low: |
| | 199. TXTDF | | | Normal Arrow Undo Contact Output Function Block Close | igure ind | Esc | low: |

| FUN199 TXTDF | | | Lado | der pro | ogram block (TXTD | | out fu | nction | | | FUN199 TXTDF |
|-----------------|------------|----------|------|------------|---|---------|--------|------------|---|----|-----------------|
| - CPD | k on tł | ne progr | | | | en, and | | | | | -adder), |
| | | | | | D Undo | | Ctrl+Z | | | | |
| | | | | | Contact Output Function | | | | | 1 | |
| | ж. | ÷ | | | Block Close Block Spen | | | | | E) | |
| 6 | <i>*</i> : | | Ċ. | | Horizontal Short ✓ Vertical Short → Horizontal Long | | | 1 0 | 8 | | |
| | | | | Passw [| | ? 取消 | × | | | | |

7-7-12 PROGRAM END

| END | PROGRAM END | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Symbol | | | | | | | |
| End control | Ladder symbol — EN-END | No operand | | | | | |
| Description | | | | | | | |
| all the prising is ignored instruction This instruction This instruction This instruction and for the second se | ograms after the END instruction wi d, and programs after the END inst on is not exist. ruction may be placed more than EN") controls the end point of progr esting. | is activated. Immediately end this provide the executed. When "EN" = 0, the truction will continue to be executed one point within a program, and it man execution. It is especially useful for the main program, CPU will a main program. | is instruction d as the END s input (end or debugging | | | | |



7-8 I/O Instructions (FUN74~86)

| -8-1 IMMED | IATE I/O REFRESH (| IMDIO) | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| FUN74 <mark>P</mark> IMDIO | | IMMEDIATE | I/O RE | FRESH | | FUN74 P IMDIO |
| Symbol | | | | | | |
| Update | | <u>Symbol</u> IMDIO | updated | d - | address of the I/O p | |
| | | Range Ope- RandXDN | Y Yn O | K 1 36 | | |
| before th all the ou the outp method specified | ne program is execut utput results are se ut response is at lea of this instruction | ed, and then st nt to the outpu ast there will b is to immediat when encounte | arts to so It point a e one sca ely grab ring this l | an the p it one ti an time or sen | rabs all the input sig program. After all th ime. In this way, the delay (maximum 2 d the input signal o ion, so that the mos | e scans are over e input action t scan times). Th or output signa |

| FUN74 P | |
|---------|--|
| IMDIO | |

IMMEDIATE I/O REFRESH

FUN74 P IMDIO

- When update control "EN" = 1 or changes from 0 to 1 (P instruction), update the status of N input points or output points (i.e., D~D+N-1) starting from input point or output point designated by D.
- The I/O points of the immediate I/O update of the PLC are limited to the I/O points on the host computer. The following table shows the allowable real-time I/O numbers of MA and ME/MS hosts:

| I/Oports Legal ports | MA | ME/MS |
|-------------------------|----------|---------|
| Input | X0 ~ X15 | X0 ~ X7 |
| Output | Y0~Y15 | Y0~Y15 |

- If the range of the real-time I/O ports in the program exceeds the input point or output ports number of the host (for example, D=X7, N=9 in the program, it means that 9 input point signals such as X7~X15 should be captured immediately, and assuming that The Model is ME/MS model, the maximum input point is X7, obviously X15 has exceeded the input point number of the host), then the PLC will not be able to run.
- When this instruction is executed, although the PLC will immediately capture or send out the real-time input/output signal, the delay of the hardware or software components on the input point or the action delay of the output point (Action response time of output components such as relays or transistors) still exists, please pay special attention.

7-9 PID Control (FUN38, FUN99)

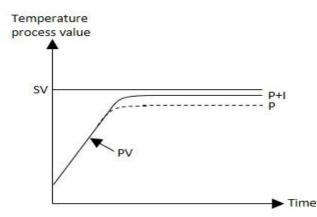
FUN99P FUN99P **PID TEMPERATURE CONTROL INSTRUCTION 2** TPCTL2 TPCTL2 Symbol ID: The number of the expansion module to -99P.TPCTL2perform temperature control 執行控制 — EN-ERR - 溫控錯誤 ID: CH: Expansion module channel that performs CH: temperature control 更新參數 -- UPD --ALM- 溫控警報 SR: PR: SR: Program-controlled setting start register 自動輸出 /手動輸出 -A/M-OR: RP: Gain setting start register WR: 加熱冷卻 —H/C-OR: Output start register WR: Work start register Κ HR IR OR SR ROR DR 範 R347 R350 R352 24 80 R432 24 RO D₀ 運算 韋 68 D119 99 R347 67 R348 95 R351 R432 R473 51 23 19 元 0~127 ID 0~63 CH ()(() () () (SR \bigcirc ()()PR () \bigcirc^* ()OR Ο \bigcirc * Ο WR Ο ()* Ο Discription

7-9-1 PID Temperature Control Instruction 2 (TPCTL 2)

- PID temperature control (FUN99) uses the temperature module and the temperature planning form to measure the current external temperature value as a Process Variable (referred to as PV) and the Set Point (Abbreviated as SP) set by the user and programcontrolled variables through the software PID mathematical formula to obtain the appropriate output control value to control the temperature within the temperature range expected by the user.
- Convert the numerical result after PID operation into time-proportional ON/OFF (PWM) output, and control the heating or cooling circuit connected in series with the SSR through the transistor-type contact output so that a very accurate and inexpensive control result can be obtained.
- EN: Execute temperature control when ON, stop when OFF
- UPD: When ON, the parameters will be updated to the specified channel of the module
- A/M: PID manual mode, if enabled, the output will be in manual control mode, and the MOUT value will be automatically copied to MV instead of using the PID calculation result as the output.
- H/C: Perform heating or cooling control

PID control

- The PID control system is independently operated by the modules, and the PLC scan cycle will not be increased due to multiple modules performing PID at the same time.
- Each channel can perform its own PID calculation. The temperature control mode needs to be set to PID control. The temperature control can be performed more efficiently by using the proportional item (P), integral action (I) and differential action (D). Use demand to carry out P, PI, PD, PID control.
- Proportional item, the size of the output volume (MV) will become an output ratio with the error (E) between the measured value (PV) and the set value (SV), and the proportional item will fluctuate greatly when it is set. On the contrary, the fluctuation is small.
- Integral time, increase or decrease the output according to the error (E) between the measured value (PV) and the set value (SV), so as to reduce the steady-state error generated by the P action, the integral time setting; the smaller it is, the greater the fluctuation and the faster the rise, otherwise the smaller and the slower, the range is 0~3600s, if the integral time is 0, the integral control will not be performed.



Derivative time, increase or decrease the output according to the change rate of the error (E) between the measured value (PV) and the set value (SV), even if there is a sudden change due to the influence of noise, or on the control overshoot can return to a stable state in a short time through the derivative action. The smaller the derivative time setting, the smaller the fluctuation and the slower the response, otherwise the larger the faster, the range is 0~3600s. If the derivative time is 0, the derivative control is not performed.

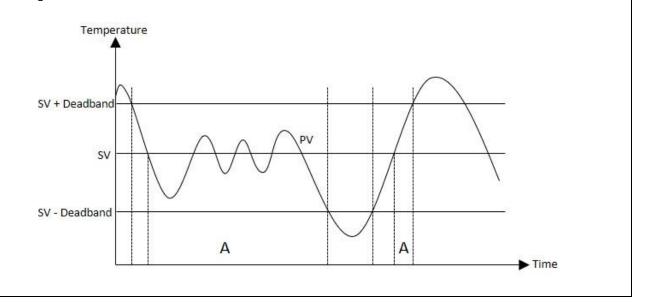
| FUN99P |
|--------|
| TPCTL2 |

PID TEMPERATURE CONTROL INSTRUCTION 2

FUN99 TPCTL2

| SR Parameter | Word Size | Description |
|--------------|-----------|----------------------------|
| TS | 1 | Time cycle size, the unit |
| | | is 0.1s (0.1s~30.0s) |
| SV | 2 | Set value, the unit is 0.1 |
| | | degree |
| DEAD BAND | 1 | Reach the dead zone |
| | | near the SV, the range is |
| | | 0.1%~10.0% |
| DOUT | 1 | Output points |
| PERIOD | 1 | PWM period, the unit is |
| | | 1s |
| Out mode | 1 | 0, PWM Output |
| | | 1, else |

• PID_Deadband: The setting range is 0~10.0% (input range). In PID control, this area is a deviation (E) inactive area. When the , temperature program control value (PV) enters the dead zone at the beginning, it will still be normal. When the PID operation passes through the set value (SV), then the E will be substituted into the formula with 0, and the normal straight-line PID operation will resume after passing through this area. For example, E in area A in the figure is regarded as 0.



| FUN99P |
|--------|
| TPCTL2 |

PID TEMPERATURE CONTROL INSTRUCTION 2

| PR | Word Size | Description |
|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|
| Кр | 2 (floating point) | Proportional term, real number |
| Ti | 1 | Integration time, 0~3600s |
| Td | 1 | Differential time, 0~3600s |
| Bias | 2 (floating point) | Output deviation value, real |
| | | number |
| High output limit | 2 (floating point) | Output upper limit |
| Low output limit | 2 (floating point) | Output lower limit |
| PID Method | 1 | 0: Standard PID |
| | | 1: Minimum transcendence |
| | | method |
| AT | 1 | Whether AT is enabled |
| MAUTO | 1 | Does MOUT value change with MV |

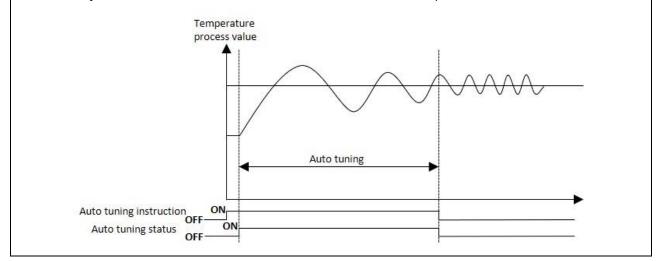
- Kp, Ti, Td: PID parameters, which can be adjusted after specifying or turning on AT automatic generation.
- Bias : The output bias value, the user can use it to increase or decrease the output value, but it will still be limited by the setting of the output range.
- High/Low output limit : Limit the output range, set the upper and lower limits of PID output, if the output lower limit is greater than or equal to the output upper limit, an error alarm will be issued.
- PID Method: Select a suitable PID algorithm
- AT: Whether to enable Autotuning to obtain PID control parameters
- MAUTO: C opy MV value to MOUT

| OR | Word Size | Description |
|------|--------------------|--------------------------------|
| MV | 2 (floating point) | Output value return |
| MOUT | 2 (floating point) | MV manual output value setting |

| FUN99 <mark>P</mark> TPCTL2 | PID TEMPERATURE CONTROL INSTRUCTION 2 | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|--------------------|---|--|--|
| | WR | Word Size | Description | | | |
| | PID Operation Status | 1 | =0, Idle | - | | |
| | | | =1, Working | | | |
| | | | =2, Error | | | |
| | | | =3 <i>,</i> AT now | | | |
| | AT Working Status | 1 | =0, Idle | | | |
| | | | =1, Running | | | |
| | | | =2, Error | | | |
| | | | =3, Finish | | | |
| | | | =4, Time out | | | |
| | PV | 2 | Programmed Value | - | | |
| | | | Return | | | |

Auto tuning

This function can automatically calculate the appropriate proportional item (P), integral time (I) and differential time (D) PID parameters according to the control system environment. It can only be used after selecting the PID control mode and starting to perform temperature control. Temporarily Calculate through several waveforms obtained after ON/OFF control to obtain the best PID parameters. After the end, the parameters are automatically written into the respective memory of the PID and converted to PID control mode for temperature control.



| | UN99 <mark>P</mark> PCTL2 | PID TEMPERATURE CONTROL INSTRUCTION 2 | FUN99 P TPCTL2 |
|---|------------------------------|---|-------------------|
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| • | During th | e period of auto tuning, the output upper limit and output lower limit will | be referred to |
| | | erence basis for the output, and the setting of the output period must not | be 0 to |
| | • | auto tuning. | |
| • | If the SV s | setting exceeds the temperature range value, auto tuning will not be execu | uted. |
| • | lf auto tui | ning has not been completed after 2 hours, an auto tuning timeout error v | vill be issued. |
| • | Channels | that are set to off cannot perform the auto tuning function. | |
| • | lf you cha | nge the setting values of SV, dead zone, TC module correction, output up | per limit, |
| | output pe | eriod, control mode and closed channel during auto tuning, auto tuning w | ill stop and |
| | the error | relay will be ON. | |
| • | Execution | method: Through temperature control instruction | |
| • | Ending m | ethod: Auto tuning completes the report | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

| FUN38 PID2 | PID 2 | | | | | | | FUN38 PID2 | |
|--|----------------|-------------------|-----------------------|------------|--|-----------------------|-------------------|---------------|--|
| Symbol | | | | | | | | | |
| B A A A A A A A A A A A A A | | | | | e starting s are occupied ne parameter e occupied ing register registers in | | | | |
| | Range | HR | IR | S | R | ROR | DR | К | |
| | nge Operand | R0 R34767 | R34768 R34895 | R35 R43 | 280 223 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | | |
| | ID | | | | | | | 0~127 | |
| | СН | 0 | 0 | (|) | 0 | 0 | 0 ~ 63 | |
| | SR | | | | 0 | 0 | | | |
| | OR | OR O | | | 0* | 0 | | | |
| | PR O | | | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| | WR O | | | | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Description | | | | | | | | | |

7-9-2 General-Purpose PID 2 Instruction

| FUN38 PID2 | PID 2 | FUN38 PID2 |
|--|---|------------------------------------|
| input val set by th mathem analog o | eral-purpose PID2 command (FUN38) regards the currently measured ex lue as a process variable (Process Variable, referred to as PV). It sets the e user and the programmed variable through the software. After the PIE atical calculation, the appropriate output control value is obtained throu utput module or reprocessed through other interfaces to control the con within the user's wanted setting range. | set point (SP) D ugh the D/A |
| • The digit | al PID calculation formula is as follows : | |
| Mn = [Kp: | xEn] \sum_{0}^{n} [Kp × Ti × Ts × En] - [KpxTdx(PVn-PVn-1)/Ts] + Bias | |
| Mn = : | Control output at "n" time | |
| Кр : | Proportional term real number (range : \pm (1.8*10 ^{-38~} 3.4*10 ³⁸)) | |
| ті : | Integral time constant (range : $0^{\sim}3600^{-1}$ equivalent to $0^{\sim}3600$ Repeat | s/Seconds) |
| Td : | Differential time constant (range: 0~3600 · equivalent to 0~3600 Sec | onds) |
| PVn : | Program-controlled variable value at "n" time | |
| PV n-1 : | "n" last programmed variable value | |
| En : | Error at "n" time = set value (SP) - program variable value at "n" time (P | Vn) |
| Ts : | Interval time between PID operations (range: 1~300, unit: 0.1S) | |
| Bias | : Bias output (range: ± (1.8*10-38~3.4*1038) | |
| | | |
| | | |

| FUN38 PID2 | PID 2 | FUN38 PID2 |
|----------------------------|---|-----------------|
| | | |
| | control selection "A/M"=0, it means the manual control mode, the PID calcu used, and the manual output value MOUT will be automatically copied to M | |
| | control selection "A/M"=1, it means automatic control mode, the MV value i AUTO=1, the MV value will be automatically copied to MOUT. | s calculated |
| forward PIE operation r | control selection "A/M"=1 and the operation direction "D/R"=1, the program O control; that is, when the error (SP-PVn) is positive, the control output of the esult: The larger the value is; when the error is negative, the control output of result is smaller. | ne PID |
| reverse PID | control selection "A / M" = 1 and the operation direction "D/R" = 0, the program control; that is, when the error (SP-PVn) is positive, the control output of the esult: The smaller it is; when the error is negative, the control output of the large | e PID |
| • When the p | program control setting value or parameter setting value is wrong, the PID in cuted, and the error indicator "ERR"=1 is set. | nstruction will |
| | to update the parameters, after updating the contents of the relevant regis to update the parameters. | ters, turn UPD |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

| PID2 | | PID 2 | | FUN38 PID2 |
|---------|---|--------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------|
| | | | | |
| | SR Parameter | Word Size | Description | |
| | TS | 1 | Time cycle size, the unit | - |
| | | | is 0.1s (0.1s~30.0s) | _ |
| | SV | 2 | Set value, the unit is 0.1 | |
| | | | degree | _ |
| | DEAD BAND | 1 | Reach the dead zone | |
| | | | near the SV, the range is | |
| | | | 0.1%~10.0% | |
| resume | after passing through this Temperature | s area. For example, E i | n area A in the figure is regar | ded as 0. |
| SV + De | eadband | | | |
| SV - De | adband A | | | |
| | | | ∐ In Tin | ne |

| FUN38 PID2 | | PID 2 | | FUN38 PID2 |
|---------------|--------------|--------------------|--|---------------|
| PR | | Word Size | Description | |
| Кр | | 2 (floating point) | Proportional term, real number | ⊃r |
| Ti | | 1 | Integration time, 0~3600s | |
| Td | | 1 | Differential time, 0~3600s | |
| Bias | | 2 (floating point) | Output deviation value, real number | |
| High o | output limit | 2 (floating point) | Output upper limit | |
| Low o | output limit | 2 (floating point) | Output lower limit | |
| PID M | lethod | 1 | 0: Standard PID 1: Minimum transcendence method | |
| BUM | | 2 | Smooth transfer enables enabled, 0 is disabled), it function of smooth transfer manual to automatic control r | is a when |
| AT | | 1 | Whether AT is enabled | |
| MAUT | ГО | 1 | Does MOUT value change with | n MV |

- Kp, Ti, Td: PID parameters, which can be adjusted after specifying or turning on AT automatic generation.
- Bias : The output bias value, the user can use it to increase or decrease the output value, but it will still be limited by the setting of the output range.
- High/Low output limit : Limit the output range, set the upper and lower limits of PID output, if the output lower limit is greater than or equal to the output upper limit, an error alarm will be issued.
- PID Method: Select a suitable PID algorithm
- AT: Whether to enable Autotuning to obtain PID control parameters
- MAUTO: C opy MV value to MOUT

| OR | Word Size | Description |
|------|--------------------|------------------------|
| MV | 2 (floating point) | Output value return |
| MOUT | 2 (floating point) | MV manual output value |
| | | setting |

| FUN38 PID2 | | PID 2 | | FUN38 PID2 |
|---------------------------------|--|--|--|------------------------|
| | | | | |
| | SR Parameter | Word Size | Description | |
| | TS | 1 | Time cycle size, the unit is 0.1s (0.1s~30.0s) | |
| | SV | 2 | Set value, the unit is 0.1 degree | |
| | DEAD BAND | 1 | Reach the dead zone near the SV, the range is 0.1%~10.0% | |
| enter th crossed straight | ne dead zone, the . At this time, E w | normal PID operation wi ill be substituted into the | ure program control value (PV) Il continue until the set value (e calculation formula with 0, an his zone, such as the area A in | SV) is d the normal |
| 22 | emperature | | | |
| SV + Dead SV - Dead | sv | PV | | |
| | | A | A Time | |

| FUN38 PID2 | | PID 2 | | | | | |
|---------------|----------------------|-----------|------------------|---|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | WR | Word Size | Description | 1 | | | |
| | PID Operation Status | 1 | =0, Idle | 1 | | | |
| | | | =1, Working | | | | |
| | | | =2, Error | | | | |
| | | | =3, AT now | | | | |
| | AT Working Status | 1 | =0, Idle | - | | | |
| | | | =1, Running | | | | |
| | | | =2, Error | | | | |
| | | | =3, Finish | | | | |
| | | | =4, Time out | | | | |
| | PV | 2 | Programmed Value | 1 | | | |
| | | | Return | | | | |

| OR | Word Size | Description |
|------|--------------------|------------------------|
| MV | 2 (floating point) | Output value return |
| MOUT | 2 (floating point) | MV manual output value |
| | | setting |

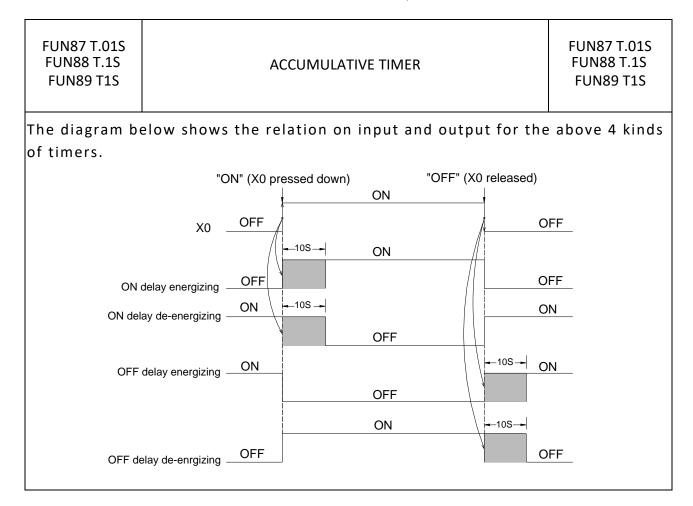
7-10 Cumulateive Timer Instruction (FUN87~89)

7-10-1 ACCUMULATIVE TIMER (10ms, 100ms, 1s)

| | 7 T.019 8 T.15 9 T15 | | ACCUMULATIVE TIMER (0.01s, 0.1s, 1s) | | | | | | | | FUN87 T.01S FUN88 T.1S FUN89 T1S | | |
|-----------------------|--|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|--|-------------------|--|
| Syn | nbol | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - | Ladder symbol 89.T1S 88.T.1S 87.T.01S Timing control – TIM CV : PV : -TUP – Time up (current value) PV : -NUP – Time not up PV : -NUP – Time not up PV : | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Range | WX | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | К |
| Range Ope- Rand | WX0 WX1008 | WY0 WY1008 | WM0 WY29584 | WS WS0 WS3088 | TMR T0 1 T1023 | CTR | HR R0 R34767 | IR R34768 R34895 | OR R35024 R35151 | SR R35280 R43223 | ROR R43224 R47319 | DR 00 11999 | 0 0 ↓ or ↓ 32627 214783647 |
| Ope- | wxo | WY0 | WM0 | WS0 | то | C0 | R0 | R34768 | R35024 | R35280 | R43224 | D0 | 0 0 or |
| Ope- Rand | wxo | WY0 WY1008 | WM0 WY29584 | WS0 WS3088 | T0 T1023 | C0 C1279 | R0 R34767 | R34768 R34895 | R35024 R35151 | R35280 R43223 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | 0 0 or |

| FUN87 T.01S FUN88 T.1S FUN89 T1S | ACCUMULATIVE TIMER | FUN87 T.01S FUN88 T.1S FUN89 T1S | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| The operation for this instruction is the same as that for the basic timer (T0~T1023), except that the basic timer only has a "timing control" input - when its input is 1 it starts timing, and when input is 0 it get clear. Every time the input changes, it starts timing again and is unable to accumulate. Timing with this instruction is only permissible when enable control "EN" = 1. With this instruction, when timing control "TIM" is 1, it is the same as a basic timer, but when "TIM" is 0, it does not clear, but keeps the current value. If the timer need to clear, then change enable control "EN" to 0. When timing control "TIM" is once again to be 1, it will continue to accumulate from the previous value when the timer last paused. In addition, this instruction also has two outputs: Time to "TUP" (when time up it is 1, usually it is 0) and Time not to "NUP" (usually it is 1, when time is up it is 0). Users can utilize input and output combinations to produce timers with various different functions. | | | | | | |
| Example 1 | ON DELAY DE-ENERGIZING Timer | | | | | |
| | Dutput (Y0 in this example) is normally not energized. When this this example) is activated (ON), only after delay by 10 sec will rgized (ON). | s timer's input | | | | |
| Example 2 | ON DELAY DE-ENERGIZING Timer | | | | | |

| мо | |
|-----------|--|
| | -TIM- CV: R0 -TUP- PV: 10 - Y0 - NUP- () |
| - | 0 of this timer is usually energized. When this timer's input control X0 is on, only y 10 sec will the output become de-energized (OFF). |
| Example 3 | OFF DELAY ENERGIZING Timer |
| M0 | TIM CV: R0 PV: 10 EN |
| | output Y0 is usually de-energized. When this timer's input control X0 is off, only y 10 sec will output Y0 become energized (ON). |
| Example 4 | OFF DELAY ENERGIZING Timer |
| M0 1/1 | TIM- CV: R0 PV: 10 EN- NUP- Y0 NUP- Y0 |
| | output Y0 is usually energized. When this timer's timing control X0 is off, only y 10 sec will output Y0 become de-energized (OFF). |



7-11 Watchdog Timer Instructions (FUN90~91)

| FUN90 P WDT | WATCHDOG TIMER | | FUN90 P WDT |
|--|--|--|---|
| Symbol | | | |
| Execution control — E | Ladder symbol 90P | N: The watchdog time. Its value can only be 50, 60 The unit is 10MS, that is, th is (50~990) x10MS, that is, 9.9 seconds. | ne set time range |
| the monitoring time, The watchdown software, other impossible). immediately triggered it and preset value WDT once evalue WDT once evaluativated. PL enters into synusually triggered wDT time ther wDT, or there the period N, Once the set scan, so this work the WDT time there work work work work work work work work | ecution control "EN"=1 or from ng timer to NX10MS. Once set, ' if the scan time exceeds the set of timer is normally implemente nerwise if CPU fail, the timer bed "One-shot" means that after trig be reset to 0 and timing will res gain, then the WDT timing value of N, at that time WDT will be a very time before the WDT time I C can use this feature to ensure ystem housekeeping after finish er WDT once, so if the system fu en WDT is never activated. How scan time is too long, then there , WDT will be activated and will value is set, it will be saved fore command should be used pract he is set at 0.25 seconds. ing principle of WDT, please refer | WATCHDOG TIMER (WDT) will a time, the PLC will stop and not d by a hardware one-shot time comes ineffective, and safeguar ggered the timer once, the timi tart. If WDT has begun timing, a e will continue accumulating un ctivated, and PLC will be shut d N has been reached, then WDT the safety of the system. Each ed the program scanning and I/ nctions normally and scan time rever, if CPU is damaged and un e will not be enough time to trig shut off PLC. ever, and there is no need to se ically P instruction. | use this as the execute. r (it can not be rds are quite ng value will and never itil it reach the own. If trigger the will never be time when PLC /O refresh, it will e does not exceed nable to trigger gger WDT within t it once for each |

7-11-1 Watchdog Timer (WDT)

| FUN91 P RSWDT | RESET WATC | FUN91 P RSWDT | | | | |
|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Symbol | | | | | | |
| Execution control | Symbol Ladder symbol 91P. This instruction has no op RSWDT | | | | | |
| Description | | | | | | |
| (that is, the The function WATCHDO this, other the so-cal will be cleat timing, the and stop to will never generally service (H time, the In some a in some ca allowed b can use the | he WDT starts counting from 0 again ion of WATCHDOG TIMER has been is as follows: DG TIMER are generally hardware 0 rwise if the CPU crashes, the timer led one-shot means That is, as long ared to 0 immediately and restarted e WDT timing will continue to increase the PLC. If you trigger the WDT onco happen, and the PLC uses this prime enters the program scan and I/O u OUSEKEEPING). If the system is no WDT, there must be time to clear w WDT cannot be triggered. Or the se WDT will act and turn off the PLC. pplications, you have set the WDT ases, and it may temporarily excee- y you. Of course, you don't want the | 0→1 (P instruction), the WDT timer n). In described in FUN90 (WDT comman ONE-SHOT timers (you cannot use so will be invalid, of course it cannot b g as you trigger the timer once, the t ed. If you do not trigger the WDT aft ease to the set value N, and then the e before the WDT timing N has reac inciple to ensure system security, beco pdate WDT is triggered once during rmal and the scan time does not exc WDT and make it inactive. However, scan time is too long to trigger the W time (FUN90), and your program sca d the set time of WDT, which is expen- ne PLC to stop because of this. At this id WDT from happening. This is the | id), and its oftware to do e protected), imer value er it starts e WDT will act hed, the WDT ause the PLC system seed the set if the CPU is VDT within N ans the time ected and is time, you | | | |

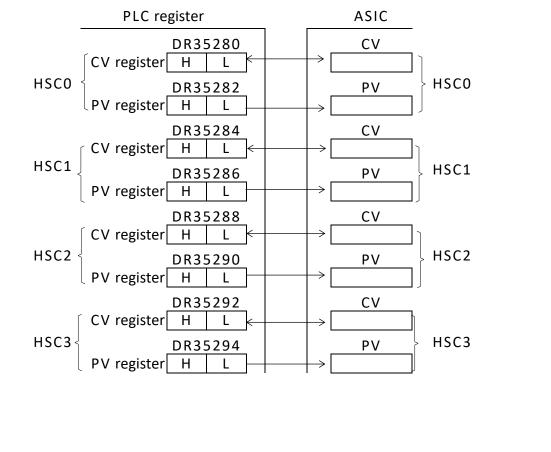
7-11-2 RESET WATCHDOG TIMER (RSWDT)

7-12 High Counting/Timing Instruction (FUN92~93)

FUN92D P FUN92D P Hareware High Speed Counter Current Value (CV) Access HSCTR HSCTR *When the high-speed counter is used as 32bits, it can only count down, and the Symbol PV can only be set to 0. CN : Hardware high speed counter number 0 : HSC0 1 : HSC1 2 : HSC2 Ladder symbol 3 : HSC3 92P. -HSCTR CN Readout control - EN 4 : HSC4 5 : HSC5 6 : HSC6 7 : HSC7 Description

7-12-1 Hareware High Speed Counter Current Value Access

The HSCO ~ HSC3 counters of M-Series PLC are 4 sets of 32bit high speed counter with the variety counting modes such as up/down pulse. All the 4 high speed counters are built in the ASIC hardware and could perform count, compare, and send interrupt independently without the intervention of the CPU. In contrast to the software high speed counters HSC4 ~ HSC7, which employ interrupt method to request for CPU processing, hence if there are many counting signals or the counting frequency is high, the PLC performance (scanning speed) will be degraded dramatically. Since the current values CV of HSCO ~ HSC3 are built in the internal hardware circuits of ASIC, the user control program (ladder diagram) cannot retrieve them directly from ASIC. Therefore, it must employ this instruction to get the CV value from hardware HSC and put it into the register which control program can access. The following is the arrangement of CV, PV in ASIC and their corresponding CV, PV registers of PLC for HSC0~HSC3.



| FUN92D P HSCTR | Hareware High Speed Counter Current Value (CV) Access | FUN92D P HSCTR | |
|-------------------|---|-------------------|--|
| | | | |

Τ

- When access control "EN" =1 or changes from 0→1(P instruction), will gets the CV value of HSC designated by CN from ASIC and puts into the HSC corresponding CV register (i.e. the CV of HSC0 will be read and put into DR35280 or the CV of HSC1 will be read and put into DR35284).
- Although the PV within ASIC has a corresponding PV register in CPU, but it is not necessary to access it (actually it can't be) for that the PV value within ASIC comes from the PV register in CPU.
- HSTA is a timer, which use 0.1ms as its time base. The content of CV represents elapse time counting at 0.1mS tick.
- For detailed applications, please refer to Chapter 8 "The high speed counter and high speed timer of M-Series PLC".

| FUN93D P HSCTW | Hardware High Speed C | FUN93D P HSCTW | |
|-------------------|--|---|--------------|
| Symbol | *When the high-speed cou PV can only be set to 0. | inter is used as 32bits, it can only count de | own, and the |
| Write control- | Ladder symbol 93DP.HSCTW S: CN: D: | CN : Hardware high speed counter to be 0 : HSC0 1 : HSC1 2 : HSC2 3 : HSC3 4 : HST4 2 : HSC2 3 : HSC3 4 : HST4 D: Write target (0 represents CV, 1 r epresents | |
| Description | | | |

7-12-2 Hardware High Speed Counter Current Value and Preset Value Writing

Т

| FUN93D P HSCTW | — | |
|--|--|--|
| HSCO~H inside the inside the inside the inside the inside the inside the inside the content designates the second secon | ne writing control "EN"=1 or from 0→1 (P command), write s of the CV register or PV register of the high-speed coun- ted by the PLC internal CN to the ASIC correspondingly CV applications often need to write PV, that is, write your p the PV in ASIC. When the count value reaches your set va will immediately send an interrupt. Through the interrup n, you It can be used for various precise counting or positi | / registers e the ter ' or PV of reset set alue, the t service ioning V of e it into the CV en the PLC is io the CV return to the e cleared to 0 use this |

Г

Т

| FUN93D P HSCTW | Hardwa | FUN93D ₽ HSCTW | | | | | |
|-------------------|--------|-------------------|---|---|---|-------|----------|
| Example | | | | | | | |
| 1↑ | · | · | · | • | • | EN5 : | D. HSCTW |
| | | | | | | . CN: | нѕсо |
| | | | | | | D : | cv |
| мо . - И | | | | | | | |
| M1 | | | | | | HSCTR | HSC0 |
| | | | | | | ENS : | R500 |
| · · | | | | | | CN: | HSC0 |
| | | | | | | D : | PV |

| FUN93D P | Hardware High Speed Counter Current Value and Preset Value | FUN93D P | |
|----------|--|----------|--|
| HSCTW | Writing | HSCTW | |

As the program in this diagram, when MO changes from $0 \rightarrow 1$, it clears the current value of HSCO to 0, and writes into ASIC hardware through FUN93.

• When M0 is 0, it reads out the current counting value.

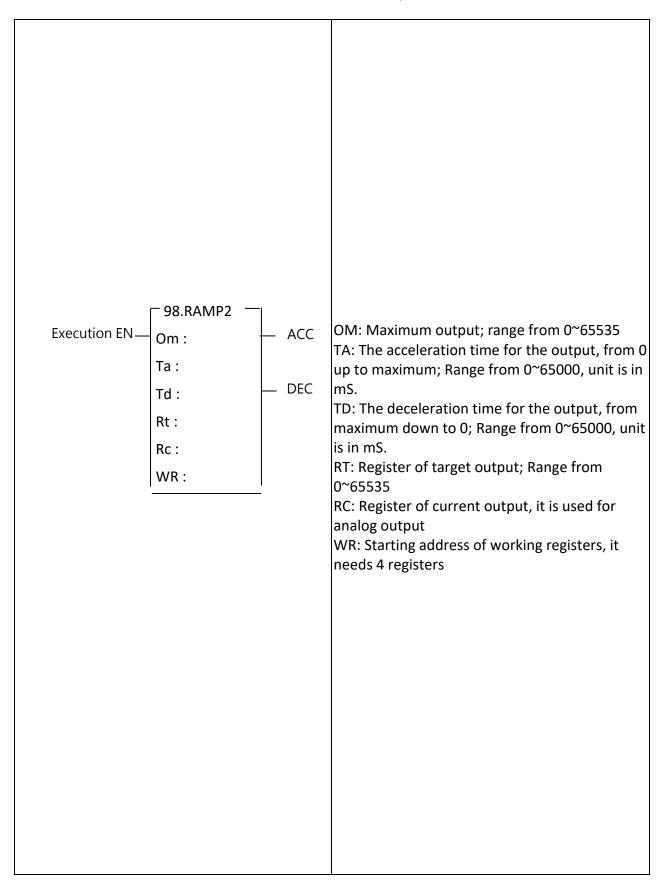
Γ

- When M1 changes from 0→1, it moves DR500 to DR35282, and writes the preset value into ASIC hardware through FUN93.
- Whenever the current value equals to the DR500, The HSCOI interrupt sub program will be executed.

7-13 Slow Up/Slow Down (FUN95~98)

7-13-1 TRACKING TYPE RAMP FUNCTION FOR D/A OUTPUT

| FUN98 RAMP2 | TRACKING TYPE RAMP FUNCTION FOR D/A OUTPUT | FUN98 RAMP2 |
|----------------|--|----------------|
| Symbol | | |



Chapter 7 Advanced Function Instructions

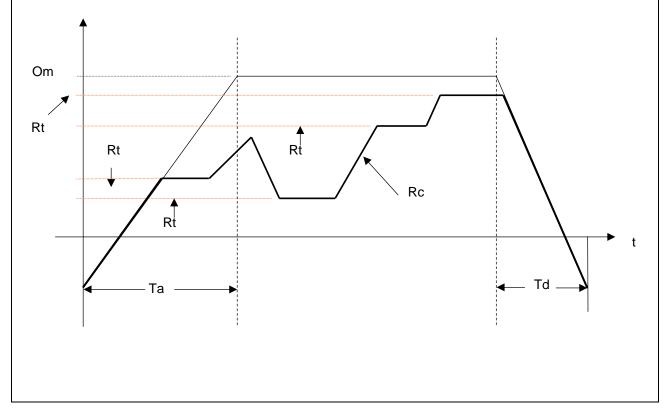
| | HR | OR | ROR | DR | K |
|---------|-----------|------------|------------|-----------|-------------|
| Opera | RO | R350 24 | R500 Q | D0 | |
| Operand | R383 9 | | R807 1 | D399 9 | 16-Bit |
| Om | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0~655 35 |
| Та | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0~65 000 |
| Td | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0~65 000 |
| Rt | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Rc | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| WR | 0 | 0 | O * | 0 | |

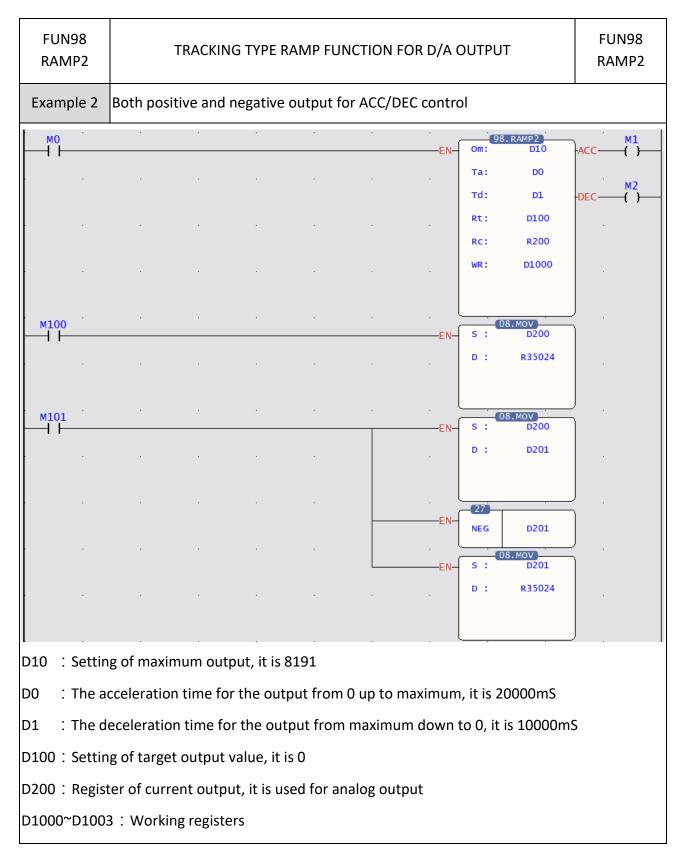
| FUN98 RAMP2 | TRACKING TYPE RAMP FUNCTION FOR D/A OUTPUT | |
|---|--|---|
| Description | | |
| | | |
| When exe | | output |
| | ACC=0 and DEC=0. | |
| if the targ increased maximum during thi output wi time (Td) | Cution EN ["] =1, this instruction being executed; it will output current then compare the target output value (Rt) with current output value (Rc et output value is greater than current output value, the current output according to the rate, which is decided by the settings of acceleration ti output (Om), till current output value is equal to the target output value s time); if the target output value is less than current output value, the c Il be decreased according to the rate, which is decided by the settings of and maximum output (Om), till current output value is equal to the target C=1 during this time). |) every scan; will be me (Ta) and e (ACC=1 urrent deceleration |
| | ing value of target output (Rt) is greater than maximum output(Om), the | e output |
| | be clamped by the maximum value. | |
| It can hav | e smooth activity for acceleration and deceleration control via the execu | ition of this |
| instruction | n by using current output value (Rc) for analog output (R35024~R35151) | • |
| The settin operation | | proper |
| It needs 4 | registers for working, they can not be repeated in use. | |
| | action is for positive value operation, but it also can have negative outpu | t by short |
| | | |

| FUN98 RAMP2 | TRACKING TYPE RAMP FUNCTION FOR D/A OUTPUT | | | | | | | | FUN98 RAMP2 | |
|----------------|--|------------|----------|--------|--|-----|-------------|--------|----------------|--|
| Example 1 | Positive out | tput for A | CC/DEC c | ontrol | | | | | | |
| MO | | | | | | EN- | (98. Om: | RAMP2 | ACC- | |
| | | | | | | | та: | DO | | |
| | | | | | | | тd: | D1 | -DEC- | |
| | | | | | | | Rt: | D100 | | |
| | | | | | | | Rc: | R35024 | | |
| | | | | | | | WR: | D1000 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | . l | <u> </u> | | J . | |

D10: Setting of maximum output, it is 16383 D0: The acceleration time for the output from 0 up to maximum, it is 30000mS D1: The deceleration time for the output from maximum down to 0, it is 20000mS D100: Setting of target output value, it is 8192 R35024: Register of current output, it is used for D/A output D1000~D1003: Working registers Description: When M0=0, current output value is 0 immediately (No ramp). When M0=1, it will output the

When M0=0, current output value is 0 immediately (No ramp). When M0=1, it will output the value of R35024 first; and then compare the target output value (D100) with current output value (R35024) every scan; if D100 > R35024, the current output value of R35024 will be increased according to the rate of 16383/30000 (Om=16383, Ta=30000), till R35024=D100 (ACC=1 during this time); if D100 < R35024, the current output value of R3904 will be decreased according to the rate of 16383, Td=20000), till R35024=D100 (DEC=1 during this time).





| FUN98 RAMP2 | TRACKING TYPE RAMP FUNCTION FOR D/A OUTPUT | FUN98 RAMP2 | |
|----------------|--|----------------|--|
| | | | |

Description :

Description: When M0=0, current output value is 0 immediately (No ramp). When M0=1, it will output the value of D200 first; and then compare the target output value (D100) with current output value (D200) every scan; if D100 > D200, the current output value of D200 will be increased according to the rate of 8191/20000 (Om=8191, Ta=20000), till D200=D100 (ACC=1 during this time); if D100 < D200, the current output value of D200 will be decreased according to the rate of 8191/10000 (Om=8191, Td=10000), till D200=D100 (DEC=1 during this time).

M100=1, positive output control; M101=1, negative output control. The target output (D100) is always positive value from 0~65535.

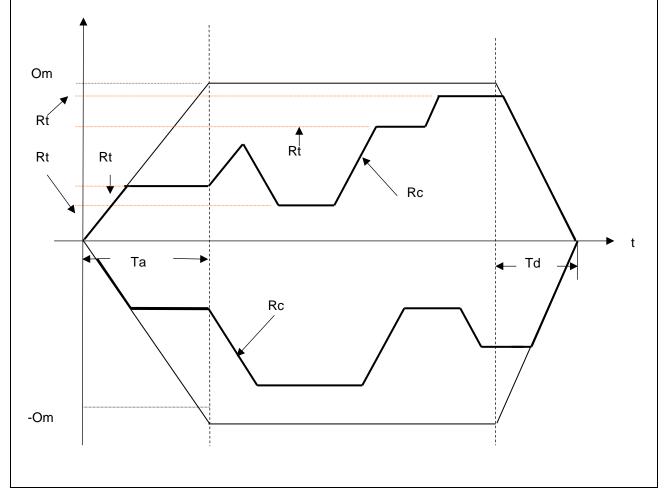
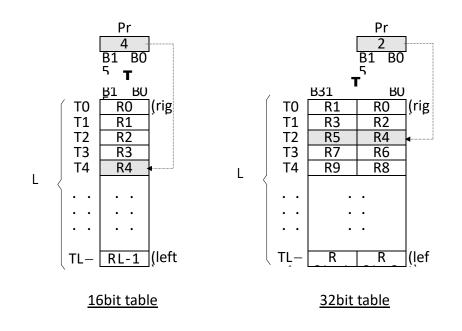


Table Instructions

| 100. R→T | 107. T_FIL |
|------------|------------|
| 101. T→ R | 108. T_SHF |
| 102. T→T | 109. T_ROT |
| 103.BT_M | 110. QUEUE |
| 104. T_SWP | 111. STACK |
| 105. R-T_S | 112. BKCMP |
| 106. T-T_C | |

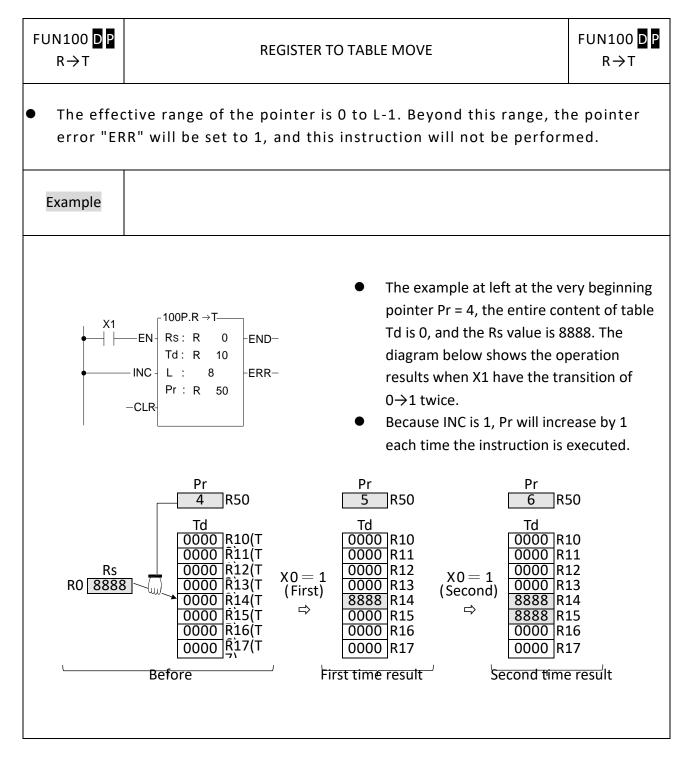
- A table consists of 2 or more consecutive registers (16 or 32 bits). The number of registers that comprise the table is called the table length (L). The operation object of the table instructions always takes the register as unit (i.e. 16 or 32 bit data).
- The operation of table instructions are used mostly for data processing such as move, copy, compare, search etc, between tables and registers, or between tables. These instructions are convenient for application.
- Among the table instructions, most instructions use a pointer to specify which register within a table will be the target of operation. The pointer for both 16 and 32-bit table instructions will always be a 16-bit register. The effective range of the pointer is 0 to L-1, which corresponds to registers T0 to TL-1 (a total of L registers). The table shown below is a schematic diagram for 16-bit and 32-bit tables.
- Among the table operations, shift left/right, rotate left/right operations include a movement direction. The direction toward the higher register is called left, while the direction toward the lower register is called right, as shown in the diagram below.



7-14 Table Instruction (FUN100~114)

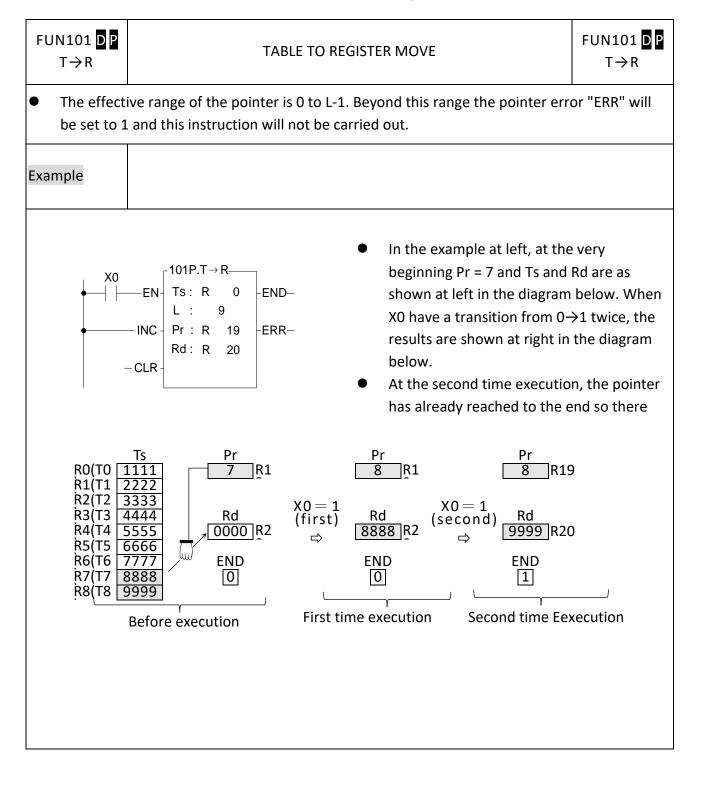
7-14-1 REGISTER TO TABLE MOVE

| FUN100 DP R→T | | REGIS | | | FL | JN100 <mark>D</mark> R→T | P | | | | | |
|--|---|-------|--|--|----|-----------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Symbol | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ladder symbol Rs : Source data , can be constant or register Move control-EN Rs: END- Move to end Rs: END- Move to end L Pointer increment-INC L ERR- Pointer error Pointer clear -CLR Pr ERR- Pointer error WX WY WM WX WY WX WM | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Rs Td Pr | X0 WY0 WM0 WS0 T0 C0 R0 $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Description When move control "EN" = 1 or transition from 0 to 1 (P instruction), the contents of the source register Rs will be written onto the register Tdpr indicated by the pointer Pr within the destination table Td (length is L). Before executing, this instruction will first check the pointer clear "CLR" input signal. If "CLR" is 1, it will first clear the pointer Pr, and then carry out the move operation. After the move has been completed, it will then check the Pr value. If the Pr value has already reached L-1 (point to the last register in the table) then it will only set the move-to-end flag "END" to 1, and finish execution of this instruction. If the Pr value is less than L-1, then it must again check the pointer increment "INC" input signal. If "INC" is 1, then Pr value will be also increased. Besides, pointer clear "CLR" is able to operate independently, without being influenced by other input. | | | | | | | | | | | | |



FUN101 DP FUN101 DP TABLE TO REGISTER MOVE $T \rightarrow R$ $T \rightarrow R$ Symbol : Source table starting register Ts Ladder symbol 101DP.T →R_ L : Length of source table Move control-EN Ts: END-Move to end Pr : Pointer register L : Pointer increment-INC | Pr : ERR-Pointer error Rd : Destination register Rd : Ts, Rd may combine with V, Z, P0~P9 to serve Pointer clear - CLRindirect address application XR WY WM | WS | TMR | CTR HR OR SR ROR DR WΧ IR Κ Kange R350 R352 R432 16/3 2bit R347 Upe-rand WX0 WY0 WM0 WS0 Т0 C0 RO D0 V 丶 Z 24 68 24 80 +/-R3'47 67 WX1 WY1 WM2 WS3 T102 C127 P0~P D11 núm R3'48 R3'51 R432 R473 800 008 9584 088 9 <u>9</u>99 9 З 9<u>5</u> ber \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc Ο \bigcirc ()()Ο Ts \bigcirc ()Pr ()~20 Rd ()() ()Description When move control "EN" = 1 or transition from 0 to 1 (P instruction), the value of the register • Tspr specified by pointer Pr within source table Ts (length is L) will be written into the destination register Rd. Before executing, this instruction will first check the input signal of pointer clear "CLR". If "CLR" is 1, it will first clear Pr and then carry out the move operation. After completing the move operation, it will then check the value of Pr. If the Pr value has already reached L-1 (point to the last register in the table), then it sets the move-to-end flag to 1, and finishes executing of this instruction. If Pr is less than L-1, it check the status of "INC". If "INC" is 1, then it will increase Pr and finish the execution of this instruction. Besides, pointer clear "CLR" can execute independently and is not influenced by other inputs.

7-14-2 TABLE TO REGISTER MOVE



7-14-3 TABLE TO TABLE MOVE

| $ \begin{array}{c} FUN102 \ \mathbf{D} \ \mathbf{P} \\ T \rightarrow T \end{array} $ | | TABLE TO TABLE MOVEFUN102 \square \mathbb{P} T \rightarrow T | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Symbol | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 指標遞增 — IN | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | K0 WY0 K1 WY1 8 008 | 0 WY0 WM0 WS0 T0 C0 R0 R347 R350 R352 R432 D0 2 V \ Z 1 WY1 WM2 WS3 T102 C127 R347 R348 R351 R432 R473 D11 2048 P0~P 9 5 008 9584 088 3 9 67 R348 R351 R432 R473 D11 9999 9 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Description | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| When move control "EN" = 1 or have a transition from 0 to 1(P instruction), the register Tspr pointed by pointer Pr within the source table will be moved to a register Tdpr, which also pointed by the pointer Pr in the destination table. Before execution, it will first check the input signal of pointer clear "CLR". If "CLR" is 1, it will first clear Pr to 0 and then do the move (in this case Ts0→Td0). After the move action has been completed it will then check the value of pointer Pr. If the Pr value has already reached L-1 (point to the last register on the table), then it will set the move-to-end flag "END" to 1 and finish executing of this instruction. If the Pr value is less than L-1, it will check the status of "INC". If "INC" is 1, then the Pr value will be increased by 1 before execution. Besides, pointer clear "CLR" can execute independently, and will not be influenced by other input. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| FUN102 D P T→T | (TABLE TO TABL | FUN102 <mark>D</mark> P T→T | |
|--------------------------|--|---|---------------------------|
| | e range of the pointer is 0 to L-1. Bey 1, and this instruction will not be ca | | or flag "ERR" |
| Example | | | |
| | | The diagram at left below is before execution. When X0 the content of R5 in Ts table R15 and pointer R20 will be 1. | from 0→1, will copy to |
| | Pr R20 5 Ts Td R0 1111 R1 0000 R1 1111 R1 0000 R2 1111 R1 0000 R3 1111 R1 0000 R4 1111 R1 8888 R5 1111 R1 0000 R6 1111 R1 0000 R7 1111 R1 0000 R7 1111 R1 0000 R8 1111 R1 0000 R9 1111 R1 0000 R9 1111 R1 0000 | $ \begin{array}{c cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | |

7-14-4 BLOCK TABLE MOVE (BT_M)

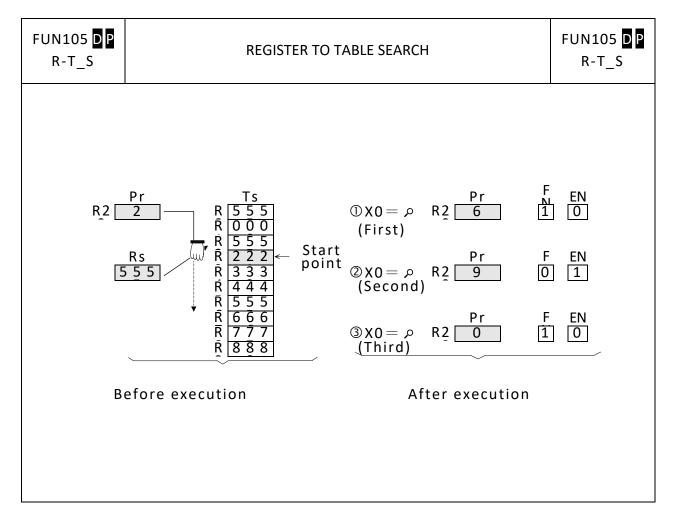
| FUN10 BT_ | 03 D P _M | | BLOCK TABLE MOVE FUN103 D P BT_M | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|--------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|---------------|--------------|
| Sym | nbol | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Move control - EN Ladder symbol Ts : Ts : Td : Td : L : Td : L : Td may combine with V, Z, P0~P9 to indirect | | | | | | | | | | n table on tabl | es | | | |
| Range | WX | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | К | XR |
| Ope- rand | WX0 WX1008 | WY0 WY1008 | WM0 WY29584 | WS0 WS3088 | T0 T1023 | C0 C1279 | R0 R34767 | R34768 R34895 | R35024 R35151 | R35280 R43223 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | 2 256 | V,Z P0-P9 |
| Ts | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | | \bigcirc | | | | | | | | |
| Td | | \bigcirc | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| L | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Descr • | Ope- rand wx1008 w1008 w12584 w53088 1023 c1279 R34767 R34895 R35151 R43223 R47319 D11999 256 P0-P9 Ts O | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| FUN103 D P BT_M | | BLOCK TABLE MOVE | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|---------------------|---|--------------------|----------|------------|-----------|-----|---------|--|--|--|--|
| Example | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| X0 | · | | • | · | • | | EN | Ts: | 03.BT_M | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | тd: | R10 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | ι: | 10 | | | | |
| shown in | the left figur | e befor right fi | above figure a e execution. V gure below ca | Vhen X(n be ob |) change | | n 0 to 1 | | | | | | |
| | DO | Ts 0000 | DO | Td 0000 | | D10 | Td | 1 | | | | | |
| | RO R1 | 1111 | RO R1 | 0000 | | R10 R11 | 0000 | | | | | | |
| | R2 | 2222 | R1 R2 | 0000 | | R12 | 2222 | | | | | | |
| | R3 | 3333 | R3 | 0000 | | R13 | 3333 | | | | | | |
| | R4 | 4444 | R4 | 0000 | X0 = _↑ | R14 | 4444 | | | | | | |
| | R5 | 5555 | R5 | 0000 | \Box | R15 | 5555 | | | | | | |
| | R6 | 6666 | R6 | 0000 | | R16 | 6666 | | | | | | |
| | R7 | 7777 | R7 | 0000 | | R17 | 7777 | | | | | | |
| | R8 | 8888 | R8 | 0000 | | R18 | 8888 | | | | | | |
| | R9 | 9999 | R9 | 0000 | | R19 | 9999 | | | | | | |
| | \ | | Before | | _ | \ | \fter | , | | | | | |

7-14-5 REGISTER TO TABLE SEARCH

| FUN105 DP R-T_S | | REGISTER TO TABLE SEARCH FUN105 P R-T_S | | | | | | | | | | | | | Ρ | |
|--------------------|---|--|----------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|----|----------------|--------------|--------------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|---|--|
| Symbol | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Search from hea | Ladder symbol Rs : I05DP.R-T_S Search control - EN Rs : FND - Found objectivi Search from head - FHD Rs : FND - Search to end Different/same option - D/S ERR - Pointer error ERR - Pointer error | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| N T | VX V | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | K | XR | | |
| | 7X0 V 7X1 V 08 (| WY0 WY1 008 | WM 0 WM 2958 4 | WS0 WS3 088 | T0 T102 3 | C0 C127 9 | R0 R347 67 | 68 | 2 ₄ | 80 | R432 24 R473 19 | D0 D11 999 | 16/3 2-bit +/- num ber | V \ Z P0~P 9 | | |
| Rs (| | 0 0 0 | 0 | | 0 | 000 | 0000 | | | 0 0 0* | 0 0 0* 0* | | 0 2~25 | 0 | | |

| FUN105 DP R-T_S | REGISTER TO TABLE SEA | RCH FUN105 DP R-T_S |
|--|--|--|
| Description | | |
| instruction 1 or Pr pointed by than L-1) the first the cond Pr will point When the execution that case will stop automati begin. | arch control "EN" = 1 or has a trans on), will search from the first regist value has reached L-1), or from the by the pointer within the table ("FH to find the first data different with data the same with Rs (when D/S = tion it will immediately stop the se int to that data and found objective e searching has searched to the last of the instruction will stop, wheth the search-to-end flag "END" will at L-1. When this instruction next fi cally return to the head of the tabl | ter of Table Ts (when "FHD" e next register (Tspr + 1) ID" = 0, while Pr value is less h Rs(when D/S = 1) or find 0). If it find a data match earch action, and the pointer ve flag "FND" will set to 1. t register of the table, the her it was found or not. In be set to 1 and the Pr value time is executed, Pr will e (Pr = 0) before the search |
| Example | | |
| - | 105P.R-T_S (bec. -EN - Rs: 5555 -FND- value Ts: R 0 -END- to R2 FHD- L: 10 -END- to R2 D/S - - -ERR- trans each - - - | instruction at left is searching the e for a register with the value 5555 ause D/S = 0, it is searching for same e). Before execution, the pointer point 2, but the starting point of the search + 1 (i.e. it starts from R3). After X0 has sition from $0 \rightarrow 1$ 3 times, the results of a search may be obtained as shown in diagram below. |



7-14-6 TABLE TO TABLE COMPARE

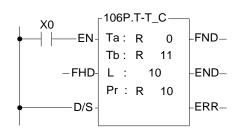
| FUN106 D P T-T_C | | TABLE TO TABLE COMPARE | | | | | | | | | | | | Ρ |
|---|-------|------------------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|---------------|---------------|---|
| Symbol | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $\begin{array}{c} Ladder symbol \\ Compare control - EN \\ Compare from head - FHD \\ Different/Same option - D/S \end{array} \begin{array}{c} Ladder symbol \\ \hline 106DP.T-T_C \\ Ta : \\ Tb : \\ L : \\ Pr : \\ \hline Inferent/Same option - D/S \end{array} \begin{array}{c} Ta : Starting register of Table a \\ Tb : Starting register of Table b \\ L : Lengths of Table \\ Pr : Pointer \\ Ta, Tb may combine with V, Z, P0~P9 to indirect address application \\ \hline Indirect address application \end{array}$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | to serve | e |
| W) ج | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | K | XR | |
| Range Operand | | | WS0 WS3 | T0 T102 | C0 C127 | R0 R347 | 68 | 24 | 80 | R432 24 | D0 D11 | 2 256 | V ` Z P0~P | |
| | 3 008 | 2958 4 | 088 | 3 | 9 | 67 | 8348 95 | 51 R351 | R432 23 | R473 19 | D11 999 | | 9 | |
| Ta O Tb O | 0 | Ö | 0 | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | 0 | | 0 | |
| L | | | | | | \mathbf{O} | | | | 0* | 0 | 0 | | |
| Pr | | 0 | U | U | U | 0 | | U | 0* | 0* | 0 | | | |
| Description | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

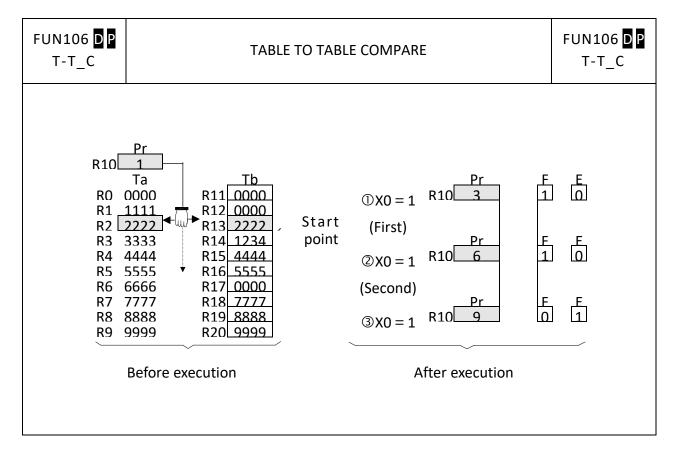
| FUN106 DP T-T_C |
|--------------------|
|--------------------|

When comparison control "EN" = 1 or has a transition from 0 to 1(\mathbf{P} instruction), then starting from the first register in the tables Ta and Tb (when "FHD" = 1 or Pr value has reached L-1) or starting from the next pair of registers (Tapr+1 and Tbpr+1) pointed by Pr ("FHD" = 0, while Pr is less than L-1), this instruction will search for pairs of registers with different values (when "D/S" = 1) or the same value (when "D/S" = 0). When search found (either different or the same), it will immediately stop the search and the pointer Pr will point to the register pairs met the search criteria. The found flag "FND" will be set to 1. When it has searched to the last register of the table, the instruction will stop executing. whether it found or not. The compare-to-end flag "END" will be set to 1, and the pointer value will stop at L-1. When this instruction is executed next time, Pr will automatically return to the head of the table to begin the search. The effective range of Pr is 0 to L-1. The Pr value should not changed by other programs during the operation. As this will affect the result of the search. If the Pr value not in the effective range, the pointer error flag "ERR" will be set to 1, and this instruction will not be carried out.

Example

The instruction at right starts from the register next to the register pointed by the pointer (because "FHD" is 0) to search for register pairs with different data (because "D/S" is 1) within the 2 tables. At the very beginning, Pr points to Ta1 and Tb1. There are 3 different pairs of data at the position 1,3,6 of the table. However, it does not compare





| | 07 <mark>D P</mark> FIL | | | | | Т | ABLE | FILL | | | | | FUN107 D P T_FIL | | |
|--------------|--|--------------------|---|--------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------|-------------------|----------------------------|--------------|--|
| Syn | nbol | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Fill o | control – | Ladder symbol Rs : Source data to fill, can be a constant or a - EN 107DP.T_FIL Rs : Td : Td : Td : L : Rs, Td may combine with V, Z, P0~P9 to serve indirect address application | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Range | WX | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | K | XR | |
| Ope- rand | WX0 WX1008 | WY0 WY1008 | WM0 WY29584 | WS0 WS3088 | T0 T1023 | C0 C1279 | R0 R34767 | R34768 R34895 | R35024 R35151 | R35280 R43223 | R43224 | D0 D11999 | 16/32-bit +- numbers | V,Z P0-P9 | |
| Rs | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | \bigcirc | |
| Td | | \bigcirc | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | • | • | 0 | | \bigcirc | |
| L | | | | | | | 0 | | | | • | 0 | 2-256 | | |
| Descr | When fill control "EN" = 1 or has a transition from 0 to 1 (instruction), the Rs data will be filled into all the registers of the table Td. This instruction is mainly used for clearing the table (fill 0) or unifying the table (filling in the same values). It should be used with the P instruction. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

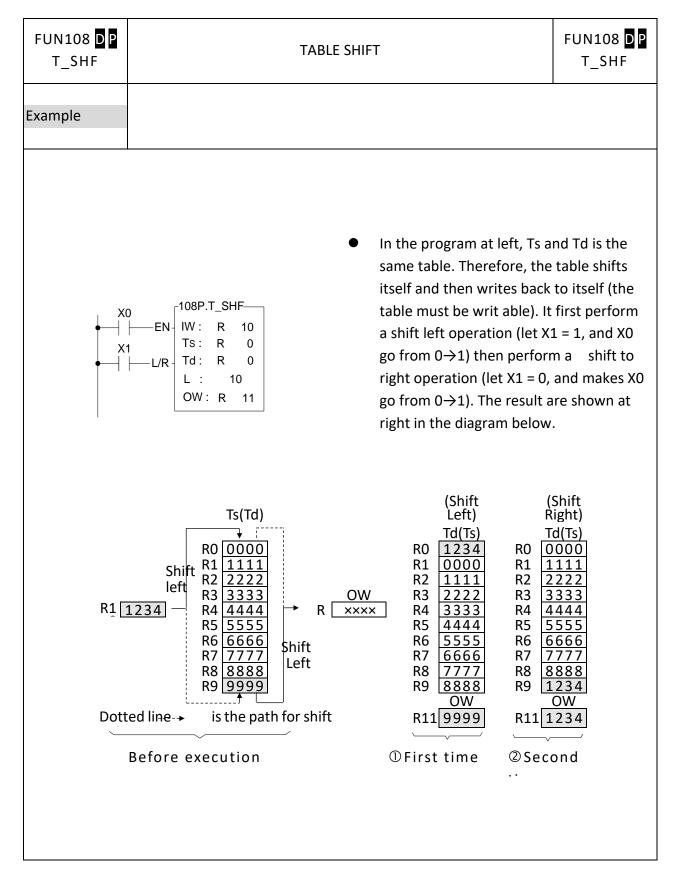
7-14-7 TABLE FILL (T_FIL)

| FUN107 DP T_FIL | | TABL | E FILL | | | | FUN107 D P T_FIL |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------|---------|----------|--------------|------------|---------------------|
| Example | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| X0 | • | • | · | • | EN- | Rs: | 07.T_FIL |
| | | | | | | тd: L : | R0 10 |
| | | | | | | | |
| diagram be | ction will fill 5555 into th clow. | Td | | | Td | | |
| | ₇ RO | 1547 | | RO | 5555 | | |
| | 7 R1 | 2314 | | R1 | 5555 | | |
| | R2 | 7725 | | R2 | 5555 | | |
| | $Rs \rightarrow R3$ | 0013 | x0 = _ੈ | R3 | 5555 | | |
| | 5555 R4 | 5247 | ⇔ | R4 R5 | 5555 | | |
| | Ko | 1925 | | | 5555 | | |
| | R6 | 6744 | | R6 R7 | 5555 | | |
| | | 5319 9788 | | R8 | 5555 5555 | | |
| | R9 | 2796 | | R9 | 5555 | | |
| | Before ex | | | After (| execution | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

7-14-8 TABLE SHIFT

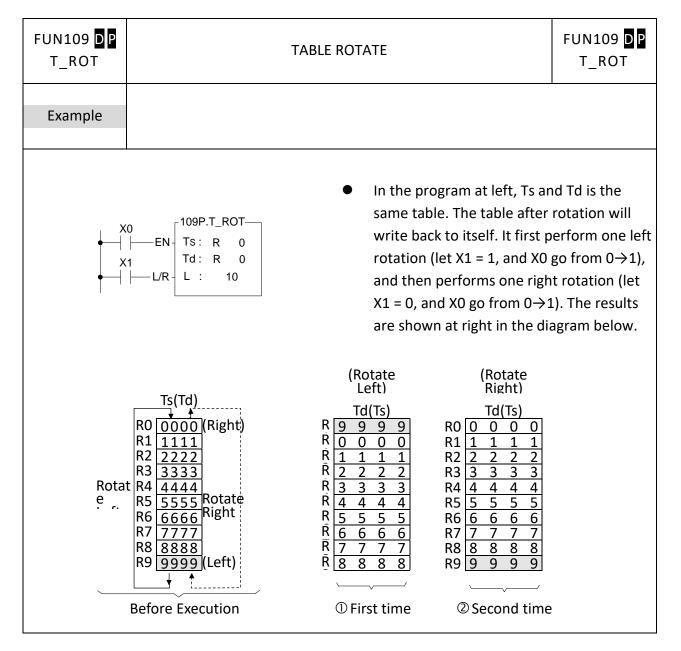
| FUN108 T_SHF | | | | | | TAB | LE SH | IFT | | | | | | 108 <mark>D</mark> _SHF | Ρ |
|-----------------|------------|---------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------|--|--|---|--|---|--|------------------------|-------------------------|---|
| Symbo | I | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sl Left/Rigt | | rol — EN on — L/ | 108D I - IW : Ts : | er syn P.T_S | | | Ts: Td L: I OV Ts <i>,</i> | can b Sourc Desti ength V: Reg | be a co re tabl natior is of ta ister t ay con | onstan e i table ibles T o acce ibine | t or a storir s and pt the with V | regista ng shif Td shifta y, Z, PC | er t resu ed-out | | |
| ਨ ਨਾ | WX | WY | WM | WS | ΤM | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | K | XR | |
| Range Opera | WX0 | W ₁ Y0 | WM0 | WS0 | T ₀ | C0 | RO | R347 68 | R350 24 | R352 80 | R432 24 | D ₀ | 16/3 2-bit | V ` Z | |
| operand- | WX1 008 | WY1 008 | WM29 584 | WS3 088 | T10 23 | C127 9 | R347 67 | | | | | D119 99 | 1/ | Р0~Р 9 | |
| IW | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Ō | Õ | Õ | 0 | 0 | | |
| Ts | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | \circ | \bigcirc | 0 | | 0 | |
| Td | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | \bigcirc | | 0 | 0* | 0* ()* | \bigcirc | 2~25 | 0 | |
| OW | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0* | 0* | 0 | 2~25 | | |
| Descripti | on | 1 | L | | I | | L | L | I | | 1 | 1 | | J | |
| | | | ol "EN" : ken out | | | | | | | • | | | | | m |

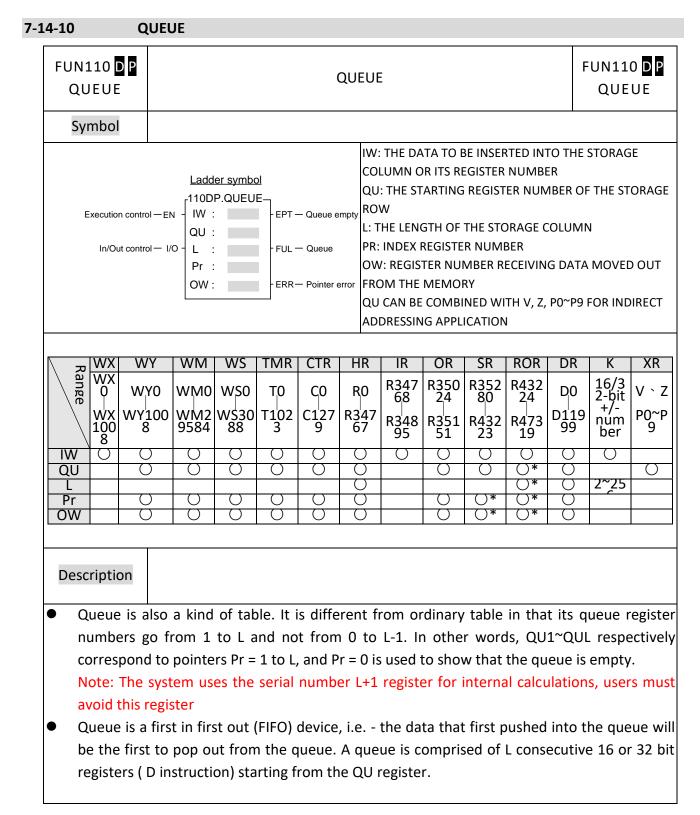
table Ts will be taken out and shifted one position to the left (when "L/R" = 1) or to the right (when "L/R" = 0). The room created by the shift operation will be filled by IW and the results will be written into table Td. The data shifted out will be written into OW.

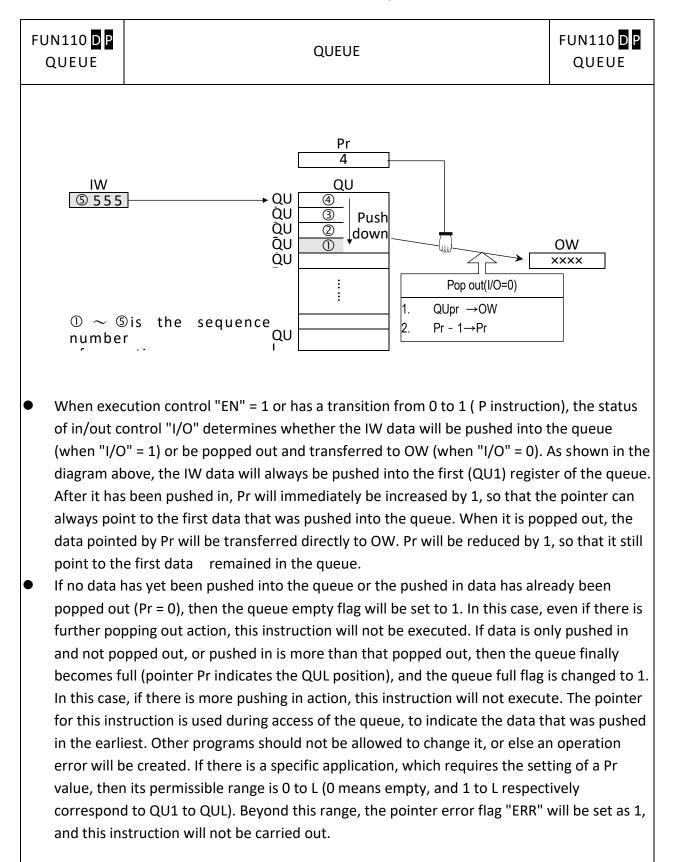


7-14-9 TABLE ROTATE

| FUN109 DP T_ROT | TABLE ROTATE | FUN109 DP T_ROT |
|--------------------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| Symbol | | |
| Rotate contr Left/Right direction | Td · | |
| e / ja | 0 WY0 WM0 WS0 T0 C0 R0 R347 R350 R352 R432 D 68 24 80 24 1 WY1 WM2 WS3 T10 C127 R347 R340 R351 R432 R473 D1 | 0 2 V Z 1 P0~P 9 256 9 |
| Description | | |
| the table o | tion control "EN" = 1 or has a transition from 0 to 1(P instruction of Ts will be rotated 1 position to the left (when "L/R" = 1)or 1 point n "L/R" = 0). The results of the rotation will then be written onto | osition to the |



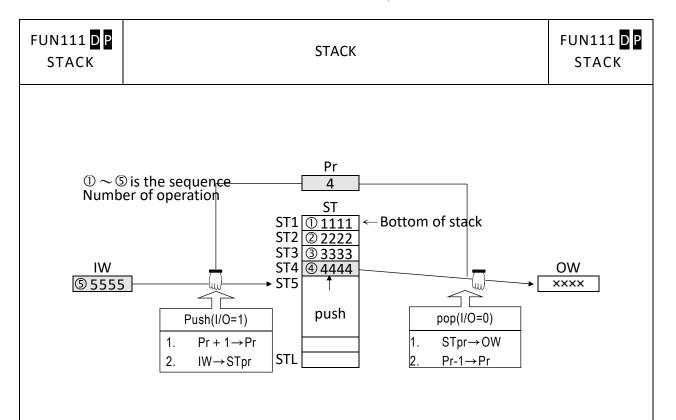




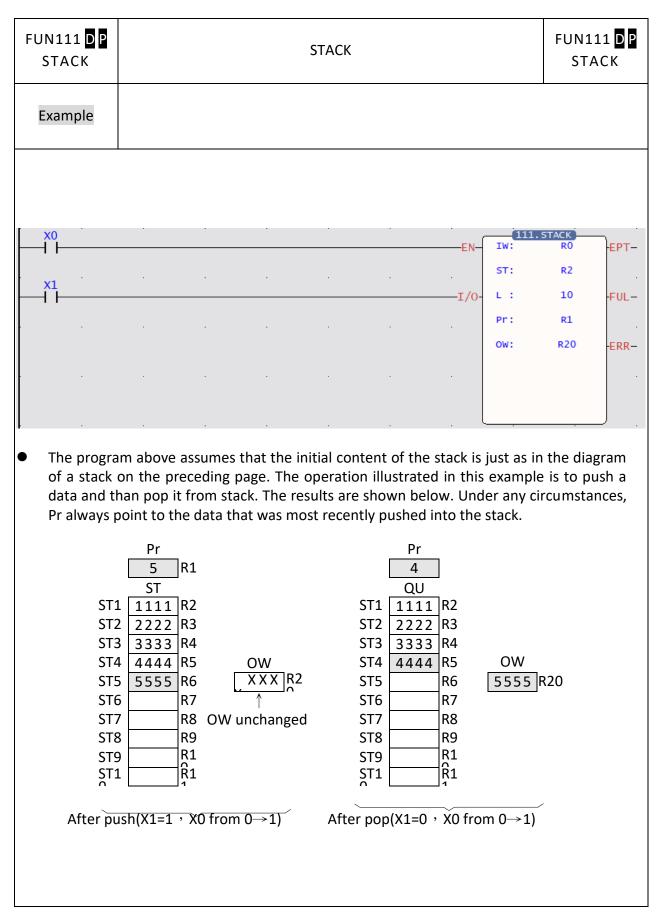
| QUEUE | | C | QUEUE | | | | 10 D P EUE |
|---|---|---------------------------|---|---|--------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| Example | | | | | | | |
| NO | | | | | (110 | . QUEUE | |
| | | | | EN- | IW: | R0 | EPT- |
| X1 | | | | | Qu: | R2 | |
| | | | | 1/0- | Pr: | R1 | -FUL- |
| · | | · | · · | · | ow: | R20 | ERR- |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | mstance. Pr alway | /s point to | o the firs | | . The data |
| that was f | emained in que | = | mstance, Pr alway | /s point t | o the firs | | |
| that was n Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q | Pr 5 QU | = | Pr 4 QU QU1 5555 QU2 4444 QU3 3333 QU4 2222 QU5 QU5 QU6 QU7 QU8 QU9 | 5 R2 1 R3 3 R4 | OW 1111 | t (oldest) | |
| | Pr QU U 5555 R2 U 4444 R3 U 3333 R4 U 2222 R5 U 1111 R6 U R7 U R8 U R9 U R9 U R1 U R1 | eue. OW XXX R2 ↑ | Pr 4 QU QU1 5555 QU2 4444 QU3 3333 QU4 2222 QU5 QU5 QU6 QU7 QU8 | 6 R2 1 R3 3 R4 2 R5 R6 R7 R8 R9 R1 1 | OW 1111 F | t (oldest) R20 | data |

7-14-11 STACK

| | 111 <mark>D</mark> АСК | P | STACK FL | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------|--|--|---|---|--|----------------------------------|--|--|--|-----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|---|--|
| Sy | mbol | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | control — I | -11 =N - IM S1 | : | CK | PT — Stac JL — Stac RR — Poin | k full | ST L Pr OW sta ST | egister : Sta : Size : Poi V : Reg ck may co | rting re e of stac nter reg gister ac | gister c ck gister cceptin with V, | of stack g data j | popped | a const d out fro erve inc | om | |
| | WX | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | IR R347 | OR R350 | SR R352 | ROR R432 | DR | K 16/3 | XR | |
| Range Operand | WX0 WX1 008 | WY0 WY1 008 | WM0 WM2 9584 | WS0 WS30 88 | T0 T102 3 | C0 C127 9 | R0 R347 67 | 68 R348 95 | 24 | 80 | 24 R473 19 | D0 D119 99 | 2-bit | V ` Z P0~P 9 | |
| IW ST | 0 | \mathbf{O} | | 0 | 0 | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | 0 | 0* | 0* | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| L Pr | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | \bigcirc | | 0 | O * | * * | \bigcirc | 2~25 | | |
| OW | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0* | ()* | 0 | | | |
| Li qi S1 th TI | ueue, i tack is nat was | eue, sta .e. Pr = the op s most ck is co | = 1 to L posite recent mprise | , whicl of que ly pus d of L o | n corre ue, bei hed int consec | spond ing a la to the utive 1 | s to ST ist in fii stack v | 1 to ST rst out vill be | FL, and (LIFO) the fire | when device st to be | Pr = 0 e. This e popp | the st means ed ou | ack is e that th t of the | as with empty. ne data e stack. rom ST, | |



- When execution control "EN" = 1 or has a transition from 0 to 1(P instruction), the status of in/out control "I/O" determines whether the IW data will be pushed into the stack (when "I/O" = 1), or the data pointed by Pr within the stack (the data most recently pushed into the stack) will be moved out and transferred to OW (when "I/O" = 0). Note that the data pushed in is stacking, so before pushed in, Pr will increased by 1 to point to the top of the stack then the data will be pushed in. When it is popped out, the data pointed by pointer Pr (the most recently pushed in data) will be transferred to OW. After then Pr will decreased by 1. Under any circumstances, the pointer Pr will always point to the data that was pushed into the stack most recently.
- When no data has yet been pushed into the stack or the pushed in data has already been popped out (Pr = 0), the stack empty flag "EPT" will set to 1. In this case any further pop up actions, will be ignored. If more data is pushed than popped out, sooner or latter the stack will be full (pointer Pr points to STL position), and the stack full flag "FUL" will set to 1. In this case any further push actions, will be ignored. As with queue, the stack pointer in normal case should not be changed by other instructions. If there is a special application which requires to set the Pr value, then its effective range is 0 to L (0 means empty, 1 to L respectively correspond to ST1 to STL). Beyond this range, the pointer error flag "ERR" will set to 1, and the instruction will not be carried out.

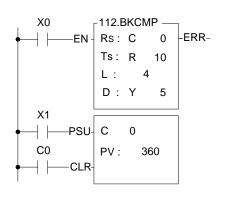


7-14-12 BLOCK COMPARE (DRUM)

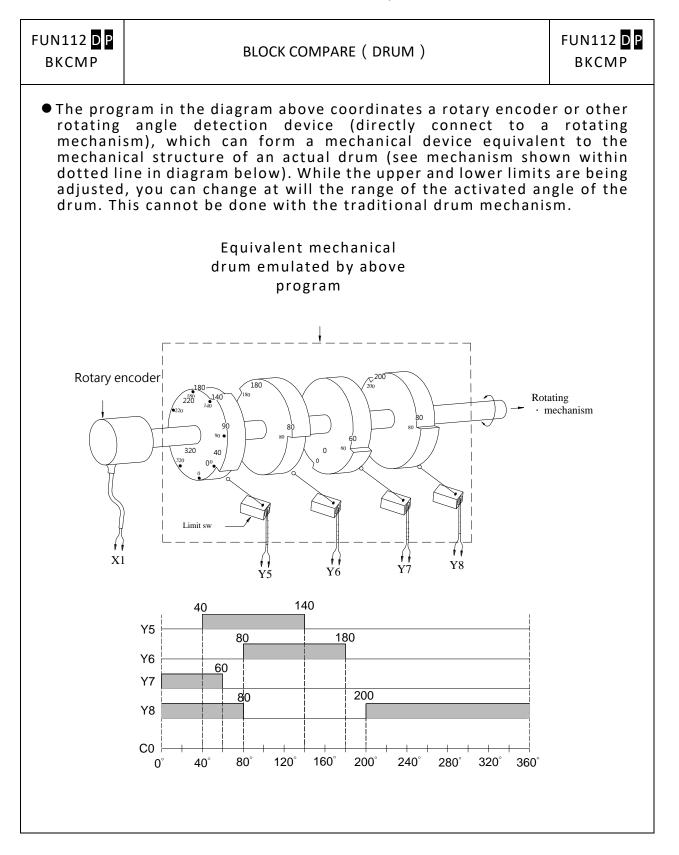
| FUN112 BKCMI | | | | | BLOO | ck coi | MPAR | 1PARE (DRUM) FUN112 BKCM | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|---|---|--|
| Symbo | I | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Comparison cor | ntrol — | EN - | <u>adder s</u> 12DP.B Rs : Ts : L : D : | • | | -Limit eri | ^{ror} Ts lov L D | istei S : Ver li N : N | mit Iumt tarti | ng reg ber of ng rela | ister l pairs (| olock s | toring er and | g uppe d lowe | nt or a er and er limits |
| | | 1 S | WX | WY | WM | WS | TMR | СТ | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | K |
| Range | M | 0 S(|) WX 0 (| WY0 | wмо | WS0 | то | C0 | RO | R347 68 | R350 24 | R352 80 | R432 24 | D0 | 16/32 -bjt |
| Operand | 0 M1 58 | 19 S3 3 03 | 1 WX 3 100 | WY1 008 | WM2 9584 | WS3 088 | T102 3 | C1 279 | R3 476 7 | | | R432 23 | | | +/- numb er |
| Rs | | | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ts | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1~25 |
| | | | <u> </u> | | | | | | 0 | | | | 0* | 0 | 1~25 6 |
| | | | / | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| will be by L p each a within corres the L When | com e per airs c adjoin the spond oairs M92 ther | form of 16 o ning 2 rang ds to of up L60=0 | one by or 32-b 2 regist se of t that pa per an 0, if the | r one l it (D er un he pa hir will d low ere is a | Detwee modifie its forn ir, the be set er limit | n the er) reg n a pa n the to 1. s is co r whe | conte isters ir of u bit w Other mplet re the | nts c start pper vithir wise ed. | of Rs ing f anc the it w er li | and th rom t l lowe com ill be mit va | he upp he Ts r limit parisc set as lue is | per and registe s). If t on resi 0 unti less th | d lowe er (sta he va ults ro il com nan th | er lim rting lue of elay [pariso ne low | parisons its form from TO Rs falls D which on of all ver limit hat pair |
| Where | n MS | | | | s no re ly for | | | | | | | | | | |

| | | | COMPARE(| (DRUM) | | | FUN112 D P BKCMP | |
|---------|---|--------|----------|---------------|---------|-----------------------|---------------------|---|
| Example | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Г | | Upper | Lower | Compared | Compare | Result | | |
| | | limit | limit | ← | value | ← | Outpu | t |
| | 0 | Tsı | Tso | \rightarrow | | \rightarrow | D0 | |
| | 1 | Тsз | Ts2 | ← | P | \longleftrightarrow | D1 | |
| | Z | ٢ | 2 | 2 | Rs | 2 | 2 | |
| l | 1 | Ts2L-1 | Ts2L-2 | | | | DL-1 | |

 Actually, this instruction is a drum switch, which can be used in interrupt program and when incorporate with immediate I/O instruction (IMDIO) can achieve an accurate electronic drum.

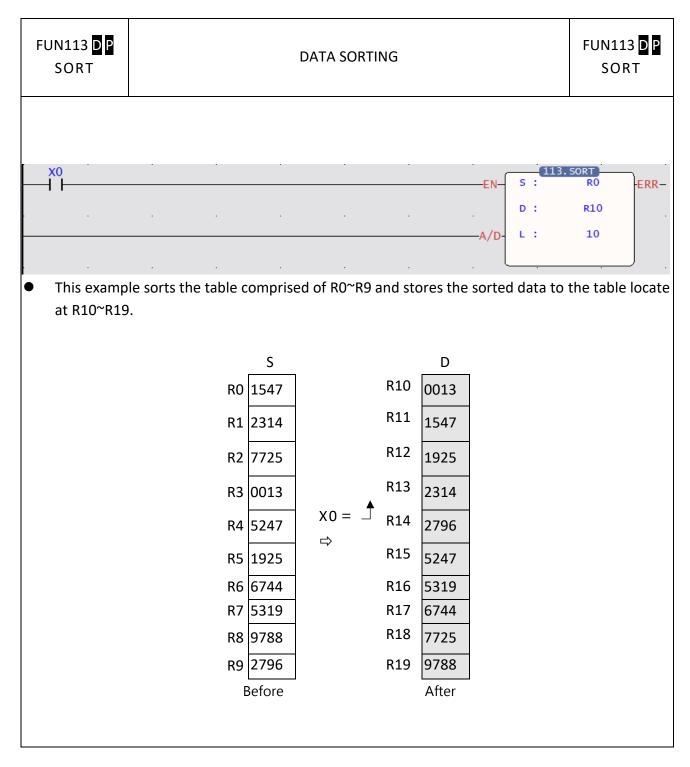


- In this program, C0 represents the rotation angle (Rs) of a drum shaft. The block compare instruction performs a comparison between Rs and the 4 pairs (L = 4) of upper and lower limits, R10,R11, R12,R13, R14,R15 and R16,R17. The comparison results can be obtained from the four drum output points Y5 to Y8.
- The input point X1 is a rotation angle detector mounted on the drum shaft. With each one degree rotation of the drum shaft angle, X1 produces a pulse. When the drum shaft rotates a full cycle, X1 produces 360 pulses.



7-14-13 DATA SORTING (SORTING)

| FUN113 D P SORT | | | | | SOF | RTING | | | | | | FUN113 D P SORT |
|--|------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|---------------|------|--|
| Symbol | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sort o | EN | dder Sym 113DP.S S: D: L: | | ERR Length | n Error | D : Sta store data a | arting the after s | registe orted | er of d | | tion | ters to sort registers to |
| | Range | TMR | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | К | | |
| | Ope- rand | T0 T1023 | C0 C1279 | R0 R34767 | R34768 R34895 | R35024 R35151 | R35280 R43223 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | 2 256 | | |
| | S | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| | D | - | | $ $ \bigcirc | | | | O * | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | | |
| Description | | | | 0 | | | | 0 | | 0 | | |
| When s register sorted The val | rs with a result to | ascendi the re length | ing oro egister of sor | der (if , s start t opera | A/D = ing by ation i | 1) or c D reg s betw | lescen ister. veen 2 | ding o and 1 | rder (i | f A/D = | = 0) | vill sort the and put the will set the |
| Example | | | | | | | | | | | | |



7-14-14 ZONE WRITE

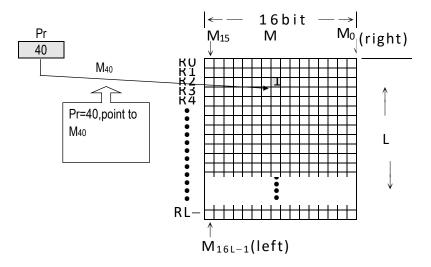
| | 114 -WR | | | | | | ZO | NE V | WRITE | | | | | | N114 Z-W | 4 D P R |
|--------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|--|-------------|---------------------|
| Sy | /mbc | bl | | | | | | | | | | | | · | | |
| | · | ion contro | | -114 - D - N | dder sy 1P.Z-W : | R | RR — | | N : Qu D ` N | iantity opera | v of be ind ca | ing se n com | t oe res bine V | et or res set, 1~5 、Z 、 P(peration | 11)~P9 | for |
| Rang | Y | Μ | SM | S | WY | WM | WS | ТМ | CTR | HR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | K | XR |
| Ope- rand | Y0 Y10 23 | M0 M19 583 | M91 20 H M29 599 | S0 S31 03 | WY0 WY1 008 | WM0 WM2 9584 | WS0 WS3 088 | T0 T10 23 | C0 C127 9 | R0 R347 67 | | | R4322 4 R4731 9 | D0 D1199 9 | | V ` Z P0 ~ P9 |
| N | \bigcirc | \cup | | \cup | \cup | 0 | | \cup | | 0 | \cup | | 0 | 0 | 1- | 0 |
| Des | cript | ion | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| • | the reg The | e write gisters e valid | e oper or bit data | ation s wil leng | n acco II all be th of s | rding to e reset | o the i to 0 (" eratior | nput '1/0' n is t | : statu '=0) oi oetwee | s of w r set to en 0 a | rite se o 1("1 | electio /0"=1] | n, the s). | , it will specified h will so | d are | a of |
| Exa | mple | e 1 | Regi | ster | s R0~F | 89 will b | oe rese | et to | 0 whi | le X0= | :1 | _ | _ | _ | | _ |

| | L14 D WR | P | | | | | ZONE | WRIT | E | | | | | FUN1 Z-V | 14 D P V R |
|------|-------------|-----|------|-------|--|--|--|--------|---|--|------|-----|---------|-------------|----------------------|
| X0 | · | | · | | | | | • | • | | EN- | D: | (114.Z· | -WR R0 | ERR |
| | | | | | | • | | | | | -1/0 | N : | | 10 | |
| | | | | | R(R; R; R; R; R; R; R; R; R; | 1 22 22 33 33 444 55 666 55 666 77 888 88 99 | 22 33 44 X 555 X 666 77 88 99 34 | € = 0 | R1 () R2 () R3 () R4 () R5 () R6 () R7 () R8 () R9 () | 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 | | | | | |
| Exai | mple 2 | 2 (| When | XO is | "ON", | clear | M5~N | И11 to | | | EN- | | (114.Z· | -WR M5 | ERR |
| | | | | | | | | | | | -1/0 | N : | | 7 | |
| M15 | M14 | M13 | M12 | M11 | M10 | M9 | M8 | M7 | M6 | M5 | M4 | M3 | M2 | M1 | MO |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | | | | | | | $\overline{\bigcirc}$ | X0 = | Ł | | | | | В | efore |
| M15 | M14 | M13 | M12 | M11 | M10 | M9 | м8 | M7 | M6 | M5 | M4 | M3 | M2 | M1 | M0 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | | | | | | | | | • | | • | • | • | | After |

Matrix Instructions

| 120. MAND | 126. MBRD |
|-----------|------------|
| 121. MOR | 127. MBWR |
| 122. MXOR | 128. MBSHF |
| 123. MXNR | 129. MBROT |
| 124. MINV | 130. MBCNT |
| 125. MCMP | |

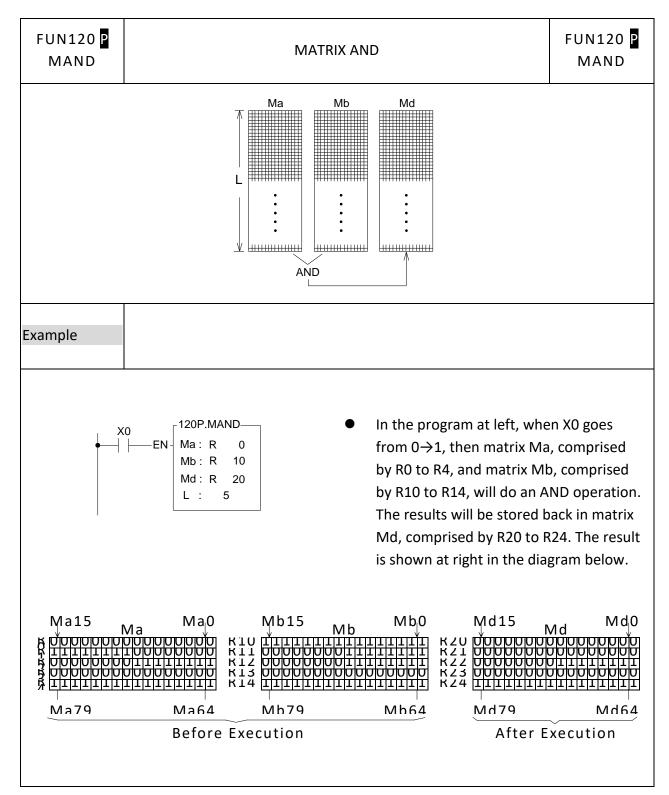
- A matrix is comprised of 2 or more consecutive 16-bit registers. The number of registers comprising the matrix is called the matrix length (L). One matrix altogether has L×16 bits (points), and the basic unit of the object for each operation is bit.
- The matrix instructions treats the 16×L matrix bits as a set of series points(denoted by M0 to M16L-1). Whether the matrix is formed by register or not, the operation object is the bit not numerical value.
- Matrix instructions are used mostly for discrete status processing such as moving, copying, comparing, searching, etc, of single point to multipoint (matrix), or multipoint-to-multipoint. These instructions are convenient, important for application.
- Among the matrix instructions, most instruction need to use a 16-bit register as a pointer to points a specific point within the matrix. This register is known as the matrix pointer (Pr). Its effective range is 0 to 16L-1, which corresponds respectively to the bits M0 to M16L-1 within the matrix.
- Among the matrix operations, there are shift left/right, rotate left/right operations. We define the movement toward higher bit is left direction, while the movement toward lower bit is right direction, as shown in the diagram below.



7-15 Matrix Instruction (FUN120~130)

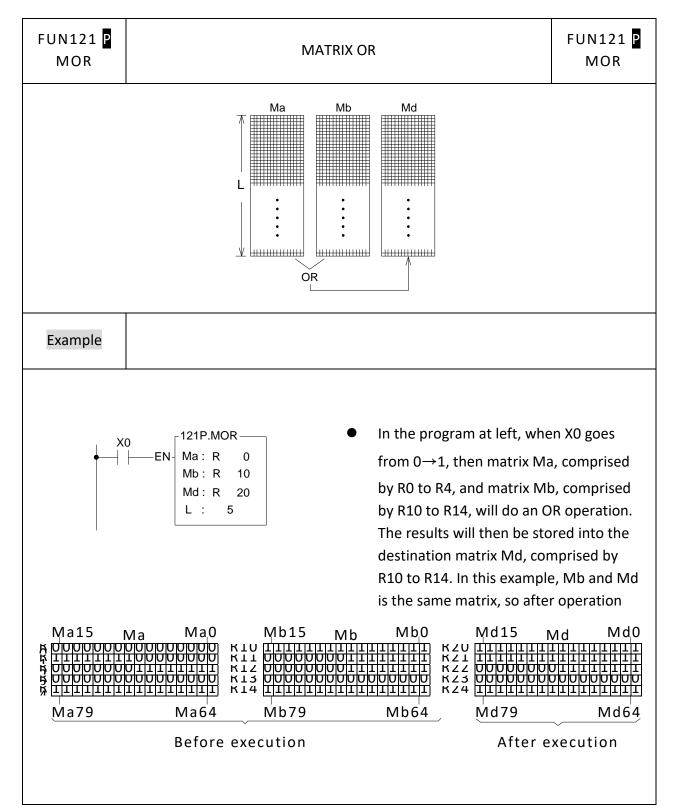
7-15-1 MATRIX AND

| FUN120 P MAND | | | MATRIX A | ND | | | | | F | UN120 MAND |
|---|--|--|---|--|--|---|---|--|--------------------------------------|---|
| Symbol | | | | | | | | | | |
| Operation control | Ladder s - 120P.MA Ma : Mb : Md : L : | • | Mb Md L Ma, I | : Start : Start : Start : Leng Mb, M e indire | ing re ing re th of I d may | gister gister matrix / com | of so of de (Ma bine y | ource i estina , Mb a with V | matriz tion n and N /, Z, P | x b natrix |
| Sper_2 | X WY WM X0 WY0 WM 0 0 0 X1 WY1 0 08 008 WM 00 0 0 00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | WSO TO | CTR HR C0 R0 C12 R34 79 767 O O O O O O O O O O O O | IR R34 768 B34 O | OR R35 024 R35 024 0 0 | SR R35 280 R43 O O O * | ROR R43 224 R47 O O * O* | DR D0 D11 999 0 0 0 0 | K 2 256 | XR V ` Z P0~ O O |
| Description | | | | | | | | | | |
| instruction be 0)opera then be s operation | ration control will perform a tion between cored in the c s done by bits f Ma1 = 1, Mb | logic AND two source lestination with the sar | (only if 2 l matrixes matrix M ne bit nur | oits are with a d, wh nbers) | e 1 wi lengt ich is . For e | ll the h of L also examp | resul , Ma the s ble, if | t be 1 and M same Ma0 = | , othe 1b. Th lengt = 0, M | erwise it v ie result v h (the A lb0 = 1, th |



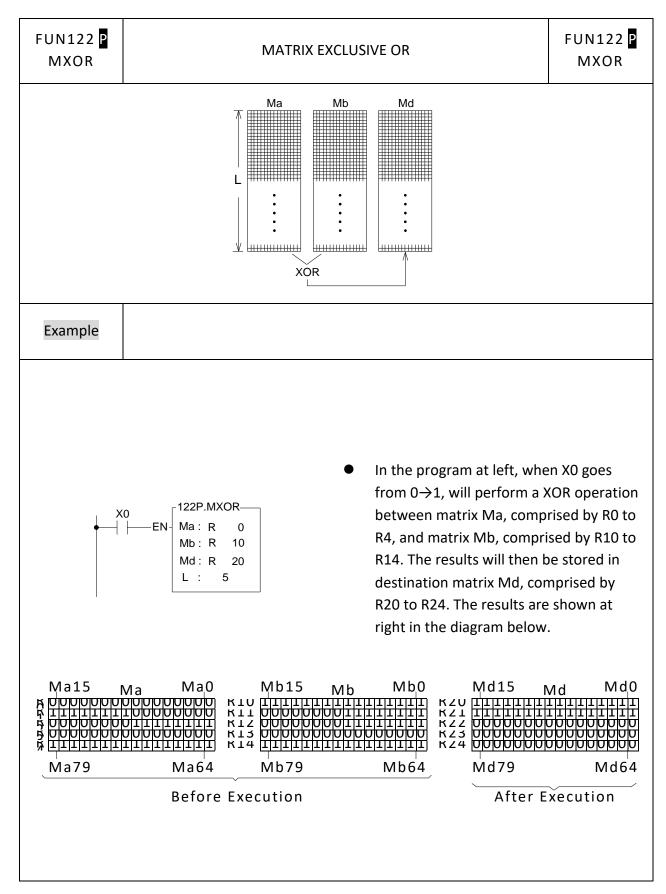
7-15-2 MATRIX OR

| FUN121 P MOR | MATI | RIX OR | FUN121 P MOR |
|--|---|---|---|
| Symbol | | | |
| Operation control | Ladder symbol 121P.MOR Ma : Mb : Md : L : | Ma : Starting register of source Mb : Starting register of source Md : Starting register of destina L : Length of matrix (Ma, Mb Ma, Mb, Md may combine with serve indirect address applicatio | matrix b ation matrix and Md) V, Z, P0~P9 to |
| Aange Operand Ma | | HR IR OR SR ROR DR R0 R34 R35 R35 R43 D0 R34 R35 R43 224 D0 R34 R35 R43 R47 D11 R67 R34 R35 R43 R47 999 O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O | K XR 2 Z 256 P0~ P9 O O O O O |
| Description | | | |
| instruction only if both L, Ma and same lengt Ma0 = 0, N | will perform a logic OR(If any 2 on are 0 will the result be 0) operated on the result be 0 operated. The result will then be store the the OR operation is done by b | ransition from 0 to 1 (P instruction of the bits are 1, then the result w nation between 2 source matrixes w d in the destination matrix Md, w poits with the same bit numbers). F D, Mb1 = 0, then Md1 = 0; etc, right | vill be 1, and with a length of hich is also the for example, if |



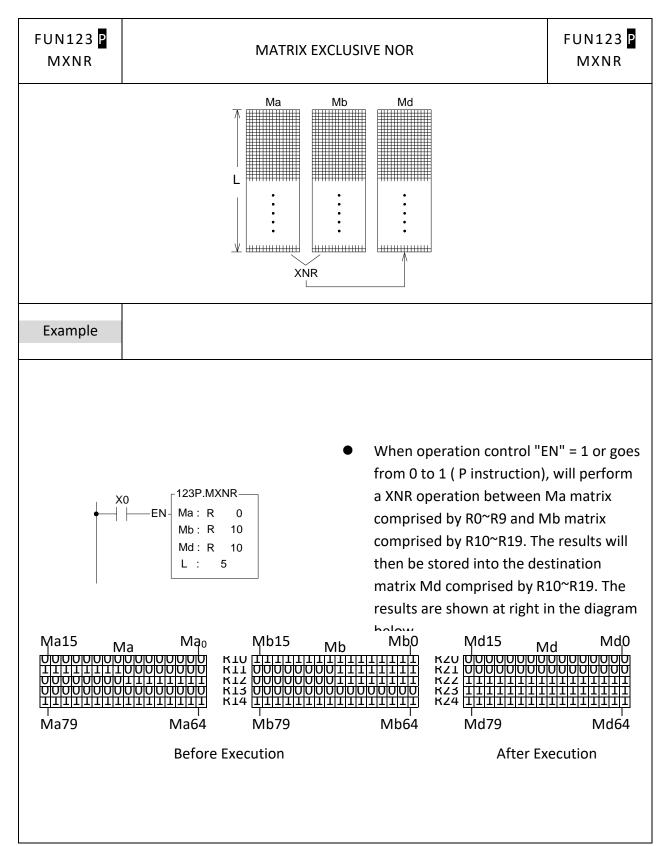
7-15-3 MATRIX EXCLUSIVE OR

| FUN122 P MXOR | MATRIX EXCLUSIVE OR | FUN122 P MXOR |
|---|--|--|
| Symbol | | |
| Operation control | Ladder symbol 122P.MXOR — Ma : Mb : Mb : Md : L : Ma : Md : L : Ma : Md : | matrix b tion matrix and Md) /, Z, P0~P9 to |
| Ope | WX WY WM WS IM CTR HR IR OR SR ROR DR K VX0 WY0 WM0 WS0 TO CO RO R34 R35 R35 R43 DO 2 VX1 WY1 WM2 WS3 T10 C12 R34 R35 R43 R47 D11 2 008 008 9584 088 23 79 767 R34 R35 R43 R47 D11 25 0 | 2 V ∖ Z |
| instruction otherwise will then b example th = 0, Mb0 = | ration control "EN" = 1 or has a transition from 0 to 1 (P instructio will performs a logic XOR (if the 2 bits are different, then the resu it will be 0)between 2 source matrixes with a length of L, Ma and M e stored back into the destination matrix Md, which also has a leng the XOR operation is done by bits with the same bit numbers - for e 1, then Md0 = 1; if Ma1 = 1, Mb1 = 1, then Md1 = 0; etc, right up to a16L-1 and Mb16L-1. | It will be 1, Mb. The result gth of L. For xample, if Ma0 |



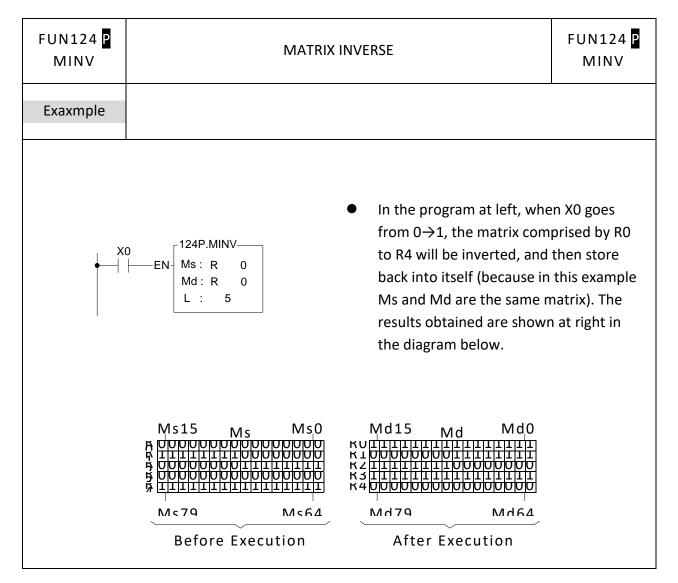
7-15-4 MATRIX ENCLUSIVE OR

| FUN123 P MXNR | M | ATRIX EXCLUSIVI | ENOR | | | N123 P MXNR |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|---|
| Symbol | | | | | | |
| Operation contro | Ladder symbol - 123P.MXNR - EN - Ma : Mb : Md : L : | Mb: Md: L : Ma, N | Starting reg Starting reg Length of n Ib, Md may | gister of sour gister of sour gister of dest natrix (Ma, N combine wi dress applica | ce matr ination 1b and N th V, Z,P | ix b matrix Иd) |
| Range WX WX Operand Mb Md L | WYO 0 WSO TO | | 47 R350 R3 8 24 8 48 R351 R4 5 0 0 0 | 30 24 0 | 0 2 19 256 | XR V ` Z P0~P 9 0 0 |
| Description | | | | | | |
| perform a otherwise results wil (the XNR o 0, Mb0 = | ration control "EN" = logic XNR operation (it will be 0) between 2 then be stored into the peration is done by bit 1, then Md0 = 1; i (NR reaches Ma16L | if the 2 bits are 2 source matrixe 2 destination ma 5 with the same f Ma1 = 1, M | e the same es with a le trix Md, wh bit numbe b1 = 1, th | , then the r ngth of L, N ich also has rs). For exar | esult wi la and M the same nple, if | ill be 1, Mb. The e length Ma0 = |



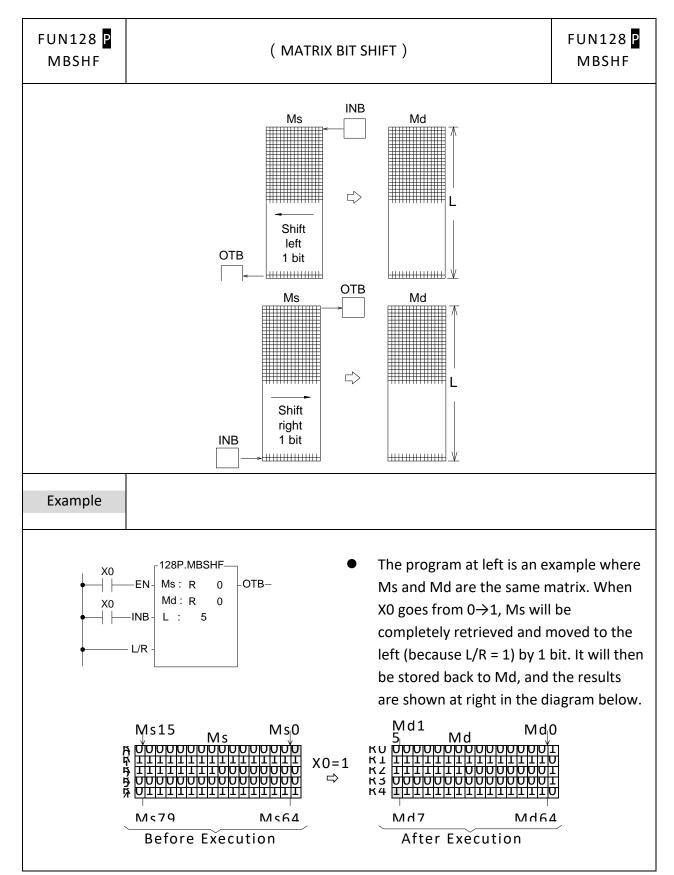
7-15-5 MATRIX INVERSE

| FUN124 P MINV | | | | | MA | TRIX I | NVERS | SE | | | | | FUN1 MII | _ |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|--------------------------|
| Symbol | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Operation contro | DI — EN | ¹²⁴ | lder sy P.MIN : | | | | Md:S L :Le | Startin ength o Id may | g regi of mai / com | ster of trix (M bine w | | natio Md) | on |) serve |
| Range Operand | WX WX0 WX1 008 | WY WY0 WY1 008 | WM 0 WM 2958 4 | WS0 WS3 088 | TMR T0 T102 3 | CTR C0 C127 9 | HR R0 R347 67 | IR R347 68 R348 95 | 24 | SR R352 80 R432 23 | ROR R432 24 R473 19 | DR D0 D1 999 |) 2 | XR V ` Z P0~P 9 |
| Description | | | | | | | Ö | | | | 0* | 0 | | |
| When operative register N 1 will change stored int | 1s, wh nge to | nich ha o 0, an | is a lei d all t | ngth c hose v | of L, wi with a | ill be c | comple | etely i vill cha | nverte | ed (all | the bi | ts w | ith a va | alue of |
| | | | | | | II | nverse - Ms — | | | | | | | |



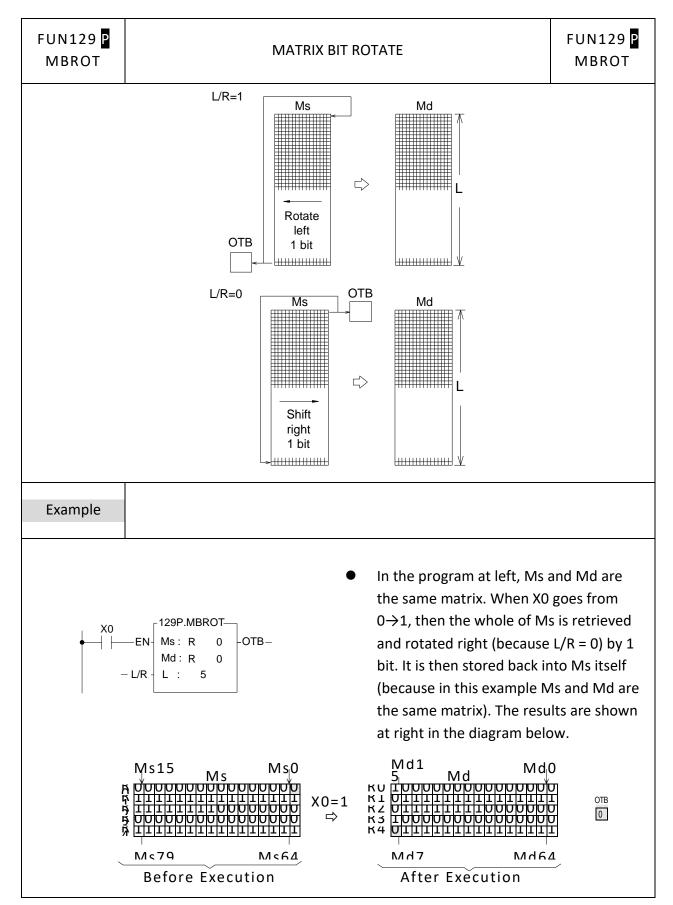
7-15-6 MATRIX BIT SHIFT

| | FUN128 P MBSHF | MATRIX BIT SHIFT | FUN128 P MBSHF |
|-----|--|--|--|
| | Symbol | | |
| Lef | Shift control — EN Fill-in bit — INC /Right direction — CLI | Md : L : Length of matrix (Ms and N Ms, Md may combine with V, Z, F indirect address application | tion matrix ⁄Id) |
| | Range Opera | X0 WY0 WM0 WS0 T0 C0 R0 R34 R35 R35 R43 D0 X1 WY1 WM2 WS3 T10 C12 R34 R34 R35 R43 D0 X1 WY1 WM2 WS3 T10 C12 R34 R34 R35 R43 R47 D11 D11 2 2 319 999 2 0 </td <td>K XR V ` 2 Z Z J 56 P9 O O O</td> | K XR V ` 2 Z Z J 56 P9 O O O |
| | Description | | |
| | will be retr position to M0, and w status of th be M0) wil | control "EN" = 1 or has a transition from 0 to 1 (P instruction), so ieved and completely shifted one position to the left (when L/R = 2 the right (when L/R = 0). The space caused by the shift (with a left ith a right shift it will be M16L-1), is replaced by the status of fill-in he bits popped out (with a left shift it will be M16L-1, and with a rig l appear at the output bit "OTB". Then the results of this shifted m he destination matrix Md. | 1) or one t shift it will be n bit "INB". The ght shift it will |



7-15-7 MATRIX BIT ROTATE

| FUN129 P MBROT | | M | ATRIX | BIT R | ΟΤΑΤ | E | | | | | UN12 MBR(| _ |
|---|---|--|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|---|--|--------------------------------------|--|---|
| Symbol | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Rotate control — Left/Right direction — | Md : | от | — Rota | ted L Mo Ms | l : St : Le , Md | arting ngth (may c | regis of ma combi | trix (N | destii ⁄Is and :h V, Z | natior d Md) | n matr | |
| ange Opera | VX WY WM VX0 WY0 WM0 VX1 WY1 WM2 08 008 9584 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | WS3 T10 | CTR C0 C12 79 O | HR R0 R34 767 | IR R34 768 R34 895 | OR R35 024 R35 151 O | SR R35 280 R43 223 O V* | ROR R43 224 R47 319 O * O* | DR D0 D111 999 O O O | к 2 256 | XR V ` Z P0~ P9 O O | |
| When rota completel (when L/R a right rota left rotatic | te control "EN y retrieved and = 0). The space ation it will be on it will be M1 e used to fill th | d rotated b e created b M16L-1) w 6L-1, and w | y one y the ill be r vith a | bit to rotati replac right i | oward on (w ed by rotatio | s the ith a l the s on it v | left (v eft ro tatus vill be | when tatior of the M0). | L/R = it wil rotat The ro | 1) or ll be N ced-ou otateo | to the /IO, an ut bit (d-out | e right d with with a bit will |



| | 130 <mark>P</mark> CNT | | | | MA | TRIX B | IT ST/ | ATUS CC | OUNT | | | | | 130 <mark>P</mark> CNT |
|--------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|---|----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|---|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Syn | nbol | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | nt control - r 0 option - | - EN - | Ladder s 130P.ME Ms : L : D : | - | - D=0 F | Result is 0 | L [| | rix len gister s combi | gth toring ne wit | count h V, Z, | results P0~P9 | | ve |
| Range | WX | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | К | XR |
| Ope- rand | WX0 WX1008 | WY0 WY1008 | WM0 WY29584 | WS0 WS3088 | T0 T1023 | C0 C1279 | R0 R34767 | R34768 7 R34895 | R35024 R35151 | R35280 R43223 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | 2 256 | V,Z P0-P9 |
| Ms | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | 0 | 0 | \bigcirc | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | \bigcirc |
| L | | | | | | | 0 | | | | • | 0 | 0 | |
| D | | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | ○* | \bigcirc | | |
| Descr | iption | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| • | the 1 statu inpu | 16L bit 1s of 1 t "1/0 | s of th (wh " = 0). | e Ms r en inp The re | natrix, ut "1/C sults o | this in)" = 1) f the c | struc or th ounti | nsition f tion will e total a ing will k n the Re | count moun pe stor | the to t of bit ed into | otal am s with o the re | iount c a statu egister | of bits us of 0 · specif | with a (when ied by |

7-15-8 MATRIX BIT STATUS COUNT(MBCNT)

| FUI M | N13 BC | | _ | | | | | | | | I | MA | TR | IX | BIT | S | ATUS CO | DUN | Т | | | | | | | JN13 MBCN | _ |
|-------------------|----------------------|-----|-----|----|----|----|-----|--------------|------|------|-----|-----|------|-----|-----|-----|--------------------------------|-----|-----|------|---------|--------------|---|-----------|---------------|--------------|-----|
| Ex | am | ple | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (0 ├- (1 ├- | | | | | | | 1 £ | | | 0 | (+0 | | | | | | | | —E | ′0- | Ms L D | : | О. МВС | R0 5 R0 | | =0 |
| | wit | h s | tat | us | of | 1) | ano | d le t ri | et t | he | sig | gna | I X(|) ł | nas | a t | with stat ransition ow . | | - | | | | | - | | | |
| Ms15 R0 | 5 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Ms0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| R1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | + | 0 | - | Γ | | | D | | | Γ | | D | |
| R2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | x0 = _ | | R20 | | 64 | ٦ | 2 | | 20 | 16 | |
| R3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | | . = 0 | | | | L | X1 = 1 | |
| R4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ļ | | | | . = 0 | _/ | | \square | | ×1 = 1 | / |
| Ms79 | | | | | | | | _ | _ | | | | | | | _/ | Ms64 | | Co | ount | of '0' | bit | | | Со | unt of '1' | bit |
| | | | | | | | Soι | ırce | ma | trix | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| FUN137 ICA | | | | | | | ICA | A | | | | | | FUN13 ICA |
|-------------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|------------|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------------|
| Symbol | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | F | s: Gro | oup of | Pulse | outp | ut (0^ | ʻ7) | |
| | | | | | | | C |): YO 8 | ι Y1 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | 1 | .: Y2 8 | ι Y3 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | 2 | 2: Y4 8 | ι Y5 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | 3 | 8: Y6 8 | ι Y7 | | | | | |
| rt control — EN — | Ps: | 137.ICA | | | — ACT — | In actio | on 4 | l: Y8 8 | ι Y9 | | | | | |
| Direction — DIR – | ls: | | | | | Freeze | 5 | 5: Y10 | & Y11 | L | | | | |
| | Fo: | | | | — ERR— | - Error | 6 | 5: Y12 | & Y13 | 3 | | | | |
| | Ag: | | | | — DN — | - Done | 7 | ': Y14 | & Y15 | 5 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | L | s: Exte | ernal i | input | X poir | nt ind | ex nur | mber (0~15 |
| | | | | | | | F | o: Tar | get A | kis wo | rking | speed | ł | |
| | | | | | | | (| 1~100 | 000 o | or 1~2 | 00000 | D) | | |
| | | | | | | | A | Ag: Fix | ed an | gle wł | nen in | terru | pted (| 0~36000) |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Х | WX | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | K |
| Range | :PU's | WX0 | WY0 | WM0 | WS0 | T0 | C0 | R0 | R347 68 | R350 24 | R352 80 | R432 24 | D0 | |
| | ,PUs Xn | WX10 08 | WY10 08 | WM195 78 | WS30 88 | T10 23 | C127 9 | R347 67 | R348 95 | R351 51 | R432 23 | R473 19 | D119 99 | |
| Pw | | | | | | | | | 95 | 51 | 23 | 13 | | 0~7 |
| Ls | 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 ~ 100000 |
| Fo | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | or 1~ 200000 |
| Ag | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0~36000 |

7-16 NC Positioning Instruction (FUN140~143)

| FUN137 ICA | ICA | FUN137 ICA |
|---------------|-----|---------------|
| Description | | |

1. The positioning axis can be controlled up to PSO7, but the actual maximum axis number that can be controlled varies with the host machine model.

2. The target working speed and the maximum frequency vary according to the host model, 100K and 200K.

3. In general-purpose and advanced sports hosts, external input points 8~15 of X will be reserved for the motion function and not supported by this command.

4. The external input point does not need additional special configuration in the interrupt setting in the I/O configuration. The relevant settings will be automatically made when the command is executed.

| FUN138 ICF ICF FUN138 ICF Symbol | 7-16-2 ICF | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------|------------------|----------------|---|---|--|-------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-------|---|
| Start control EN Ps: Group of Pulse output (0~7) 0: Y0 & Y1 1: Y2 & Y3 2: Y4 & Y5 3: Y6 & Y7 4: Y8 & Y9 5: Y10 & Y11 6: Y12 & Y13 7: Y14 & Y15 Ls: ERR Error Pr: DN Done 0: Y12 & Y13 7: Y14 & Y15 Ls: External input X point index number (0~15) Fo: Fo: The control of the | | | | | | | | ICF | | | | | | | | |
| Start control EN 138.ICF Ps: | Symbol | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AB WX0 WY0 WM0 WS0 T0 C0 R0 R347 R350 R352 R432 D0 V Xn WX10 WY10 WM195 WS30 T10 C127 R347 R351 R432 24 D0 1119 1119 99 95 51 23 19 99 0~7 Pw Image: Comparison of the state of | | Ps: Is: Fo: | 138.ICF . | | | — ERR— | Error | C 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 1 1 7 1 1 7 1 1 7 1 7 7 1 7 7 1 7 7 1 7 | : Y0 & : Y2 & : Y4 & : Y6 & : Y8 & : Y10 : Y12 : Y14 s: Exte o: Tar 1~100 d: O | 4 Y1 4 Y3 4 Y5 4 Y7 4 Y9 & Y11 & Y13 & Y15 ernal iget Ax 0000 c utput | input kis wo pul: | X poir orking 00000 | nt ind speed)) | ex nu | - | - |
| AB WX0 WY0 WM0 WS0 T0 C0 R0 R347 R350 R352 R432 D0 V Xn WX10 WY10 WM195 WS30 T10 C127 R347 R351 R432 24 D0 1119 1119 99 95 51 23 19 99 0~7 Pw Image: Comparison of the state of | | | | | | | | | nenu | pr ca | Juie | | | | | |
| Ls O Image: Constraint of the second se | Range Operand | CPU's | WX0 WX10 | WY0 WY10 | WM0 WM195 | WS0 WS30 | т0 т10 | C0 C127 | R0 R347 | R347 68 R348 | R350 24 R351 | R352 80 R432 | R432 24 R473 | D0 D119 | К | |
| Fo O O O 1~100000 or 1~ 200000 | Pw | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0~7 | |
| Fo O O or 1~ 200000 | Ls | 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fd O O O O O O | Fo | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | or 1~ | |
| | Fd | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | |

Chapter 7 Advanced Function Instructions

| FUN138 ICF | ICF | FUN138 ICF |
|---------------|-----|---------------|
| Description | | |

1. The positioning axis can be controlled up to PSO7, but the actual maximum axis number that can be controlled varies with the host machine model.

2. The target working speed and the maximum frequency vary according to the host model, 100K and 200K.

3. In general-purpose and advanced sports hosts, external input points 8~15 of X will be reserved for the motion function and not supported by this command.

4. The external input point does not need additional special configuration in the interrupt setting in the I/O configuration. The relevant settings will be automatically made when the command is executed.

| | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|-------------------|----|--|-------------------|---------|------|--------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| FUN139 HSPWM | | | F | IIGH SP | EED P | ULSE | EWID | DTH IV | 10DU | LATIO | N | | | FUN13 HSPWN |
| Symbol | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Operation control — EN - Pw : Op : Pm : Op : Rs : Pn : OR : WR : | | | | Pw: High-speed pulse width modulation output point (0=Y0, 1=Y2, 2=Y4, 3=Y6, 4=Y8, 5=Y10, 6=Y12, 7=Y14) Op: output polarity; 0=Output not inverting 1=output inverted Rs: resolution; 0=1/100 (1%) 1=1/1000 (0.1%) Pn: Output frequency parameter setting (0~255) OR: PWM output width setting register 0~100 or 0~1000 WR: Instruction operation work register, other | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ra | Y | WX | WY | WM | WS | TM R | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | K |
| Range Operand | CPU' s Yn | WX0 WX1 008 | | WM0 WM2 9584 | WS0 WS3 088 | то | C0 | RO | R34 768 R34 895 | R35 024 R35 151 | R35 280 R43 223 | R43 224 R47 319 | D0 D11 999 | |
| Pw Op Rs | 000 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0~3 0~1 0~1 |
| Pn | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0~ 255 |
| | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0~ 1000 |
| OR WR | | | () | () | | () | () | () | | () | () | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | |

7-16-3 HSPWM

| FUN139 HSPWM | IIGH SPEED PULSE WIDTH MODULATION | FUN139 HSPWM | |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|--|
|-----------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|--|

- The setting of resolution(RS) must be same between output0(Y0) and output1(Y2) also the setting of output frequency(Pn). It means both output0 and output1 have the same output frequency and the same output resolution, only the pulse width can be different. Same principle for output2(Y4) and output3(Y6).
- When operation control "EN" = 1, the specified digital output will perform the PWM output, the expression for output frequency as shown bellow:

1.
$$f_{pwm} = \frac{184320}{(P_n + 1)}$$
 While Rs (Resolution)=1/100
2. $f_{pwm} = \frac{18432}{(P_n + 1)}$ While Rs (Resolution)=1/1000

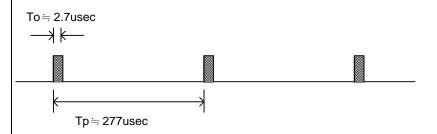
Example 1 If Pn (Setting of output frequency) = 50, Rs = 0(1/100), then

$$f_{pwm} = \frac{184320}{(50+1)} = 3614.117.... = 3.6 \text{KHz}$$
$$T(\text{Period}) = \frac{1}{f_{pwm}} = 277 \text{uS}$$

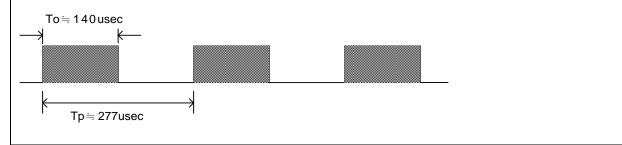
For Rs = 1/100, if OR(Setting of output pulse width) = 1, then T0 \approx 2.7uS; if OR(Setting of output pulse width) = 50, then To \approx 140uS.

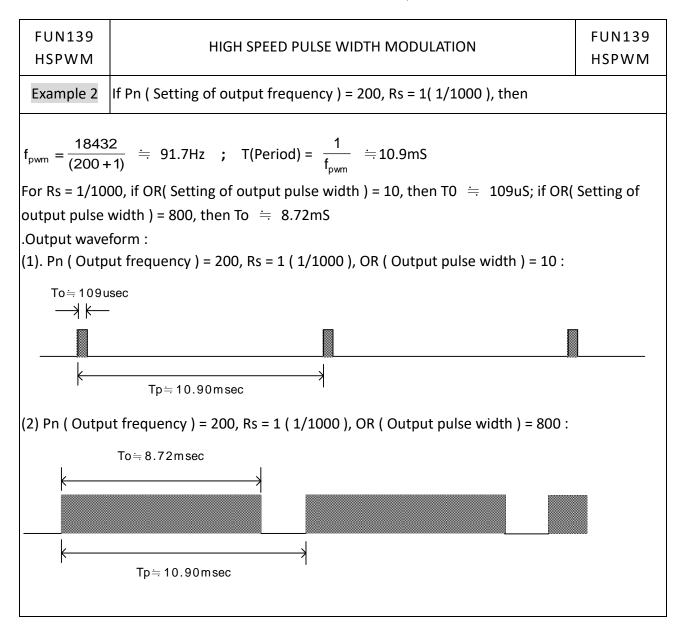
.Output waveform :

(1).Pn (Output frequency) = 50, Rs = 0 (1/100), OR (Output pulse width) = 1:



(2). Pn (Output frequency) = 50, Rs = 0 (1/100), OR (Output pulse width) = 50 :





| 01 | 0-4 High Speed Pulse Output Instruction | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|---|------------|-------------|---|----------------|-----------------|------|--|--|
| FUN140 HSPSO | HIGHS | lse ou | ITPUT INSTI | RUCTION | | FUN140 HSPSO | | | |
| Symbol | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Ps : The Pu | lse Output | : (0 ~ 3) selec | tion | | |
| | | | | 0:Y0&Y1 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | Ladder symb | ol | | 2:Y4 & Y5 | | | | | |
| | L140.HSPSO- | | | 3:Y6&Y7 | , | | | | |
| Execution contro | DI-EN - PS : SR : | - ACT - | | 4:Y8&Y9 |) | | | | |
| Paus | e – INC - WR : | - ERR – | - | 5 : Y10 & Y11 | | | | | |
| Abor | t — ABT - | - DN - | _ | 6:Y12 & \ | ′13 | | | | |
| | | | | 7:Y14 & ነ | ′15 | | | | |
| | | | | SR: Positioning program starting register. WR: Starting working register of instruction operation, total 7 registers, can not used in | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | any other p | | | | | |
| | Range | HR | RO | R DR | K | | | | |
| | Ope- rand | R0 | R43224 | | 2 | | | | |
| | Ps | R34767 | R47319 | 9 D11999 | ²⁵⁶ | | | | |
| | | \square | \frown | | | | | | |
| | SR | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | | | | | |
| | WR | \bigcirc | | | | | | | |

7-16-4 High Speed Pulse Output Instruction

| FUN140 HSPSO | | HIGH SPEED PULSE OUTPUT INSTRUCTION | FUN140 HSPSO |
|-----------------|-----------|--|------------------|
| Des | scription | | |
| 1. | The pos | itioning axis can be controlled up to PSO7, but the actual maximum axis | number that |
| | can be c | controlled varies with the host machine model. | |
| 2. | The NC | positioning program of the FUN140 (HSPSO) command is edited in the f | orm of a text |
| | program | n; each positioning point is called one step (including output frequency, a | action stroke, |
| | and tran | nsfer conditions), and one FUN140 can program up to 250 positioning | points. Each |
| | position | ing point needs to occupy 9 registers. | |
| 3. | The bigg | gest advantage of storing the positioning program in the temporary reg | ister is that if |
| | the mar | n-machine is combined with the machine control setting, the positioning | program can |
| | be store | ed in the man-machine. When changing the mold, the man-machine | can directly |
| | access t | he Locator of the sub-mold. | |
| 4. | When t | he execution control input "EN"=1, if Ps0~Ps7 are not occupied by o | ther FUN140 |
| | instruct | ions (Ps0=M9183, Ps1=M9184, Ps2=M9185, Ps3=M9186, Ps4=M9191, | Ps5=M9192, |
| | Ps6= MS | 9193, Ps7=M9194 state is ON, otherwise it is OFF), then start to execute i | rom the next |
| | position | ing point (if it has reached the last step, then start to execute from ste | ep 1 again); if |
| | Ps0~7 a | re occupied by other FUN140 instructions , the FUN140 to be occupied | releases the |
| | control | right, and this instruction obtains the pulse output right of positioning c | ontrol. |
| 5. | When th | ne execution control "EN"=0, stop the pulse output immediately. | |
| 6. | When th | ne pause output "PAU"=1, and the execution control "EN" was previousl | y 1, the pulse |
| | • | s paused. When the pause output "PAU"=0 and the execution control ' | 'EN" is still 1, |
| | | ontinue to output the unfinished pulse number. | |
| 7. | | he output "ABT" = 1, stop the pulse output immediately. (The next tir | |
| | | on control input "EN"=1, it will be executed again from the first step posit | ioning point) |
| 8. | When p | ulse output is in progress, the output indicator "ACT" is ON. | |
| 9. | | he command is executed incorrectly, the output indication "ERR" is O | N. (The error |
| | | stored in the error code register) | |
| 10. | When e | ach step of positioning is completed, the output indication "DN" is ON. | |

| FUN140 HSPSOHIGH SPEED PULSE OUTPUT INSTRUCTIONFUN HSF |
|--|
|--|

*** Be sure to set the working mode of the Pulse output (if not set, Y0~Y15 is regarded as a general output) to one of the three modes of U/D, P/R or A/B, the Pulse output can output normally.

U/D Mode: Y0 (Y2, Y4, Y6, Y8, Y10, Y12, Y14), as up pulse. Y1 (Y3, Y5, Y7, Y9, Y11, Y13, Y15), as down pulse. P/R Mode: Y0 (Y2, Y4, Y6, Y8, Y10, Y12, Y14), as the pulse out. Y1 (Y3, Y5, Y7, Y9, Y11, Y13, Y15), as the direction. A/B Mode: Y0 (Y2, Y4, Y6, Y8, Y10, Y12, Y14), as A phase pulse. Y1 (Y3, Y5, Y7, Y9, Y11, Y13, Y15), as B phase pulse. The output polarity for Pulse Output can select to be Normally ON or Normally OFF.

※FUN140 does not support pulse mode (U), if you need to use it, please use it with FUN139 [Interface Processing Signal]

| M9183 | ON: Ps0 ready |
|---------|--------------------------------|
| 1015105 | OFF: Ps0 in action |
| M9184 | ON: Ps1 ready |
| WIJ104 | OFF: Ps1 in action |
| M9185 | ON: Ps2 ready |
| 1015105 | OFF: Ps2 in action |
| M9186 | ON: Ps3 ready |
| 1015100 | OFF: Ps3 in action |
| M9187 | ON: Ps0 complete the last step |
| M9188 | ON: Ps1 complete the last step |
| M9189 | ON: Ps2 complete the last step |
| M9190 | ON: Ps3 complete the last step |

| FUN140 HSPSO | | HIGH SPEED PULSE OUTPUT INSTRUCTION | FUN140 HSPSO |
|-----------------|---------|-------------------------------------|-----------------|
| | M9191 | ON: Ps4 ready | |
| | WIJIJI | OFF: Ps4 in action | |
| | M9192 | ON: Ps5 ready | |
| | 1019192 | OFF: Ps5 in action | |
| | M9193 | ON: Ps6 ready | |
| | 1019193 | OFF: Ps6 in action | |
| | M9194 | ON: Ps7 ready | |
| | 1019194 | OFF: Ps7 in action | |
| | M9195 | ON: Ps4 complete the last step | |
| | M9196 | ON: Ps5 complete the last step | |
| | M9197 | ON: Ps6 complete the last step | |
| | M9198 | ON: Ps7 complete the last step | |

| Ps No. | Current Output Frequency | Current PS Position | Remaining number of PS to be output | Error Code |
|--------|-----------------------------|------------------------|--|------------|
| Ps0 | DR35328 | DR35336 | DR35344 | R35320 |
| Ps1 | DR35330 | DR35338 | DR35346 | R35321 |
| Ps2 | DR35332 | DR35340 | DR35348 | R35322 |
| Ps3 | DR35334 | DR35342 | DR35350 | R35323 |
| Ps4 | DR35655 | DR35663 | DR35671 | R35647 |
| Ps5 | DR35657 | DR35665 | DR35673 | R35648 |
| Ps6 | DR35659 | DR35667 | DR35675 | R35649 |
| Ps7 | DR35661 | DR35669 | DR35677 | R35650 |

| FUN140 HSPSO | HIGH SPEED PULSE OUTPUT INSTRUCTION | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | |
| R35324 : Ps01 | he step number at the end of each step | | | | |
| R35325 : Ps1 t | he step number at the end of each step | | | | |
| R35326 : Ps2 t | he step number at the end of each step | | | | |
| R35327 : Ps3 t | he step number at the end of each step | | | | |
| R35651 : Ps4 t | R35651:Ps4 the step number at the end of each step | | | | |
| R35652 : Ps5 t | R35652:Ps5 the step number at the end of each step | | | | |
| R35653:Ps6 the step number at the end of each step | | | | | |
| R35654 : the s | R35654 : the step number at the end of each step | | | | |
| | | | | | |

• Positioning Progrm Format:

SR : The initial register of the positioning program, the description is as follows:

| SR | A55AH | ;Valid positioning program, the initial register flag must be A55AH |
|-------|----------------|--|
| SR+1 | Total Steps | ;1~250 |
| SR+2 | | |
| SR+3 | | |
| SR+4 | | |
| SR+5 | | |
| SR+6 | | |
| SR+7 | | The first step of point positioning program (each step occupies 9 registers) |
| SR+8 | | |
| SR+9 | | |
| SR+10 | | |
| | | |
| | | |

Step N of point positioning program

| FUN140 | HIGH SPEED PULSE OUTPUT INSTRUCTION | FUN140 |
|-----------------|--|------------------|
| HSPSO | | HSPSO |
| | | |
| Instruction C | Operation Working Register Description: | |
| WR as Statin | g Register | |
| WR+0 | Steps currently working or | |
| | reserved | |
| WR+1 | Work flag | |
| WR+2 | System use | |
| WR+3 | System use | |
| WR+4 | System use | |
| WR+5 | System use | |
| WR+6 | System use | |
| WR+0: If the | command is being executed, the content value of the temporary register is | the number of |
| steps being e | executed (1~N). | |
| If the instruct | tion is not being executed, the content value of the register represents the | number of |
| steps current | tly reserved. | |
| WR+1: B0~E | B7, Total steps | |
| B8 = Reserve | ed | |
| B9 = Reserve | ed | |
| B10= Reserv | ed | |
| B11= Reserv | ed | |
| B12=ON, Pu | lse output (output indication "ACT"). | |
| B13=ON, Co | mmand execution error (output indication "ERR"). | |
| B14=ON, On | ne-step positioning is done (output indicates "DN"). | |
| ***After each | positioning point is completed, the output indication "DN" will remain ON | I; if you do not |
| want the out | put indication to remain ON, then after each positioning point is complete | d, use the upper |
| edge contact | t command controlled by the output indication coil to set WR + 1 clear the | content of the |
| register to 0, | and it can be achieved. | |
| | | |
| | | |

| FUN | | HIGH | SPEED PULSE OUTPUT INSTRUCTIO | N | FUN140 |
|-------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|---|--|----------------------------------|
| HSP | PSO | | | | HSPSO |
| | Error Co | de | | | |
| 1 | No errors Parameter | 0 Error | 53: Homing clears CLR output point errors54: I/O configuration error(Ex: used in unsupported mode,Such as FUN140 with pulse wave mode; | | |
| | | | It should be changed to FUN139 with pulse wave mode) | | |
| 2 : P | Parameter | 1 Error | 60: Illegal tween-driven command | | |
| ³ :Р | Parameter | 2 Error | | | |
| 4 :P | arameter | 3 Error | | | |
| 5 :P | Parameter | 4 Error | | | |
| 6 : P | Parameter | 5 Error | | | |
| 7 : P | Parameter | 6 Error | | Possible error code when executing FU | |
| 8 :P | Parameter | 7 Error | | - | |
| 9 :P | Parameter | 8 Error | | | |
| 10 : P | Parameter | 9 Error | | | |
| ¹³ : P | Parameter | 12 Error | | | |
| ¹⁴ : P | Parameter | 13 Error | | | |
| 15 :P | Parameter | 14 Error | | | |
| 30 : S | speed sett | ing variable number error | | | e content of the cation register |
| ³¹ : S 32 | speed setp | point error | | will keep | the latest error |
| : S | stroke sett | ing variable number error | | | ou need to hat there is no |
| | | ing value error | | more erro | or, you can clear |
| | llegal posi | tioning program | | the error | indication |
| | step lengtl | h error | | register t | o 0. As long as |
| ³⁶ : E | xceeded t | the maximum number of | | the conte | ent remains 0, it |
| ste | ps | | | means th | ere is no error |
| | Лах. frequ | ency error | | occur. | |
| | start/stop | frequency error | | L | |
| 39 | | | | Possible error code | |
| : N | Novement | t correction value is too | | when executing FU | N140 |
| larg | | | | and FUN147 | |
| | Novement | t out of range | | | |
| 41 : A DR' | | ssing is not allowed within | | | |
| 42 | | | · DDVC cannot connect to DDVZ comm | | |

| FUN140 HSPSO | | HIGH SPEE | ED PULSE OUTPUT INST | RUCTION | | | FUN140 HSP |
|-----------------|----------|---|-------------------------|--------------|----------|---------|---------------|
| | | | | | | | |
| Edit Servo Com | nmand Ta | able Using UperL | ogic | | | | |
| Click on the Se | rvo Com | mand Form in the | e project window: Proje | ct Name | | | |
| | | Edi r T ab |)le | \fter right. | clicking | click ' | 'Add Servo |
| | | Sei | | Command | | , CIICK | Add Servo |
| | [| | | ? | × | | |
| | | 表格屬性 | | | | | |
| | | | 伺服命令表格 | | - | | |
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| | | 衣恰谷重設足 | | | | | |
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| | | □ 從 ROR 載2 | <資料 | | | | |
| | | 說明 | | | | | |
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| | | | 9 PE 842 | | | | |
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| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | 表格類別 表格名稱 表格起始位址 長度 表格容量設定 ③ 資料從 PLC 〇 從 ROR 載2 | | | | | |

| FUN140 | HIGH SPEED PULSE OUTPUT INSTRUCTION | FUN140 |
|--------|-------------------------------------|--------|
| HSPSO | | HSPSO |

- Table type: Fixed as "servo command form".
- Table name: You can enter an easily identifiable name for the servo command form, which is convenient for future modification or debugging. •
- Table start position: The start position of the data table start register SR used by the servo command instruction (FUN140).
- ※ For the establishment of the servo command form, please refer to Chapter 7 (Form Input and Editing) of the UperLogic Interface Manual, or click the command and press Z (shortcut key) to create it.

| 新増 插入 刪除 上移 下移 速度 運轉 等待 跳室 1 SPD R0 DRV , ADR, ,R2,Ps WAIT TIME, 100 GOTO NEXT 2 SPD R4 DRV , ADR, ,R6,Ps MEND MEND | | 算機 設定 監服命令 | 視 | | | | |
|---|----|-------------|------------------|------|---------------|-------|--|
| 1 SPD R0 DRV ,ADR, ,R2,Ps WAIT TIME, 100 GOTO NEXT 2 SPD R4 DRV ,ADR, ,R6,Ps MEND | | 新增 | 插入 删除 | 上移 | 下移 | | |
| 2 SPD R4 DRV ,ADR, ,R6,Ps MEND | | 速度 | 運轉 | 等待 | 跳至 | | |
| | | | | | GOTO NEXT | | |
| 設定: 動態配置[29768]字組 資料長度: 20 字組 配置位置: R5000 - R5019 | 2 | SPD R4 | DRV ,ADR, ,R6,Ps | MEND | | | |
| | | 定:動態配置[297/ | 68]字組 資料長度: 20 | 字組 | 記置位置: R5000 - | R5019 | |
| | ÷۲ | | | | 確定 | 取消 | |

| FUN140 HSPSO | HIGH | HIGH SPEED PULSE OUTPUT INSTRUCTION HSPSO | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| following re positioning | lated commands ur program under Upe | - | | | | | |
| | | e commands is as follows: | | | | | |
| Command | • | Description | | | | | |
| SPD | XXXXXX or | Frequency or speed of pulse wave output | (FUN141 | | | | |
| | Rxxxxx or | parameter 0=0 is speed; parameter 0=1 c | or 2 is | | | | |
| | Dxxxxx | frequency, the system defaults to frequer | icy); | | | | |
| | | operands can directly input constants or | variables | | | | |
| | | (Rxxxx, Dxxxx); When the element is a vari | When the element is a variable, a total | | | | |
| | | | of two temporary registers are required, such as D10, | | | | |
| | | which means that D10 (Low Word) and D | 11 (High | | | | |
| | | Word) are frequency or speed setting val | ues. | | | | |
| | | • When the speed setting is selected, the sy | /stem will | | | | |
| | | automatically convert the speed setting v | alue into | | | | |
| | | frequency output. | | | | | |
| | | Frequency output range:1≦frequency out | put≤100000 | | | | |
| | | or 200000Hz | F | | | | |
| | | *** When the frequency setting value = 0 , th | is instruction | | | | |
| | | waits until the setting value is not equal to 0 | | | | | |
| | | executing the positioning pulse output. | | | | | |

| FUN140 HSPSO | HIGH SPEE | ED PULSE OUTPUT INSTRUCTION | FUN140 HSPSO |
|---|---|---|--|
| AD AD AD AD AD AD AD AD AD AD AD AD AD A | S · · -XXXXXXXX · Ut S · · XXXXXXXX · Ps S · · -XXXXXXXX · Ps S · · Rxxxx · Ut S · · Rxxxx · Vt S · · Rxxxx · Vt S · · Dxxxx · Ut | Pulse output (When FUN141 parameter 0=1, the unit is Ps; when 0=0 or 2, the unit is mm, Deg, Inch; the system defa When the pulse wave output unit is not Ps, the syst convert it to Ps number output according to the set parameters 1, 2, and 3 of FUN141. There are four operands in the DRV instruction, whi described as follows: The first operand: positioning coordinate selection ADR or ABS: ADR, relative value coordinate position ADR or ABS: ADR, relative value coordinate position aDR or ABS: absolute value coordinate positioning. The second operand: selection of running direction value coordinates are valid) ' + ' or ' - ': ' + ', run forward or count up. | hults to Ps) em will ttings of ich are hing. (relative stroke everse output). x, Dxxxx) can g variables, required, at R0 (Low are stroke e coordinate ue \leq hined by |

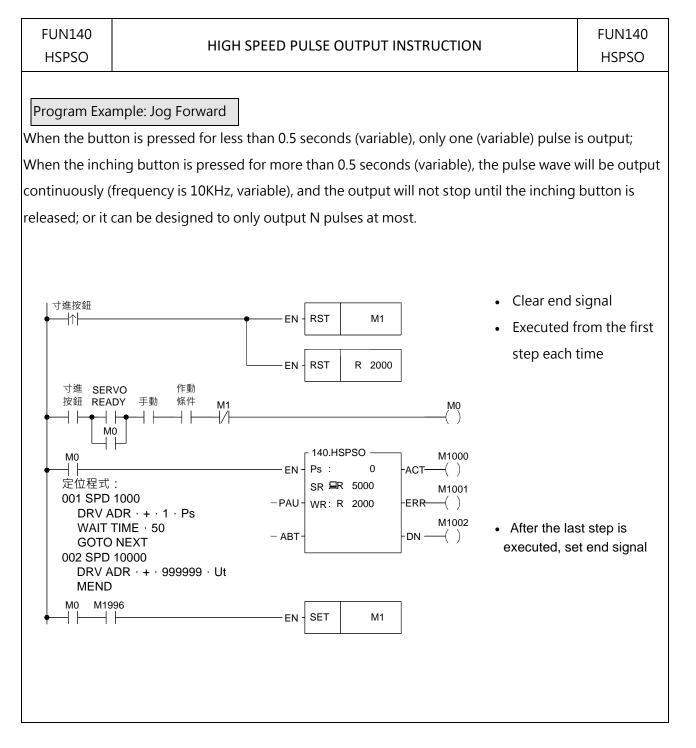
| FUN140 HSPSO | | HIC | HIGH SPEED PULSE OUTPUT INSTRUCTION | | | |
|-----------------|--|--|-------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| Command | Operand | | | Description | 1 | |
| DRVC | Operand AD +, R, or or -, ABS , | xxxxx, or Rxxxx, or Dxxxx, | Ut or Ps | The use and operation element description of DRV as that of DRV instruction. ****DRVC is used for continuous multi-stage speed control (up to 8 stages) **** For the continuous multi-stage speed change of by DRVC, only the first DRVC instruction can use at coordinate positioning. ***The running direction of DRVC can only be detered or '-' ***The direction of continuous multi-stage speed control (up to a of continuous multi-stage speed of control can only be in the same direction. the first stage, and the direction operator of the su command is invalid; that is, the multi-stage speed control can only be in the same direction. Example: Continuous three-stage speed control 001 ; Pulse frequered of conton NEXT 002 ; Pulse frequered of conton NEXT 003 ; Pulse frequered of conton NEXT 003 | change ontrol formed psolute value rmined by ' + ' ontrol ne direction of osequent change ency=10KHz tation 20000 ency = 50 KHz tation 60000 ency = 3 KHz tation 50000 0 ON, and irst step again e one less | |

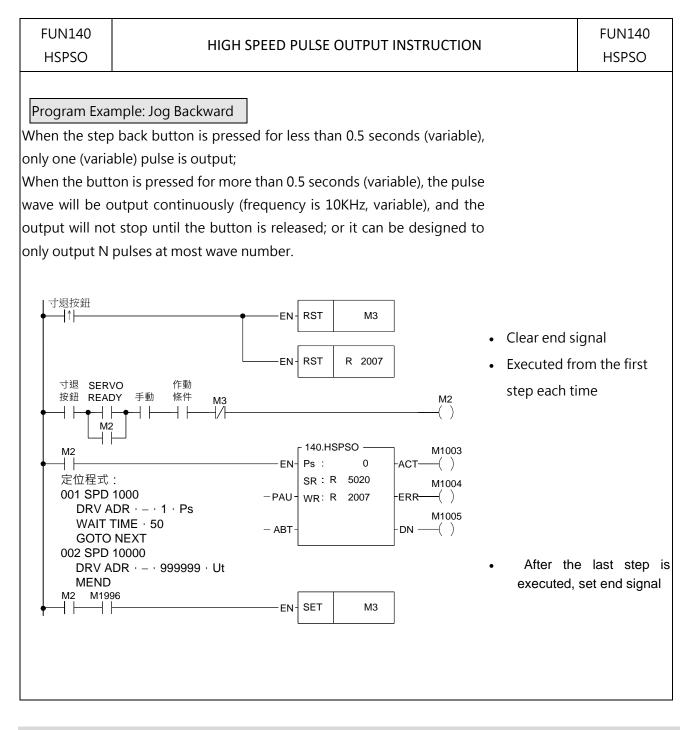
| FUN140 | | HIGH SPEED | PULSE OUTPUT II | NSTRUCTION | | FUN140 |
|------------------------------|-------------|-------------------|---|--------------------------|--------------|----------|
| HSPSO | | | | | | HSPSO |
| | | | | | | |
| Command | Operand | C | Description | | | |
| | | С С Т 5(| DRVC instruction u DRV instruction. the above example f 20000 | f2 | hird section | must use |
| DRVZ | MD1 | S * | upports MD1 retu | it MD1 of DRVZ, p | in command | |
| lote: Compa ositioning (A | ABS) | | | ADR) and absolute | | dinate |
| | To move fro | om position 30 | 000 to -10000, the | e programming m | ethod: | |
| | DRV ADR,- | ,40000,Ut or DI | RV ABS, ,–10000,L | lt | | |
| · · · | 10000 | 0 | 10000 | 20000 e programming n | 30000 | Ut |
| | Lo move tr | om position 1 | $\mu_{\rm M}(\eta)$ to 10000 th | o programming p | nathad | |

| FUN140 HSPSO | | HIGH SPEED PULSE OUTPUT INSTRUCTION | FUN140 HSPSO | | | |
|-----------------|--------------|--|-----------------|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | |
| Command | Operand | Description | | | | |
| WAIT | TIME, XXXXX | • When the pulse output is completed, it is necessary to e | execute the | | | |
| | or Rxxxxx | next waiting command; | | | | |
| | or Dxxxxx | There are five types of operands, which are described a | s follows: | | | |
| | or X0~X1023 | Time: Waiting time (unit is 0.01 second), you can directly input | | | | |
| | or Y0~Y1023 | constant or variable (Rxxxx or Dxxxx); when the timer is up, execute | | | | |
| | or M0~ | the GOTO instruction the number of steps. | | | | |
| | M29599 | X0~X1023: Wait for the input contact signal to be ON, and e | xecute the | | | |
| | or S0~S3103 | number of steps indicated by GOTO. | | | | |
| | | Y0~Y1023: Wait for the output contact signal to be ON, and | execute the | | | |
| | | number of steps indicated by GOTO. | | | | |
| | | M0~M29599: Wait for the internal relay to be ON, and execu | ite the | | | |
| | | number of steps indicated by GOTO. | | | | |
| | | S0~S3103: Wait for the step relay to be ON, and execute the | number of | | | |
| | | steps indicated by GOTO. | | | | |
| ACT | TIME, XXXXX | • After the pulse wave outputs the action time described by | y ACT, | | | |
| | or Rxxxxx or | immediately execute the steps indicated by GOTO; that is | , after the | | | |
| | Dxxxxx | pulse wave output for a period of time, immediately exec | ute the next | | | |
| | | step. The action time (unit: 0.01 second) can be directly in | put as a | | | |
| | | constant or variable (Rxxxxx or Dxxxxx); when the action t | ime is up, | | | |
| | | the number of steps indicated by GOTO will be executed. | | | | |

| FUN140 HSPSO | HIGH SPEED PULSE OUTPUT INSTRUCTION | | FUN140 HSPSO | | | | |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------|---|-----------------|--|--|--|--|
| Command | Operand | Description | | | | | |
| EXT | X0~X1023 | OExternal trigger command, when the pulse wave output is | in progress | | | | |
| | or Y0~Y1023 | (the number of pulse waves has not been sent), if the externa | al trigger | | | | |
| | or M0~ | signal is activated (ON), the number of steps indicated by GC | DTO will be | | | | |
| | M29599 | executed immediately; if the pulse wave output has been completed, th | | | | | |
| | or S0~S999 | external trigger signal has not yet Action is the same as the WAIT | | | | | |
| | | instruction, the number of steps indicated by GOTO will be executed | | | | | |
| | | only when the signal (ON). | | | | | |
| GOTO | NEXT | When the conditions of WAIT, ACT, EXT and other instruction | ns are met, | | | | |
| | or 1~N | use the GOTO instruction to describe the number of steps to | be | | | | |
| | or Rxxxxx | executed. | | | | | |
| | or Dxxxxx | NEXT: Represents the next step | | | | | |
| | | 1~N: Execute the first few steps | | | | | |
| | | Rxxxxx: The number of steps to be executed is stored in the t | emporary | | | | |
| | | register Rxxxxx | | | | | |
| | | Dxxxxx: The number of steps to be executed is stored in the | temporary | | | | |
| | | register Dxxxxx | | | | | |
| MEND | | Positioning program ends | | | | | |

| FUN140 HSPSO | ŀ | HIGH SPEED PULSE OUTPUT INSTRUCTION | FUN140 HSPSO |
|-------------------|---------------------------|---|-----------------|
| • Writing of | positioning prog | ıram: | |
| Before editing | the positioning | program, you must first complete the FUN140 command, a | and specify |
| the initial regis | ster number to st | tore the positioning program in the FUN140 command; wh | en editing the |
| positioning pr | ogram, the newl | y edited positioning program will be stored in the specified | d register In a |
| block, each loc | ating point (call | ed 1 step) will occupy 9 registers. If there are N locating po | ints (N steps), |
| a total of N | 9 + 2 registers w | ill be occupied. | |
| *** Note: The r | egister for storir | ng the positioning program cannot be reused! | |
| Program Form | at and Examples | S: | |
| 001 SPD | 5000 | | |
| | R,+,10000,Ut | ; Forward rotation 10000 units | |
| | E,100 ; Wait ² | | |
| GOTO | NEXT | ; Execute nest step | |
| 002 SPD | R1000 | ; The pulse frequency is stored in DR1000 (R1001 and R100 | 00) |
| DRV ADF | R,+,D100,Ut ; Tra | ansfer strokes are stored in DD100 (D101 and D100) | |
| WAIT TIM | E,R500 ; Waitir | ng time is stored in R500 | |
| GOTO | NEXT | ; Execute nest step | |
| 003 SPD | R1002 | ; The pulse frequency is stored in DR1002 (R1003 and R100 |)2) |
| DRV ADF | R,–,D102,Ut ;Th | e reverse stroke is stored in DD102 (D103 and D102) | |
| EXT X0 | ; When | the external trigger X0 (deceleration point) is ON, execute the | e next step |
| immediately | | | |
| GOTO | NEXT | | |
| 004 SPD | | ; Pulse frequency=2K HZ | |
| | R,-,R4072,Ps | ; Continue to execute the unfinished PS number of step 3 (st | tored in |
| DR4072) | . \ \ // '! | weiting the VA ON | |
| WAIT X1 | | waiting for X1 ON | |
| GOTO | 1 ; Ex | ecute the first step | |
| | | | |





FUN141 FUN141 **MPARA MPARA** MPARA Symbol 階梯圖符號 Ps: Group of Pulse output (0~7) -141.MPARA-SR: Parameter table starting register, 18 執行控制 — EN-Ps : - ERR — 錯誤訊息 SR: parameters in total, occupying 24 registers Range HR DR ROR Κ R0 D0 R43224 2 Operand 256 R34767 D11999 R47319 Ps 0~7 SR 0 Ο Ο Description

7-16-5 POSITIONING PROGRAM PARAMETER SETTING COMMAND (MPARA)

- The positioning axis can be controlled up to PSO7, but the actual maximum axis number that can be controlled varies with the host machine model.
- It is not necessary to use this instruction (But in the first-time setting is necessary). if the system default for parameter values is matching what user demanded, then this instruction is not needed. However, if it needs to change the parameter value dynamically, this instruction is required.
- This instruction incorporates with FUN140 for positioning control purpose.
- Whether the execution control input "EN" = 0 or 1, this instruction will be performed.
- When there are any errors in parameter value, the output indication "ERR" will be ON. (The error code is stored in the error code register.)

| FUN141 MPARA | | | MPARA | | FUN141 MPARA |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| | | | | | |
| R2000 | 0~2 | | Parameter 0 | System default =1 | |
| R2001 | 1~65535 Ps/Re | ev. | Parameter 1 | System default =2000 | |
| DR2002 | 1~999999 1~999999 1~99999930.1 | μM/Rev mDeg/Rev mInch/Rev | Parameter 2 | System default =2000 | |
| R2004 | 0~3 | | Parameter 3 | System default =2 | |
| DR2005 | 1~921600 1~153000 | Ps/sec | Parameter 4 | System default =460000 | |
| DR2007 | 0~921600 1~153000 | Ps/sec | Parameter 5 | System default =141 | |
| R2009 | 1~65535 Ps/s | ec | Parameter 6 | System default =1000 | |
| R2010 | 0~32767 | | Parameter 7 | System default =0 | |
| R2011 | 0~30000 | | Parameter 8 | System default =5000 | |
| R2012 | 0~1 | 0~1 | Parameter 9 | System default =0100H | |
| R2013 | -32768~32767 | | Parameter 10 | System default =0 | |
| R2014 | -32768~32767 | | Parameter 11 | System default =0 | |
| R2015 | 0~30000 | | Parameter 12 | System default =0 | |
| R2016 | 0~30000 | | Parameter 13 | System default =500 | |
| DR2017 | 0~1999999 | | Parameter 14 | System default =0 | |
| | 00H~FFH | 00H~FFH | Daramatar 15 | Suctor default = EEEEEE | |
| DR2019 | 00H~FFH | 00H~FFH | Parameter 15 | System default =FFFFFFFF | 7 |
| DR2021 | -999999~9999 | 99 | Parameter 16 | System default =0 | |
| R2023 | 0~255 | | Parameter 17 | System default =1 | |

| FUN141 MPARA | MPARA | FUN141 MPARA |
|------------------------------|---|-----------------|
| | to edit the servo parameter table window, click the servo parameter table: | |
| | | |
| Project Name | | |
| | e Edit | |
| | Servo Parameter Table →After right-clicking, click "Add Servo Parame | ter Table". |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| | 表格類別 何服命令表格 表格名類別 何服命令表格 表格名類的 R5000 長度 20 表格容量設定 動設配置 · 固定配置長度(学組) · 資料從 PLC 载入 · 從 ROR 载入資料 | |
| | fixed as "servo parameter form". | |
| • able name: | You can enter an easily identifiable name for the servo parameter table, whi | ch is |
| convenient | for future modification or debugging. | |
| • Table start command (| position: The start position of the data table start register SR used by the ser FUN141). | rvo parameter |

| 置 伺服參算 | 敗表 | 格-[rty] | | | | | | | ? | \times |
|---------------------------------|---|--|---|---|--|--------------------------------|--|--|---|---|
| ■ ■ 計算機 | 心 設定 | ≯ ≧ | | | | | | | | |
| 參數設定 | | | | | | | | | | |
| R5000 | 0 | 單位設定 | 1: 脈波 | - | R5013 | 10 | 正轉移動量補正值 | OPs | | * |
| R5001 | 1 | 脈波數/轉 (16Bit | t) 2000 | ÷ | R5014 | 11 | 反轉移動量補正值 | OPs | | ÷ |
| DR5002 | 2 | 移動量/轉 | 2000 | ÷ | R5015 | 12 | 減速時間設定 | 0ms | | ÷ |
| R5004 | 3 | 最小設定單位 | 2 | - | R5016 | 13 | 補間加減速時間設定 | 500n | ns | * * |
| DR5005 | 4 | 最高速度 | 200000 | ÷ | DR5017 | 14 | 脈波數/轉 (32Bit) | 0 | | * |
| DR5007 | 5 | 起始/結束速度 | 141 | ÷ | R5019 LB | 15- | 0近點 DOG 輸入接點 | 不使 | 用 - 0 | ‡ [X0] |
| R5009 | 6 | 原點復歸減速速 | 度 1000 | * * | R5019 HB | 15- | 1行程極限輸入接點 | 不使 | 用 - 0 | ‡ [X0] |
| R5010 | 7 | 齒輪間隙補償值 | 0Ps | * * | R5020 LB | 15- | 2零點信號 PG0 輸入接點 | 不使 | 用 - 0 | ‡ [X0] |
| R5011 | 8 | 加減速時間設定 | 5000ms | * * | R5020 HB | 15- | 3歸零清除信號 CLR 輸出語 | 妾點 不使 | 用 ▼ 0 | ‡ [Y0] |
| R5012 LB | 9-(| D運轉方向 | 0: Up | - | DR5021 | 16 | 機械原點位置值 | 0Ps | | * |
| R5012 HB | 9-1 | 1原點復歸方向 | 1: Down (左) | - | R5023 | 17 | 零點信號數 | 1 | | ÷ |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| 設定: 動態調 | 配置 | [29768]李組 | 資料長 | :度: 2 | 24 字組 | | 配置位置: | R5000 - R | 5023 | |
| 設定: 動態調 預設值 | 配置 | [29768]宇組 | 資料長 | ·度: 2 | 24 字組 | | 配置位置: | R5000 - R5 確定 | | 取消 |
| [| | | 資料長 | ·度: 2 | 24 字組 | | 耐置位置: | | | 取消 |
| 預設值 - Parameter ● Para | De me | escription eter 0: unit | setting, the | e de | efault va | | is 1 | 確定 | 2 | |
| 預設值 - Parameter ● Para | De me | escription eter 0: unit hen the set | setting, the ting value i | e de is 0 | efault va , the tra | vel | is 1 and speed settir | 確定 ng valu | es used | in the |
| 預設值 - Parameter ● Para | De me W | escription eter 0: unit hen the set ogram are | setting, the ting value i specified ii | e de is 0 | efault va , the tra | vel | is 1 | 確定 ng valu | es used | in the |
| 預設值 Parameter ● Para C | De me W pre me | escription eter 0: unit hen the set ogram are echanical u | setting, the ting value i specified in nit. | ede is0 nn | efault va , the tra nm, Deg | vel , lı | is 1 and speed settir nch as the unit, | ि क्वेज़ ng valu which | es used is call | in the ed the |
| 預設值 Parameter ● Para C | De me W pro me | escription eter 0: unit hen the set ogram are echanical un hen the set | setting, the ting value i specified in nit. ting value i | e de is 0 n n is 1 | efault va , the tra nm, Deg , the tra | vel , lı vel | is 1 and speed settir nch as the unit, and speed settir | क्षेत्र ng valu which ng valu | es used is call es used | in the ed the in the |
| 預設值 Parameter ● Para C | De me W pre me W pre | escription eter 0: unit hen the set ogram are echanical un hen the set ogram are a | setting, the ting value i specified in nit. ting value i all specified | e de is 0 n n is 1 I in | efault va , the tra nm, Deg , the tra the unit | vel , lı vel of | is 1 and speed settir nch as the unit, and speed settir Pulse, which is c | 確定 ng valu which ng valu alled t | es used is call es used ne moto | in the ed the in the or unit. |
| 預設值 Parameter ● Para C | De me W pro W pro | escription eter 0: unit hen the set ogram are echanical un hen the set ogram are a hen the set | setting, the ting value i specified in nit. ting value i all specified ting value i | e de is 0 n n is 1 l in is 2 | efault va , the tra nm, Deg , the tra the unit 2, the str | vel , lı vel of | is 1 and speed settir nch as the unit, and speed settir Pulse, which is c e setting values | 確定 ng valu which ng valu alled ti used in | es used is call es used ne moto n the pr | in the ed the in the or unit. ogram |
| 預設值 Parameter ● Para C | De me W pre W pre W pre W are | escription eter 0: unit hen the set ogram are echanical un hen the set ogram are a hen the set e all specifi | setting, the ting value i specified in nit. ting value i all specified ting value i ed in mm, | e de is 0 n n is 1 l in is 2 De | efault va , the tra nm, Deg , the tra the unit 2, the str g, Inch a | vel , li vel of ok | is 1 and speed settir nch as the unit, and speed settir Pulse, which is c | 確定 ng valu which ng valu alled ti used ii speec | es used is call es used ne moto n the pr | in the ed the in the or unit. ogram |
| 預設值 Parameter ● Para C | De me W pro W pro W are sp | escription eter 0: unit hen the set ogram are echanical un hen the set ogram are a hen the set e all specifi ecified in P | setting, the ting value i specified in nit. ting value i all specified ting value i ed in mm, | e de is 0 n n is 1 is 2 De uni | efault va , the tra nm, Deg , the tra the unit 2, the str g, Inch a it, which | vel , li vel of ok | is 1 and speed settir nch as the unit, and speed settir Pulse, which is c e setting values the unit, and the | 確成 mg valu which ng valu alled ti used in speec d unit. | es used is call es used ne moto n the pr | in the ed the in the or unit. ogram g is all |
| 預設値 Parameter ● Para C | De me W pro me W pro pro W are sp | escription eter 0: unit hen the set ogram are echanical un hen the set ogram are a hen the set e all specifi ecified in P | setting, the ting value i specified in nit. ting value i all specified ting value i ed in mm, ulse as the | e de is 0 n n is 1 l in is 2 De uni nical | efault va , the tra nm, Deg , the tra the unit 2, the str g, Inch a it, which | vel , li vel of ok | is 1 and speed settir nch as the unit, and speed settir Pulse, which is c e setting values the unit, and the called compoun | 確成 mg valu which ng valu alled ti used in speec d unit. | es used is call es used ne moto n the pr l setting | in the ed the in the or unit. ogram g is all |

Ps/Sec

Ps/Sec

Parameter 4, 5, 6, 15, 16 Cm/Min, Deg/Min, Inch/Min

Chapter 7 Advanced Function Instructions

| FUN141 MPARA | MPARA | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|---------------------|------------|--|
| Parameter 1: | pulse number/1 re | volution, the defa | ılt value is 2000, | that is, 2000 Ps/Re | ev | |
| The number of | of pulses required | for one revolution | of the motor (A) | | | |
| A=1~65535 | (when it is above 3 | 2767, set it as a de | cimal positive nu | umber) Ps/Rev | | |
| When parame | eter 14 = 0, take pa | arameter 1 as pulse | e number/1 revo | lution. | | |
| When parame | eter 14 ≠ 0, take pa | arameter 14 as puls | se number/1 rev | olution. | | |
| Parameter 2: | movement amoun | t/1 revolution, the | default value is 2 | 2000, that is, 2000 | Ps/Rev | |
| The distance | driven by one revo | olution of the moto | r (B) | | | |
| B=1~999999 | μM/Rev | | | | | |
| 1 ~ 999999 m[|)eg/Rev | | | | | |
| 1~999999x0.1 | _mlnch/Rev | | | | | |
| Parameter 3: | The minimum sett | ing unit, the defaul | t value is 2, equi | valent to two deci | mal places | |
| | Set Value =0, Me | echanical unit; Set \ | /alue =2, | | | |
| Parameter 0 | Compound unit | | | Set Value 1 | | |
| Parameter3 | mm | Deg | Inch | Motor unit Ps | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Set Value=0 | ×1 | x1 | x0.1 | ×1000 | | |
| Set Value=0 Set Value =1 | x1 x0.1 | x1 x0.1 | x0.1 x0.01 | x1000 x100 | | |
| | | | | | | |

| FUN141 MPARA | MPARA | FUN141 MPARA |
|-----------------|---|-----------------|
| | | |
| Parameter 4 | I: Maximum speed setting, the default value is 460000, that is, 460000 Ps/S | ec |
| O Moto | or and compound unit: 1 ~ 921600 Ps/Sec | |
| 0 Mecl | nanical unit: 1~153000 (cm/Min, x10 Deg/Min, Inch/Min) | |
| But th | e highest frequency can not be greater than 921600 Ps/Sec | |
| f_max | = (V_max x 1000 x A) / (6 x B) \leq 921600 Ps/Sec | |
| f_min | ≥ 1 Ps/Sec | |
| | Note: A=parameter 1, B=p | arameter 2 |
| Paramete | r 5: start/end speed, default value=141 | |
| O Moto | or and compound unit: 1~921600 Ps/Sec | |
| O Mech | nanical unit: 1~15300 (cm/Min · ×10 Deg/Min · Inch/Min) | |
| But the high | est frequency cannot be greater than 921600 Ps/Sec $^{\circ}$ | |
| Paramete | r 6: homing deceleration speed, the default value is 1000 | |
| Ν | lotor and compound unit: 1 ~ 65535 Ps/Sec | |
| Ν | 1echanical unit: 1 ~ 15300 (Cm/Min, x10 Deg/Min, Inch/Min) | |
| • Parameter 7 | 7: Gear backlash correction value, default value=0 | |
| Note: Multi | -axis linear interpolation command is invalid | |
| Setting range: | 0∼32767 Ps。 | |
| | in reverse, the walking distance will automatically add this value. | |

| FUN141 MPARA | MPARA | FUN141 MPARA |
|---|--|-----------------|
| Note: Mu Setting ra This time decelerat The accel | er 8: Acceleration and deceleration time setting, default value=5000, unit is mS lti-axis linear interpolation command is invalid nge: 0~30000 mS. represents the time required to accelerate from rest to maximum speed (para e from maximum speed to rest. eration and deceleration of this system is equal slope control. | |
| The accel | rameter 12=0, this parameter is used as the deceleration time. eration and deceleration control of this system will automatically move in a tri wave according to the actual action stroke. | angle wave o |
| - | r 9: Setting of homing direction and running direction, the defa | ult value i |
| Parame When the Reverse th | Iti-axis linear interpolation command is invalidb15b8 b7b0SR+12Parameter 9-1Parameter 9-0ter 9-0: Running direction setting, the default value is 0set value = 0, the forward rotation pulse output, the current Ps value will increaseset value = 1, the forward rotation pulse output, the current Ps value will decreaseset value = 1, the forward rotation pulse output, the current Ps value will decreaseset value = 1, the forward rotation pulse output, the current Ps value will decreaseReverse the pulse output, and increase the current Ps value | |
| When the | ter 9-1:Homing return direction setting, the default value is 1 set value is 0, the homing direction is the current Ps value plus the upward dire | ection (the |
| When the s origin is on Paramete | n the right) set value = 1, the direction of homing is the direction of decreasing the current the left) er 10: Forward rotation movement correction value, default value=0 Iti-axis linear interpolation command is invalid | Ps value (the |
| Setting ra | nge: 32768 ~ 32767 Ps | |
| mov Paramete | en outputting forward rotation pulse wave, this value will be automatically add ring distance. er 11: Reverse movement compensation value, default value=0 Note: Multi-axis tion command is invalid | |
| | nge:-32768 ~ 32767 Ps | |
| • Whe | en the pulse output is reversed, this value will be automatically added as the m | oving |

• When the pulse output is reversed, this value will be automatically added as the moving distance.

 Parameter 12: Deceleration time setting, the default value = 0, the unit is mS Note: The multi-axis linear interpolation command is invalid

- Setting range : 0 ~ 30000 mS $^\circ$
- When parameter 12 = 0, use parameter 8 as the deceleration time.
- When parameter $12 \neq 0$, use parameter 12 as the deceleration time.
- Parameter 13: Interpolation acceleration and deceleration time (fixed number) setting, the default value is 500

Note: Multi-axis line tweening command is dedicated

- Setting range: 0 ~ 30000 mS
- It is used to set the time required to accelerate from stillness (speed=0) to the working frequency during linear interpolation motion; this time is also used for deceleration and stop control

• Parameter 14: pulse number/1 revolution, the default value is 0

- Setting range: 0 ~ 1999999 $^{\circ}$
- When parameter 14 = 0, take parameter 1 as pulse number/1 revolution.
- When parameter 14 ≠ 0, take parameter 14 as pulse number/1 revolution.
- Parameter 15: Control interface I/O setting, the default value is FFFFFFFH

| | b15 | b8 b7 | b0 |
|-------|-------|-----------|----------------|
| SR+19 | Param | eter 15-1 | Parameter 15-0 |
| SR+20 | Param | eter 15-3 | Parameter 15-2 |

• Parameter 15-0: Proximity DOG input contact setting; must be the input point of the host (SR+19)

b6 ~ b0 : Proximity DOG input contact number (0 ~ 15, namely X0 ~ X15)

- b7 = 0: Near-point DOG input is a normally open contact (A or NO contact)
 - = 1: The near-point DOG input is a normally closed contact (B or NC contact)

 $b7 \sim b0=FFH$, no near-point DOG input

- Parameter 15-1: Travel limit input contact setting (SR+19)
 - b14 ~ b8 : Travel limit input contact number (0 ~ 125, namely X0 ~ X125)
 - b15 = 0: Travel limit input is a normally open contact (A or NO contact)
 - = 1: Travel limit input is a normally closed contact (B or NC contact)

b15 ~ b8=FFH : No stroke limit input

| FUN141 MPARA | MPARA | FUN141 MPARA |
|-----------------|---|-----------------|
| • Para | meter 15-2: Zero signal PG0 input contact setting; must be the input point | of the host |
| (SR+20 | | |
| | b6 ~ b0 : Zero signal PG0 input contact number (0 ~ 15, namely X0 ~ X15) | |
| | b7 = 0 : The leading edge of near point DOG starts to count the zero poin | t signal |
| | = 1 : The trailing edge of the near point DOG starts to count the zero s | ignal |
| | b7 ~ b0 = FFH : No zero signal PG0 input | |
| • Para | ameter 15-3: Zero reset signal CLR output contact setting; must be the outp | ut point of |
| the hos | st (SR+20) | |
| | b15 ~ b8 : Output contact number of zero reset signal CLR (0 ~ 23, that is, | Y0 ~ Y23) |
| | b15 ~ b8=FFH : CLR output without reset signal | |
| • Parameter 1 | L6: Mechanical origin position value, the default value is 0 | |
| -9 | 99999 ~ 999999 Ps | |
| • Parameter 1 | 17: Zero point signal number, the default value is1 | |
| 0 ~ | ~ 255 Count | |
| | 速度 | |
| | ▲ | |
| 參數: 起始/結束 | | _▶ 時間 |

FUN142 P FUN142 P STOP THE HSPSO PULSE OUTPUT **PSOFF PSOFF** Symbol Ladder symbol N: 0~7 142P.-Enforce the Pulse Output PSOn (n= Ps) to stop **PSOFF** Ps Execution control—EN Description • The positioning axis can be controlled up to PSO7, but the actual maximum axis number that can be controlled varies with the host machine model. When execution control "EN" =1 or changes from $0 \rightarrow 1$ (P instruction), this instruction will enforce the assigned number set of HSPSO (High Speed Pulse Output) to stop pulse output. While in the application for mechanical original point reset, as soon as reach the original point can use this instruction to stop the pulse output immediately, so as to make the original point stop at the same position every time when performing mechanical original point resetting. Example 142P.-When M0 changes from $0 \rightarrow 1$, force Ps0 to stop M0 **PSOFF** 0 FN pulse output.

7-16-6 STOP THE HSPSO PULSE OUTPUT (PSOFF)

| FUN143 P PSCNV | CONVERT THE CURRENT PULSE VALUE TO DISPLAY VALUE (mm, Deg, Inch, PS) | | | | FUN143 P PSCNV | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|---|
| Symbol | | | | | | | L |
| Execution contr | Ladder symbo -143P.PSCNV- Ps : D : | | ן ו D : F נ : - | oosition nas sam nake cu Register after co | to be t e unit a irrent p that st nversio vhich m | ts the number o the mm (Deg, Ind as the set value, position displaye ores the current on. It uses 2 regis neans D10 is Low ord. | ch, PS) that so as to d. position ters, e.g. if D |
| | Operand Ps D | Range HR R0 R34767 | DR D0 D11999 | ROR R43224 R47319 | К 2 256 0~7 | | |
| Description | | | | | | | |
| that can When ex convert t same uni | ioning axis can be con be controlled varies ac ecution control "En" = he assigned current pu t as the set value, so a en the FUN140 instruct | ccording to 1 or chang ulse positions to make | o the ho ges fron on (PS) current | ost mach n 0→1 (to be th t positic | nine mo P instru ne mm on displ | odel. uction), this instr (or Deg, Inch, or aying. | uction will PS) that has |

7-16-7 Convert The Current Pulse Value to Display Value

 Only when the FUN140 instruction is executed, then it can get the correct conversion value by executing this instruction.

| FUN143 P PSCNV | CONVERT THE CURRENT (mm, | FUN143 P PSCNV | |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|--|-------------------------------|
| Example | | | |
| |) EN- D : D10 | When M0 changes from 0 to 1, cor current pulse wave position of Ps0 mm (or Deg or Inch or PS) with the the set value, and store it in DD10 position display. | (DR4088) into same unit as |

| FUN144 HSPWM2 | | I | HIGH SPE | ED PUL | SE WII | DTH M | IODULA | TION 2 | | | | FUN144 ISPWM2 |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--|---|--|--|------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Symbol | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 輸出控制− EN − | PW: Op: Hz: OR: | X D.PWN | -/ | ACT 一脈波 ERR 一錯誤 | 1 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1 | L=Y2, 2 Dp: ou bhase) Hz: out L~200 | 2=Y4, 3 tput po tput free 000000, | =Y6, 4= larity (0 quency (unit 0.0 | Y8, =p (1~ | 5=Y10, ositive p 100000 | 6=Y12, phase, 1 000 or | nt (0=Y0, 7=Y14) =inverted |
| ۲ | WX V | NY WM | WS TM | RCTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | | ROR | DR | K |
| Range Y CPU's Yn Operand | | WY0 WY1008 | WM0 WM19578 | WS0 | T0 T1023 | C0 C1279 | | R34768 | | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | |
| Pw | | | | | | | 0 | | | 0 | 0 | 0~ |
| Ор | | | | | | | | | | | | 0~ 1 |
| Hz | | | | | | | 0 | | | 0 | 0 | |
| OR | | | | | | | 0 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 ~ 100 |

| FUN144 HSPWM2 | HIGH SPEED PULSE WIDTH MODULATION 2 | FUN144 HSPWM2 |
|------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|
| Description | | |

- 1. Compared with FUN139, FUN144 provides more direct and convenient high-speed PWM output control without calculating parameters through built-in formulas.
- 2. The maximum output frequency may be 100K or 200K depending on the model. If the maximum output frequency exceeds the maximum output frequency, it will not be executed.

7-17 Enable/Disable (FUN145~146)

7-17-1 ENABLE CONTROL OF THE INTERRUPT AND PERIPHERAL

| FUN145 P EN | ENABLE CONTROL OF THE I | NTERRUPT AND PERIPHERAL | FUN145 <mark>P</mark> EN |
|----------------|--------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|
| Symbol | | | |
| Enable control | Ladder symbol - 145P | LBL : External input or peripheral la that to be enabled. | abel name |
| Description | | | |
| input or | peripheral interrupt action which is | om 0→1 (| |

| FUN145 | Ρ |
|--------|---|
| EN | |

ENABLE CONTROL OF THE INTERRUPT AND PERIPHERAL

FUN145 P EN

Description

| LBL name | Description | LBL name | Description | LBL name | Description |
|---|-------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|-------------------|
| HSCOL | HSC0 High speed | X4–I | X4 negative edge | LTM2 | 10 ms timer |
| nameHSC0IHHSC1IHHSC2IHHSC3ICHSC3IXX0+IXX1+IXX1-IXir | counter interrupt | | interrupt | Ι | LTM2 interrupt |
| несті | HSC1 High speed | X5+I | X5 positive edge | LTM3 | 10 ms timer |
| insem | counter interrupt | 7311 | interrupt | Ι | LTM3 interrupt |
| | HSC2 High speed | X5–I | X5 negative edge | нѕтоі | HST0 High speed |
| IISCZI | counter interrupt | 72-1 | interrupt | пзтог | counter interrupt |
| X0+1 x0 | HSC3 High speed | X6+I | X6 positive edge | HST1I | HST1 High speed |
| | counter interrupt | 70+1 | interrupt | пэтт | counter interrupt |
| X0+I | X0 positive edge | X6-I | X6 negative edge | HST21 | HST2 High speed |
| | interrupt | X0-1 | interrupt | ПЗТ2Т | counter interrupt |
| X0-I | X0 negative edge | X7+I | X7 positive edge | HST3I | HST3 High speed |
| | interrupt | X/+I | interrupt | пзізі | counter interrupt |
| V1 . I | X1 positive edge | X7–I | X7 negative edge | | |
| V T ± I | interrupt | x/-I | interrupt | | |
| V1 I | X1 negative edge | STM | 1 ms timer | | |
| X1-1 | interrupt | 01 | STM0 interrupt | | |
| V211 | X2 positive edge | STM | 1 ms timer | | |
| 7271 | interrupt | 11 | STM1 interrupt | | |
| X2-I | X2 negative edge | STM | 1 ms timer | | |
| ∧∠−I | interrupt | 21 | STM2 interrupt | | |
| X3+I | X3 positive edge | STM | 1 ms timer | | |
| | interrupt | 31 | STM3 interrupt | | |
| X3–I | X3 negative edge | LTM | 10 ms timer | | |
| ∧3−I | interrupt | 01 | LTM0 interrupt | | |
| VALL | X4 positive edge | LTM | 10 ms timer | | |
| X4+I | interrupt | 11 | LTM1 interrupt | | |

| FUN145 P EN | ENABLE CONTROL OF THE INTERRUPT AND PERIPHERAL | FUN145 P EN |
|----------------|--|----------------|
| however | cal application, some interrupt signals should not be allowed to work a , it should be allowed to work at some other times.Employing FUN146 (EN) instructions could attain the above mentioned demand. | - |
| Example | | |
| M0 | EN EN | X0+I |
| | 0 changes from 0→1, it allows X0 to send interrupt when X0 changes f rapidly process the interrupt service program of X0+I. | rom 0→1. |

7-17-2 DISABLE CONTROL OF THE INTERRUPT AND PERIPHERAL

| FUN146 P DIS | DISABLE CONTROL OF THE I | NTERRUPT AND PERIPHERAL | FUN146 P DIS |
|-----------------|--|---|-----------------|
| Symbol | | | · |
| Disable control | Ladder symbol – EN - DIS LBL | LBL : Interrupt label intended to di peripheral name to be disab | |
| Description | | | |
| or periph | ohibit control "EN" =1 or changes f neral operation designated by LBL. rrupt label name is as follows: | rom 0→1 (| the interrupt |

FUN146 P DIS

DISABLE CONTROL OF THE INTERRUPT AND PERIPHERAL

FUN146 P DIS

| LBL name | Description | LBL name | Description | LBL name | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|-------------------|
| HSCOI | HSC0 High speed | VA I | X4 negative edge | LTM2 | 10 ms timer |
| нзсог | counter interrupt | X4-I | interrupt | T | LTM2 interrupt |
| HSC1I | HSC1 High speed | X5+I | X5 positive edge | LTM3 | 10 ms timer |
| пэсті | counter interrupt | 72+1 | interrupt | I | LTM3 interrupt |
| HSC21 | HSC2 High speed | X5–I | X5 negative edge | нѕтоі | HST0 High speed |
| II SCZI | counter interrupt | X2-1 | interrupt | пзтот | counter interrupt |
| HSC3I | HSC3 High speed | X6+I | X6 positive edge | HST1I | HST1 High speed |
| пзс31 | counter interrupt | X0+I | interrupt | | counter interrupt |
| | X0 positive edge | NC I | X6 negative edge | цетан | HST2 High speed |
| X0+I | interrupt | X6-I | interrupt | HST21 | counter interrupt |
| | X0 negative edge | X7.1 | X7 positive edge | цетан | HST3 High speed |
| X0-I | interrupt | X7+I | interrupt | HST31 | counter interrupt |
| V1 . I | X1 positive edge | V7 I | X7 negative edge | | |
| X1+I | interrupt | X7–I | interrupt | | |
| V1 I | X1 negative edge | STM0 | 1 ms timer | | |
| X1-I | interrupt | T | STM0 interrupt | | |
| X2+I | X2 positive edge | STM1 | 1 ms timer | | |
| XZ+I | interrupt | 1 | STM1 interrupt | | |
| v | X2 negative edge | STM2 | 1 ms timer | | |
| X2-I | interrupt | T | STM2 interrupt | | |
| V2 | X3 positive edge | STM3 | 1 ms timer | | |
| X3+I | interrupt | I | STM3 interrupt | | |
| | X3 negative edge | LTM0 | 10 ms timer | | |
| X3-I | interrupt | I | LTM0 interrupt | | |
| V / | X4 positive edge | LTM1 | 10 ms timer | | |
| X4+I | interrupt | 1 | LTM1 interrupt | | |

| FUN146 P DIS | DISABLE CONTROL OF THE INTERRUPT AND PERIPHERAL | FUN146 P DIS |
|-------------------|--|-----------------|
| - | al application, some interrupt signals should not be allowed to work a To achieve this, this instruction may be used to disable the interrupt s | |
| Example | | |
| MO I I | EN- EN- DIS | x2+I |
| ● When M0 0→1. | D changes from 0 \rightarrow 1, it prohibits X2 from sending interrupt when X2 cl | nanges from |

7-18 NC Positioning Instructions II (FUN148)

FUN148 FUN148 MANUAL PULSE GENERATOR FOR POSITIONING MPG MPG Symbol -<u>階梯圖符號</u> Sc: Source of high-speed counter; 0~7 148.MPG ACT-運算控制 ——EN Ps: Axis of pulse output; 0~3 Sc Fo: Setting of output speed (2 registers) Ps Mr: Setting of multipliers (2 registers) Mr+0: Multiplicand (Fa) Fo Mr+1: Dividend (Fb) Mr WR: Starting address of working registers, it needs 4 registers WR ROR DR HR Κ Range R500 RO D₀ Operand 0 D39 99 R38 39 R807 Ο 0~7 Sc ()0~3 Ps \bigcirc \bigcirc Ο Fo \bigcirc ()()Mr WR \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc

7-18-1 MANUAL PULSE GENERATOR FOR POSITIONING

| FUN148 MPG | MANUAL PULSE GENER | ATOR FOR F | POSITIONING | FUN148 MPG |
|---|--|--|--|---|
| Description | | | | |
| unit tim 10mS fi from m pulses r outputs The set rate (Pa complet (100 or When e generat doesn't will calc (Mr+0 a time int Number This ins execute The out This ins: Please Applicat | instruction be executed in 10mS fix es is 10ms,total 50ms · LTM1I) ` o xed time interrupt service to have anual pulse generator. If it comes needing to output according to the the pulse stream in the speed of se- ting of output speed (Fo) must be arameter 4 and parameter 8 of FUN the sending of pulse stream dur 200 times) situation. xecution `EN″ =1, this instruction or by reading the current value of a have any output if it doesn't have a ulate the number of pulses needing nd Mr+1), and then outputs the pu- erval. To foutput pulses = (Number of inp truction also under the control of d if the hardware is occupied. put indicator ACT=1 if it outputs the truction will use 4 Registers(WR), or refer to Chapter 13 "The NC Po- cion user manual for further details Sample pulse input Dutput pulses stream in the speed of Fo | r by using the accurate re- the input p setting of r etting (Fo) de fast enough 141 instruct ing the time on will samp assigned high any input pu- ing to output ilse stream i ut pulses × F hardware re- ther instruct sitioning Co | e 0.1mS high speed time epeat time to sample the ulses, it will calculate the nultiplier (Mr+0 and Mr+ uring this time interval. a, and the acceleration / ion) must be sharp to gua e interval if it is under hi le the pulse input from r n speed counter every tim lse; but If it senses the in according to the setting n the speed of setting (Fo Fa) / Fb esource management; it merwise ACT=0. ions can't share with. | r to generate e pulse input e number of -1), and then deceleration manual pulse ne interval; it put pulses, it of multiplier b) during this wouldn't be |

| FUN148 MPG | | MA | NUAL P | ULSE GE | ENERAT | OR FOR | POSITIC | NING | | | FUN148 MPG |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|------|--------|---------|--------|--------|---------|------------|--------------------|-------------|---------------|
| ample 1 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| N000 | 65 LBL | INIT | | | | • | · · · | · · · | | | |
| N001 | | | | | | | | | .MPARA | | |
| | | | | | • | | EN | Ps: SR: | 0 R2000 | -ERR- | |
| N002 | | | | | | | . l | 141 | .MPARA | | |
| | | • | | | | | EN | Ps: SR: | 1 R2100 | ERR- | |
| N003 | | | | | | | . l | | | | |
| | | | | | | | EN(| RST | D800 |). | |
| | | | | | | | EN-(| RST | D801 | Ο. | |
| N004 | | 5 | | | | | | | | | |
| N005 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| N006 | м500 | · | - | | | | EN | sc: | 8.MPG | ACT- | M510 |
| | | · | | | | | | Ps: Fo: | 0 D600 | | |
| | • | | | · | • | | | Mr: WR: | D700 D800 | | |
| N007 | м501 | • | | | • | | EN | 5c: | 8.MPG | _аст | M511 |
| | ••• | · | | | | | | Ps: Fo: | 1 D602 | · | ., |
| | | | | | | | | Mr: WR: | D700 D810 | | |
| N008 | 69 | | | | • | | . l | | | | |
| N000 M | I9131 | ·) | | | | | · , | 67 | • | | |
| | X32 M10 | 0 · | | | | | EN | CALL | INIT | J . | м500 |
| | H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H | | | | | | | | | | —() M501 |
| | - I I I I | | | | | | | | | | () |
| | x34 | | | | | | EN | s : D : | 8.MOV 1 D700 | . . | |
| | | | | | | | | <u> </u> | 0/00 | | |
| | | | | | | | EN- | s : | | | |
| | | | | | | | | D: | D701 | | |
| N004 | x35 | | | • | • | | EN | s : | 8.MOV 10 | - - - | |
| | •••• | | | | | | | | D700 | | |
| | | | | | | | EN | 5 : | 8.MOV) | | |
| | | | | | | | | | D701 | | |
| N005 | X36 | | | | | | . (| 0 | 8.MOV | | |
| | - 1 F | | | | | | EN | s: D: | 100 | | |
| | | | | | | | . l | 0 | 8.MOV | | |
| | | | | | | | EN | S : | 1 D701 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

| JN148 MPG | | MANUAL PULSE GENERATOR FOR POSITIONING | | | | | | | | | | FUN1 MP |
|--------------|-----------|--|--------|-----|--------|--------|------|-------|-------|------|-------|------------|
| 🔤 狀態 | 潮入頁 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 編號 | 狀態 | 資料 | 編號 | 狀態 | 資料 | 編號 | 狀態 | 資料 | 編號 | 狀態 | 資料 | ^ |
| DR4080 | 十進制 | 0 | DR4082 | 十進制 | 0 | D800 | 十進制 | 1 | D810 | 十進制 | 1 | |
| DR4088 | 十進制 | 114200 | DR4090 | 十進制 | -24300 | D801 | 十六進制 | 0100H | D811 | 十六進制 | 0001H | |
| | | | | | | DD802 | 十進制 | 11250 | DD812 | 十進制 | 11250 | |
| DR2005 | 十進制 | 200000 | DR2105 | 十進制 | 200000 | DR4096 | 十進制 | 11250 | M1992 | 致能 | ON | |
| R2011 | 十進制 | 30 | R2111 | 十進制 | 30 | | | | M1993 | 致能 | ON | |
| DD600 | 十進制 | 200000 | DD602 | 十進制 | 200000 | D700 | 十進制 | 100 | D701 | 十進制 | 1 | |
| M500 | 致能 | ON | M501 | 致能 | OFF | X34 | 致能 | OFF | | | | |
| ×32 | 致能 | ON | X33 | 致能 | OFF | ×35 | 致能 | OFF | ×36 | 致能 | ON | ~ |
| < [11] | | | | 1 | | | | | | | 1 | > |
| ∖Status | Page0 (St | atusPage1, | / | | | | | | | | | |

X32: Select the Ost axis (PsO)

X33: Select the 1st axis (Ps1)

X34: output magnification is 1

X35: output magnification is 10

X36: output magnification is 100

M100: Manual wheel action selection

DR2005: Maximum output frequency of axis 0 (parameter 4 of FUN141 command); 200K Hz R2011: Acceleration and deceleration time of the 0th axis (parameter 8 of the FUN141 instruction); 30mS

DD600: 0th axis manual wheel actuation output frequency; 200K Hz

DR2105: The maximum output frequency of the first axis (parameter 4 of the FUN141 command); 200K Hz

R2111: Acceleration and deceleration time of the first axis (parameter 8 of FUN141 instruction); 30mS

DD602: 1st axis manual wheel actuation output frequency; 200K Hz

Example description: Put the manual wheel positioning processing instructions of PsO and Ps1 in the 50MSI timing interrupt processing program.

When X32=1 and M100=1, start Ps0 hand wheel positioning processing; each interval (50mS) will sample the hand wheel input pulse (from HSCO); if no pulse input is sampled, FUN148 The command will not output; if there is a sampled pulse wave input, the output pulse number will be calculated according to the multiplier setting (D700 and D701), and then the calculated output pulse number will be output at the output frequency set by DD600.

Output pulse number = (HSC0 input pulse number in interval time×D700)/D701

| FUN148 MPG | MANUAL PULSE GENERATOR FOR POSITIONING | FUN148 MPG |
|---------------|--|---------------|
| Example 2 | | |
| M1924 | EN CALL INIT | |
| | 00 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| NOO2 ×33 M10 | | |
| N003 ×34 | EN S: 1 | |
| | i i pi produ | |
| · · · · | | |
| | р : р7од - с | |
| N004 ×35 | EN S: 10 | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| NCO5 ×36 | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| NOOL | DIT | |
| · · · | EN- PS: 0 ERR- | |
| N002 | | |
| · · | EN- PS: 1 ERR- SR: R2100 | |
| N003 | | |
| · · · | | |
| N004 | EN- RST DBLO | |
| · · · | EN- S: 500 CN: HSTA | |
| N005 | | |
| N006 | | |
| N00655LBL | HSTAI | |
| M5 00 | EN- SC: 0 ACT-() | |
| | Fo: 0600 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0200 | |
| NOC8 M5 01 | WR: D800 | |
| | EN- SC: 0 ACT () | |
| | Fo: D602 | |
| N009 | WR: DELO | |
| | | |

| FUN148 MPG | | N | /IANU | AL PL | JLSE (| GENE | RATO | r fo | r po | SITI | ON | NG | | | FUN148 MPG |
|-------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|--|------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|---|--------|------------------------|------|-------|--------------|--------|--------|---------------|
| | DR4082 00 DR4090 00 DR2105 R2111 00 DD602 | +進制 +進制 +進制 +進制 +進制 | 資料 0 21000 200000 30 200000 | D700 | 十六進 十進制 十進制 十進制 十進制 | 11250 11703 100 | 編號 D810 D811 DD812 M100 D701 | | 制 0101H 11703 ON | ^ | | | | | |
| 4500 致能 OFF (32 致能 OFF | | | ON ON | ×34 ×35 | 致能 致能 | OFF OFF | ×36 | 致能 | ON | | | | | | |
| StatusPage0 (StatusPa | | - | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 32: Select th | | • | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 33: Select th 34: output n | | • | • | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 35: output n | • | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 36: output n | - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1100: Manua | al wheel | actio | n sele | ection | | | | | | | | | | | |
| R2005: Max | | • | • | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2011: Accele | | nd de | eceler | ation | time | of th | e 0th | axis | (para | ame | ter | 8 of | the | FUN14 | 11 |
| istruction); 3 | | | | | | | £ | | | | - | | | | |
| D600: 0th ax | | | | | | • | • | | | | | 1 of | tha E | | 1 command) |
| 00K Hz | пахіпти | mou | ւրսւ ո | leque | incy c | n the | mst | 3212 (| para | met | CI 4 | + 01 | the i | 0114 | r commanu) |
| 2111: Accele | eration a | nd de | eceler | ation | time | of th | e first | : axis | (par | ame | eter | 8 o | f FUN | 141 iı | nstruction); |
| OmS | | | | | | | | | , i | | | | | | |
| D602: 1st ax | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | |
| xample desc | • | | | | • • | | | • | • | | | | | | |
| ne manual w | | sition | ing pr | ocess | sing ir | nstruc | tions | of P | s0 an | d Ps | 51 iı | n th | e HST | Al int | errupt |
| rocessing pr | - | 10-1 | ctart | Dc1 h | and | vhool | nocit | ionir | a pr | | cin | <i>a</i> . o | ach ii | atoria | l (50mS) will |
| ample the ha | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | |
| | | • | • | • | | | | • | • | | | • | | | Ise number |
| ill be calcula | | | | | | | • | | | | • | | | | |
| utput pulse | | | - | | • | | | | | | | | | | |
| utput pulse | number | = (HS | SCO in | put p | ulse ı | numb | er in | inter | val ti | me× | vD7 | 00)/ | /D701 | 1 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

7-19 Communication Instruction (FUN150~156)

7-19-1 MODBUS MASTER INSTRUCTION

| FUN150 M-BUS | MODBUS MASTER INSTRUCTION (WHICH MAKES PLC AS THE MODBUS MASTER THROUGH PORT 1~2) | | | | | | | FUN150 M-BUS | |
|-----------------|--|--------------|-------------------|-------------------|---|-------------------|-----|-----------------|--------------------------------|
| Symbol | | | | | | | | | |
| ASCII/RT | Ladder symbol ion control – EN – Pt : SR : ACT – SR : ACT – SR : ACT – SR : ACT – SR : ACT – SR : ACT – DN | | | | | | | | aster ition n operation. |
| | | Range | HR | RO | R | DR | К | | |
| | | Ope- rand | R0 R34767 | R432 R473 | | D0 D11999 | | | |
| | | Pt | | | | | 1-2 | | |
| | | SR | \bigcirc | С |) | \bigcirc | | | |
| | | WR | \bigcirc | С |) | \bigcirc | | | |

| FUN150 M-BUS | MODBUS MASTER INSTRUCTION (WHICH MAKES PLC AS THE MODBUS MASTER THROUGH PORT 1~2) | FUN150 M-BUS |
|-----------------|---|-----------------|
| Description | | |

- FUN150 (M-BUS) instruction makes PLC act as Modbus master through Port 1 ~ 2, thus it is very easy to communicate with the intelligent peripheral with Modbus RTU/ASCII protocol.
- The master PLC may connect with 247 slave stations through the RS-485 interface.
- Only the master PLC needs to use Modbus RTU/ASCII instruction.
- It employs the program coding method or table filling method to plan for the data flow controls; i.e. from which one of the slave station to get which type of data and save them to the master PLC, or from the master PLC to write which type of data to the assigned slave station. It needs only 7 registries to make definition; every 7 registers define one packet of data transaction.
- When execution control [∞]EN["] changes from 0→1 and Abort"ABT" is 0, and if Port 1/2 hasn't been controlled by other communication instructions [i.e. M9135(Port1) / M9138(Port2)], this instruction will control the Port 1/2 immediately and set the M9135/M9138 to be 0 (which means it is being occupied), then going on a packet of data transaction immediately. If Port 1/2 has been controlled (M9135/M9138 = 0), then this instruction will enter into the standby status until the controlling communication instruction completes its transaction or pause/abort its operation to release the control right (M9135/M9138 =1), and then this instruction will become enactive, set M9135/M9138 to be 0, and going on the data transaction immediately. °
- While in transaction processing, if operation control "ABT" becomes 1, this instruction will abort this transaction immediately and release the control right (M9135/M9138 = 1). Next time, when this instruction takes over the transmission right again, it will restart from the first packet of data transaction. °
- While A/R'' = 0 · Modbus RTU protocol ; A/R'' = 1 · Modbus ASCII protocol.
- While it is in the data transaction, the output indication "ACT" will be ON.
- If there is error occurred when it finishes a packet of data transaction, the output indication "DN" & "ERR" will be ON.
- If there is no error occurred when it finishes a packet of data transaction, the output indication "DN" will be ON.
- For detailed application examples, please refer to Chapter 11 "Ethernet Function and Ethernet Communication" of the Advanced Software User Manual.

7-19-2 COMMUNICATION LINK INSTRUCTION (CLINK)

| FUN151 CLINK | COMMUNICATIO (WHICH MAKES PLC ACT AS TH NETWORK THF | FUN151 CLINK | |
|-----------------|---|--|----------------------|
| Symbol | | | |
| | Ladder symbol trol – EN – Pt : MD : SR : WR : MR : DN – | Pt: Assign the port, 1~2 MD: Communication mode, MDO~N SR: Starting register of communicati WR: Starting register for instruction operation. It controls 8 registe other programs can not repea using. | ion table er, the |

| Range | HR | ROR | DR | К |
|--------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|-----|
| Ope- rand | R0 R34767 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | |
| Pt | | | | 1-4 |
| MD | | | | 0-3 |
| SR | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | |
| WR | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | |

Description

- This instruction provides MD0 ~ MD1. The following are the function description of respective modes.
- FUN151 (CLINK) : MD 0, it makes PLC act as the master of FATEK CPU Link Network through Port 1~2
- The master PLC may connect with 254 slave stations through the RS485 interface.
- Only the master PLC needs to use FUN151 instruction, the slave doesn't need.
- It employs the program coding method or table filling method to plan for the data flow controls; i.e. from which one of the slave station to get which type of data and save them to the master PLC, or from the master PLC to write which type of data to the assigned slave station. It needs only 7 registries to make definition; every 7 registers define one packet of data transaction.
- When execution control "EN" changes from 0→1 and both inputs "PAU" and "ABT" are 0, and if Port 1/2 hasn't been controlled by other communication instructions [i.e. M9135 (Port1) / M9138 (Port2) = 1], this instruction will control the Port 1/2 immediately and set the M9135/M9138 to be 0 (which means it is being occupied), then going on a packet of data transaction immediately. If Port 1/2 has been controlled (M9135/M9138= 0), then this instruction will enter into the standby status until the controlling communication instruction completes its transaction or pause/abort its operation to release the control right (M9135/M9138=1), and then this instruction will become enactive, set M9135/M9138 to be 0, and going on the data transaction immediately.
- While in transaction processing, if operation control "PAU" becomes 1, this instruction will release the control right (M9135/M9138 = 1) after this transaction. Next time, when this instruction takes over the transmission right again, it will restart from the next packet of data transaction.
- While in transaction processing, if operation control "ABT" becomes 1, this instruction will abort this transaction immediately and release the control right (M9135/M9138 = 1). Next time, when this instruction takes over the transmission right again, it will restart from the first packet of data transaction.

Т

| FUN151 CLINK | COMMUNICATION LINK INSTRUCTION (WHICH MAKES PLC ACT AS THE MASTER STATION IN CPU LINK NETWORK THROUGH PORT 1~2) | FUN151 CLINK |
|-----------------|---|-----------------|
| • • • • • • • | | |

• While it is in the data transaction, the output indication "ACT" will be ON.

- If there is error occurred when it finishes a packet of data transaction, the output indication "DN" & "ERR" will be ON.
- If there is no error occurred when it finishes a packet of data transaction, the output indicatio "DN" will be ON.
- Please refer to Chapter 10.4 "The Applications for M-Series PLC Communication Link"

| FUN152 NCR | 2 | Network Active Communication | | | | | | | | | FUN152 NCR |
|---|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| Symbo | I | | | | | | | | | | |
| en — | Г | 152P.NCR SR : MD : WR: | | ——— E | CT RR DN | SR: Tab MD: M WR: W | ition (=1) | | | | |
| Range | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | К |
| Ope- rand | WY0 WY1008 | WM0 WY29584 | WS0 WS3088 | T0 T1023 | C0 C1279 | R0 R34767 | R35024 R35151 | R35280 R43223 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | 2 256 |
| SR | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | 0 | 0 | \bigcirc | • | * | 0 | |
| MD | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | • | ○* | \bigcirc | 1 |
| WR | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | ○* | ○* | \bigcirc | |
| Modbu This cc form, i | JN152 (us com omman read or | municati d is mair write ac | ion prot nly base cording | cocol thr d on the g to the s | ough th specifi specifie | ne Ether ied form d form, | net port , such a and act | t. Is using ively car | the Moo rry out n | dbus M ietwor | |
| form, read or write according communication. The commun defined, and every 6 registers . When EN is ON for this comm . When the data transaction is | | | hand, th | e comm | nunicatio | on will c | | | - " is ON | I | |

7-19-3 Network Active Communication (NCR)

| FUN152 NCR | | Network Active Commur | nication | FUN152 NCR | | | | |
|---------------|------------------|--|--|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| escription | | | | | | | | |
| SR occupies | successive regis | ter | | | | | | |
| SR | Word Size | Purpose | Description | | | | | |
| SR + 0 | 1 | Identifying word: 0x544D | For identifying effective table: 'M','T' | | | | | |
| SR + 1 | 1 | Total lots of data transaction | Each individual commun expressed by 6 units of r | | | | | |
| SR + 2 | 2 | Remote IP | | | | | | |
| SR + 4 | 1 | Remote port | | | | | | |
| SR + 5 | 1 | Maintain TCP online | = 0. Creating one lot of c each individual commun = 1. Maintain one lot of online in the table. | ication. | | | | |
| SR + 6 | 1 | Overtime setting | Unit : 10 ms | | | | | |
| SR + 7 | 1 | Re-test count | | | | | | |
| SR + 8 | 1 | Command code (Lot#1) | = 1. Read = 2. Write =3. Write in individual lo | t | | | | |
| SR + 9 | 1 | Data length | Register: 1~125 Contact: 1~255 | | | | | |
| SR + 10 | 1 | Type of Master PLC data | Please refer to 1~3 and indicated in the descrip Data Type Table provid | tion of | | | | |
| SR + 11 | 1 | Starting number of Master PLC data. | For effective scope, ple to the details described Data Type Table provid | in the | | | | |

| FUN152 NCR | | Network | active commun | ication | FUN152 NCR | | | |
|-----------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|----------------|---|---------------|--|--|--|
| Description | | | | | | | | |
| SR | Word Size | Pu | urpose | Description | | | | |
| SR + 12 | 1 | Type of Sla | ave PLC data | For 0, 1, 3 and 4, please Modbus Data Type Table | | | | |
| SR + 13 | 1 | Starting nu Master PL | | For effective scope, please refer to the details described in the Modbus Data Type Table. | | | | |
| SR + 14 | 1 | Slave PLC data type | | Please refer to the Modbus data type table | | | | |
| SR + 15 | 1 | Starting nu PLC data | Imber of Slave | Please refer to the Moo type table | dbus data | | | |
| SR + 16 | 1 | Command | Code (Lot#2) | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| ata Type Tab | le | | | | | | | |
| Data Code | Data T | уре | | Scope | | | | |
| 1 | Y (output re | lay) | 0~1023 | | | | | |
| 2 | M (internal | relay) | 0~29599 | | | | | |
| 3 | S (step relay | () | 0~3103 | | | | | |
| 12 | R (data regi | ster) | 0~34767 | | | | | |
| 13 | D (data regi | ster) | 0~11999 | | | | | |
| ata Type Tab | ole | | | | | | | |
| Data Code | Data 1 | уре | | Scope | | | | |
| 0 | Output or ir relay | nternal | 1~65535 | | | | | |
| 4 | Data registe | er | 1~65535 | | | | | |
| 1 | Contact inp | ut | 1~65535 | | | | | |
| 3 | Input regist | er | 1~65535 | | | | | |
| tation is set a | as Y/M/S, then t | he Slave Sta | | ent. In other words, if the N t as 0/1. Likewise, if the M nd vice versa. | | | | |

| FUN152 NCR | Netv | vork active communication | FUN152 NCR | | | | | |
|---|--|--|---------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Example | | | | | | | | |
| FUN152 I | nstruction Operand WR De | escription | | | | | | |
| | Byte Low Byte | | | | | | | |
| | Current | Current communication index: which transacti | on is in | | | | | |
| WR+0 | communication index | operation (counting from 0) | | | | | | |
| WR+1 | Result code | The result code stores the operation result, 0= other values, abnormal | normal; | | | | | |
| WR+2 | Function code | Function code, please refer to the following description | | | | | | |
| WR+3 | Internal TCP connection index | | | | | | | |
| WR+4 | Connection status | Connection status, WR+4 =0, communication is successful. =2, waiting for reply. =3, communication timeout. =4, in connection. =5, communication error | | | | | | |
| WR+5 | Retries | | | | | | | |
| =0, rea =1, rea =2, wr Result 2, The (The va 3, The 4, The | data length error alue is 0, or the transa command code is wro data type error (refer | atus; | r limit). | | | | | |
| 6, The m | naster and slave data types | are different (for example, the master station | is Y/M/S, | | | | | |
| while the s | lave station is 4). | | | | | | | |
| 7, Comn | nunication port error (only | Port 1, 2, 3 or 4). | | | | | | |
| 8, Illegal | communication forms. | | | | | | | |
| A, The sl | ave station does not respo | nd (Time-out exception). | | | | | | |
| B. Comn | nunication is abnormal (wr | ong data is received or slave station responds v | vith error | | | | | |
| message). | | | | | | | | |
| C, Conne | ection error | | | | | | | |

| | JN152 NCR | | ٦ | Network | active co | ommunica | ation | | | FUN152 NCR | |
|----|-----------------|----------------------------|---|---------|-----------|----------|-------|-------------------|-------------------------------|---|--|
| Ex | ample | Slave Static Master Sta | • | | | | | | | | |
| 00 | M1 START NCR | · · · · | | · · | · · | | EN- | SR: MD: WR: | 2P.NCR R1000 1 R1500 | ACT () ACTIVE ERR () ERROR -DN () DOWN | |

Description

When the input control "EN" changes from 0 to 1, based on the settings in the Modbus TCP table, the remote IP slave station reads the register data and stores it in the PLC master station, and continuously completes the data transaction.

The setting steps are as follows.

First add the Modbus Master form in the data form.

In the Modbus Master form, define the remote IP and Port, and the address to be read and written, including the data of the master station and the data of the slave station. Edit the Fun152 NCR instruction on the Ladder of the master station.

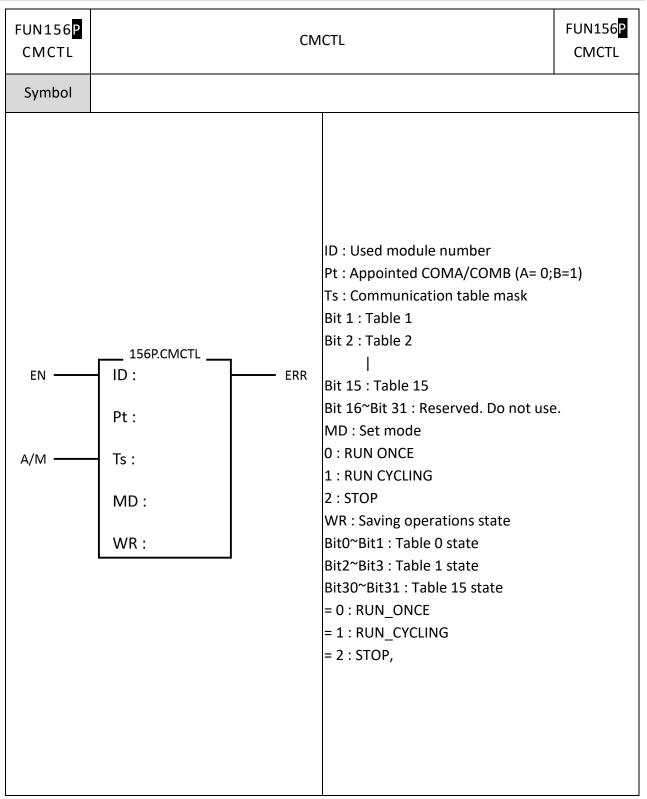
| FUN152 | | FUN152 |
|--|---|---------|
| NCR | Network active communication | NCR |
| Example | | |
| Editing Comr | nunication Forms with UperLogic | |
| Click in the pro | oject window | |
| Communica | ation Command Table: Project Name | |
| | — Data Table — Modbus Master Table → After right clicking, click "Add Modbus" Master Table" with a form type of "Modbus TCP Table", Or on the "Project" tab, click "Data Form", drop down to select "Modbus Master Table", select "Add Modbus Master Table", table Type "Modbus TCP table" is acceptable. | also |
| ※ 永統組 De % 1/0 第 1/0 第 1/0 第 1/1 第 | 歴 記憶器配置 唯議督容器 伺服器設定 Modbus 位 接動及督容器資訊 主 定式 副定式 未底組態 上 定置 上 定置 上 定置 上 定式 2 に 2 に<td>ster 表格</td> | ster 表格 |

| FUN152 NCR | Network active communication | FUN152 NCR |
|---------------------------|--|---------------|
| Example | | |
| | 課 表格编辑 表格屬性 | |
| | 表格類別 Modbus TCP 表格 ▼ | |
| | 表格名稱 ModbusTCPTest1 | |
| | 表格起始位址 R1000 | |
| | | |
| | 表格容量設定 ● 動態配置 | |
| | ● 固定配置長度(字組) | |
| | □ 資料從 PLC 載入 □ 從 ROR 載入資料 | |
| | 說明 | |
| | 確認取消 | |
| | Fig. 87: Edit Modbus Master Table | |
| • Table | Type: Select "Modbus TCP Table". | |
| Table | name: You can enter an easily identifiable name for the connection form, w | /hich is |
| conve | enient for future modification or debugging. | |
| Table | start position: Input the start position of the start register SR of the commu | inication |
| | am (data transmission form) used by the communication command (FUN1 | |

| FUN152 NCR | Network active communication | FUN152 NCR |
|---------------|--|---------------|
| Example | | |
| | Modus TCP 表培-[ModbusTCPTest] 計算機 說定 計算機 說定 通訊協定 通訊協定 通訊協令 預證金 前指 前常 1000 名秒 1000 名秒 通訊協令 前指 1100 名秒 1100 名秒 111 日< | |
| | Fig. 88: Modbus Master Table | |

- Remote IP: The IP address of the remote device.
- Remote port number: The port number of the remote device.
- Command: The master station reads the data from the Modbus slave station, or writes data to the Modbus slave station.
- Master station data: In the read operation, it is the location where the data is read from the slave station and stored, and in the write operation, it is the location from the master station to write the data to the slave station.
- Slave station information: The slave station wants to send back the position of the master station during the read operation, and the position of writing data from the master station to the slave station during the input operation.
- Length: The length to be transmitted, the read length is 125, and the write length is 123.

• Connection maintenance: When starting, it will only initiate a TCP connection establishment request for the remote IP, and subsequent communications will exchange data on this connection; otherwise, it will re-establish a TCP connection for each communication.



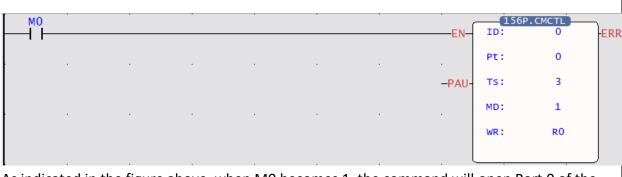
7-19-4 CMCTL

| FUN156 <mark>P</mark> CMCTL | | | | CM | CTL | | | | FUN156 <mark>P</mark> CMCTL |
|--------------------------------|--|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|-------|----------------|--------------------------------|
| | Range | HR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | К | | |
| | Ope- rand | R0 R34767 | R35024 R35151 | R35280 R43223 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | | | |
| | ID | | | | | | 0-127 | | |
| | Pt | | | | | | 0-23 | | |
| | Ts | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0-63 | | |
| | MD | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0-63 | | |
| | WR | \bigcirc | | | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 5word | | |
| Description | | | | | | | | | |
| | d should be used w required to set up t | | | | | | | cation modules | s. Before |

- EN OFF->ON will carry out communication control, ON->OFF will stop
- PAU is not yet supported
- The communication status code of each table will be updated in the allocated status register, and the address can be confirmed by using the device view

FUN156 : WR Description

| BitO Bit1 Bit2 Bit3 | Table0 Status Table1 Status | Table0 = 0(00): RUN_ONCE = 1(01): RUN_CYCLING = 2(10): STOP Table1 = 0(00): RUN_ONCE = 1(01): RUN_CYCLING = 2(10): STOP |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Bit4 Bit5 Bit6 Bit7 | Table2 Status Table3 Status | $Table2 = 0(00): RUN_ONCE$ = 1(01): RUN_CYCLING = 2(10): STOP Table3 = 0(00): RUN_ONCE = 1(01): RUN_CYCLING |
| Bit30 Bit31 Reserved | Table15 Status d after Bit32 | = 2(10): STOP Table15 = 0(00): RUN_ONCE = 1(01): RUN_CYCLING = 2(10): STOP |



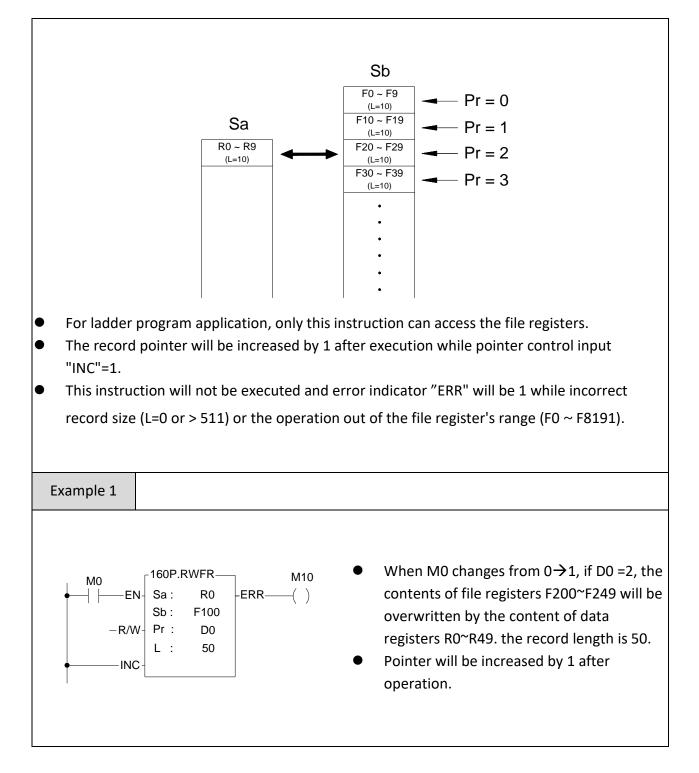
As indicated in the figure above, when M0 becomes 1, the command will open Port 0 of the No. #0 module and then start the communication according to Table 1 and Table 2 (0001b+0010b=0011b and then 3(10) is obtained). Next, select RUN CYCLING Mode and then RO for use as the working register.

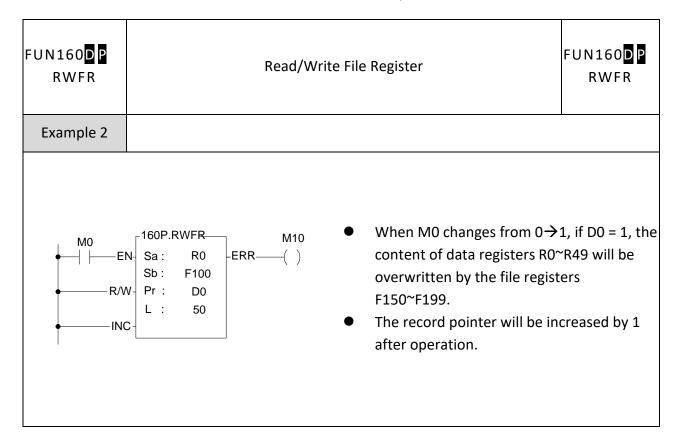
7-20 Data Movement Instructions (FUN160~162)

7-20-1 Read/Write File Register

| -01 | N160 <mark>D</mark> RWFR | _ | | | | R | Read/Write File Register | | | | | | | | FUN160DP RWFR | | |
|-------|--|---|--|--|---|---|--|---|--|---|---|--|---|---|--|--|---------------------------|
| | Symbo | I | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Dpera | ation contr Read/Writ Incremen | te — R/ | - 160 J - Sa Sb W - Pr L | : | | - ERR- | – Range | Error | Տb : Տ Pr : R L : Qւ | tartir ecorc Jantit eran | ng ado d poin y of r d can | dress c iter re egiste | of file gister r to fo | a regist registe orm a r `Z `P | ecoro | | |
| | Range | WX | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | К | XR | FR | |
| | Ope- rand | WX0 WX1008 | WY0 WY1008 | WM0 WY29584 | WS0 WS3088 | T0 T1023 | C0 C1279 | R0 R34767 | R34768 R34895 | R35024 R35151 | R35280 R43223 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | | V,Z P0-P9 | D0 D11999 | |
| | Sa | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | \bigcirc | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | |
| | Sb | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | \bigcirc | |
| | Pr | | 0 | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | | \bigcirc | ○* | ○* | 0 | | | | |
| | L | | | | | | | \bigcirc | | | | ○* | \bigcirc | 1-511 | | | |
| • | ("R/W regist base addre of dat regist | /"=1) ers st file r ssed a reg er ad | or w arting egiste by the isters opts | rite (' g from er Sb e base s starti the co | 'R/W Saw and file r ing fro | "=0) fi vill be o recore registe om Sa; | le reg overwi d poir r Sb ar ; L is th ECOR | ister ritter nter l nd rec ne op D dat | oper by th Pr; w cord p eration ta stru | ation ne cou hile pointe on qu uctur | . Whi ntent writin er Pr v antity | ile rea of file g, the vill be vor ree | iding, regis e con overv cord s | will pe the co ters ad tent o vritten size. Th For ex | onter dress f file by th e acc | it of o ed by regis e con ess of | data the ter ten |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Chapter 7 Advanced Function Instructions





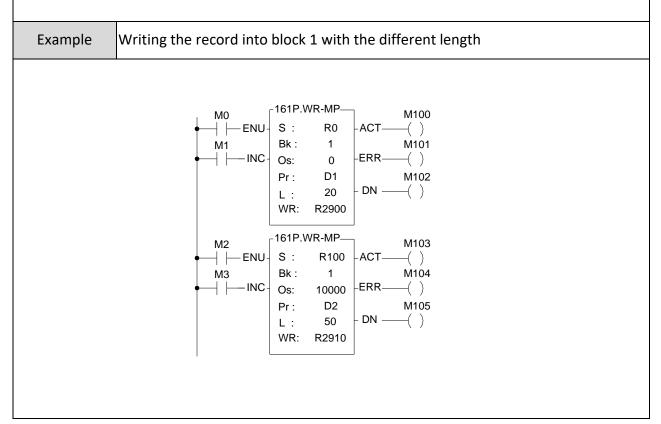
Write Data Record into the MEMORY_PACK FUN161P FUN161P WR-MP (Write memory pack) WR-MP Symbol S: Starting address of the source data Ladder symbol BK:Block number of the MEMORY_PACK,0 -161P.WR-MP-Operation — EN -S : ACT — Acting ~1 . control BK : Os: Offset of the block Os : - ERR — Error Pr: Address of the pointer Pr : L : Quantity of writing \cdot 1 ~ 128 L : Pointer -INC Increment DN - Done WR : WR : Starting address of working registers, it takes 2 registers Range ROR DR HR Κ XR RO R43224 DO V,Z Ope-rand | R47319 R34767 D11999 P0-P9 S \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc Βk 0-1 Os \bigcirc \bigcirc 0-32510 \bigcirc \bigcirc ()* \bigcirc Pr ***** \bigcirc 1-128 L \bigcirc ○* \bigcirc WR \bigcirc

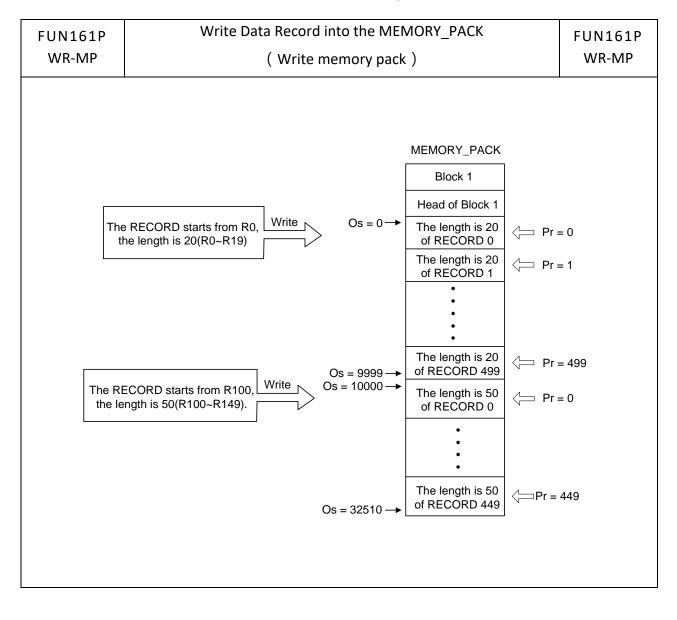
7-20-2 Write SD Card (WR-MP)

| FUN161P WR-MP | Write Data Record into t (Write memo | _ | FUN161P WR-MP | |
|---|---|---|--|---|
| Description | | | | |
| user's lado | burpose of the MEMORY_PACK of Me ler program, except this, through the portable MEMORY_PACK for | this instruction | , the MEMORY | /_PACK can b |
| where S i MEMORY_ point to MEMORY_ | hen execution control "EN" changes s the starting address of the sou PACK to store this writing, Os is the corresponding data area, L is th PACK manipulation adopts the cond vorking diagram as shown below : | urce data, BK offset of speci e quantity of | is the block r fied block, Pr is this writing. | number of the the pointer the pointer the access of the pointer the access of the pointer |
| | 5 5 | MEMORY PA | СК | |
| | | Block 0 | Block 1 | |
| | Os = 0 → | Head of Block 0 The length is L of RECORD 0 | Head of Block 1 The length is L of RECORD 0 | Pr = 0 |
| The RECOF | RD strats from S, Write | The length is L of RECORD 1 | The length is L of RECORD 1 | ✓ Pr = 1 |
| the length i | s L. | The length is L of RECORD 2 | The length is L of RECORD 2 | ✓ Pr = 2 |
| | | • | • | |
| | Os = 32510 → | • | • | Pr = N |
| of writing, If the value | t "INC" = 1, the content of the pointe it points to next record. e of L is equal to 0 or greater than 128 | 3, or the pointed | data area ove | |
| output "ER | R" will be 1, it will not perform the v | vriting operatio | n. | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

| FUN161P | Write Data Record into the MEMORY_PACK | FUN161P |
|---------|--|---------|
| WR-MP | (Write memory pack) | WR-MP |

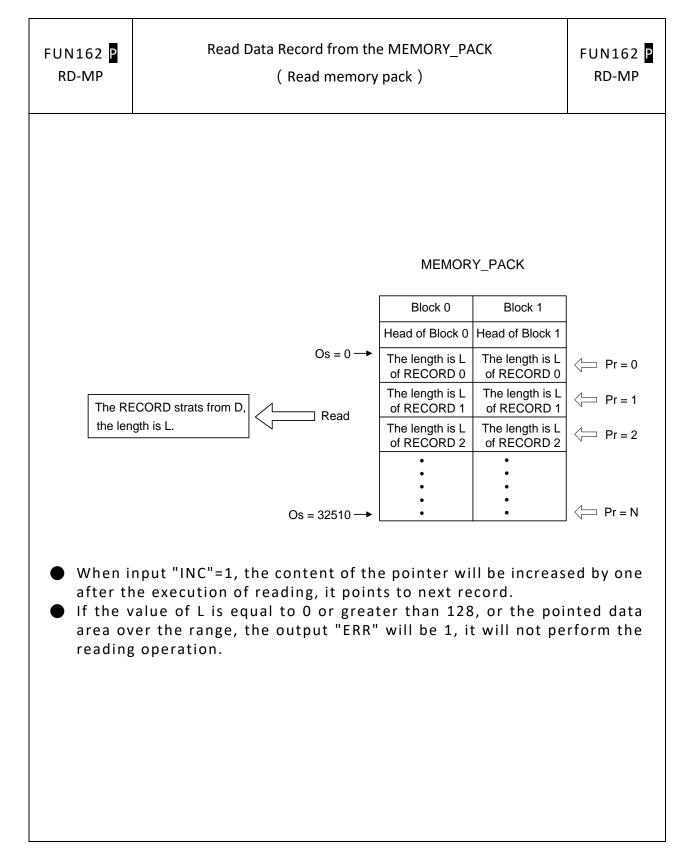
- It needs couple of PLC solving scans for data writing and verification; during the execution, the output "ACT" will be 1; when completing the execution and verification without the error, the output "DN" will be 1; when completing the execution and verification with the error, the output "ERR" will be 1.
- M-Series PLC MEMORY_PACK can be configured to store the user's ladder program or machine's working parameters, or both. The ladder program can be stored into the block 0 only, but the machine's working parameters can be stored into block 0 or 1; the memory capacity of each block has 32K Word in total.

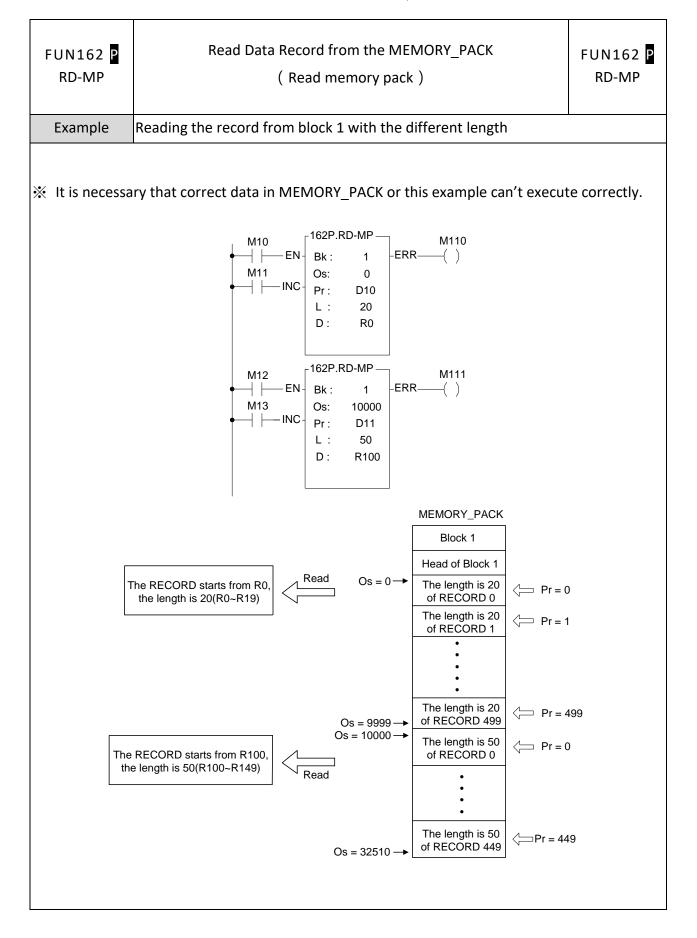




7-20-3 Read SD Card (RD-MP)

| FUN162 P | Rea | d Data Re | ecord | from | the N | IEMORY_ | РАСК | FUN162 P | | | | |
|--|--|--|---|---|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| RD-MP | | RD-MP | | | | | | | | | | |
| Symbol | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Operation control — EN - | Ladder symbol -162P.RD-MP BK : OS : Pr : | – ERR— Er | ror | 1 C | s:Of | fset of the | er of the MEMO e block ne pointer | RY_PACK • 0 • | | | | |
| Pointer | L : D : | : L : Quantity of reading · 1 ~ 128 : D : Starting address to store the reading record | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Range | HR | ROR | DR | K | | | | | | |
| | | Ope- rand | R0 R34767 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | | | | | | | |
| | | Bk | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Os | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0-1 | | | | | | |
| | | Pr | 0 | * | 0 | 0-32510 | | | | | | |
| | | | \bigcirc | ○* ○* | | 1-128 | | | | | | |
| FUN161 in will reduce When exec reading, w offset of sp quantity of | struction, they of the tuning time cution control "I here BK is the b pecified block, P f this record, an | can be re e for mac EN" = 1 o lock num r is the p d D is the | ad ou hine r fror ber c ointe star | It for operation $0 \rightarrow 0$ of the r to p ting a | machi ition. 1(P in MEM(oint to ddress | ne's work struction) DRY_PAC o correspc s to stor th | a record written ing through this , it will perform t < storing the reco onding data area, his reading of rec f RECORD data s | instruction, it the data ord, Os is the , L is the cord. The | | | | |
| implement The workir | t with. ng diagram as sh | nown belo | sw : | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |



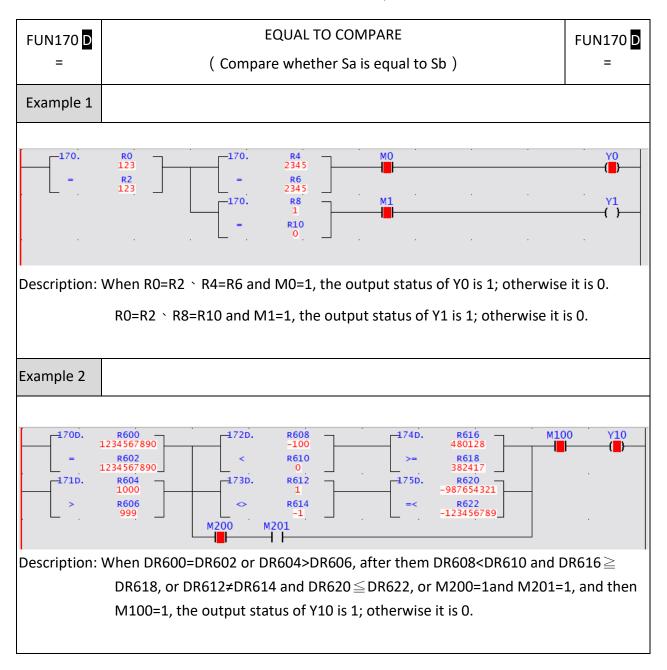


7-21 In Line Comparison Instruction (FUN170~175)

7-21-1 Equal To Compare

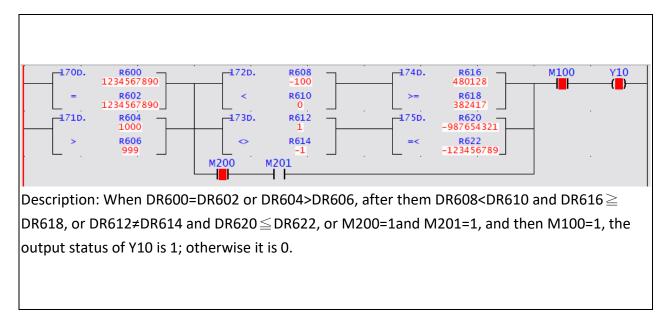
| FUN17 | 70 D | | | | E | QUAL | то со | MPAR | E | | | | FUN1 | .70 D | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|--------------|--|
| = | | | | (C | ompar | e whe | ther Sa | a is equ | ual to S | 5b) | | | | = | |
| Syml | loc | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sa : Operand A or the starting address of Sa Sb : Operand B or the starting address of Sb Sa \ Sb may combine with V \ Z \ P0 ~ P9 for indirect addressing application | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Range | WX | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | К | XR | |
| Ope- rand | WX0 WX1008 | WY0 WY1008 | WM0 WY29584 | WS0 WS3088 | T0 T1023 | C0 C1279 | R0 R34767 | R34768 R34895 | R35024 R35151 | R35280 R43223 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | 16/32-bit +- numbers | V,Z P0-P9 | |
| Sa | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | |
| Sb | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | |
| Descrip | tion | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| • | | n exec oare Sa | | | | | | | | | | | numb | er to | |

Chapter 7 Advanced Function Instructions



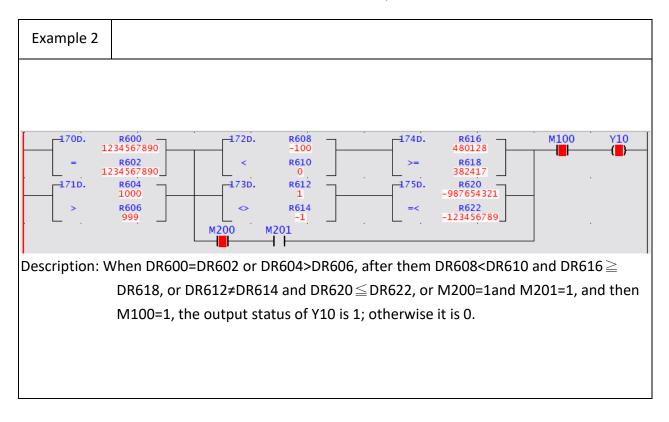
7-21-2 GREATER THAN COMPARE

| FUN171 D | GREATER THAN COMPARE | | | | | | | | | | | | L71 D |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|---|--------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|--------------|
| > | | (Compare whether Sa is greater than Sb) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Symbol | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| EN — | | .710 > | | a - b | | Sb Sa | : Ope | rand B nay coi | or the | e starti | ng ad | dress o dress o P0 ~ P | f Sb |
| Range WX | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | К | XR |
| Ope- rand WX0 WX1008 | WY0 WY1008 | WM0 WY29584 | WS0 WS3088 | T0 T1023 | C0 C1279 | R0 R34767 | R34768 R34895 | R35024 R35151 | R35280 R43223 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | 16/32-bit +- numbers | V,Z P0-P9 |
| Sa 🔿 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sb 🔾 | 0 | \bigcirc | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc |
| | | | - | | =1, th the ou | | | | | | - | ed num | ber to |
| Example 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| M10 | | R2 123 R2 23 M11 | 2 | | | | | | | | | | Y2 (|
| Description: W Example 2 | Vhen M | VI10=1 | ` R20 |) > R22 | or M1 | .1=1, t | he out | put sta | atus of | Y2 is 1 | .; othe | erwise i | t is 0. |



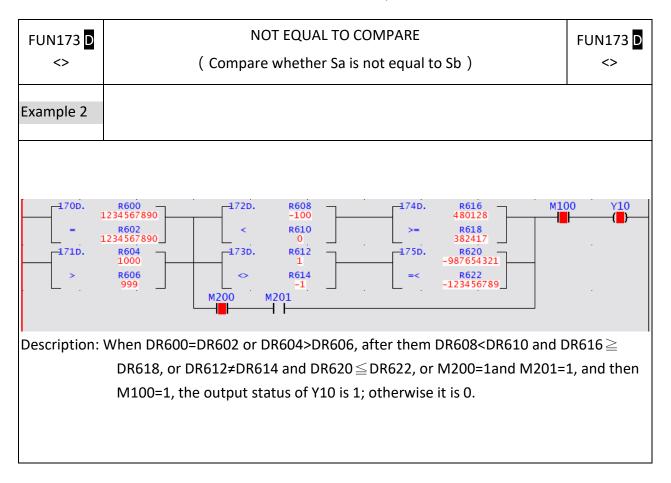
7-21-3 LESS THAN COMPARE

| FUN172 D | | LESS THAN COMPARE (Compare whether Sa is less than Sb) | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------|--|----------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---|-------------------|----------------------------|--------------|
| < | | | | < | | | | | | | | | |
| Symbol | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| EN — | | 172 < | | Sa Sb | | Sk Sa | o:Ope | erand I may co | B or th ombine | e start e start e with V pplicat | ing adı √ 、Z 、 | dress o | of Sb |
| Range WX | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | K | XR |
| Ope- rand WX0 WX1008 | WY0 WY1008 | WM0 WY29584 | WS0 WS3088 | T0 T1023 | C0 C1279 | R0 R34767 | R34768 R34895 | R35024 R35151 | R35280 R43223 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | 16/32-bit +- numbers | V,Z P0-P9 |
| Sa 🔿 | 0 | \bigcirc | 0 | 0 | 0 | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | 0 | \bigcirc |
| Sb 🔾 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | \bigcirc | 0 | 0 | \cup | 0 | 0 | 0 | \bigcirc |
| Description | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | his inst utput is | | | | | | ed nun | nber to |
| M10 | < | 2 R | 20 34 22 34 | | | | | • | | • | • | | Y2 |
| Description: V | Vhen | M10=: | 1 ` R2(| 0 < R22 | 2 or M | 11=1, 1 | the ou | tput st | atus o | f Y2 is : | 1; othe | erwise | it is 0. |
| FUN172 D < | | | () | | | -HAN C ether S | | | n Sb) | | | FUI | N172 D < |



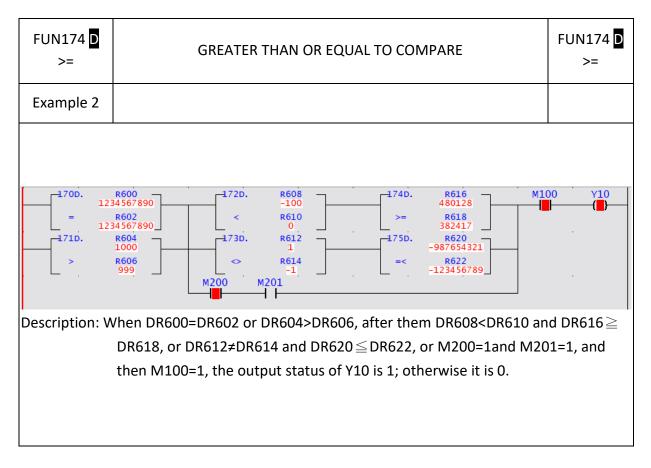
| FUN | 173 D | | NOT EQUAL TO COMPARE FUN173 D | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|--------------|--|--|
| < | (> | | | (Co | ompar | e whet | her S | a is not | equal | to Sb |) | | | <> | | |
| Syn | nbol | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | F | 173 | D. Sa | | | | Sa : Op | erand | A or th | ne start | ting ad | dress | of Sa | | |
| | | | | | | | | Sb:Op | erand | B or th | ne star | ting ad | dress | of Sb | | |
| | EN | - | <> | Sk |) | | | Sa 🔨 Sb | may co | ombine | e with | V ` Z ` | P0 ~ | P9 for | | |
| | | | indirect addressing application | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Range | WX | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | K | XR | | |
| Ope- rand | WX0 WX1008 | WY0 WY1008 | WM0 WY29584 | WS0 WS3088 | T0 T1023 | C0 C1279 | R0 R34767 | R34768 R34895 | R35024 R35151 | R35280 R43223 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | 16/32-bit +- numbers | V,Z P0-P9 | | |
| Sa | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | | | | | |
| Sb | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | 0 | \bigcirc | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | | |
| Descri | ption | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| • | | | | - | | | | truction is 1; oth | | | | - | d num | ber to | | |
| Exam | nple 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| M10 | | | 1 | 20 32 22 34 | | | | • | • | | • | • | | Y2 | | |
| Descrij | ption: ' | When | n M10=∶ | 1 ` R2(| 0≠R22 | or M1 | 1=1, | the out | out sta | tus of | Y2 is 1 | ; other | wise it | : is 0. | | |

7-21-4 Not Equal To Compare



FUN174 D FUN174 D GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO COMPARE >= >= Symbol 174D. Sa Sa: Operand A or the starting address of Sa Sb: Operand B or the starting address of Sb EN Sb Sa \land Sb may combine with V \land Z \land PO \sim P9 for indirect addressing application. Range WX WY WM WS TMR CTR HR IR OR ROR DR К XR SR C0 | C1279 R43224 WM0 WS0 R34768 R35024 R35280 16/32-bit WX0 WY0 T0 RO DO V,Z Ope-rand WX1008 WY1008 WY29584 WS3088 T1023 R34895 R47319 R34767 R43223 D11999 numbers R35151 P0-P9 Sa \bigcirc Sb \bigcirc Description When execution input EN'' = 1, this instruction will be executed in signed number to compare Sa with Sb. If Sa \geq Sb, the output is 1; otherwise the output is 0. Example 1 M10 174. Y2 R20 12345 ()-╢┫┠ R22 1234 M1 Description: When M10=1 $\ R20 \ge R22$ or M11=1, the output status of Y2 is 1; otherwise it is 0.

7-21-5 GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO COMPARE



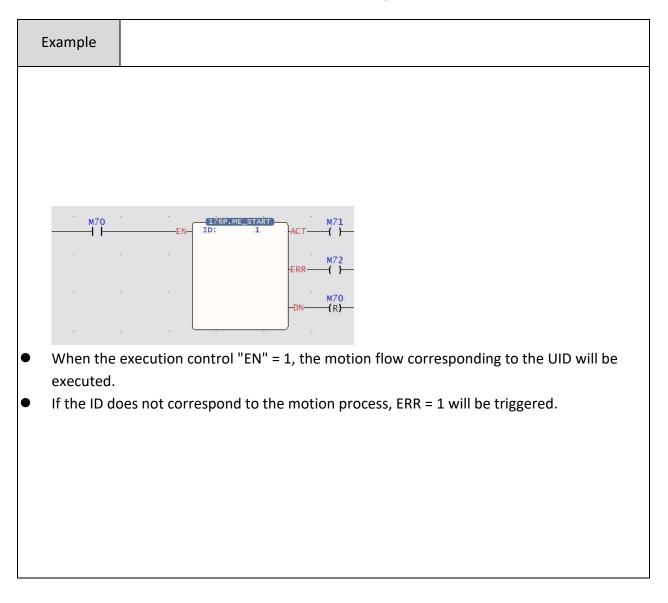
| FUN175 D =< | | LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO COMPARE | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|------------------|-------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------|--------------|--|
| Symbol | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| EN — | - 175 =‹ | D. Sa < S | |] | Sb Sa | : Ope | erand I nay co | 3 or th mbine | e start | ing add ing add V 、 Z 、 ion. | dress | of Sb | |
| Range WX | WY WN | | TMR | CTR | HR | IR R34768 | OR R35024 | SR R35280 | ROR R43224 | DR | K 16/32-bit | XR v,z | |
| rand WX1008 | WY1008 WY295 | 84 WS3088 | T1023 | C1279 | R34767 | R34895 | R35151 | R43223 | R47319 | D11999 | +- numbers | P0-P9 | |
| Sa () Sb () | | 0 | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | 0 | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | 0 | \bigcirc | |
| | -1 | n Sb. If S | sa≦Sb, | , the o | utput | is 1; ot | herwi. | se the | outpu | t is 0. | | Y2 | |
| FUN175 D =< | | L | ESS TH | AN OR | R EQUA | AL TO (| COMP | ARE | | | FU | N175 D =< | |

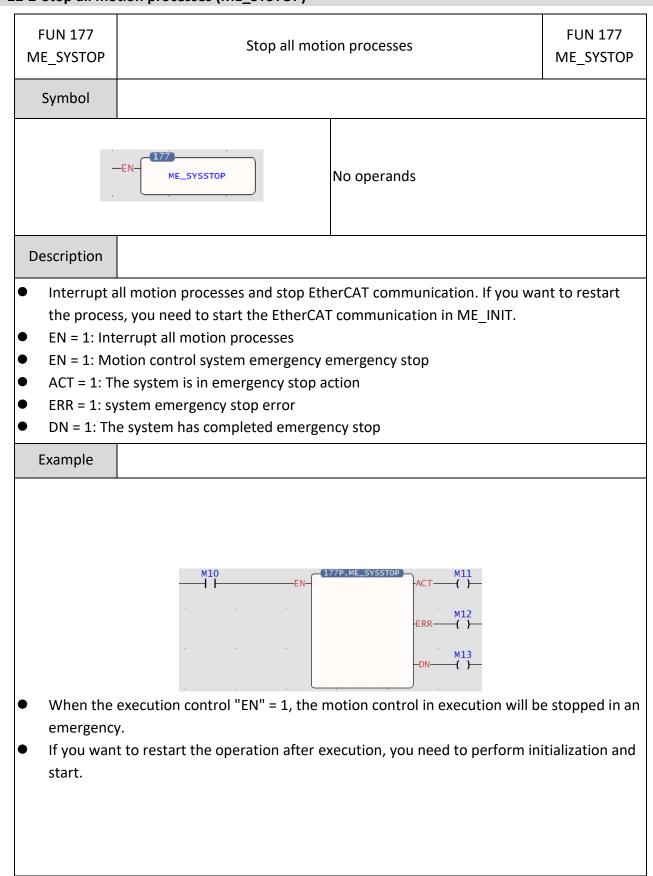
7-21-6 LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO COMPARE

| Example | 2 | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|---|--|---|------------------------------|--|------|----------|
| | | | | | | | |
| 170D. = 171D. > | R600 1234567890 R602 1234567890 R604 1000 R606 999 | 172D. < 173D. M200 M | R608 -100 R610 0 R612 1 R614 -1 201 | -174D. >= -175D. =< | R616 480128 R618 382417 -987654321 R622 -123456789 | M100 | Y10 (|
| Descriptior | DR618, or | D=DR602 or DI DR612≠DR614 he output stat | 4 and DR620 | \leq DR622, or | M200=1and | | |

7-22 Motion Control Instructions

7-22-1 Running motion process (ME_START)

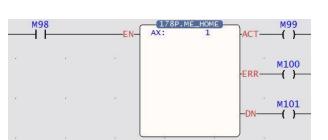




7-22-2 Stop all motion processes (ME_SYSTOP)

7-22-3 Home re-set (ME_HOME)

| FUN 178 ME_HOME | | | | | | Hom | ie re-s | et (M | E_HOI | ME) | | | | |
|--|--|--|-----------------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------|-----------------------|--------|---------|--------|--------|--------------------|
| Symbol | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - E | _ | 78p.me_H | 1 -A | CT- | | | | | the ax | | ere th | ne Hor | ne re- | setting |
| | | | | | Re | ay and | d Regi | ster | | | | | | |
| Туре | WX | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | K | XR |
| Range | WX0 WX100 | | | WS0 WS308 | T0 T1023 | C0 C1279 | R0 R34767 | | R35024 R35279 | | | D1199 | | V, Z P0 ~ P9 |
| AX | 8 | 8 | 4 | 8 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 〇 | 1~16 | 0 |
| Description Specify the m EN = 1: t ACT = 1: ERR = 1: DN = 1: I AX: Axis Special regist | notion Retur Retur Retur to ex | r homi rn-to-c rn-to-c n-to-o | ing origin i origin a | s in pr action | rogres | SS | | | | | | | | |
| Axis 1: In retu Axis 1: Returr | urn-to | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| For the mode | es and | detai | ls of th | e HOI | ME co | mmai | nd, ple | ease r | efer to | o Chap | oter 10 | Э. | | |

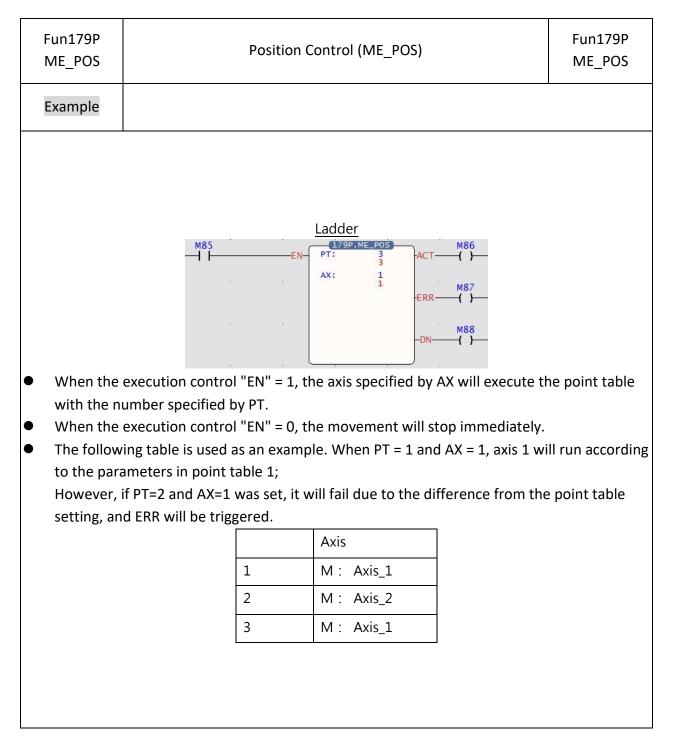


• When the execution control "EN" = 1, the origin return will be performed according to the parameters on the motion axis setting page.

7-22-4 Position Control (ME_POS) Fun179P Fun179P Position Control (ME POS) ME_POS ME_POS Symbol PT: 0 -EN-ACT-0 AX: PT: Command number of motion point table ERR-AX: Motion control axis number DN-**Relay and Register** TMR CTR WX WY WM WS HR OR SR ROR DR XR Туре IR Κ WX0 WY0 WM0 WS0 D0 то C0 R0 R34768 R35024 R35280 R43224 V, Z Range WM910 WS308 D1199 P0 ~ P9 WX100 WY100 T1023 C1279 R34767 R35023 R35279 R43223 R47319 4 8 9 8 8 0 0 0 0 1~256 ID 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1~16 AX Ο Ο Ο Ο Ο Ο Ο Ο Ο Ο Ο Ο Ο Description Execute the point table position control instruction. • EN = 1: trigger position control • ACT = 1: position control action • ERR = 1: position control error • DN = 1: The position control action is completed • PT: Select the point of the movement point parameter • AX: Axis to execute

Special registers:

- Axis 1: Position control action M10623
- Axis 1: Position control action completed M10624



7-22-5 JOG (ME_JOG)

| Fun 180 ME_JOO | | | | | | JOG | i (ME_ | JOG) | | | | | | Fun 180 ME_JOG |
|-------------------|------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------|-----------------------|----|-----|-------|--------|-------------------|
| Symbol | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | EN D/F | AX: MD: | 30.ME_JOG 1 2 | -ACT -ERR -DN- | | | ex | ecute | | | | JOG a | iction | will be |
| | | | | | | Relay | and R | egiste | r | | | | | |
| Туре | WX | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | К | XR |
| Range | WX0 WX1 008 | WY0 WY100 8 | WM0 WM9104 | WS0 WS308 8 | T0 T1023 | C0 C1279 | R0 R34767 | | R35024 R35279 | | | | | V, Z P0 ~ P9 |
| AX | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1~16 | 0 |
| MD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0~3 | 0 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Description | on | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

According to the JOG parameter and mode setting, the specified motion axis executes the JOG function.

- EN = 1: trigger manual control
- D/R = 1 forward / = 0 reverse
- ACT = 1: JOG action
- ERR = 1: JOG error
- DN = 1: JOG action completed
- AX: Axis to execute
- MD: mode 0~mode 3

Mode 0: Continue to advance at the JOG start speed.

Mode 1: Advance at JOG start speed, advance the jogging distance and then stop.

Mode 2: Start at the JOG start speed, accelerate to the JOG speed with the JOG acceleration and continue moving forward.

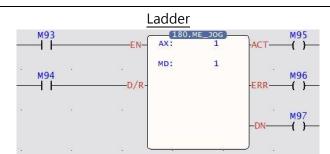
Mode 3: Start at the JOG start speed, accelerate to the JOG speed with the JOG acceleration, and stop after moving forward.

Special registers

- Axis 1: JOG action M10625
- Axis 1: JOG completed M10626

Please refer to Chapter 11 for JOG instruction modes and details.

Example



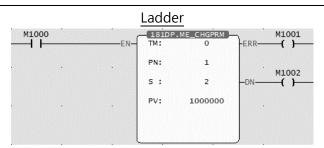
- When the execution control "EN" = 1, the axis specified by AX will execute the mode specified by MD.
- When the execution control "EN" = 0, the movement will stop immediately.
- Take the following table as an example. When AX = 1 and MD = 1, it means axis 1 will run a distance of 100mm at a speed of 1mm/s.

| | Axis 1 |
|------------------|-----------|
| JOG Start Speed | 1mm/s |
| JOG Speed | 10mm/s |
| JOG Acceleration | 1000mm/s² |
| JOG Deceleration | 1000mm/s² |
| Jog Distance | 100mm |

| FUN181 ME_CHGPR M | Change block parameters | (ME_CHGPRM) ME_CHGPR M |
|-------------------------|--|--|
| Symbol | | |
| EN- | S : O -DN- PN: T PV: R2001 S: Iter | Flow Block Table he number of blocks m Number /ritten value |

7-22-6 Change block parameters (ME_CHGPRM)

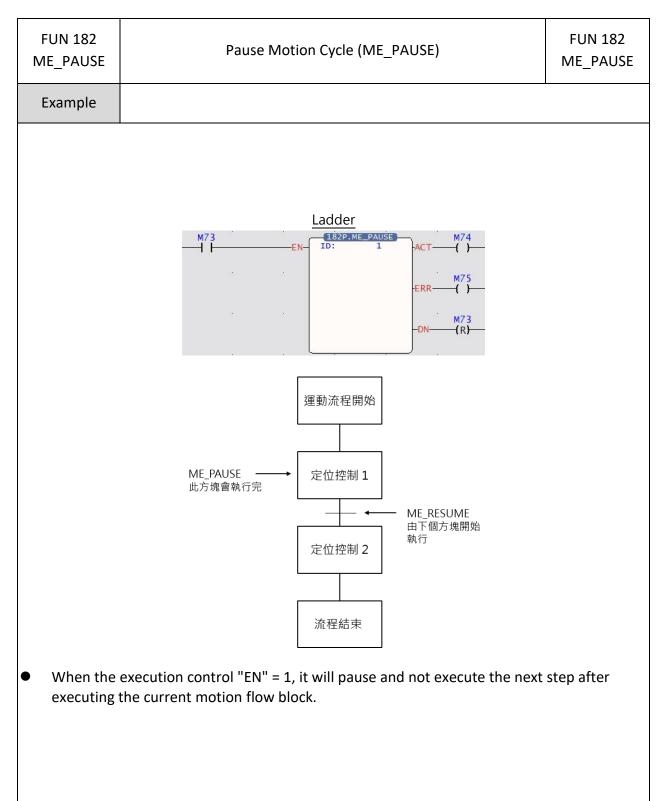
| | | | | Rela | iy and | Regis | ster | | | |
|---|--|--|--|---|---|--|---|--|--|----------------------------------|
| | Range | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | К | XR | |
| | ige Operand | R0 R3476 7 | 8 | 4 | R3528 0 R4322 3 | 4 | D0 D1199 9 | | V, Z P0 ~ P9 | |
| | TM | | | | | | | 0~128 | | |
| | PN | | | | | | | 1~4096 | | |
| | S | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0~50 | 0 | |
| | PV | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0~214748264 7 | 0 | |
| Description | | | | | | | | | | e or a few motion |
| parameters, y Operands TM table num PN point num modified by T S item number PV write value When the exercise PV value into When the exercise When writing will be ON. | vou can u nber: 0 po nber: Cor M, point er: please e: the val ecution co the spec ecution co g motion | oint ta respo table refer ue to ontro ified r ontro contro | able, : ond to e num to th be w I [EN] motio I [EN] | Reci axis diffe ber, a e tab ritten is trig n con is trig rame | pe Re table erent axis nu le bel a, fixe ggered atrol p ggered ters, i | ad] a , 2 sy types umbe ow d Dou d by t oaram d by t if the | nd [Fu nchro s of n r, pro Ible W he up eter he low re is a | un189 Recipionization tab umbers acco ocess block n Vord. per different wer different | e Write le, 128 ording umber tial, Fu tial, all | flow table to the table to be |



When M1000 OFF→ON, change the point table parameters (TM: 0 point table, PN: 1 point table 1, S: 2 spindle coordinates, PV: change to 1000.000mm), and the spindle movement distance of point table 1 is changed to 1000.000 mm.

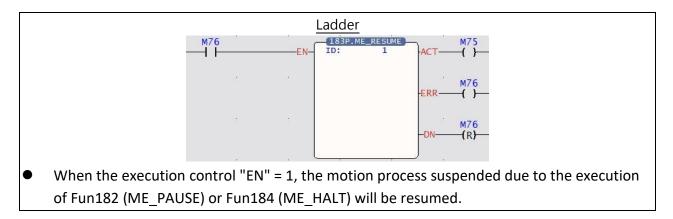
7-22-7 Pause Motion Flow

| IVIE_I | I 182 PAUSE | | | I | Pause | Motio | on Flo | w (ME | E_PAU | SE) | | | FUN 1 ME_PA | |
|--------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|---|------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------|---------|--------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|
| Syr | nbol | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | -EN- | (182P.ME ID: | _PAUSE | | | 11 | D: The | motio | on pro | ocess t | o be p | baused. | |
| | | | | | | Rela | y and I | Regist | er | | | | | |
| Туре | | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | K | XR |
| Rang | e WX0 | WY0 WY100 8 | WM0 WM910 4 | WS0 WS308 8 | T0 T1023 | C0 C1279 | R0 R34767 | R34768 R35023 | R35024 R35279 | | | D1100 | | V, Z P0 ~ P9 |
| ID | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - 32767~32767 | 0 |
| o resu | me a p | aused | motio | n proo | cess, y | ou ca | n use | Fun18 | 83 ME_ | _RESU | ME to | resur | ent process me executio ock | |
| o resu EN AC EF DI | me a p I = 1: S CT = 1: R = 1: N = 1: P | top en pause timeou ause c | motio tering action ut error comple | n proo the ne r ted | cess, y ext ste | ou ca p afte | n use er exeo | Fun18 | 83 ME_ | _RESU | ME to | resur | me executio | |
| o resu EN AC EF | me a p I = 1: S CT = 1: R = 1: N = 1: P | top en pause timeou ause c | motio tering action ut erro | n proo the ne r ted | cess, y ext ste | ou ca p afte | n use er exeo | Fun18 | 83 ME_ | _RESU | ME to | resur | me executio | |
| o resu EN AC EF | me a p I = 1: S CT = 1: R = 1: N = 1: P | top en pause timeou ause c | motio tering action ut error comple | n proo the ne r ted | cess, y ext ste | ou ca p afte | n use er exeo | Fun18 | 83 ME_ | _RESU | ME to | resur | me executio | |
| o resu EN AC EF | me a p I = 1: S CT = 1: R = 1: N = 1: P | top en pause timeou ause c | motio tering action ut error comple | n proo the ne r ted | cess, y ext ste | ou ca p afte | n use er exeo | Fun18 | 83 ME_ | _RESU | ME to | resur | me executio | |
| o resu EN AC EF | me a p I = 1: S CT = 1: R = 1: N = 1: P | top en pause timeou ause c | motio tering action ut error comple | n proo the ne r ted | cess, y ext ste | ou ca p afte | n use er exeo | Fun18 | 83 ME_ | _RESU | ME to | resur | me executio | |

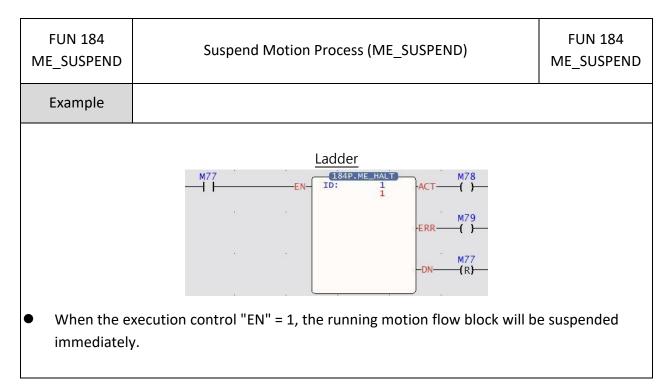


| FUN 18 ME_RESU | | | | Re | sume | e Mot | tion P | roces | s (RES | SUME |) | | FUN ME_RE | |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------------|--------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| Symbo | ol | | | | | | | | | | | | I | |
| | EN | 182 ID: | P.ME_PA | | | | 10 | D: Me | ans tł | ne mo | tion p | proces | s to be resu | mec |
| | | | | | _ | Relay | and F | Regist | er | | | | | |
| Range | WX | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | К | XR |
| nge Operand | WX0 WX100 8 | WY0 WY100 8 | WM0 WM910 4 | WS0 WS308 8 | T0 T1023 | C0 C1279 | R0 R3476 7 | 8 | R3502 4 R3527 9 | R3528 0 R4322 3 | R4322 4 R4731 9 | D0 D1199 9 | | V, Z P0 ~ P9 |
| ID | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -32767~32767 | 0 |
| Descript | ion | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| esume the EN = 1 ACT = ERR = | : resun 1: resu | ne mo Ime m Ime n | otion fl notion novem | ow flow i ent fl | n act ow e | ion rror | | | contir | iue ex | kecuti | on. | | |

7-22-8 Resume Motion Process (RESUME)



| 7-22- | -9 | Moti | on Pr | ocess | Halt (| ME_ł | HALT | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------------|--------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|--------------------|
| | IN 184 E_HAL | | | | Мо | otion | Proc | ess H | alt (N | IE_HA | ALT) | | | FUN ME_H | |
| Sy | /mbol | | | | | | | | | | | | | · | |
| | | EN- | —184P. ID: | ME_SUSP 1 | END | | | 10 | D: Me | ans tł | ne mo | tion p | proces | ss to be susp | ended |
| | | | | | | | Relay | and F | Regist | er | | | | | |
| | Ra | WX | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | K | XR |
| Operand | Range | WX0 WX100 8 | WY0 WY100 8 | WM0 WM910 4 | WS0 WS308 8 | T0 T1023 | C0 C1279 | R0 R3476 7 | 8 | R3502 4 R3527 9 | R3528 0 R4322 3 | R4322 4 R4731 9 | D0 D1199 9 | | V, Z P0 ~ P9 |
| | ID | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -32767~32767 | 0 |
| Des | criptio | on | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| resum El | want e exe N = 1: | to cor cutior Halt | ntinue n. motio | the st n proc | oppe | | | | | | use F | un18 | 3 ME_ | _RESUME to |) |
| | - | - | t actio : erroi | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | comp | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | of th | - | | | | | | | | | | | | |

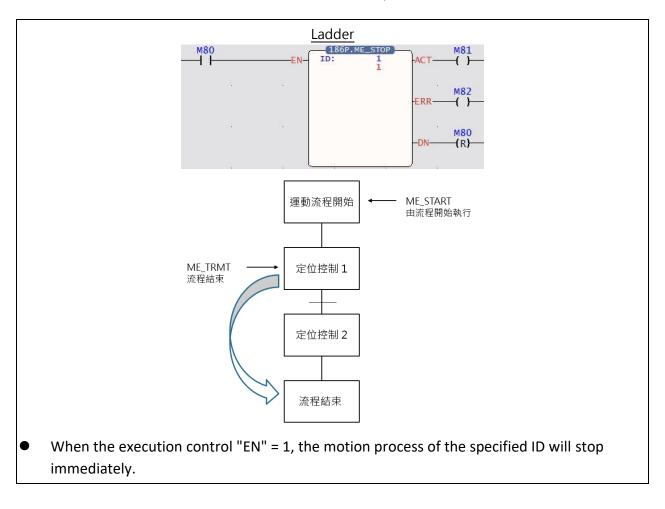


7-22-10 Reset Motion Alarm (ME-RSTALM)

| FUN185 ME_RSTALM | Reset Motion Ala | rm (ME_RSTALM) | FUN185 ME_RSTALM |
|--|---|---|---------------------|
| Symbol | | | |
| | -EN- | | |
| Description | | | |
| drive cannot be c EN = 1: Upp ACT = 1: Cle ERR = 1: Cle | sequences and driver error aler cleared by this command and ne er edge trigger clears motion er ar motion error alarm action ar motion error alarm error or motion error alarm completed | eeds to be powered on again. ror alarm | on alarm of the |
| Example | | | |
| When the extra the driver. | | Ider SPIME_RSTALM ACT (} M103 ERR (} M104 DN (} I clear the motion process and e | errors occurred in |

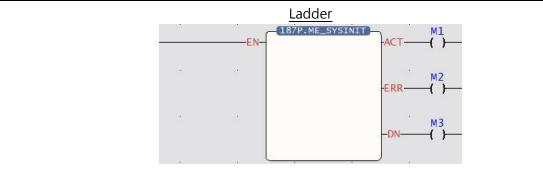
FUN 186 FUN 186 Stop Motion Process (ME STOP) ME STOP ME STOP Symbol Ladder Execution Control 186P. ME STOP -EN-ACT-Acting ID : ID: ID number for the motion process to ERR-Error be finished. -DN-Done **Relay and Register** WM WX WY WS TMR CTR HR IR OR SR ROR DR Κ XR Ra Inge R3476 R3502 R3528 R4322 WX0 WY0 WM0 WS0 D0 Operanc R0 C0 Т0 8 4 0 4 V, Z WY100 WM910 D1199 WS308 P0 ~ P9 WX100 R3476 T1023 C1279 R4731 R3502 R3527 R4322 8 9 7 8 8 3 9 3 9 ID 0 0 0 0 Ο 0 0 Ο -32767~32767 Ο Ο Ο Ο Ο Description Immediately end the motion process of the specified ID. When execution of this instruction is complete, ME RESUME cannot be used to resume execution. Need to use ME_START to restart the process. EN = 1: The upper edge triggers the motion process to stop • ACT = 1: The stop of the motion process is in motion • ERR = 1: Motion process stop error • DN = 1: The motion process stop is completed Example

7-22-11 Motion Process Terminate (ME_STOP)



| FUN187 ME_INIT | | | | | S | ervo lı | nitializ | ation | | | | | | UN187 1E_INIT |
|---|--|--|---|--|---|--|---------------------------------|-----------------------|---------|-------|--------|-----------------------|-------|------------------|
| Symbol | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | EN- | 187 | IE_INIT | · · |) | | No c | operar | nds | | | | | |
| | | | | | Re | elay ar | nd Reg | ister | | | | | | |
| | WX | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | К | XR |
| per Je | WX0 /X100 8 | WY0 WY100 8 | WM0 WM910 4 | WS0 WS308 8 | T0 T1023 | C0 C1279 | | R34768 R35023 | | | | D0 D1199 9 | | V, Z P0 ~ P9 |
| ID | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1~16 | 0 |
| Description If you wa comman If you wa executed EN = 1: S different ACT = 1: ERR = 1: DN = 1: I | nd be ant to d bef Start tial ir Mot Mot | fore e o use fore th motic nput) ion co ion co | executi Fun 23 nis com on cont ontrol i ontrol i | ng an 5 to c imano rol in nitiali nitiali | y mot conver d. itializa zatior zatior | ion co rt the ation (action error | ntrol. physic trigge n | al axis | s to th | e ima | ginary | axis, i | t mus | |
| Example | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

7-22-12 Servo Initialization (ME_INT)



- When the execution control "EN" = 1, the motion control function initialization action will be executed.
- If there is no response during execution, please confirm whether the sports link setting is consistent with the actual link.
- After initialization, the servo needs to be turned on to continue subsequent operations, such as all axes enable (Servo on) register (M10520).

| 8 | | | | Reci | ipe R | eadin | g (ME | _RCP | R) | | | ſ | FUN188 ME_RCPR |
|------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|--|---|---|--|--|--|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Md: D : | 0 | | ERR— | Relay | | D: The movin GP: Re | e stari ng into ecipe | ting p o the | ositio mapp | n of tł ing ta | ne data re ble | - |
| WX | WY | WM | WS | TMR | | r | 1 | | SR | ROR | DR | К | XR |
| WX0 | WY0 | WM0 | WS0 | то | C0 | R0 | R3476 8 R3502 | R3502 4 R3527 | R3528 0 R4322 | R4322 4 R4731 | D0 D1199 9 | | V, Z P0 ~ P9 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0~1 | |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0~100 | |
| | WX WX0 WX100 8 ○ | EN- Md: D: Gp: WX WY WX0 WY0 WX100 WY100 8 8 O O | -EN- Md: 0 D : R0 Gp: 1 WX WY WM WX0 WY0 WM0 WX100 WY100 8 8 4 O O O O | Issp.me_RCPR D: R0 Gp: 1 WX WY WM WX0 WY0 WM0 WX100 WY100 WM910 WX100 W100 WM910 8 8 0 0 | WX WY WM WS TMR WX0 WY0 WM0 WS0 T0 WX100 WY100 WM910 WS308 T0 WX100 W100 WM910 WS308 T0 WX100 W 0 0 0 | Image: Second state of the second s | -EN- Md: 0 -ACT- D: R0 -ERR- -DN- Gp: 1 -ERR- -DN- WX WY WM WS TMR CTR HR WX0 WY0 WM0 WS0 T0 C0 R0 WX100 WY100 WM910 WS308 T1023 C1279 R3476 8 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 | -EN- Md: 0 -ACT- D: R0 -ACT- Md: 0 Gp: 1 -ERR- Md: 0 Gp: 1 -ERR- Md: 0 MD: ND -DN- -DN- B MX WY WM WS TMR CTR HR IR WX0 WY0 WM0 WS0 T0 C0 R0 R3476 R3476 R3502 WX100 WY100 WM910 WS308 T1023 C1279 R3476 R3502 3 0 | -EN Md: 0 -ACT D: R0 -ACT D: The start Gp: 1 -ERR D: The start -DN -DN -DN D: Recipe Relay and Register WX WY WM WS TMR CTR HR IR OR WX0 WY0 WM0 WS308 T0 C0 R3476 R3502 R3527 N 8 4 8 O O O O O | EN ISSP-ME_RCPR O D : R0 Gp: 1 J ERR- Gp: 1 J ERR- O O O | -EN Md: 0, read paramete D: R0 Gp: 1 -DN -DN Md: 0, read paramete D: The starting positio moving into the mapp GP: 1 -DN -DN Relay and Register WX WY WM WS TMR CTR HR IR OR SR R0 R3476 R3502 R3528 R4 8 MX100 WY100 WM910 WS308 T1023 C1279 R3476 R3502 R3527 R4322 R4731 3 9 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | EN- Md: 0, read parameters from D: The starting position of the moving into the mapping tal GP: Recipe tables number, s Gp: 1 -DN- -DN- Md: 0, read parameters from D: The starting position of the moving into the mapping tal GP: Recipe tables number, s MX WY WM WS MX0 WY0 WM0 WS0 T0 C0 C0 R0 R3476 R3502 R3528 R4322 D0 WX1000 WY1000 WM910 WS308 T0 C0 R0 R3476 R3502 R3527 R4322 A4 D0 WX1000 WY1000 WM910 WS308 T1023 C1279 7 R3502 R3527 R4322 R4731 D1199 P3 P3 | A B A A A A A A A B A A A A A A A A B A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A |

7-22-13 Recipe Reading (ME_RCPR)

- [Fun188 Recipe Read] and [Fun189 Recipe Write] are used to read or write a large number of motion cor you can use [Fun181 Change Motion Control Parameters] or [Fun198 Mapping Table].
- Parameters can only be read when the axis stops.
- Operands

Md mode: 0 use PLC register

D formula starting register: the initial address of the register to be stored after reading the formula tabl Gp reads the column of the recipe table: reads the column of the recipe table, 0 reads all

- When the execution control [EN] is triggered by the upper differential, Fun188 will read the specified re When the execution control [EN] is triggered by the lower differential, all output indications are reset.
- When the recipe is read, the output indication [ACT] is ON.
- When reading the recipe, if there is an error, the output indication [ERR] will be ON.
- When the reading of the recipe is completed, the output indication [DN] ON.

Recipe Table

| | | 7 | | <i>r</i> , |
|----------------------|---|--------------------|---|-------------------|
| 【Project Management】 | > | [Motion Control] | > | [Motion Recipe] |
| , 0 | | | | |

運動配方表 ×

| | 表 | 索引 | 長度 | 起始位址 | 結束位址 |
|---|-----|----|----|------|------|
| 1 | 點表 | 1 | 1 | RO | R49 |
| 2 | 軸表 | | 1 | R50 | R119 |
| 3 | 同步表 | 1 | 1 | R120 | R269 |

• Motion Recipe table

Tables: Point table, Axis table, Synchronization table

Index: Point table (number of points), Axis table (number of axes), Synchronization table (number of axes)

Length: Continuous point table or continuous axis

Start address: The start address of the register for reading and writing recipes

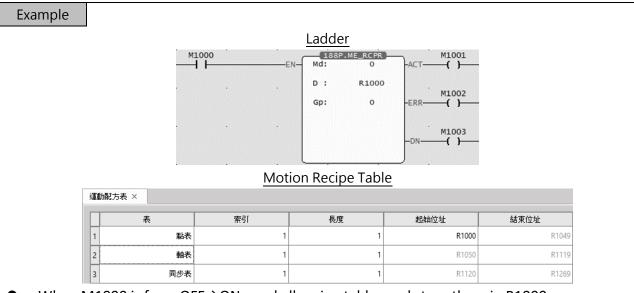
• Please refer to the following table for the definition of the register value of the motion recipe table

Recipe Point Table

| 序號 | | | 資料類型 | | |
|--------|------------------|--------|------|---|------------------------|
| R+0 | 運行模式 | WORD | INT | | 0. 未使用 |
| | | | | | 1. 單軸/絕對 |
| | | | | | 2. 單軸/相對 |
| | | | | | 3. 直線(2軸)/絕對 |
| | | | | | 4. 直線(2軸)/相對 |
| | | | | | 5. 直線(3軸)/絕對 |
| | | | | | 6. 直線(3軸)/相對 |
| | | | | | 7. 直線(4軸)/絕對 |
| | | | | | 8. 直線(4軸)/相對 |
| | | | | | 9. 圓弧/絕對 |
| | | | | | 10. 圓弧/相對 |
| | | | | | 11. 螺旋/絕對 |
| | | | | | 12. 螺旋/相對 |
| | I | | | | 13. 單軸速度 |
| R+1 | 加速類型 | WORD | INT | 1 | 0. T 曲線 |
| | 5.44 | | | | 1.S曲線 |
| R+2 | 主軸 | WORD | INT | 1 | 1~16 |
| | | | | | 不使用=0 |
| R+3 | 補間軸 1 | WORD | INT | 1 | 1~16 |
| | | | | | 不使用=0 |
| R+4 | 補間軸 2 | WORD | INT | 1 | 1~16 |
| | | | | | 不使用=0 |
| R+5 | 補間軸 3 | WORD | INT | 1 | 1~16 |
| | | | | | 不使用=0 |
| R+6 | 目標位置主軸 | DWORD | INT | 2 | 精度:小數點位置(可負數) |
| R+8 | 目標位置補間軸1 | DWORD | INT | 2 | 精度:小數點位置(可負數) |
| R+10 | 目標位置補間軸2 | DWORD | INT | 2 | 精度:小數點位置(可負數) |
| | 目標位置補間軸3 | DWORD | INT | 2 | 精度:小數點位置(可負數) |
| R+14 | | DWORD | INT | 2 | 精度:小數點位置(只能正數) |
| | 加速度 | DWORD | INT | 2 | 精度:小數點位置(只能正數) |
| | 減速度 | DWORD | INT | 2 | 精度:小數點位置(只能正數) |
| | s 加速度曲線 | WORD | INT | 2 | 精度:0.1 |
| R+20 | 5 川述反曲家 | | | | 17754 |
| R+21 | S 減速度曲線 | WORD | INT | 1 | 精度:0.1 |
| R+22 | 圓弧模式 | WORD | INT | 1 | 0. 通過點 |
| | | | | | 1. 中心 |
| | | | | | 2. 半徑 |
| R+23 | 圓弧方向 | WORD | INT | 1 | 0. 逆時針 |
| | | | | | 1. 順時針 |
| | 圓弧 (通過點/圓心) X 座標 | DWORD | INT | | 精度:小數點位置(可負數) |
| | 圓弧 (通過點/圓心) Y 座標 | DWORD | INT | 2 | 精度:小數點位置(可負數) |
| R+28 | 圓弧半徑 | DWORD | INT | 2 | 精度:小數點位置(只能正數) |
| R+30 | 輔助半徑 | DWORD | INT | 2 | 精度:小數點位置(只能正數) |
| R+32 | 待機時間 | DWORD | UINT | 2 | 單位 ms |
| R+34 | 連續點 | WORD | INT | 1 | 1~1024 |
| | man or small | 1.010 | | - | 結束=0 |
| R+35 | 圓弧圈數 | WORD | UINT | 1 | 0~65535 |
| | 連續模式 | WORD | INT | 1 | 0. 待機 |
| R+30 | 21179月1天355 | WORD | INT | 1 | 0. 行機 1. 下一點速度連續 |
| | | | | | 1. 下一點述度連續 2. 當前點速度連續 |
| | | | | | 2. 苗川和述反連續 3.開始速度連續 |
| D . 45 | 圓弧 (通過點/圓心) z 座標 | DUVODE | | - | |
| K+42 | 圆加(涸迴勐/圆心)Z 坐際 | DWORD | INT | 2 | 精度:小數點位置(可負數) |

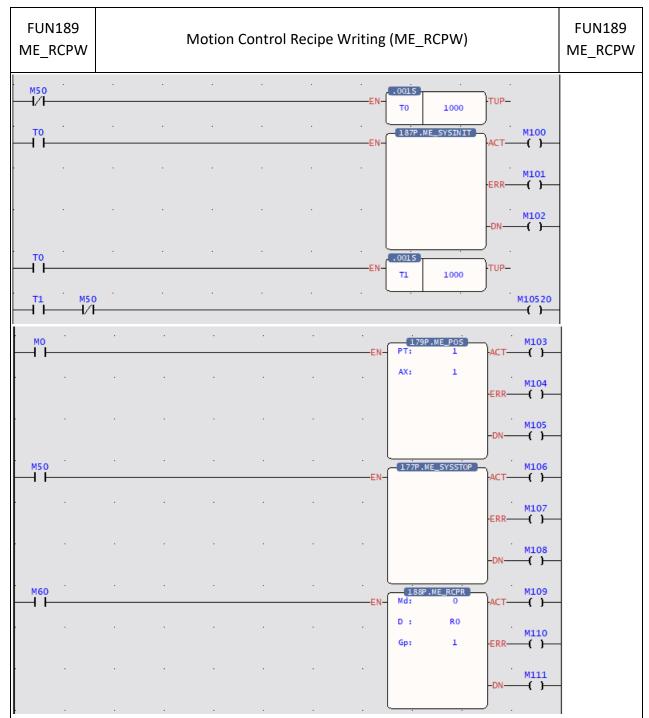
| | pe Axis Table | the deal of the | where spect street was t | E* | |
|--------|------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|-----|---|
| 序號 | 項目 | 資料大小 | 資料類型 | | |
| R+0 | 編碼器類型 | WORD | | 1 | 0. 增量型 1. 絕對型 |
| | | | | | 0. PLS |
| | | | | | 1. mm |
| R+1 | 單位 | WORD | | 1 | 2. deg |
| | | | | | 3. inch |
| | | | | | 1000. 1 |
| | I shad made also moved | | | | 100.0.1 |
| R+2 | 小數點位置 | WORD | | 1 | 10.0.01 |
| | | | | | 1.0.001 |
| R+3 | 每圈脈波數 | DWORD | | 2 | 精度:小數點位置 |
| | 每圈單位長度 | DWORD | | | 精度:小數點位置 |
| | | | | | 0. PLS/Sec |
| R+7 | 速度單位 | WORD | | | 1. PLS/min |
| , | | 110hb | | - î | 2. RPM |
| R+8 | 速度增益 | DWORD | | 2 | 精度:0.001 |
| | 開始速度 | DWORD | | | 精度:小數點位置 |
| 11710 | 17717日222/叉 | DWORD | | | 何度・小数 <u></u> 血位直 精度:1 |
| R+12 | 最大馬達速度 | DWORD | | 2 | 精度:1 單位 RPM |
| D. 4 4 | 石油市市中 | DWORD | | ~ | 車位 RPM 精度:小數點位置 |
| | 預設加速度 | DWORD | | | |
| R+16 | 預設減速度 | DWORD | | 2 | 精度:小數點位置 |
| R+18 | 軟限制 + | DWORD | | 2 | 精度:小數點位置 |
| | 1241 64113 | | | | り負數 |
| R+20 | 軟限制- | DWORD | | 2 | 精度:小數點位置 |
| | | | | | 可負數 |
| | 跟蹤誤差容許範圍 | | | 2 | 精度:小數點位置 |
| R+24 | 跟蹤誤差容許時間 | DWORD | | 2 | 單位ms |
| R+26 | 定位完成容許誤差 | DWORD | | 2 | 精度:小數點位置 |
| R+28 | 定位完成容許時間 | DWORD | | 2 | 單位ms |
| | 最大馬達扭矩 | WORD | | | 精度:0.1 |
| | 最大扭矩限制+ | WORD | | | 精度:0.1 |
| | 最大扭矩限制 - | WORD | | | 精度:0.1 |
| | | WORD | | | 5. 减速停止 |
| R+41 | 停止模式 | WORD | | 1 | 7. 立即停止 |
| R±42 | 停止減速度 | DWORD | | 2 | 精度:小數點位置 |
| 11742 | 厅 11./%/201又 | DWORD | | 2 | 99. 當前位置為原點 |
| | | | | | 99. 备刑位直為尿脑 100. Dog Forward |
| | | | | | 100. Dog Forward 101. 近點復歸 |
| R+44 | 復歸模式 | WORD | | | 101. 万元 一支 m 102. Dog-z-sig Forwar |
| | | | | | 102. Dog-z-sig Forwar 103. Dog-z-sig |
| | | | | | Backward |
| | | | | | 0.從伺服驅動器 |
| R+45 | 復歸 IO 來源 | WORD | | 1 | 0.從PLC |
| | | | | | 1. 促PLC 0. 負方向 |
| R+46 | 復歸開始方向 | WORD | | 1 | 0. 頁方向 1. 正方向 |
| | | | | | 精度:小數點位置(|
| R+47 | 原點復歸偏移 | DWORD | | 2 | 稍度・小数和位直(負数) |
| D . 40 | 復歸搜尋速度 | DWORD | | 2 | |
| | 1250-1125 -11-1255 | DWORD | | | 精度:小數點位置 |
| | 復歸爬行速度 | DWORD | | | 精度:小數點位置 |
| | 復歸減速度 | DWORD | | | 精度:小數點位置 |
| | 極限開關 - 位元 | WORD | | 1 | |
| | 極限開關+位元 | WORD | | 1 | |
| | 原點開關位元 | WORD | | 1 | |
| | 原點零點訊號數 | DWORD | | 2 | |
| R+60 | JOG 啟動速度 | DWORD | | 2 | 精度:小數點位置 |
| R+62 | JOG 速度 | DWORD | | 2 | 精度:小數點位置 |
| R+64 | JOG 加速度 | DWORD | | 2 | 精度:小數點位置 |
| | JOG 減速度 | DWORD | | | 精度:小數點位置 |
| | 寸動距離 | DWORD | | | 精度:小數點位置 |
| | | | | | |

| c 마 타 | Synchronous Tal | | 3월 187 프레이트 슈 | · |
|-------------------------|-------------------|-------|---------------|--|
| 序號 | 項目 | | 資料類型長度 1 | 定義 |
| R+0 | 輸入軸座標單位 | WORD | 1 | |
| ۲+1 | 輸入軸小數點位置 | WORD | 1 | |
| R+2 | 輸入軸週期 | DWORD | 2 | 精度:輸入軸小數點位置 |
| R+4 | 減速停止滑動時間 | DWORD | 2 | |
| R+6 | 輸入軸相位初始化方法 | WORD | 1 | |
| R+7 | 同步主軸相位預設值 | DWORD | 2 | 精度:輸入軸小數點位置 |
| R+9 | 相位補償後主軸相位預設值 | | 2 | 精度:輸入軸小數點位置 |
| R+11 | 主離合器輸入項位預設值 | DWORD | 2 | 精度:輸入軸小數點位置 |
| | | | | |
| R+13 | 輔助離合器輸入相位預設值 | | 2 | 精度:輸入軸小數點位置 |
| R+15 | 凸輪輸入軸相位初始化方法 | | 1 | |
| R+16 | 主離合器輸出相位預設值 | DWORD | 2 | 精度:輸入軸小數點位置 |
| R+18 | 輔助離合器輸出相位預設值 | DWORD | 2 | 精度:輸入軸小數點位置 |
| R+20 | 保留 | DWORD | 2 | |
| R+22 | 凸輪輸入相位預設值 | DWORD | 2 | 精度:輸入軸小數點位置 |
| R+24 | 凸輪輸出基準座標 | DWORD | 2 | 精度:輸入軸小數點位置 |
| R+26 | 主軸1選擇輸入軸 | WORD | 1 | 177,Q • +07 (+a ·) · QAINH LE E |
| | | | | |
| <u>R+27</u> | 主軸1外部參照編號 | WORD | 1 | |
| R+28 | 主軸1防止逆轉 | WORD | 1 | |
| R+29 | 主軸1座標轉換設定 | WORD | 1 | |
| R+30 | 主軸1座標轉換分子 | DWORD | 2 | |
| R+32 | 主軸1座標轉換分母 | DWORD | 2 | |
| R+34 | 主軸2選擇輸入軸 | WORD | 1 | 1 |
| | | | | |
| R+35 | 主軸 2 外部參照編號 | WORD | 1 | |
| R+36 | 主軸2防止逆轉 | WORD | 1 | |
| R+37 | 主軸 2 座標轉換設定 | WORD | 1 | |
| R+38 | 主軸2座標轉換分子 | DWORD | 2 | |
| R+40 | 主軸2座標轉換分母 | DWORD | 2 | |
| R+42 | 輔助軸選擇輸入軸 | WORD | 1 | |
| R+42 R+43 | | | | |
| | 輔助軸外部參照編號 | WORD | 1 | |
| R+44 | 輔助軸防止逆轉 | WORD | 1 | |
| R+45 | 輔助軸座標轉換設定 | WORD | 1 | |
| R+46 | 輔助軸座標轉換分子 | DWORD | 2 | |
| R+48 | 輔助軸座標轉換分母 | DWORD | 2 | |
| R+50 | 主軸相位補償指令量 | DWORD | 2 | 精度:輸入軸小數點位置 |
| | | | 1 | |
| R+52 | <u>主軸相位補償更改模式</u> | WORD | | |
| R+53 | 主軸相位補償更改時間 | DWORD | 2 | |
| R+55 | 輔助軸相位補償指令量 | DWORD | 2 | 精度:輸入軸小數點位置 |
| R+57 | 輔助軸相位補償更改模式 | WORD | 1 | |
| R+58 | 輔助軸相位補償更改時間 | DWORD | 2 | |
| R+60 | 可變齒輪比分子 | DWORD | 2 | |
| R+62 | 可變齒輪比分母 | DWORD | 2 | |
| | | | | |
| R+64 | 可變齒輪比更改模式 | WORD | 1 | |
| R+65 | 可變齒輪比更改時間 | DWORD | 2 | |
| R+67 | 主離合器 ON 條件 | WORD | 1 | |
| R+68 | 主離合器 ON 設定值 | DWORD | 2 | 精度:輸入軸小數點位置 |
| R+70 | 主離合器 ON 延遲 | DWORD | 2 | 精度:輸入軸小數點位置 |
| R+73 | 主離合器 ON 連接方式 | WORD | 1 | |
| | 主離合器 ON 滑動曲線 | | | |
| R+75 | | WORD | 1 | |
| R+78 | 主離合器 ON 滑動時間 | DWORD | 2 | |
| R+80 | 主離合器 ON 隨動時間 | DWORD | 2 | |
| R+82 | 主離合器 ON 隨動量 | DWORD | 2 | 精度:輸入軸小數點位置 |
| R+84 | 主離合器 OFF 條件 | WORD | 1 | |
| R+85 | 主離合器 OFF 設定值 | DWORD | 2 | 精度:輸入軸小數點位置 |
| | 主離合器 OFF 延遲 | | 2 | 精度:輸入軸小數點位置 |
| <u>R+87</u> | | DWORD | | 「明パ文・明パン和パン要とおコンド |
| R+90 | 主離合器 OFF 連接方式 | WORD | 1 | |
| R+92 | 主離合器 OFF 滑動曲線 | WORD | 1 | |
| R+95 | 主離合器 OFF 滑動時間 | DWORD | 2 | |
| R+97 | 輔助離合器 ON 條件 | WORD | 1 | |
| R+98 | 輔助離合器 ON 設定值 | DWORD | 2 | 精度:輸入軸小數點位置 |
| R+100 | 輔助離合器 ON 延遲 | DWORD | 2 | 精度:輸入軸小數點位置 |
| | | | | 「「「「「「「「」」」、「「「」」、「「」」、「「」」、「「」」、「「」」、 |
| R+103 | 輔助離合器 ON 連接方式 | WORD | 1 | |
| R+105 | 輔助離合器 ON 滑動曲線 | WORD | 1 | |
| R+108 | 輔助離合器 ON 滑動時間 | DWORD | 2 | |
| R+110 | 輔助離合器 ON 隨動時間 | DWORD | 2 | |
| R+112 | 輔助離合器 ON 隨動量 | DWORD | 2 | 精度:輸入軸小數點位置 |
| R+114 | 輔助離合器 OFF 條件 | WORD | 1 | |
| R+114 R+115 | | | 2 | 措度・診入軸小動配合学 |
| | 輔助離合器 OFF 設定值 | DWORD | | 精度:輸入軸小數點位置 |
| R+117 | 輔助離合器 OFF 延遲 | DWORD | 2 | 精度:輸入軸小數點位置 |
| R+120 | 輔助離合器 OFF 連接方式 | WORD | 1 | |
| R+122 | 輔助離合器 OFF 滑動曲線 | WORD | 1 | |
| R+125 | 輔助離合器 OFF 滑動時間 | DWORD | 2 | |
| R+132 | 步進角補償基準速度 | DWORD | 2 | 精度:輸入軸小數點位置 |
| | | | | |
| R+134 | 步進角補償基準量 | DWORD | 2 | 精度:輸入軸小數點位置 |
| R+136 | 步進角補償更改方式 | WORD | 1 | |
| R+137 | 步進角補償更改時間 | DWORD | 2 | |
| R+139 | 凸輪資料編號 | WORD | 1 | |
| R+140 | 凸輪行程 | DWORD | 2 | 精度:軸表小數點位置 |
| | | WORD | 1 | 山口ス・中国ない文神山山旦 |
| R+142 | 同步接點編號 | | | |



- When M1000 is from OFF \rightarrow ON, read all recipe tables and store them in R1000.
- Read the parameters of PLC point table 1 and store them in R1000~R1049
- Read the parameters of the PLC axis table (axis 1) and store them in R1050~R1119
- Read the parameters of the PLC synchronization table (axis 1) and store them in R1120~R1269

| | N189 RCPW | Motion Con | trol Recipe Writing | g (ME_RCPW) | FUN189 ME_RCPW |
|----------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| Exa | mple | | | | |
| 章 動同步 Take settir | ng page: | ▲ 選項 輔 射表 Motion Recipe | | for mapping; the t | following figure is the |
| 主單フ | EO × 運動點參 | 數× 運動配方表 | × | | |
| | 表 | 索引 | 長度 | 起始位址 | 結束位址 |
| 1 | 點表 | 1 | 1 | RO | R49 |
| | The follo | owing is a sample | program using the | e point table as an o | example: |



In this example, the motion control system will be initialized one second after the first execution, and the other axes will be Servo On after one second. When M60 is on, all contents of the midpoint table will be moved into recipe 1. Because R0 is the start register to be moved into the point table, then turn M0 ON to execute the point table, and its setting will follow the position of DR6.

If you need to restore the recipe table before use, you can turn on the M50 and turn it off to restart the Motion control system.

| FUN189 ME_RCPW | | | Motion Control Recipe Writing (ME_RCPW) | | | | | | | | FUN ME_R | | | | | |
|--|--|--|---|--|--|---|---|--|--|---|---|--|---|--|--------------------------------|---|
| Symbol | | | | | _ | _ | | | | _ | | | | | | |
| E | D | 189P. Md: D : Gp: | P.ME_RCF 0 R0 1 |) | -ACT- -ERR- -DN | | 1 | readin | e start ng the | ting p e map | oositio ping t | on of t table o | he regist | | rom 1 | |
| | | | | | | Rela | y and | l Regis | ter | | | | | | |] |
| Range Operand | WX WX0 WX100 8 | WY WY0 WY100 8 | WM WM0 WM910 4 | WS WS0 WS308 8 | TMR T0 T1023 | CTR C0 C1279 | HR R0 R3476 7 | 8 | 4 | SR R3528 0 R4322 3 | 4 | DR D0 D1199 9 | K | v | KR /, Z ~ P9 | |
| ID | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0~1 | | | |
| D Gp | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0~100 | | 0 | |
| you ca Param Opera Md m D recij Gp wr When When When | an use neters ands node: C ipe sta rites th n the e n the e n writir | e [Fun1 s can o O use F arting r he colu executi executi executi ng into | 181 Ch only be PLC reg registe umn of tion cor tion cor | gister er: the f the f ntrol [ntrol [ecipe, | Motion cen wl e start formu [EN] i e, the o | 9 Rec ion Co then t ula ta is trig outpo | contro the ax addre able: v ggerec ggerec out ind | Vrite] a ol Para xis stop ess of t writes d by th d by th dicatio | are us imete ps. the re the up he low on [AC | egister columi per di wer di CT] ON | r to be in of ti ifferer ifferer N. | 198 M e writh he rec ntial, l ntial, a | 1apping T ten into 1 cipe table Fun188 v | Table]. the rec e, 0 wr will wr | cipe ta rites al ite the | |
| When Recipe Tab Project N | ole | _ | e recipe nt】> | | - | | | · | | | | ON. | | | | |

7-22-14 Motion Control Recipe Writing (ME_RCPW)

| 運 | 助配方表 × | | | | |
|---|--------|----|----|------|------|
| | 表 | 索引 | 長度 | 起始位址 | 結束位址 |
| 1 | 點表 | 1 | 1 | RO | R49 |
| 2 | 軸表 | 1 | 1 | R50 | R119 |
| 3 | 同步表 | 1 | 1 | R120 | R269 |

• Motion Recipe table

Tables: Point table, Axis table, Synchronization table

Index: Point table (number of points), Axis table (number of axes), Synchronization table (number of axe Length: continuous point table or continuous axis

Start address: The start address of the register for reading and writing recipes

• Please refer to the following table for the definition of the temporary register value of the motion recip

Recipe Point Table

| | R+0 | Operating mode | WORD | INT | 1 | 0. Not u 1. Unia: 2. Unia: 3. Linea 4. Straig axes)/re 5. Linea 6. Linea 7. Linea 8. Linea 9. Arc/A 10. Arc, 11. Spir 12. Spir 13. Unia 14. 3D a 15. 3D a |
|---|-----|----------------------|------|-----|---|---|
| 1 | R+1 | Acceleration type | WORD | INT | 1 | 0. T-cur 1. S-cur |
| I | R+2 | Spindle | WORD | INT | 1 | 1~16 not use |
| | R+3 | Tween axis 1 | WORD | INT | 1 | 1~16 |

| 1 | | 1 | | | |
|------|------------------------------------|-----------|-----|---|-----------------------------------|
| | | | | | not use |
| R+4 | Tween axis 2 | WORD | INT | 1 | 1~16 not use |
| R+5 | Tween axis 3 | WORD | INT | 1 | 1~16 not use |
| R+6 | Target position Spindle | DWOR D | INT | 2 | Precision position Can be |
| R+8 | Target Position Tween axis 1 | DWOR D | INT | 2 | Precision position Can be |
| R+10 | Target Position Tween axis 2 | DWOR D | INT | 2 | Precision position Can be |
| R+12 | Target position Tween axis 3 | DWOR D | INT | 2 | Precision position Can be |
| R+14 | Speed | DWOR D | INT | 2 | Precision position Positive |
| R+16 | Acceleration | DWOR D | INT | 2 | Precision position Positive |
| R+18 | Deceleration | DWOR D | INT | 2 | Precision position Positive |
| R+20 | S acceleration curve | WORD | INT | 1 | Accura |

| | 1 | 1 | 1 | | |
|------|---|-----------|----------|---|-----------------------------------|
| R+21 | S deceleration curve | WORD | INT | 1 | Accura |
| R+22 | Arc mode | WORD | INT | 1 | 0. Pass 1. Cent 2. Radio |
| R+23 | Arc direction | WORD | INT | 1 | 0. Cour 1. Clock |
| R+24 | Arc (through point/center) X coordinate | DWOR D | INT | 2 | Precision position Can be |
| R+26 | Arc (through point/center) Y coordinate | DWOR D | INT | 2 | Precision position Can be |
| R+28 | Arc radius | DWOR D | INT | 2 | Precision position Positive |
| R+30 | Auxiliary radius | DWOR D | INT | 2 | Precision position Positive |
| R+32 | Standby time | DWOR D | INT | 2 | In the u |
| R+34 | Continuatio n point | WORD | INT | 1 | 1~1024 end = 0 |
| R+35 | Number of arc turns | WORD | UIN T | 1 | 0~6553 |
| R+36 | Continuous mode | WORD | INT | 1 | 0. Stand 1. Cont speed |

| | | | | | 2. Cont point s 3. Cont speed |
|------|---|-----------|-----|---|--|
| R+42 | Arc (through point/center) Z coordinate | DWOR D | INT | 2 | Precisio position Can be |
| | 1 | | | | |

| FUN189 ME_RCPW | Motion Control R | ecipe Writing (N | IE_F | RCPW) | FUN189 ME_RCPW | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|------|--|-------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Recipe Axis Table | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| R+0 | Encoder type | WORD | 1 | 0 = Incremental 1 = Absolute | | | | | | | | |
| R+1 | Unit | WORD | 1 | 0. PLS 1. mm 2. deg 3. inch | | | | | | | | |
| R+2 | Decimal place | WORD | 1 | 1000:1 100 :0.1 10 :0.01 1 :0.001 | | | | | | | | |
| R+3 | Pulse number per revolution | DWORD | 2 | Precision: decimal | place | | | | | | | |
| R+5 | Length of each circle | DWORD | 2 | Precision: decimal | place | | | | | | | |
| R+7 | Speed unit | WORD | 1 | 0. PLS/Sec 1. PLS/min 2. RPM | | | | | | | | |
| R+8 | Speed gain | DWORD | 2 | Precision : 0.001 | | | | | | | | |
| R+10 | Starting speed | DWORD | 2 | Precision: decimal | place | | | | | | | |
| R+12 | Maximum motor speed | DWORD | 2 | Precision :1 In the unit of RPM | | | | | | | | |
| R+14 | Preset acceleration | DWORD | 2 | Precision: decimal | place | | | | | | | |
| R+16 | Default deceleration | DWORD | 2 | Precision: decimal | place | | | | | | | |
| R+18 | Soft limit + | DWORD | 2 | Can be negative | | | | | | | | |
| R+20 | Soft limit - | DWORD | 2 | Can be negative | | | | | | | | |
| R+22 | Tracking error acceptable | DWORD | 2 | Precision: decimal | place | | | | | | | |

| R+30 | Maximum Motor Torque | WORD | 1 | Precision : 0.1 |
|------|-------------------------|-------|---|---|
| R+31 | Maximum torque limit + | WORD | 1 | Precision: 0.1 |
| R+32 | Maximum torque limit - | WORD | 1 | Precision: 0.1 |
| R+41 | Stop mode | WORD | 1 | Deceleration stop Immediate halt |
| R+42 | Stop deceleration | DWORD | 2 | Precision: decimal place |
| R+44 | Recovery mode | WORD | 1 | 99. Current position is the origin 100. Dog Forward 101. Near point return 102. Dog-z-sig Forward 103. Dog-z-sig Backward |
| R+45 | IO source reset | WORD | 1 | 0. From the servo driver 1. From the PLC |
| R+46 | start direction reset | WORD | 1 | Negative direction Positive direction |
| R+47 | Return to origin offset | DWORD | 2 | Precision: decimal place Can be negative |
| R+49 | Search speed reset | DWORD | 2 | Precision: decimal place |
| R+51 | Crawl speed reset | DWORD | 2 | Precision: decimal place |
| R+53 | Deceleration reset | DWORD | 2 | Precision: decimal place |
| R+55 | Limit Switch - Bit | WORD | 1 | |

Γ

| R+56 | Limit switch + bit | WORD | 1 | |
|------|------------------------------|-------|---|--------------------------|
| R+57 | Origin switch bit | WORD | 1 | |
| R+58 | Origin zero signal number | DWORD | 2 | |
| R+60 | JOG start speed | DWORD | 2 | Precision: decimal place |
| R+62 | JOG speed | DWORD | 2 | Precision: decimal place |
| R+64 | JOG Acceleration | DWORD | 2 | Precision: decimal place |
| R+66 | JOG deceleration | DWORD | 2 | Precision: decimal place |
| R+68 | Inching distance | DWORD | 2 | Precision: decimal place |

| FUN1 ME_RC | | Motion Control Recip | Motion Control Recipe Writing (ME_RCPW) | | | | | | | |
|---------------|------------|---|---|---|--|----------------|--|--|--|--|
| Recipe S | Synch | ronization Table | | | | | | | | |
| R+0 | Inp | ut axis coordinate unit | WORD | 1 | | | | | | |
| R+1 | Inp | ut axis decimal place | WORD | 1 | | | | | | |
| R+2 | Inp | ut shaft cycle | DWOR D | 2 | Accuracy: decimal p axis | lace of the in | | | | |
| R+4 | De | celerate stop sliding time | DWOR D | 2 | | | | | | |
| R+6 | - | out shaft phase initialization thod | WORD | 1 | | | | | | |
| R+7 | Syr | nchronous spindle phase preset | DWOR D | 2 | Accuracy: decimal place of the i axis | | | | | |
| R+9 | | ndle phase preset value after ase compensation | DWOR D | 2 | Accuracy: decimal p axis | lace of the in | | | | |
| R+11 | Ma | in clutch input bit preset value | DWOR D | 2 | Accuracy: decimal place of the in axis | | | | | |
| R+13 | Au | xiliary Clutch Input Phase Preset | DWOR D | 2 | Accuracy: decimal place of the axis | | | | | |
| R+15 | | m input shaft phase initialization thod | WORD | 1 | | | | | | |
| R+16 | Ma val | in clutch output phase preset ue | DWOR D | 2 | Accuracy: decimal p axis | lace of the in | | | | |
| R+18 | Au: val | xiliary clutch output phase preset ue | DWOR D | 2 | Accuracy: decimal p axis | lace of the in | | | | |
| R+20 | Res | served | DWOR D | 2 | | | | | | |
| R+22 | Car | n input phase preset | DWOR | 2 | Accuracy: decimal p | lace of the in | | | | |

| 1 | | | | |
|------|--|-------|---|-------------------------------------|
| R+32 | Spindle 1 coordinate conversion denominator | DWORD | 2 | |
| R+34 | Spindle 2 input axis selection | WORD | 1 | |
| R+35 | Spindle 2 Xref Number | WORD | 1 | |
| R+36 | Spindle 2 reverse rotation prevention | WORD | 1 | |
| R+37 | Spindle 2 coordinate conversion setting | WORD | 1 | |
| R+38 | Spindle 2 coordinate conversion numerator | DWORD | 2 | |
| R+40 | Spindle 2 Coordinate Conversion Denominator | DWORD | 2 | |
| R+42 | Auxiliary axis selection input axis | WORD | 1 | |
| R+43 | Auxiliary Axis X-ref Number | WORD | 1 | |
| R+44 | Auxiliary shaft prevents reverse rotation | WORD | 1 | |
| R+45 | Auxiliary axis coordinate conversion setting | WORD | 1 | |
| R+46 | Auxiliary Axis Coordinate conversion Molecule | DWORD | 2 | |
| R+48 | Auxiliary axis coordinate conversion denominator | DWORD | 2 | |
| R+50 | Spindle phase compensation command amount | DWORD | 2 | Accuracy: decimal pla input axis |
| R+52 | Spindle phase compensation mode change | WORD | 1 | |
| R+53 | Spindle phase compensation time change | DWORD | 2 | |
| R+55 | Auxiliary axis phase compensation command amount | DWORD | 2 | Accuracy: decimal pla input axis |

| R+62 | Variable gear ratio denominator | DWORD | 2 | |
|------|-----------------------------------|-------|---|---|
| R+64 | Variable gear ratio mode change | WORD | 1 | |
| R+65 | Variable gear ratio time change | DWORD | 2 | |
| R+67 | Master clutch ON condition | WORD | 1 | |
| R+68 | Master clutch ON setting | DWORD | 2 | Accuracy: decimal place of the input axis |
| R+70 | Master Clutch ON delay | DWORD | 2 | Accuracy: decimal place of the input axis |
| R+72 | Reserved | WORD | 1 | |
| R+73 | Main clutch ON connection method | WORD | 1 | |
| R+74 | Reserved | WORD | 1 | |
| R+75 | Master Clutch ON slip curve | WORD | 1 | |
| R+76 | Reserved | DWORD | 2 | |
| R+78 | Master clutch ON slipping time | DWORD | 2 | |
| R+80 | Main clutch ON follow-up time | DWORD | 2 | |
| R+82 | Main clutch ON following momentum | DWORD | 2 | Accuracy: decimal place of the input axis |
| R+84 | Master clutch OFF condition | WORD | 1 | |
| R+85 | Master clutch OFF setting value | DWORD | 2 | Accuracy: decimal place of the input axis |
| R+87 | Master Clutch OFF delay | DWORD | 2 | Accuracy: decimal place of the input axis |
| R+87 | Reserved | WORD | 1 | |
| R+90 | Main clutch OFF connection method | WORD | 1 | |
| R+91 | Reserved | WORD | 1 | |
| R+92 | Master Clutch OFF Slip Curve | WORD | 1 | |

| R+95 | Main clutch OFF slipping time | DWOR D | 2 | |
|-----------|--|-----------|---|---|
| R+97 | Auxiliary clutch ON condition | WORD | 1 | |
| R+98 | Auxiliary clutch ON set value | DWOR D | 2 | Accuracy: decimal place of the input axis |
| R+10 0 | Auxiliary clutch ON delay | DWOR D | 2 | Accuracy: decimal place of the input axis |
| R+10 3 | Auxiliary clutch ON connection method | WORD | 1 | |
| R+10 5 | Auxiliary clutch ON sliding curve | WORD | 1 | |
| R+10 8 | Auxiliary clutch ON slipping time | DWOR D | 2 | |
| R+11 0 | Auxiliary clutch ON follow-up time | DWOR D | 2 | |
| R+11 2 | Auxiliary clutch ON following momentum | DWOR D | 2 | Accuracy: decimal place of the input axis |
| R+11 4 | Auxiliary clutch OFF condition | WORD | 1 | |
| R+11 5 | Auxiliary clutch OFF set value | DWOR D | 2 | Accuracy: decimal place of the input axis |
| R+11 7 | Auxiliary clutch OFF delay | DWOR D | 2 | Accuracy: decimal place of the input axis |
| R+12 0 | Auxiliary clutch OFF connection method | WORD | 1 | |
| R+12 2 | Auxiliary clutch OFF sliding curve | WORD | 1 | |
| R+12 5 | Auxiliary clutch OFF slipping time | DWOR D | 2 | |

| | | | 1 |
|--|---|--|---|
| Change of step angle compensation method | WORD | 1 | |
| Step angle compensation time change | DWOR D | 2 | |
| Cam Profile No. | WORD | 1 | |
| Cam lift | DWOR D | 2 | Accuracy: decimal place in the axis table |
| Synchronization contact No. | WORD | 1 | |
| Output filter time constant | DWOR D | 2 | |
| | method Step angle compensation time change Cam Profile No. Cam lift Synchronization contact No. | methodDWOR DStep angle compensation time changeDWOR DCam Profile No.WORDCam liftDWOR DSynchronization contact No.WORDOutput filter time constantDWOR | methodDWOR D2 CStep angle compensation time changeDWOR |

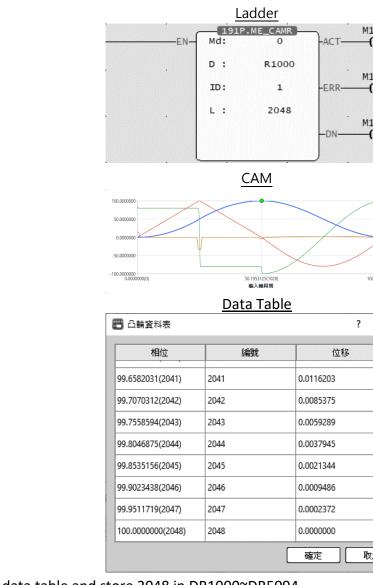
| FUN189 ME_RCPW | Motion Control Recipe Writing (ME_RCPW) | FUN189 ME_RCPW |
|-------------------|---|-------------------|
| Example | | |
| • When N | Ladder $ \frac{Ladder}{D: R1000} $ $ \frac{M1000}{D: R1000} $ $ \frac{M1001}{Gp: 0} $ $ \frac{M1002}{Gp: 0} $ $ \frac{M1003}{DN} $ $ M1003 $ | |

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Т

7-22-15 Cam Read (ME_CAMR)

| FUN191 ME_CAMR | Motion Control Cam Read FUN191 ME_CAMR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|---|---|--|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|---------------------------------------|---|
| Symbol | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| _ | EN | | P.ME_CAMR) 0 R0 1 2048 | -ACT- -ERR- -DN- | | | C | Md: M D: Car ID: Car L: Car | m init m nu | mber | - | _ | _ | | |
| | | | · | | | Rela | y and | Regis | ter | | | | | | |
| Ra | WX | WY | WM | WS | TMR | - | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | К | XR | |
| e pei | WX0 VX100 8 | WY0 WY100 8 | WM0 WM910 4 | WS0 WS308 8 | T0 T1023 | C0 C1279 | R0 R3476 7 | 8 | 4 | R3528 0 R4322 3 | R4322 4 R4731 9 | D0 D1199 9 | | V, Z P0 ~ P9 | |
| Md | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0~1 | | |
| D | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | |
| ID L | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1~16 2048~3276 | | |
| | | | | | | D | Descrip | ption | | | | | | | |
| When the Whe | regist ber: (ition: the ex the ex the ca | ter: Tl Cam r : The l xecuti xecuti am is l ng the | The star number length ion cor ion cor being r e cam, | rt add er of the ntrol [ntrol [read, if the | e tem [EN] i [EN] i the c ere is | npora is trig is trig outpu an er | ary reg ggered ggered ut india rror, tl | gister d by th d by th catior he ou | to be he up he lov h [AC ⁻ itput i | e store per di ver di T] is O indica | ed afte ifferer fferer N. tion [| er rea ntial, I ntial, a ERR] v | ding the o Fun191 w all output will be ON | cam vill read the s indications | • |
| When the second s | he re | ading | 3 of the | e cam | i is co | | eted, t Exam | | utput | indica | ation | [DN] (| ON. | | |



When M1000 is from OFF \rightarrow ON, read the cam ID: 1 data table and store 2048 in DR1000~DR5094.

7-22-16 Cam Write (ME_CAMW)

| | FUN192 E_CAMV | v | Motion Control Cam Write (ME_CAMW) | | | | | | | | | | | | FUN192 ME_CAMW |
|---|------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|-----|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|----------|-------------------|
| | Symbol | | | | | | | | | | | | | · | |
| Image: Second | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | Rela | y and | Regis | ter | | | | | |
| Ĩ | <u>ہ</u> | WX | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | К | XR |
| | Range Operand | WX0 WX100 8 | WY0 WY100 8 | WM0 WM910 4 | WS0 WS308 8 | T0 T1023 | C0 C1279 | R0 R3476 7 | R3476 8 R3502 3 | 4 | R3528 0 R4322 3 | R4322 4 R4731 9 | D0 D1199 9 | | V, Z P0 ~ P9 |
| | Md | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0~1 | |
| | D | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| | ID | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1~16 | |
| | L | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2048~327 | /67 |
| | | | | | | | D | escri | ption | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Operands

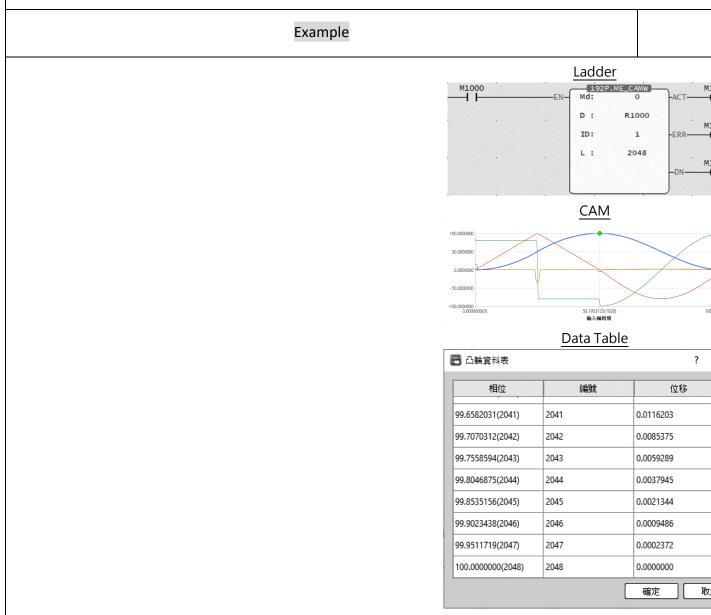
Md mode: 0 use PLC register

D cam start register: The start address of the register to be stored after reading the cam

ID cam number: Cam number

L cam resolution: The length of the temporary register to be stored after reading the cam

- When the execution control [EN] is triggered by the upper differential, Fun191 will read the specified ca When the execution control [EN] is triggered by the lower differential, all output indications are reset.
- When the cam is being read, the output indication [ACT] is ON.
- When reading the cam, if there is an error, the output indication [ERR] will be ON.
- When the reading of the cam is completed, the output indication [DN] ON.



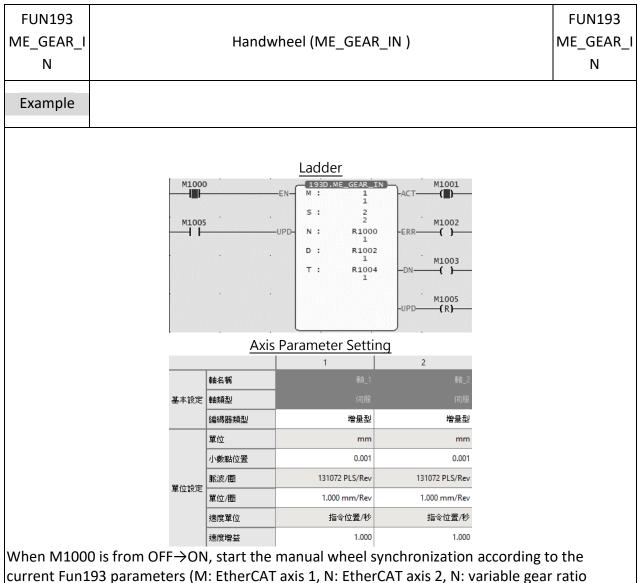
When M1000 is from OFF \rightarrow ON, write the cam ID from DR1000 $^{\circ}$ DR5094: 1 data table 2048.

| IE_G | N193 GEAR_ N | _1 | | | | Han | dwhe | ∍el (N | /IE_GE | AR_II | N) | | | Γ | FUN193 ME_GEAR_I N |
|---------|--------------------|------------------------|---|--|------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------|------------|--------------------------|
| Sym | nbol | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | EN- | 193P.M M : S : N : D : T : | <u>ME_GEAR</u> 1 2 R0 R2 R4 | | -ACT -ERR -DN -UPD | | ; | M: Etl S: Eth N: Ge D: Ge T: Cor | erCat ar rati ar rati | auxili io nur io der | idle ni iary sl merat nomir | haft n :or nator | _ | |
| | | | | | | | · · · · · | | Regis | T | 1 | | 1 | | |
| | Range | WX | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | IR R3476 | OR R3502 | SR R3528 | ROR R4322 | DR | К | XR |
| Operand | Je | WX0 WX100 8 | WY0 WY100 8 | WM0 WM910 4 | WS0 WS308 8 | T0 T1023 | C0 C1279 | R0 | 8 R3502 | 4 R3527 | 0 R4322 | 4 R4731 | D0 D1199 9 | | V, Z P0 ~ P9 |
| | M | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 9 O | 3 | 9 O | 0 | 1~16,100~1 | .08 |
| | S | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1~16 | 0 |
| ſ | N | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| | D | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| | Τ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | D | O | o | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| | | | horCA | Than | dwbo | | | | | | chror | nized | hand | wheel rel | lated setting |

7-22-17 Handwheel (ME_GEAR_IN)

N Variable gear ratio numerator: positive and negative numbers, including the [decimal point position] ([Axis unit] set mm, [Decimal point position] set 0.001, N: DR0 = 1000 is equal to 1.000mm) D Variable gear ratio denominator: positive number (a real number greater than zero), including the [de T conversion time (ms): positive number (real number greater than zero), the unit is ms

- When the execution control [EN] is triggered by the upper differential, Fun193 uses the current parame When the execution control [EN] is triggered by the lower differential, Fun193 stops the synchronous control
- In handwheel synchronous control, if the update parameter [UPD] changes to 1, this command will upd
- When the hand wheel is under synchronous control, the output indication [ACT] is ON.
- During the synchronous control of the manual wheel, if an error occurs, the output indication [ERR] will
- When the update of the manual wheel parameters is completed, the output indication [UPD] ON.



numerator 0.001, D variable gear ratio denominator 0.001, T: 1ms).

| | | | La | dc | der | | | |
|-------|---|-----------|-----------------|-----|-------|-------------------|------|-------|
| M1000 | | -EN- | - 1 M | 931 | P.ME_ | GEAR_IN 1 1 | ACT | M1001 |
| M1005 | | | s | : | | 2 2 | | M1002 |
| -1 F- | | -UPD- | N | : | | R1000 1 | -ERR | -() |
| | | | D | : | | R1002 2 | | M1003 |
| | | | т | : | | R1004 1 | -DN | -() |
| | • | | | | | | -UPD | M1004 |

After changing the parameters (D variable gear ratio denominator 0.002), when M1005 is from $OFF \rightarrow ON$, update the hand wheel according to the changed parameters. After the parameter update is completed, the output indication [UPD] is ON, and the stroke of the slave axis of the hand wheel is halved.

| FUN194 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | FUN194 | 4 |
|-------------------|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------|----|
| 1E_VEL_C | Т | | | Velo | city (| Contr | ol Mo | ode (N | /IE_V | EL_CT | TL) | | | ME_VEL_ | СТ |
| L | | | | | | | | | | | | | | L | |
| Symbol | | | | | | | | | _ | _ | | | _ | | _ |
| -EN | | | E_VEL_0 1 | | ACT | - | | | | | | | | | |
| | v | : | RO | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -UPI | р- мэ | c: | R10 | 0 | ERR | _ | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | S: Axis | | | | | | | |
| | V: Speed command MX: Maximum torque | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | VIX: IV | iaxim | ium t | orque | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | -UPD- | - | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | J | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | J | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | J | Rela | v and | Regis | ter | | | | | | |
| | WX | WY | WM | · | TMR | | 1 | Regis | | SR | ROR | DR | К | XR | |
| . Range | WX WX0 | WY WY0 | WM | WS WS0 | | CTR | y and HR R0 | IR R3476 | OR R3502 | | | DR D0 | К | XR | |
| . Range Operal | WX0 | WY0 | WM0 | WS0 | то | CTR C0 | HR R0 P2476 | IR R3476 8 | OR R3502 4 | R3528 0 | R4322 4 | D0 | К | XR V, Z P0 ~ P9 | _ |
| berand | WX0 WX100 8 | WY0 WY100 8 | WM0 WM910 4 | WS0 WS308 8 | T0 T1023 | CTR C0 C1279 | HR R0 R3476 7 | IR R3476 8 R3502 3 | OR R3502 4 R3527 9 | R3528 0 R4322 3 | R4322 4 R4731 9 | D0 D1199 9 | | V, Z | • |
| berand S | WX0 WX100 8 | WY0 WY100 8 | WM0 WM910 4 | WS0 WS308 8 | T0 T1023 | CTR C0 C1279 〇 | HR R0 R3476 7 | IR R3476 8 R3502 3 | OR R3502 4 R3527 9 O | R3528 0 R4322 3 () | R4322 4 R4731 9 () | D0 D1199 9 | K 1~16 | V, Z P0 ~ P9 | • |
| berand S | WX0 WX100 8 | WY0 WY100 8 | WM0 WM910 4 | WS0 WS308 8 | T0 T1023 | CTR C0 C1279 O O | HR R0 R3476 7 0 0 | IR R3476 8 R3502 3 | OR R3502 4 R3527 9 0 | R3528 0 R4322 3 () () | R4322 4 R4731 9 () | D0 D1199 9 () () | | V, Z |) |
| berand S | WX0 WX100 8 | WY0 WY100 8 | WM0 WM910 4 | WS0 WS308 8 | T0 T1023 | CTR C0 C1279 〇 | HR R0 R3476 7 | IR R3476 8 R3502 3 | OR R3502 4 R3527 9 O | R3528 0 R4322 3 () | R4322 4 R4731 9 () | D0 D1199 9 | | V, Z P0 ~ P9 | |
| berand S | WX0 WX100 8 | WY0 WY100 8 | WM0 WM910 4 | WS0 WS308 8 | T0 T1023 | CTR C0 C1279 O O | HR R0 R3476 7 0 0 | IR R3476 8 R3502 3 | OR R3502 4 R3527 9 0 | R3528 0 R4322 3 () () | R4322 4 R4731 9 () | D0 D1199 9 () () | | V, Z P0 ~ P9 | |
| berand S | WX0 WX100 8 | WY0 WY100 8 | WM0 WM910 4 | WS0 WS308 8 | T0 T1023 | CTR C0 C1279 O O | HR R0 R3476 7 0 0 | IR R3476 8 R3502 3 | OR R3502 4 R3527 9 0 | R3528 0 R4322 3 () () | R4322 4 R4731 9 () | D0 D1199 9 () () | | V, Z P0 ~ P9 | • |
| berand S | WX0 WX100 8 | WY0 WY100 8 | WM0 WM910 4 | WS0 WS308 8 | T0 T1023 | CTR C0 (1279 0 0 0 | HR R0 R3476 7 0 0 | IR R3476 8 R3502 3 0 0 | OR R3502 4 R3527 9 0 | R3528 0 R4322 3 () () | R4322 4 R4731 9 () | D0 D1199 9 () () | | V, Z P0 ~ P9 | |
| berand S | WX0 WX100 8 | WY0 WY100 8 | WM0 WM910 4 | WS0 WS308 8 | T0 T1023 | CTR C0 (1279 0 0 0 | HR R0 | IR R3476 8 R3502 3 0 0 | OR R3502 4 R3527 9 0 | R3528 0 R4322 3 () () | R4322 4 R4731 9 () | D0 D1199 9 () () | | V, Z P0 ~ P9 | |
| berand S | WX0 WX100 8 | WY0 WY100 8 | WM0 WM910 4 | WS0 WS308 8 | T0 T1023 | CTR C0 (1279 0 0 0 | HR R0 | IR R3476 8 R3502 3 0 0 | OR R3502 4 R3527 9 0 | R3528 0 R4322 3 () () | R4322 4 R4731 9 () | D0 D1199 9 () () | | V, Z P0 ~ P9 | |

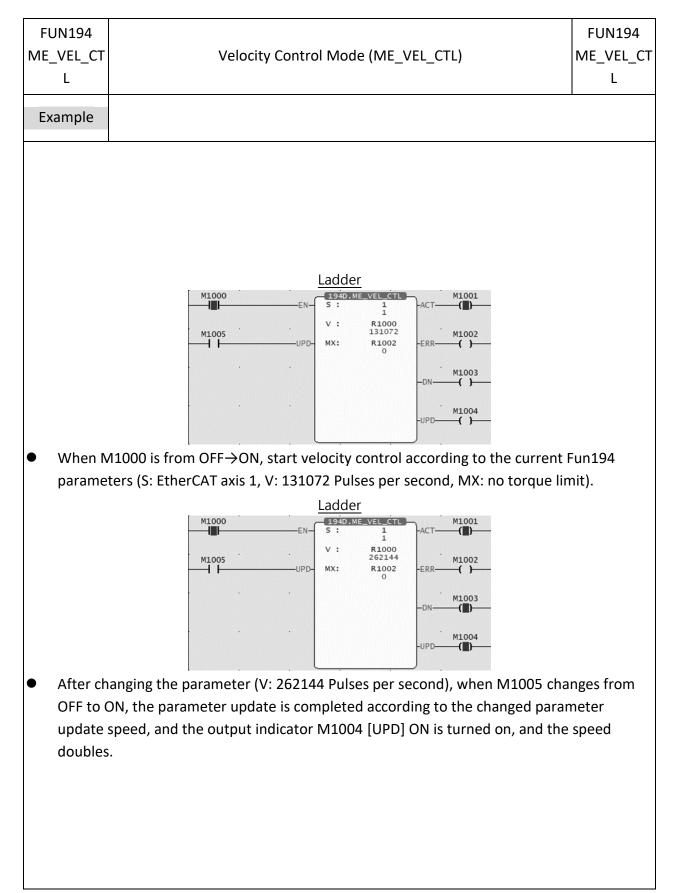
7-22-18 Velocity Control Mode (ME_VEL_CTL)

V speed: speed setting value, unit Pulses/s

MX maximum torque limit: when the speed cannot reach the speed setting value, the maximum torque

- When the execution control [EN] is triggered by the upper differential, Fun194 uses the current parame When the execution control [EN] is triggered by the lower differential, Fun194 stops the axis speed con-
- In axis speed control, if the update parameter [UPD] becomes 1, this command will update the speed co
- When the axis speed is under control, the output indicator [ACT] ON.
- During axis speed control, if an error occurs, the output indication [ERR] will be ON.

• When updating the speed control parameters is completed, the output indication [UPD] ON.

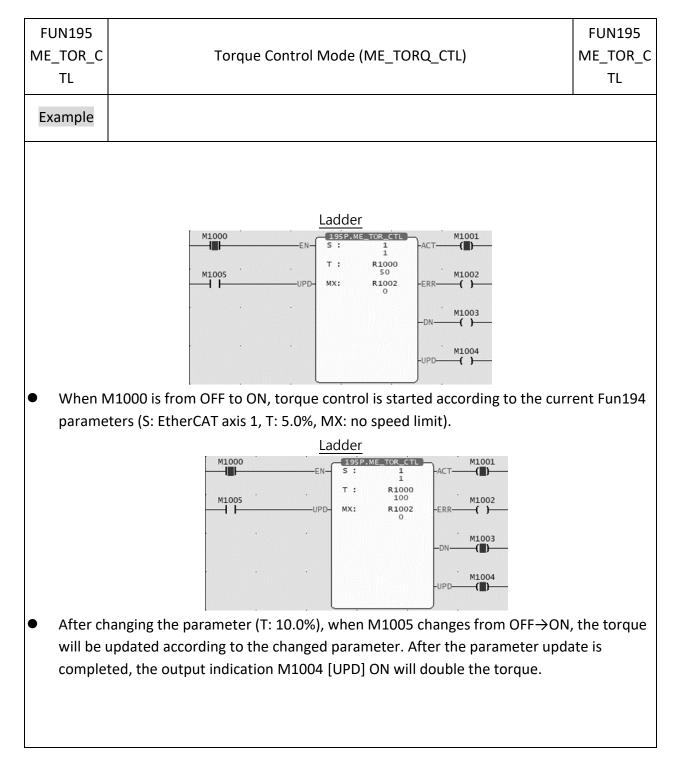


| | N195 OR_C L | Torque Control Mode (ME_TORQ_CTL) | | | | | | | | | | | FUN195 ME_TOR_C TL | | |
|--------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|------------------|---|-----------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|-------------|--------------------------|-----------|-----------------|
| Syr | nbol | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | -EN- | | | E_TOR_C | TL) | ACT | _ | | | | | | | | |
| | -UPD | т – мх | | R0 R10 | | -ERR- | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | -DN- | | , | S: Axis V: Spe MX: N | ed co | omma | | | | |
| | | | | | | -UPD- | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | Rela | y and | Regis | ter | | | | | |
| \backslash | Ra | WX | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | К | XR |
| Operand | Range | WX0 WX100 8 | WY0 WY100 8 | WM0 WM910 4 | WS0 WS308 8 | T0 T1023 | C0 C1279 | R0 R3476 7 | 8 R3502 | R3502 4 R3527 9 | 0 R4322 | | D0 D1199 9 | | V, Z P0 ~ P9 |
| | S | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1~16 | |
| | Т | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| | MX | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| | S T | 8 〇 〇 | 8 〇 〇 | 4 0 0 | 8 〇 〇 | 0 | 000000000000000000000000000000000000000 | 7 0 0 | 3 0 0 0 | 9 () | 3 〇 | 9 〇 〇 | 9 〇 〇 | 1~16 | |
| | | | | | | | C |)escri | ption | | | | | | |
| - | Г torq | ue co ue: To | orque | axis: Et setting eed lim | g valu | e, un | it 0.0 |)% | | | ach th | e toro | que se | etting va | lue, the max |

7-22-19 Torque Control Mode (ME_TORQ_CTL)

- rame When the execution control [EN] is triggered by the lower differential, Fun195 stops the shaft torque co
- In axis torque control, if the update parameter [UPD] becomes 1, this command will update the torque \bullet
- When the axis torque is under control, the output indicator [ACT] ON. lacksquare
- During axis torque control, if an error occurs, the output indication [ERR] will be ON.
- When updating the torque control parameters is completed, the output indication [UPD] ON. •

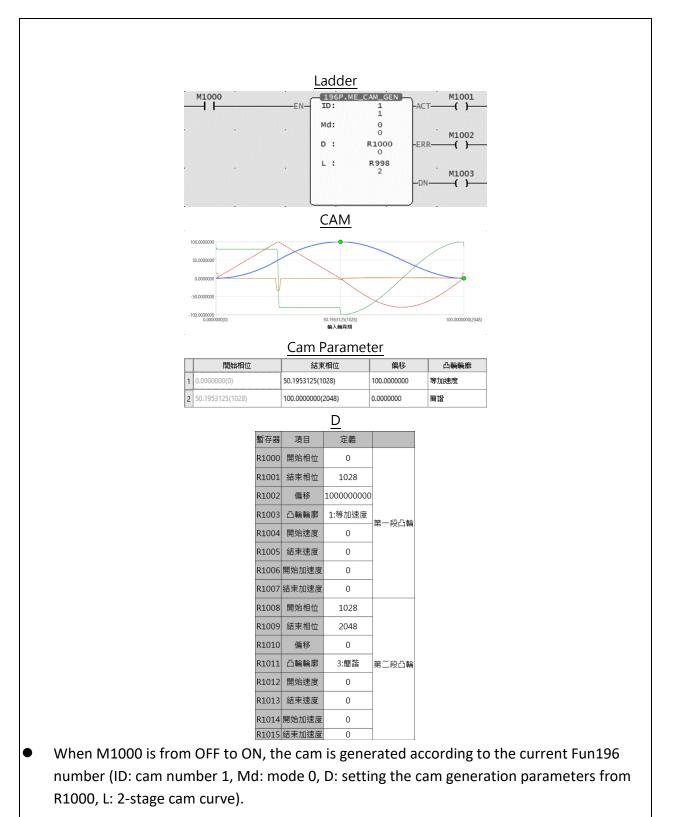
Chapter 7 Advanced Function Instructions



| | ⁼ UN196 E_CAM_G EN | ì | | | C | am C | iener | ate (I | ME_C | AM_(| GEN) | | | | FUN196 ME_CAM_G EN |
|---|-------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|-----------|------------------|------------------|----------|---------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------|-------------|---------------------------------|
| - | Symbol | | | | _ | | | | - | | | | | | |
| | -EN- | | | E_CAM_ 1 | | ACT | _ | | | | | | | | |
| | | Mo | d: | 0 | | | | | ID: Ax | de nur | mhar | | | | |
| | | D | : | RO |) | -ERR | _ | | Md: N | | IDCi | | | | |
| | | L | | R10 | 00 | | | | D: Sta | | dress | of scr | atchp | ad | |
| | | | | | | -DN- | | r | L: Len | gth | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | ı | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ſ | | 14/1/ | 140/ | | | | | | l Regis | | CD | 200 | | |)/D |
| | Range | WX WX0 | WY WY0 | WM WM0 | WS WS0 | TMR | | HR R0 | | | | | DR D0 | K | XR |
| | ĕ | | WY100 | | | T0 | C0 C1279 | | 8 | 4 R3527 | 0 | 4 | D1199 | | V, Z P0 ~ P9 |
| | | 8 | 8 | 4 | 8 | 11025 | | 7 | R3502 3 | 9 | 3 | 9 | 9 | 1.10 | |
| | ID Md | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1~16 0~1 | <u> </u> |
| | D | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| | | | | | | | C | escri | iption | | | | | | |
| | Operan | nds | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | ID cam | num | iber: 1 | l~16 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Md can | - | | | | | | | | | 1 is cł | nasing | shea | r curve | |
| | D regist | | | | | | - | | | | | 111. | 6 or | | |
| | | | | | | - | | | | | | | - | - | nent of the c |
| | | | | | | | - | - | - | | - | | | | will generate ut indications |
| • | When t | | | | | | - | | • | | | | | mourpo | |
| | | | | | - | | | - | | | | | | ERR] wil | ll be ON. |
| - | | | | 0 | · · · · · | | ·· - | U | | | •r | ••• | | | |

7-22-20 Cam Generate (ME_CAM_GEN)

| | | | | FUN196 ME_CAM_GEN | |
|------|-------|--|-------|----------------------|--|
| Mc | de 0 | | | | |
| 暫存器 | 項目 | 定義 | | | |
| D+0 | 開始相位 | 0~凸輪解析度 | | | |
| D+2 | 結束相位 | 0~凸輪解析度 (必須銜接下一段開始相位) | | | |
| D+4 | 偏移 | 0~100000000 (0~100.000000%) | | | |
| D+6 | 凸銷稿應 | C.等速度 1:等加速度 2.增速 3.增诺 4.提形等速度 5.提形常地形 5.提形常理。 3.带管管理。 4.提形常理。 3.常能等。 4.提升。 4.提升。 4.是升。 4.目 4.是升。 4.目 4.是升。 4.目 4.目 4.目 4.目 4.目 4.目 4.目 4.目 4.目 4.目 | 第一段凸驗 | | |
| D+8 | | 固定3位小數點 | _ | | |
| D+10 | | 固定3位小數點 | - | | |
| | 開始加速度 | | _ | | |
| | 開始相位 | 0~凸輪解析度 | | | |
| | 結束相位 | 0~凸輪解析度 (必須銜接下一段開始相位) | 第二段凸輪 | | |
| | | (2019,919,132,111,122, ; | | | |
| | | | · | | |
| | | | | Example | |



| FUN197 ME_AXI_M V | <u></u> | | is Movement | FUN197 ME_AXI_M V |
|-------------------------|--|--|--|-------------------------|
| Symbol | | | | |
| EN UPD | MD: PS: R V : R A : R D : R SA: R SD: R DR: | MOV 1 -ACT 0 40 40 50 1 0 -DN 30 40 -UPD 50 1 0 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - - - - - - - - - - - - - | S: EtherCAT control axis MD: Operating mode PS: Target position V: Speed A: Acceleration D: Deceleration SA: S acceleration curve % SD: S deceleration curve% DR: Direction BF: Speed continuous mode | |

7-22-21 Axis Movement (ME_AXI_MV)

| Ra | WX | WY | WM | WS | TMR | CTR | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | К | XR |
|--------|------------|------------|--------------------|------------|------|-------------|------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------|-----------------|
| Range | WX0 | WY0 | WM0 | WS0 | то | С0 | RO | R3476 8 | R3502 4 | R3528 0 | R4322 4 | D0 | | |
| | WX100 8 | WY100 8 | WM910 4 | WS308 8 | | C1279 | R3476 7 | R3502 | R3527 | R4322 | R4731 | D1199 9 | | V, Z P0 ~ P9 |
| S | • 0 | • 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 9 | 3 | 9 | 0 | 1~16 | + |
| MD | | - | - | - | - | - | _ | - | _ | - | - | | 0~1 | + |
| Ps | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | + |
| V | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| А | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| D | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| SA | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| SD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| DR | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1~2 | <u> </u> |
| BF | | <u> </u> | | <u> </u> ' | | İ | | | | | | | 0~5 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | FUN1 IE AX | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | I_MV | | | | | | |
| Opera | nds | | | | | | IE_AX | I_MV | | | | | | |
| • | | | | Fthe | rCAT | D | IE_AX Descriț | ti_MV | | | | | | |
| S Ethe | erCAT | | ol axis: ode: 0 | | | D _ axis | IE_AX Descrip | ti_MV | | | | | | |

V speed: positive number (a real number greater than zero), including the [decimal point position] of th

A Acceleration: positive number (a real number greater than zero), including the [decimal point position

D Deceleration: positive number (a real number greater than zero), including the [decimal point position

SA S acceleration curve %: positive integer, 0~1000 ‰

SD S deceleration curve %: positive integer, 0~1000 ‰

DR direction: 1 positive direction, 2 negative direction

BF: Speed continuous mode: 0 executes the current command immediately, 1 waits for the end of the previous command speed continuous, 4 selects the current command speed continuous, 5 selects the h

- When the execution control [EN] is triggered by the upper differential, Fun197 executes the axis positio
 When the execution control [EN] is triggered by the lower differential, Fun197 stops the axis position control
- In axis position control, if the update parameter [UPD] becomes 1, this command will immediately update
- When the axis position is under control, the output indicator [ACT] ON.
- During axis position control, if an error occurs, the output indication [ERR] will be ON.
- When the axis position control is completed, the output indication [DN] will be ON.
- When updating the position control parameters is completed, the output indication [UPD] ON.

Example

| M1000 | (| | ME_AXI_MOV | <u> </u> |
|-------|------|-----|-----------------|----------|
| -101 | EN | s: | 1 | -ACT |
| M1005 | | MD: | 1 | |
| | UPD- | Ps: | R1000 10000 | -ERF |
| | | v : | R1002 1000 | |
| | | A : | R1004 100000 | -DN |
| | | D : | R1006 100000 | |
| | | SA: | R1008 0 | -UPC |
| | | SD: | R1010 0 | |
| | | DR: | R1012 1 | |
| | | BF: | 0 | |
| | | | | |

| | | | <u>.</u> |
|------|-------|----------------|----------|
| | | 1 | 2 |
| | 軸名稱 | | |
| 基本設定 | 軸類型 | 伺服 | |
| | 編碼器類型 | 增量型 | |
| | 單位 | mm | |
| | 小數點位置 | 0.001 | |
| 單位設定 | 脈波/圈 | 131072 PLS/Rev | 13107 |
| 里拉設定 | 單位/圈 | 1.000 mm/Rev | 1.000 |
| | 速度單位 | 指令位置/秒 | 指 |
| | 速度增益 | 1.000 | |

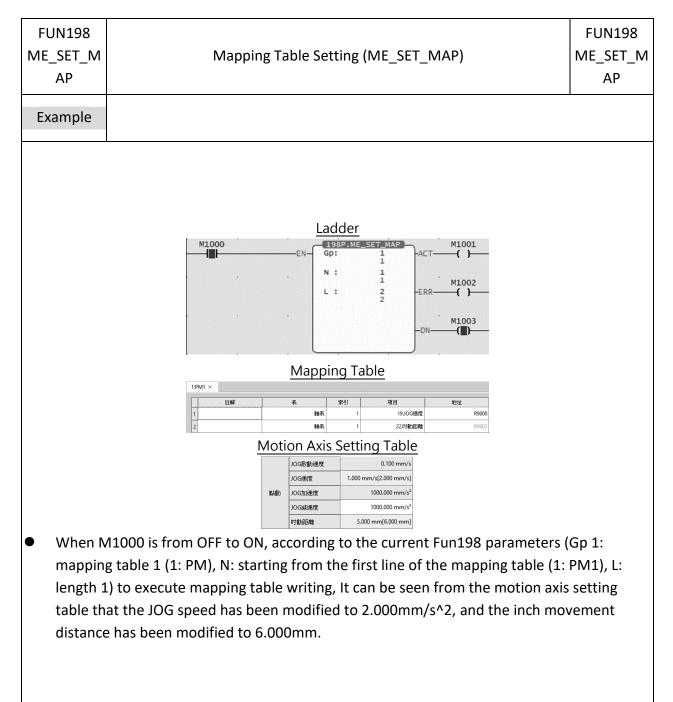
When M1000 is from OFF→ON, according to the current Fun197 parameters (S: EtherCAT axis 1, MD: reacceleration 100.000mm/s^2, D: Deceleration 100.000mm/s^2, SA: S acceleration curve 0.0%, SD: S decommand immediately) to execute position control.

| FUN198 IE_SET_M AP | 1 | | | Мар | ping | Table | e Sett | ing (M | 1E_SE | T_MA | ۹P) | | | FUN198 ME_SET_M AP |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|
| Symbol | \vdash | | | | | | | | | | | | I | |
| -EN- | Gp: N : L : | 8P.ME | <u>SET_</u> M 0 2 | | -ACT- -ERR- -DN- | | 1 | Gp: M N: Ma L: Map | apping | g start | t table | e numl | ber | |
| | | | | | | Rela | y and | l Regis | ster | | | | | |
| ange | WX WX0 WX100 8 | WY WY0 WY100 8 | WM WM0 WM910 4 | WS WS0 WS308 8 | TMR T0 T1023 | CTR C0 C1279 | HR R0 R3476 7 | 8 R3502 | 4 R3527 | 0 R4322 | 4 R4731 | DR D0 D1199 9 | К | XR V, Z P0 ~ P9 |
| Gp | | | | | | | \vdash | 3 | 9 | 3 | 9 | | 0~64 | |
| N L | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0~1024 1~1024 | |
| | | | | | | C | Descri | iption | | | | | | |
| parame Operan Gp map | eters, nds pping pping t | , you c g table table s | can use e group start ta | e [Fur p num able n | n188 nber: numb | Recip grou per: m | pe Rea ip nun nappir | ead] an mber 1 ing tab | nd [Fu 1~16, ple nui | n189 0 mea mber | Recip ans al 1~10 | be Writ | te]. ps. | of motion co |

7-22-22 Mapping Table Setting (ME_SET_MAP)

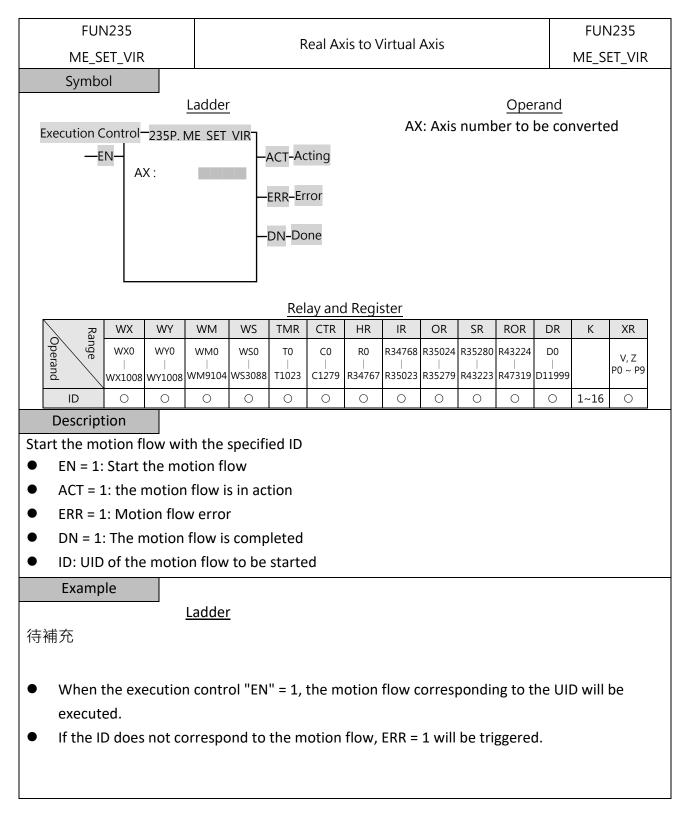
- When the mapping is being written, the output indication [ACT] ON.
- When the mapping is being written, if an error occurs, the output indication [ERR] will be ON.
- When the mapping is written in, the output indication [DN] will be ON.

Chapter 7 Advanced Function Instructions



| FUN235 ME_SET_VI R | Real Axis to Virtual Axis | FUN235 ME_SET_VI R |
|---|--|--------------------------|
| Symbol | | |
| Description | AX: AX: AX: Axis number to be convert AX: Axis number to be convert ERR- AX: Axis number to be convert EN: Trigger command ACT: Acting ERR: Conversion error DN: Execution complete | ed |
| Make s ERR wil If you n motion | nmand is to convert real axis into virtual axis. ure the motion control system is in stop state before use, if it is in initial output 1. eed to stop the initialized system, you can refer to the instruction of FU flows. ails of this command, please refer to the instructions in the motion cont | N177 stop all |

7-22-23 Real Axis to Virtual Axis (ME_SET_MAP)



7-23 Other Instructions (FUN115, FUN258)

7-23-1 Data Buffering (DBUF)

| FUN115P DBUF | Data Buffering | | | | | | | | | FUN115P DBUF | | |
|--|--------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--|---------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------|--|
| Symbol | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ladder Symbol EN | | | | — DN | | | ID: Expansion module ID CH: The channel designated for expansion module (0~3) D: Starting position where the data will be saved. | | | | | |
| | Range | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | К | XR | | | |
| | Ope- rand | R0 R34767 | R34768 R34895 | R35024 R35151 | R35280 R43223 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | | V \ Z P0 - P9 | | | |
| | ID | | | | | | | 0-127 | \bigcirc | | | |
| | СН | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | * | ○* | 0-63 | \bigcirc | | | |
| | D | \bigcirc | | | | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | | | | | |
| Description | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| It is used to o that have ana this comman sampling cycl | llog input ar d will not be | nd supp limite | oort da d by th | ta buff | ering f | unctio | n. The | buffere | d data | colled | cted through | |

| FUN115P DBUF | | Data Buff | ering | Data Buffering FUN115P DBUF | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|---------------------|--------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Example | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| The data buffer function can be controlled through the relay, and the digital operation value can be stored in the data buffer area to observe the change of the digital operation value. Use methods and instructions Each buffer point updates the digital operation value to the data buffer area according to the processing time of the A/D conversion mode. Each channel can store up to 600 points/ch. Example: When the cache points are set to 600 and the pre-trigger data points are set to 50: 數據緩存啟動繼電器 數據緩存啟動繼電器 數據緩存啟動繼電器 數據緩存啟動繼電器 mi發演動變電器 mi發後數據=50點 mi mi發後數據=550點 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Setting and p | _ | xample diagram of t | | 5 runetion | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Setting | Preset Value | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Buffer Points200Before Trigger | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Buffer Points | 600 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Table 65: Setting of data buffering function | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| FUN115P DBUF | Data Buffering FUN115P DBUF | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|---|---------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| The following table shows | how to use the o | data buffer function: | | | | | | | | |
| Run-time Relay Control Data Buffer Relay | Description | Setting | | | | | | | | |
| Data Buffer Request Relay | Buffer | Off->On: Start buffering | | | | | | | | |
| | Request | On->Off: Suspend buffering | | | | | | | | |
| Data Buffer Trigger Relay | Trigger | Off->On: Trigger data buffer relay | | | | | | | | |
| Data Buffer Completion | Buffer | Off->On: | | | | | | | | |
| Status Relay | Completion | The specified cache points are completed, | and the cach | | | | | | | |
| | Data | can be read through command 115 (DBUF | function). | | | | | | | |
| | | On->Off: | | | | | | | | |
| | | Data Buffer Request Relay: On -> Off, Off | when the | | | | | | | |
| | | buffering is turned off. | | | | | | | | |
| | | Data Buffer Completion Status Relay: On- | >Off->On, Of | | | | | | | |
| | | when retriggered, until Off->On after the | buffer points | | | | | | | |
| | | are completed. | | | | | | | | |
| | - | o use the data buffering function | | | | | | | | |
| After the data buffering is | completed, use | Fun115 DBUF to read the buffered data store | ed in the | | | | | | | |
| module to the address of | the PLC designat | ed register. | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

| 7-23-2 Tare | | | | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | iiiu | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|------------|---------|------------|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------|-------------|-------|-----------|----------|--------------------|--|--|
| FUN258P MODCONF | | | Та | re We | eight [| Deduc | tion C | Comma | ind | | | FUN258P MODCONF | | |
| Symbol | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 運算控制 ——EN − 回復初始 ——RST− | OP TARESUB | | | | | | | | | | o be ded | ucted (0~N) | | |
| | | | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | K | XR | | | | |
| | | Range | RO | R34 768 R34 895 | R35 024 R35 151 | R35 280 R43 223 | R43 224 | D0 | | V ` Z | | | | |
| | | Operand | R34 767 | 693 | 131 | 225 | R47 319 | D1'19 99 | | Р0~Р 9 | | | | |
| | | FUN | | | | | | | 1 ` 2 | 0 | | | | |
| | | ID | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0* | 0* | 0~63 | 0 | | | | |
| | | СН | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| | | SUB | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Description | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

7-23-2 Tare Weight Deduction Command

- To subtract the custom tare weight, you must change the config setting to "digital mode".
 In the "light touch mode", the current gross weight will be regarded as the tare weight directly deducted.
- Removing the fixed tare weight and recalibrating it may benefit from improved accuracy.
- When the Tare weight deduction command is enabled, if it is "light touch mode," it is the automatic parameter setting mode subtracting the current scale reading value.
- When the command of tare weight deducting is enabled, if the command mode is set to "digital", it is the manual parameter setting mode. At this time, the user can set the tare weight to be deducted by himself. When the command to enable tare weight deducting is sent, the command will subtract the corresponding weight according to the parameters set by the user.
- When RST OFF->ON, the setting before control will be restored.

| FUN258P MODCONF | | | | Tare | Weig | ht Of | fset C | omma | and | | FUN258P MODCONF |
|--------------------|--|--|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|---|----------------|--------------------|
| Symbol | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 運算控制 — 手動模式 — | | <u>階梯圖符</u> 258DP.MO OP TAREZR ID CH WR | DCONF | | err — DN — | | ID:擴列 CH:通 | ₽模組∣ 道索引 | OFFSET ID 編號(0 ~ f (0 ~ N) 數設定起始暫 | | |
| | | | HR | IR | OR | SR | ROR | DR | К | XR | |
| | | 範 運 算 元 | R0 R34767 | R34768 R34895 | R35024 R35151 | R35280 R43223 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | | V \ Z P0~P9 | |
| | | OP ID | \sim | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0* | 0* | TAREZROFFSET | 0 | |
| | | CH | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0~63 〇 | 0 | |
| | | SB | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Description | | | | | | | | | | | |
| W/R lict• | | INA gain | | | | | | | | | |
| WR list: WR+0 | | | | | | | | _ | | | |
| WR+0 | | | 1 | | | | | | | | |
| | | ADC gair digital va | | 32 bit | S | | | | | | |

7-23-3 Tare Weight Offset Command

| | 258P CONF | Tare Weight Offset Command | FUN258P MODCONF | | | | | |
|--|--------------|--|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Descr | ription | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | the fixed tare weight. By setting the Instrumentation amplifier gain and one of the to improve ADC conversion accuracy. | I ADC gain, it | | | | | |
| | • | tically parameter setting mode set the command mode to 0 and send th | ne command | | | | | |
| | | le the tare zero function. The module will automatically calculate the ap | | | | | | |
| | | entation amplifier gain, ADC gain, and Digital value and send it back to t | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| • User manual setting mode, MD=1, send a command to enable the tare zero function, and | | | | | | | | |
| | | mand will be accompanied by the Instrumentation amplifier gain, ADC | - | | | | | |
| | - | alue set by the user. The Instrumentation amplifier gain is 433.92, 216.9 | | | | | | |
| 1 | L08.48, | the ADC gain is 1, 2, 4, 8 and 16, and the Digital value setting range is 1 ^r | ~ 56874 | | | | | |
| (1 | 2.1696 | V). | | | | | | |
| • т | The form | nula for calculating fixed weight | | | | | | |
| | Fixe | d tare weight= $\left(\frac{DAC \ digital \ value}{65535} \times 2.5\right) \times \frac{Rated \ capacity \times Number}{INA \ gain \times Excitation \ volta}$ | r of LC sensor ge × Rated out | | | | | |
| • т | The sug | gested formula for ADC/INA Gain setting | | | | | | |
| | Rated co | $\frac{Max \ weighting \ capacity}{pacity \times Number \ of \ LC \ sensors} \times INA \ gain \times ADC \ gain \le 500 = \left(\frac{DAC \ digital \ value}{65535}\right)$ | $\frac{e}{2} \times 2.5) \times$ | | | | | |
| | | $l \ capacity \times Number \ of \ LC \ sensors$ | | | | | | |
| | - | n × Excitation voltage × Rated output | | | | | | |
| *The t | tare we | ight offset command is only supported by the LCR module, not by the L | .C. | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

7-24 Floating Point Instructions (FUN200~220)

7-24-1 CONVERSION OF INTEGER TO FLOATING POINT NUMBER FUN200<mark>D</mark>P FUN200DP CONVERSION OF INTEGER TO FLOATING POINT NUMBER I→F I→F ※Because floating-point numbers occupy two registers, when using indirect Symbol addressing, it should be noted that odd-numbered registers cannot be used. S: Starting register of Integer to be converted D: Starting register to store the result of Ladder symbol conversion 200DP.I→F-The register used by the operand must be an Conversion control - EN S : even address. For example, R8 is legal, but R7 is D : not. S and D operands can be combined with V, Z, P0~P9 indicators for indirect addressing applications Range HR ROR DR Κ XR R43224 16/32-bit V,Z RO D0 Ope rand R34767 | R47319 D11999 numbers P0-P9 S ()()()()()D \bigcirc ()* ()* \bigcirc Description • The format of floating-point number of Fatek-PLC follows the IEEE-754 standard. For detail explanation of the format please refer to 5.3 (Numbering System). When the execution control "EN"=1 or from $0 \rightarrow 1$ (P instruction), the integer value data in the S register is converted into floating-point format data, and then stored in the D register. FUN200DP FUN200DP CONVERSION OF INTEGER TO FLOATING POINT NUMBER I→F I→F

| Example | e | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|--------------------|-----|-----------------|----------------|------------|----------|---------------|----------------|---|---|---|---|---------|----------------|---|---------|---|----------|------------|---|-------------------|---|-----|----|
| | | | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | | EN- | S : D : | | .I->F R(D(| 0 | ERI | R- |
| | R0 = 20 After I | > F | Cor | nve | rsic | | | | | | | | ЭН | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| I→F | 0 | 1 | ь13 0 | 0 | ь11 н О | ь10 О | ^{b9} | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 b3 | 0 | 0 | 0 b0 | 0 | 000 | 0 |] | | | | |
| →D | D0 : b31 | - | b29 e | _{b28} | b27 I | | - | ^{b24} | | | | | | ^{b18} | | | | b14 ~ b1 | ьо M | | | | | |

7-24-2 CONVERSION OF FLOATING POINT NUMBER TO INTEGER

| FUN201 <mark>D</mark> P F→I | CONV | CONVERSION OF FLOATING POINT NUMBER TO INTEGER | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------|--|-------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------|--------------------------------|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| Symbol | | • • | | | | - | when using ir ers cannot be | | | | | |
| $\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} Ladder \ symbol \\ \hline \\ Conversion \ control - EN \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} Ladder \ symbol \\ \hline \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ $ | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Range | HR | ROR | DR | XR | | | | | | |
| | | Ope- rand | R0 R34767 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11998 | V,Z P0-P9 | | | | | | |
| | | S | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | | | | | | |
| D () (* (* () | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Description | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | at of floating | | | | | | EE-754 standa | ard. For deta | | | | |

- When the execution control "EN"=1 or from 0→1 (P command), the floating-point data in the S register is converted into integer format data and stored in the D register.
- If the value exceeds the valid range of destination, then do not carry out this instruction, and set the range-error flag "ERR" as 1 and the D register will be intact.

| FUN201D P F→I | CON | CONVERSION OF FLOATING POINT NUMBER TO INTEGER | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|--|--|-------------------|------------|-------------------|------------|---------------|------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Example | Example | | | | | | | | | | | |
| X2 EN-S: R20 ERR- | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | D: | D10 . | | | | |
| DR20 = 1 | 23.45 → X2 | != . | · | | | | · · · · | | | | | |
| ● After F > | l Conversio | $n \rightarrow \overline{D10}$ | = 007B | Η | | | | | | | | |
| 0 1 0 | 0 0 0 1 | 0 1 1 | 1 1 0 | 1 1 0 | 1 1 1 | 0 0 1 1 | 0 0 1 1 | 0 0 1 1 0 | | | | |
| | b28 b27 b26 b25 | | | | 6 b15 b14 b13 | | | b4 b3 b2 b1 b0 | | | | |
| see | <u> e e e e</u> | | <u> m m m</u> | ı m m n | <u>ין m m m</u> | m m m n | n m m m m | <u>m m m m m</u>] | | | | |
| D10: 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 b12 b11 b10 b9 | | 1 1 1 b5 b4 b3 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |

FUN202 P FUN202 P FLOATING POINT NUMBER ADDITION FADD FADD ※Because floating-point numbers occupy two registers, when using indirect Symbol addressing, it should be noted that odd-numbered registers cannot be used. Sa: Augend Sb: Addend Ladder symbol D: Destination register to store the results of -202P.FADD-ERR — Ranger Error (FO0) Addition control - EN Sa : the addition Sb : The register used by the operand must be an D : even address. For example, R8 is legal, but R7 is not. Sa, Sb, D may combine with V, Z, P0~P9 to serve indirect addressing Range HR ROR DR К XR RO R43224 D0 floating V,Z Ope-rand point number R34767 R47319 D11999 P0-P9 Sa () \bigcirc \bigcirc ()() \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc Sb \bigcirc ()* ()* \bigcirc D \bigcirc Description The format of floating point number of Fatek-PLC follows the IEEE-754 standard. For detail • explanation of the format please refer to 5.3-P. 118 (Numbering System). When addition control "EN"=1 or from $0 \rightarrow 1$ (P instruction), perform floating-point addition • operation on Sa and Sb and write the result into D. If the execution result exceeds the expressible range of floating point numbers (+-3.4*10 38)", the error flag "ERR" is set to 1, and the value of the D register is an invalid value, which should be ignored.

7-24-3 FLOATING POINT NUMBER ADDITION

| FUN202 P FADD | FLOATING POINT NUMBER ADDITION | FUN202 P FADD |
|------------------|---|------------------|
| Example | | |
| | | R0 -ERR- |
| | D: F | |
| • | When X0=ON, performs the addition of the data specified at Sa and S | ib: |
| DR | 0 2 0 0 C Floating Point Number : DR0 4 3 4 8 0 0 0 0 H |] |
| DR | 10 1 5 0 |] |
| | DR20 43AF0000H |] |

7-24-4 FLOATING POINT NUMBER SUBTRACTION

| FUN 203 P FSUB | FI | ON | FUN 203 P FSUB | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|--|--|-------------------|-----------------------|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|------------------------------|--|--|
| Symbol | | ers, when using ir egisters cannot be | | | | | | | | | |
| Subtraction control – | Ladder symbo 203P.FSUB Sa : Sb : D : | - ERR — R | anger Err | or (FO0) | Sb: Su D: Des the su The re even a not. Sa, Sb | btractio gister u address | n reg on used l . For com | ister to store the by the operand m example, R8 is le bine with V, Z, PC g. | nust be an gal, but R7 is | | |
| | | Range | HR | ROR | DR | К | XR | | | | |
| | | Ope- rand | R0 R34767 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | floating point number | V,Z P0-P9 | | | | |
| | | Sa | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc | 0 | | | | |
| | Sb 🔿 🔿 | | | | | | 0 | | | | |
| | \bigcirc | • | • | | \bigcirc | | | | | | |
| Description | Description | | | | | | | | | | |

| • | The format of floating point number of Fatek-PLC follows the IEEE-754 standard. For detail |
|---|--|
| | explanation of the format please refer to 5.3 (Numbering System). |

When addition control "EN"=1 or from 0→1 (P instruction), perform floating-point addition operation on Sa and Sb and write the result into D. If the execution result exceeds the expressible range of floating point numbers (+-3.4*10 38)", the error flag "ERR" is set to 1, and the value of the D register is an invalid value, which should be ignored.

| | 1 | | | | | |
|-------------------|---------|----------------|----------------|-----------|----------------------|----------------------|
| FUN 203 P FSUB | | FLOATING POINT | NUMBER S | UBTRAC | CTION | FUN 203 P FSUB |
| Example | | | | | | |
| | | · · | | | EN- Sa: Sb: D: | RO ERR- R4 R10 |
| | | | | | | |
| • | - I | _ | | r the dai | a specified at Sa ar | |
| | DR0 200 | Floating Poin | it Number : | DR0 | 43480000+ | |
| [[| DR4 500 | Floating Poin | t Number : | DR4 | 4 3 F A 0 0 0 0 H | |
| | | | | DR10 | C 3 9 6 0 0 0 0 F | 1 |

| FUN 204 P FMUL | | FLOATING POINT NUMBER MULTIPLICATION | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|---|---|--|---|---|--|-----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Symbol | | Because floating-point numbers occupy two registers, when using ddressing, it should be noted that odd-numbered registers cannot | | | | | | | | |
| Multiplication control | Ladder sy - 204P.FMI - EN - Sa : Sb : D : | rror (FO0) | Sb: Mu D: Dest the mu The reg even ad not. Sa, Sb, | ination r Itiplicatio gister use ddress. F | registe on ed by t or exa ombin | r to store the he operand m mple, R8 is leg e with V, Z, PC | ust be an gal, but R7 is | | | |
| | | Range | HR | ROR | DR | K | XR | | | |
| | | Ope- rand | R0 R34767 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | floating point number | V,Z P0-P9 | | | |
| | | Sa | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | | | |
| | | Sb | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | | | |
| | | D | \bigcirc | ○* | | \bigcirc | | | | |
| Description | Description | | | | | | | | | |

7-24-5 FLOATING POINT NUMBER MULTIPLICATION

| explana When a operation express | nat of floating point number of Fatek-PLC follows the IEEE-754 standard cion of the format please refer to 5.3 (Numbering System)-P.118. ddition control "EN"=1 or from 0→1 (P instruction), perform floating-po on on Sa and Sb and write the result into D. If the execution result e ble range of floating point numbers (+-3.4*10 38)", the error flag "ERR' value of the D register is an invalid value, which should be ignored. | int addition exceeds the |
|---|---|-----------------------------|
| FUN 204 P FMUL | FLOATING POINT NUMBER MULTIPLICATION | FUN 204 P FMUL |
| Example | | |
| M10 | EN Sa: R10 Sb: R12 D : R14 | -ERR- |
| DR | n M10= $\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$ | 5b : |

| FUN 205 <mark>P</mark> FDIV | | FLOATING POINT NUMBER DIVIDION | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|--|-----------------------------|--|
| Symbol | ※Because floating-point numbers occupy two registers, when u addressing, it should be noted that odd-numbered registers can | | | | | | | | | |
| Ladder symbol 205P.FDIV -Sa : -Sb : D : | | | | | | vision gister us ddress. I | ed by For ex | er to store the the operand m ample, R8 is lea ne with V, Z, PC | ust be an gal, but R7 is | |
| | | Range | HR | ROR | DR | K | XR | | | |
| | | Ope- rand | R0 R34767 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | floating point number | V,Z P0-P9 | | | |
| | | Sa | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc | 0 | | | |
| | | Sb | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | | | |
| | | D | \bigcirc | • | • | | \bigcirc | | | |
| Description | | | | | | | | | | |

7-24-6 FLOATING POINT NUMBER DIVIDION

- The format of floating point number of Fatek-PLC follows the IEEE-754 standard. For detail explanation of the format please refer to 5.3 (Numbering System)-P.118.
- When addition control "EN"=1 or from 0→1 (P instruction), perform floating-point addition operation on Sa and Sb and write the result into D. If the execution result exceeds the expressible range of floating point numbers (+-3.4*10 38)", the error flag "ERR" is set to 1, and the value of the D register is an invalid value, which should be ignored.

| FUN 205 P FDIV | | FLOATING POINT NUMBER DIVIDION | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|----------|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------|-----------|----------|-------------|--------|-------|--|--|--|
| Example | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ×5 | | | | | • | EN- | 205. Sa: | FDIV | -ERR- | | | |
| | | | | | | | Sb: | R2 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | D : | R4 | | | | |
| • | When X5: | =ON, per | forms the o | division of t | he data s | pecified | at Sa and | d Sb : | | | | |
| DR0 | | | loating Poin | | DR0 | | A 8 0 0 0 | | | | | |
| DR2 | 5 | | loating Poin | t Number : | DR2 | 4 0 A | 00000 | H | | | | |
| | | | | ÷ | | | | | _ | | | |
| | | | | | DR4 | 4 1 C | 86666 | 6 H | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| FCMP | | | FLO. | ATING | POINT | NUMBE | R COMP/ | ARE | | FUN 206 P FCMP | |
|----------------|-------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|--------------|----------------------------|-------------------|--|
| Symbol | | Because floating-point numbers occupy two registers, when using indirect ddressing, it should be noted that odd-numbered registers cannot be used. | | | | | | | | | |
| Compare contro | $\frac{La}{D} = EN - S$ | adder syml 06P.FCMF Sa : | nbol Sa: The register to be compared | | | | | | ust be an gal, but R7 i | | |
| | | R | ange | HR | ROR | DR | К | XR | | | |
| | | Ope- rand | | R0 R34767 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | floating point number | V,Z P0-P9 | | | |
| | | S | а | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | | | |
| | | S | b | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | | | |
| explanat | | | - | | | - | | | | | |
| instructio | on). If th | e data o | | | | then se | et FO0 to | 1. lf t | he data of Sa | | |

7-24-7 FLOATING POINT NUMBER COMPARE

| FUN 206 FCMP | FLOATING POINT NUMBER COMPARE | FUN 206 P FCMP | |
|-----------------|---|-------------------------|--|
| Example | | | |
| | | | |
| | EN-Sa: R0 - | a=b- | |
| | | | |
| | -a | ı>b− | |
| | | i <b<u>Y0 (}</b<u> | |
| • v | Vhen X0=ON, compares the data of Sa and Sb: | | |
| Γ | DR0 200.1 | | |
| | | | |
| | DR2 200.2 Floating Point Number : DR2 43483333H | | |
| с | rom the above example, we first assume the data of DR0 is 200.1 and D ompare the data when X0 =1 by executing the CMP instruction. The FO0 et to 0 and FO2 (a <b) 1="" a<b.<="" is="" set="" since="" td="" to=""><td>-</td></b)> | - | |
| ● Ii | f you want to have the compound results, such as $\geq\leq<$ > etc., pleas | se send = ` < | |
| а | nd > results to relay first and then combine the result from the relays. | | |
| | | | |

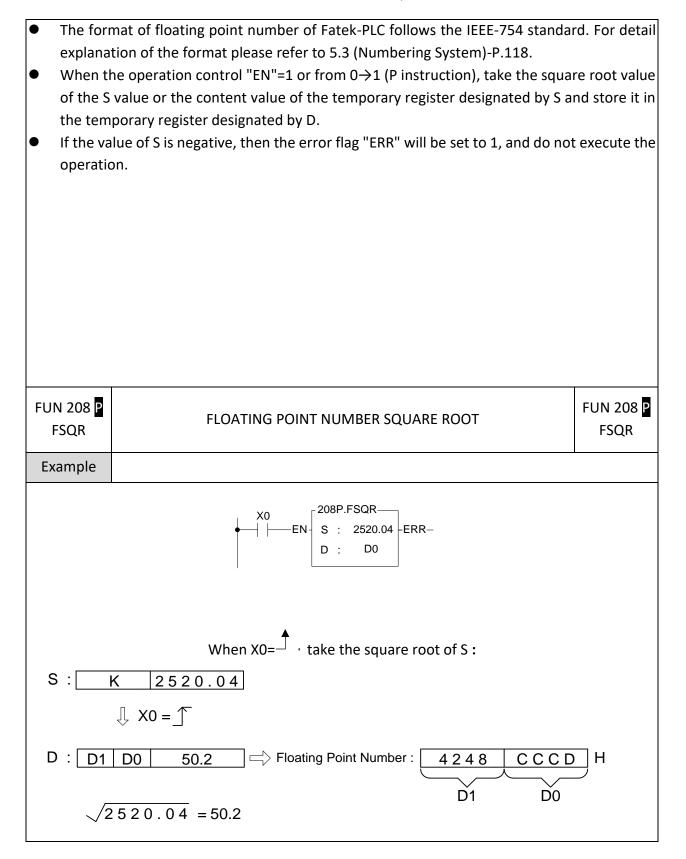
7-24-8 FLOATING POINT NUMBER ZONE COMPARE

| FUN 207 P FZCP | | FLOATING POINT NUMBER ZONE COMPARE | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Symbol | | Because floating-point numbers occupy two registers, when using indirect ddressing, it should be noted that odd-numbered registers cannot be used. | | | | | | | | | |
| Compare control— | Ladder S 207P.FZ(S : Su : SL : | CP | Inside zone Higher than Lower than Limit value of | lower limit | S: Register for zone comparison SU: The upper limit value SL: The lower limit value The register used by the operand must be a even address. For example, R8 is legal, but not. S, SU, SL may combine with V, Z, P0~P9 to s indirect address application | | | | | | |
| | | Range | HR | ROR | DR | К | XR | | | | |
| | | Ope- rand | R0 R34767 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | floating point number | V,Z P0-P9 | | | | |
| | | S | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | | 0 | | | | |
| | | Sυ | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | | | | |
| | | S∟ | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | | | | |
| Description | | | | | | | | <u>.</u> | | | |
| explanati When coupper lime ≦SU), the SU, then lower lime The upper | on of the f mpare con hit SU and en set the set the hig it SL, then | format p ntrol "EN lower lir inside zo gher thar set the l should b | lease re I" = 1 o nit SL. If one flag n upper lower th pe great | fer to 5 r chang f S is be "INZ" to limit fla nan lowe er than | .3 (Num tween the o 1. If the g "S>U" er limit f the low | bering Sy 0 to 1 (ne upper e value of to 1. If th lag "S <l" er limit S</l" | stem)-I instru limit an S is gre ne valu as 1. L. If SU | P.118. uction), com nd the lower eater than th e of S is sma | rd. For detail pares S with r limit (SL≦S e upper limit iller then the ne limit value | | |

| FUN 207 P FZCP | | FLOA | ATING PC |)INT NU | MBER Z | ONE COMI | PARE | | FUN 207 P FZCP |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|---|
| Example | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | EN | 207 S : Su: S1: | FZCP R10 R12 R14 | -INZ () -S>U- |
| | | | | | | | | | -S <l -<br="">-ERR-</l> |
| then the If want to operation to Y0. | result can get the st | then be tatus of the two | e obtaine out side o outputs | d as at t the zon s S>U an | he right e, then d S <l m<="" th=""><th>of this dia</th><th>igram. (0 may ied out,</th><th>be used,</th><th>t bottom left, or an OR ⁄e the result</th></l> | of this dia | igram. (0 may ied out, | be used, | t bottom left, or an OR ⁄e the result |
| | | | ting Point | | | 44FA06 453B84 | | (Upper | limit value) |
| | | | ting Point | | | 4 4 7 A 0 6 | | | limit value) |
| Before-exe | cution | | X0= | ∱ → F | LOATII | NG ZONE Resu | | → ARE → executi | |

7-24-9 FLOATING POINT NUMBER SQUARE ROOT

| FUN 208 P FSQR | F | LOATING | POINT NU | JMBER SQ | UARE ROOT | г | FUN 208 P FSQR | | | | |
|-----------------------|--|--|-----------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|--------------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Symbol | | Because floating-point numbers occupy two registers, when usi ddressing, it should be noted that odd-numbered registers canno | | | | | | | | | |
| Operation control — E | S: Source register to be taken squa D: Register for storing result (Square root value) The register used by the operand r even address. For example, R8 is le not. S, D may combine with V, Z, P0~P9 indirect address application | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Range | HR | ROR | DR | K | XR | | | | | |
| | Ope- rand | R0 R34767 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | floating point number | V,Z P0-P9 | | | | | |
| | S | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | | | | | |
| | D () ()* ()* () | | | | | | | | | | |
| Description | Description | | | | | | | | | | |



| FUN 209 P FSIN | | SIN TRIC | GONOME | TRIC INST | RUCTION | | | FUN 209 P FSIN | | | |
|-------------------|---|---|-----------------------|---|---------------------|--|---|-------------------|--|--|--|
| Symbol | | Because floating-point numbers occupy two registers, when usir Idressing, it should be noted that odd-numbered registers canno | | | | | | | | | |
| Operation contro | Ladder symbo 209P.FSIN – S : D : | err — Sr | ange error | D: Regist (SIN valu The regis even ado not. S, D may | ster used b | ng resu y the op xample vith V, Z | lt perand m , R8 is le _f Z, P0~P9 | gal, but R7 is | | | |
| | Range | HR | ROR | DR | K | XR | | | | | |
| | Ope- rand | R0 R34767 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | 16 – bit Integer | V,Z P0-P9 | | | | | |
| | S | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | | | | | |
| | D O O* O* O | | | | | | | | | | |
| Description | Description | | | | | | | | | | |

7-24-10 SIN TRIGONOMETRIC INSTRUCTION

| | mat of floating point number of Fatek-PLC follows the IEEE-754 standa tion of the format please refer to 5.3 (Numbering System)-P.118. | ırd. For detail |
|------------------------------|---|-----------------|
| - | | |
| | operation control "EN" = 1 or from 0 to 1 (P instruction), take the SIN | |
| _ | ata specified by the S register and store the result into the register D~D | _ |
| - | umber format. The valid range of the angle is from -18000 to $+18000$ |), unit in 0.01 |
| degree | | |
| • If the S | value is not within the valid range, then the S value error flag "ERR" wi | ll be set to 1, |
| and do | not execute the operation. | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| FUN 209 P | | FUN 209 P |
| FSIN | SIN TRIGONOMETRIC INSTRUCTION | FSIN |
| | | |
| Example | | |
| • | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | X0 EN- S : 3000 - ERR- | |
| | ● | |
| | | |
| | | |
| In the e | xample above, when X0=ON, store the value of SIN \angle 30 in DR100. | |
| | 30 | |
| | | |
| | × 100 (bias value) | |
| s | $X0 = \int Floating Point number : DR100 3 F 0 0 0 0 0$ | |
| | $3000 \qquad X0 = \int Floating Point number : DR100 3F00000$ | |
| | | |
| | SIN(30) = 0.5 | 5 |
| | 011(00) = 0.0 | , |
| | | |

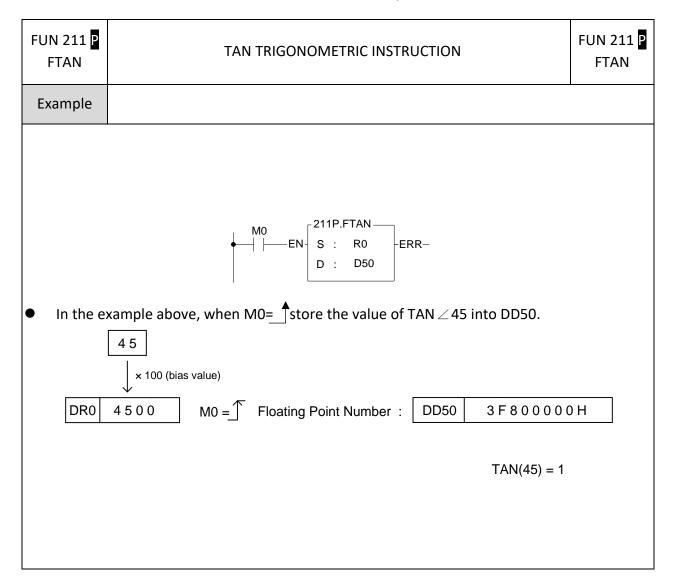
| FUN 210 P FCOS | | COS TRIGONOMETRIC INSTRUCTION | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|--|---|---|--|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Symbol | | ause float ssing, it sl | - | | | | | | | | |
| Operation control — I | ^{210F} | der symbol P.FCOS — | -ERR — S rang | ge error | D: Regist The regis even ado not. S, D may | e register to er for stori ster used b dress. For e combine v address ap | ng resu y the op xample, vith V, Z | lt (COS v perand m , R8 is le _i z, P0~P9 | ust be an gal, but R7 is | | |
| | | Range | HR | ROR | DR | K | XR | | | | |
| | | Ope- rand | R0 R34767 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | 16 – bit Integer | V,Z P0-P9 | | | | |
| | | S | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | 0 | 0 | \bigcirc | | | | |
| | D O O* O* O | | | | | | | | | | |
| Description | | | | | | | | - | | | |

7-24-11 COS TRIGONOMETRIC INSTRUCTION

| | nat of floating point number of Fatek-PLC follows the IEEE-754 standa tion of the format please refer to 5.3 (Numbering System). | rd. For detail |
|--|---|----------------------------------|
| When o angle da point nu degree. If the S | peration control "EN" = 1 or from 0 to 1 (\mathbf{P} instruction), take the COS it a specified by the S register and store the result into the register D~D- imber format. The valid range of the angle is from -18000 to +18000, value is not within the valid range, then the S value error flag "ERR" will not execute the operation. | +1 in floating , unit in 0.01 |
| | | |
| FUN 210 P FCOS | COS TRIGONOMETRIC INSTRUCTION | FUN 210 P FCOS |
| Example | | |
| In the ex DR0 | $X0 = \int EN = EN = ER = D = ER = D = ER = D = R^{-1}$ s : R0 = R200 = R200 = R^{-1} s : R0 = COS \arrow 60 in DR200. S : R0 = T = R200 = R^{-1} b : R200 = COS \arrow 60 in DR200. COS \arrow 60 = COS \arrow 60 in DR200. COS \arrow 60 in DR20. COS \arrow 60 in DR20. COS \arrow 60 in DR20 |) H |
| | COS(60) = 0.5 | ; |

| FUN 211 P FTAN | | | FUN 211 P FTAN | | | | | | |
|--|-----------|---|-------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------|--|--|
| Symbol | | use floati | | | | | | | |
| Operation control – | noted tha | hat odd-numbered registers cannot be used.S: Source register to be taken TAND: Register for storing result (TAN value)The register used by the operand must be an even address. For example, R8 is legal, but R7 not.S, D may combine with V, Z, P0~P9 to serve indirect address application | | | | | | | |
| | | Range | HR | ROR | DR | K | XR | | |
| | | Ope- rand | R0 R34767 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | 16 – bit Integer | V,Z P0-P9 | | |
| | İ | S | \bigcirc | 0 | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | | |
| | | D | \bigcirc | * | * | | \bigcirc | | |
| Description | _ | | | | | | | | |
| explanati When the value of t in the ter unit is 0.0 If the S value of the second secon | | | | | | | | | |

7-24-12 TAN TRIGONOMETRIC INSTRUCTION



7-24-13 CHANGE SIGN OF THE FLOATING POINT NUMBER

| FUN 212 P FNEG | | R | FUN 212 P FNEG | | | | | |
|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------|--|--|
| Symbol | | /hen using ii rs cannot be | | | | | | |
| D: Register to be changed sign The register used by the operand must be an even address. For example, R8 is legal, but R7 not. D may combine with V, Z, P0~P9 to serve indirect address application | | | | | | | | |
| | | Range | HR | ROR | DR | XR | | |
| | | Ope- rand | R0 R34767 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | V,Z P0-P9 | | |
| | | D | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | | |
| Description | | | | | | | | |
| The format of floating point number of Fatek-PLC follows the IEEE-754 standard. For detail explanation of the format please refer to 5.3 (Numbering System). ° When operation control "EN" = 1 or from 0 to 1 (p instruction), the sign of the floating point number register specified by D will be toogled. If value of D was originally negative, the result of taking a negative number will become a positive number. | | | | | | | | |

| FUN 212 P FNEG | CHANGE SIGN OF THE FLOATING | FUN 212 P FNEG | | |
|-------------------|--|-------------------|------------------------|----|
| Example | | | | |
| | | | | |
| The instructi | X0 FNEG FNEG FNEG FNEG FNEG FNEG FNEG FNEG | RO ter, an | d stores it back to DR | 0. |
| ם | R0 123.45 Sloating Point Number : | DR0 | 4 2 F 6 E 6 6 6 H | |
| | 几 (NEGATION) | | ↓ X0= | |
| D | R0 - 1 2 3 . 4 5 | DR0 | C 2 F 6 E 6 6 6 H | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

7-24-14 FLOATING POINT NUMBER ABSOLUTE VALUE

| FUN 213 P FABS | | | FUN 213 P FABS | | | | | | | |
|--|--|---|-------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------|--|------------------------------|--|--|
| Symbol | | Secause floating-point numbers occupy two registers, when using ddressing, it should be noted that odd-numbered registers cannot l | | | | | | | | |
| D: Register to be taken absolute valu The register used by the operand mu even address. For example, R8 is legand not. D may combine with V, Z, P0~P9 to so indirect address application | | | | | | | | uust be an gal, but R7 is | | |
| | | Range | HR | ROR | DR | XR | | | | |
| | | Ope- rand | R0 R34767 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | V,Z P0-P9 | | | | |
| | | D | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | | | | |
| Description | | | | | | | | | | |
| The format of floating point number of Fatek-PLC follows the IEEE-754 standard. For detail explanation of the format please refer to 5.3 (Numbering System). When operation control "EN" = 1 or from 0 to 1 (P instruction), calculate the absolute value | | | | | | | | | | |

When operation control "EN" = 1 or from 0 to 1 (P instruction), calculate the absolute value of the floating point number register specified by D, and write it back into the original D register.

| FUN 213 P FABS | FLOATING POINT NUMBER ABSOLUTE VALUE | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--|----------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Example | | | | | | | | |
| This inst | X0 FABS R0 Truction calculates the absolute value of the DR0 register, and stores in | t back in DR0. | | | | | | |
| | DR0 -1 0 0 . 2 5 Floating Point Number : DR0 C 2 C 8 8 0 0 0 H | | | | | | | |
| | <pre>↓ (ABSOLUTE)</pre> ↓ X0= | | | | | | | |
| | DR0 1 0 0 . 2 5 DR0 4 2 C 8 8 0 0 0 H | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

| FUN 218 P FASIN | FLOATING POINT ARC SINE FUNCTION | | | | | | FUN 218 P FASIN | | |
|--|--|--------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|---|--------------------|--|--|
| Symbol | *Because floating-point numbers occupy two registers, when using indirect addressing, it should be noted that odd-numbered registers cannot be used. | | | | | | | | |
| EN 218P.FASIN ERR S : D : MD: | | | | | | S: Source data or register to be calculated the arc sine value. The register used by the operand must be an even address. For example, R8 is legal, but R7 is not. D: Register for storing the result. S, D may combine with V, Z, P0~P9 to serve indirect address application. MD: In order to make the user more intuitive in use, MD can choose the output mode: MD is 0: the output value is the radius, and the output is a floating point number (32bit). MD is 1: the output value is an angle, and the output is a positive integer (16bit). | | | |
| | | Range | HR | ROR | DR | К | XR | | |
| | | Ope- rand | R0 R34767 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | floating point number | V,Z P0-P9 | | |
| | | S | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | | |
| D | | | \bigcirc | * | * | | \bigcirc | | |
| | | MD | | | | 0,1 | | | |
| Description | | | | | | | | | |

7-24-15 FLOATING POINT ARC SINE FUNCTION

| explana When t tempora Radian) Range o If the va "ERR" is | tion of the he operat ary registe and stores f S data: -2 alue of S es set to 1, a | format p tion cont r content s it in D sp L [~] +1; ran xceeds th and the co | lease refer to rol "EN"=1 o value design pecified registo ge of D value: e valid range, ontents of the | atek-PLC follo 5.3 (Numberin r from 0→1 ated by S take er. -π/2 ~ π/2 (U or the indirect register design ecuted in inter | ng System). (P instruction es the arc sine nit in radian) et addressing in nated by D wi | n), the S we function we is wrong, t Il not be up | value or the value (unit is he error flag |
|--|--|---|--|--|---|--|---|
| FUN 218 P FASIN | | FLOA | TING POINT A | RC SINE FUNC | TION, sin ⁻¹ | | FUN 218 P FASIN |
| Example | | | | | | | |
| • When M | | ulate the | | e of DR4, then | MD : | 09. FSIN R0 0.005235963 8. FASIN R4 0.005235963 8. 6 .2038954e-044 1 1 ree (MD=1 | -ERR () -ERR () -ERR () -ERR () |
| • when w | 10 – 1, cai | Name | Status | Data | Comment | | ., to bho. |
| | | DR0 | DEC | 30 | [R0] | | |
| | | DR4 | FLOAT | 0.005235963 | [R4] | | |
| | | DR6 | DEC | 30 | [R6] | | |
| | | | | | | | |

7-24-16 FLOATING POINT ARC COSINE FUNCTION

| FUN 219 P FACOS | FLOATING POINT ARC COSINE FUNTION | | | | | | | | FUN 219 P FACOS | |
|--|--|---|---|--|---|--|---|---|---|--|
| | ЖВесаuse flo | ※Because floating-point numbers occupy two temporary registers, wh | | | | | | | | |
| Symbol | | indirect addressing, it should be noted that odd-numbered temporary cannot be used. | | | | | | | | |
| EN 219P.FACOS ERR S : D : MD: | | | | | | S: Source data or register to be calculated the arc cosine value. The register used by the operand must be an even address. For example, R8 is legal, but R7 is not. D: Register for storing the result. S, D may combine with V, Z, P0~P9 to serve indirect address application. MD: In order to make the user more intuitive in use, MD can choose the output mode: MD is 0: the output value is the radius, and the output is a floating point number (32bit). MD is 1: the output value is an angle, and the output is a positive integer (16bit). | | | | |
| | | Range | HR | ROR | DR | К | XR | | | |
| | | Ope- rand | R0 R34767 | R43224 R47319 | D0 D11999 | floating point number | V,Z P0-P9 | | | |
| | | S | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | | | |
| | | D | \bigcirc | ○* | ○* | | \bigcirc | | | |
| | | MD | | | | 0,1 | | | | |
| Description | | | | | | | | | | |
| explana When tempor Radian) Range of If the v "ERR" is | ition of the fo the operation ary register co and stores it of S data: -1~ - alue of S exce | rmat ple contro ontent v in D spe +1; rang eds the the cor | ease ref ol "EN" value de ecified r e of D v valid r ntents o | fer to 5. '=1 or esignate register value: -1 ange, o of the re | .3 (Num from 0 [.] ed by S t π/2 ~ π/ r the in- egister d | bering Sy \rightarrow 1 (P in akes the 2 (Unit in direct ad esignate | ystem) nstruc arc co n radia dressi d by D | tion), the S v psine function nn) ng is wrong, t will not be up | value or the value (unit is he error flag | |

| | I 218 P ACOS | | FUN 218 P FACOS | | | | |
|------|-----------------|-------------|--------------------|---------------|----------------|--|---------------|
| Exa | ample | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| N000 | MO | | | | | EN S : R0 | -ERR() |
| | | | | | | D: R4 0.9999862 | 9 |
| | | | | | | EN S: R4 | |
| | | · · | | · | | 0.9999862 D: R6 4.2038954e-(MD: 1 1 | |
| • | When N | 10 = 1, cal | culate the | arc cosine va | lue of DR4, th | nen store the degree (N | 1D=1) to DR6. |
| | | | Name | Status | Data | Comment | |
| | | | DR0 | DEC | 30 | [R0] | |
| | | | DR4 | FLOAT | 0.99998629 | [R4] | |
| | | | DR6 | DEC | 30 | [R6] | |
| | | | | | | | |

8

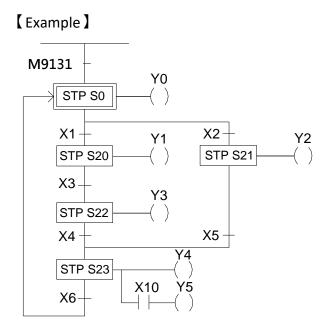
Step Instruction Description

| <u>8-1</u> | The Operation Principle of Step Ladder Diagram | 3 |
|------------|---|------|
| <u>8-2</u> | Basic Formation of Step Ladder Diagram | 4 |
| <u>8-3</u> | Introduction of Step Instruction : STP FROM TO STPEND | 9 |
| <u>8-4</u> | Notes for Writing a Step Ladder Diagram | . 28 |
| <u>8-5</u> | Application Examples | . 32 |
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Structured programming design is a major trend in software design. The benefits are high readability, easy maintenance, convenient updating and high quality and reliability. For the control applications, consisted of many sequential tasks, designed by conventional ladder program design methodology usually makes others hard to maintain. Therefore, it is necessary to combine the current widely used ladder diagrams with the sequential controls made especially for machine working flow. With help from step instructions, the design work will become more efficient, time saving and controlled. This kind of design method that combines process control and ladder diagram together is called the step ladder language.

The basic unit of step ladder diagram is a step. A step is equivalent to a movement (step) in the machine operation where each movement has an output. The complete machine or the overall sequential control process is the combination of steps in serial or parallel. Its step-by-step sequential execution procedure allows others to be able to understand the machine operations thoroughly, so that design, operation, and maintenance will become more effective and simpler.

8-1 The Operation Principle of Step Ladder Diagram



[Description]

- STP Sxxxx is the symbol representing a step Sxxxx that can be one of S0 ~ S3103. When executing the step (status ON), the ladder diagram on the right will be executed and the previous step and output will become OFF.
- 2. M9131 is on for a scan time after program start. Hence, as soon as ON, the stop of the initial step SO is entered (SO ON) while the

other steps are kept inactive, i.e. $Y1 \sim Y5$ are all OFF. This means M9131 ON \rightarrow S0 ON \rightarrow Y0 ON and Y0 will remain ON until one of the contacts X1 or X2 is ON.

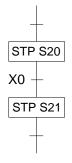
- 3. Assume that X2 is ON first; the path to S21 will then be executed. X2 ON $\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} S21 & ON \\ S21 & ON \\ S0 & OFF \\ Y2 will remain ON until X5 is ON.$
- 4. Assume that X5 is ON, the process will move forward to step S23. i.e. X5 ON $\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} S23 & ON \\ S21 & OFF \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} Y4 & ON \\ Y2 & OFF \end{bmatrix}$ Y4 and Y5 will remain ON until X6 is ON.

% If X10 is ON, then Y5 will be ON. $^\circ$

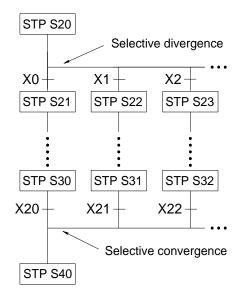
5. Assume that X6 is ON, the process will move forward to S0. i.e. X6 ON $\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} S0 & ON \\ S23 & OFF \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} Y0 & ON \\ Y4,Y5 & OFF \end{bmatrix}$ Then, a control process cycle is completed and the next control process cycle is entered.

8-2 Basic Formation of Step Ladder Diagram

Single path



^② Selective divergence/convergence



- Step S20 alone moves to step S21 through X0.
- X0 can be changed to other serial or parallel combination of contacts.

- Step S20 selects an only one path which divergent condition first met. E.g. X2 is ON first, then only the path of step S23 will be executed.
- A divergence may have up to 8 paths maximum.
- X1, X2,, X22 can all be replaced by the serial or parallel combination of other contacts.

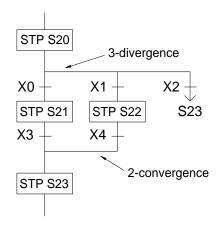
③ Simultaneous divergence/convergence

After X0 is ON, step S20 will simultaneously execute all paths below it, i.e. all S21, S22, S23, and so on, are in action.

- All divergent paths at a convergent point will be executed to the last step (e.g. S30, S31 and S32). When X1 is ON, they can then transfer to S40 for execution.
- The number of divergent paths must be the same as the number of convergent paths. The maximum number of divergence/convergence path is 8.

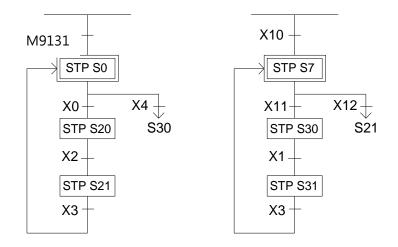
④Jump

a. The same step loop



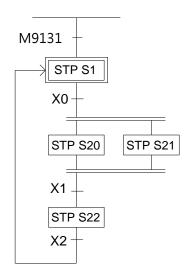
- There are 3 paths below step S20 as shown on the left. Assume that X2 is ON, then the process can jump directly to step S23 to execute without going through the process of selective convergence. °
- The execution of simultaneous divergent paths can not be skipped.

b. Different step loop

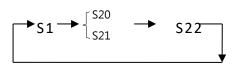


⁽⁵⁾ Close Loop and Single Cycle

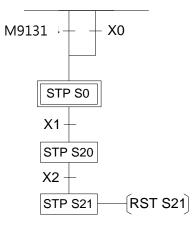
a. Close Loop



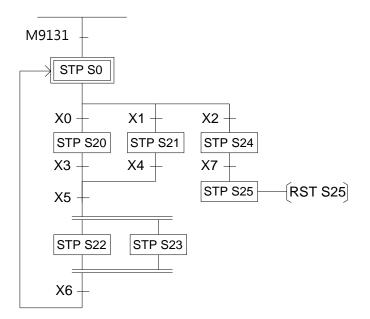
• The initial step S1 is ON, endless cycle will be continued afterwards.



b. Single Cycle

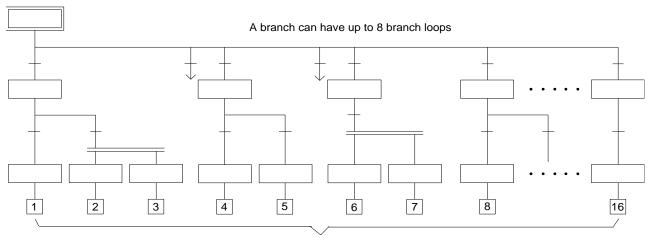


c. Mixed Process



 When step S20 is ON, if X2 is also ON, then"RST S21"instruction will let S21 OFF which will stop the whole step process.

©Combined Application



The maximum number of downward horizontal branch loops of an initial step is 16

8-3 Introduction of Step Instruction : STP \ FROM \ TO \ STPEND

This section will introduce step instructions, and how to call instructions in UpperLogic, and how to use them.

Step instructions can be called by:

Select the function bar Ladder \rightarrow Function Instruction ; Or click the component panel icon; or

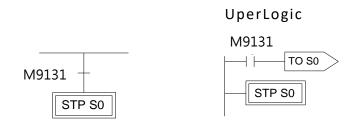
right-click in the ladder diagram program area to display a pop-up menu, Function Instruction \rightarrow

Function Instruction, click on the position where you want to input the step command in the ladder diagram program area, All categories of function instructions will appear, select[SFC instruction], there are four step instructions [STP], [FROM], [TO], and [STPEND] on the right of the instruction name, as shown in the figure below: :

| 2 | Function Lookup |) | 8 23 |
|---|----------------------|-------|---------------------------------------|
| | Function Name | STP | |
| | Function Description | n STE | P instruction |
| | Function Category | SFC | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| | Function Name | ID | Description |
| | STP | | STEP instruction |
| | STPEND | | STEP end |
| | то | | STEP divergence |
| | FROM | | STEP covergence |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | OK Cancel |

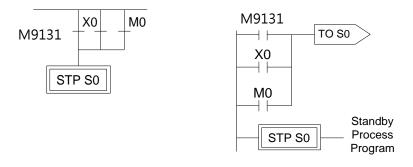
• STP Sx : S0 \leq Sx \leq S7 (Displayed in UperLogic) or STP Sx : S0 \leq Sx \leq S7 This instruction is the initial step instruction, from which the step control of each mechanical process can be derived. M-Series can provide up to 8 initial step points, that is to say, a PLC can control up to 8 processes at the same time. each step process can operate independently or generate operation results for reference by other processes.

[Example 1] Start the initial step point S0 every time when turn on PLC



[Example 2] Every time turn on PLC or press the button, or an abnormality in automatic production occurs and there is no personnel to deal with it within a certain period of time, it will automatically enter the initial step point S0 and stand by.

UperLogic



【Description】X0:button;M0:Abnormal Contact

STP Sxxxx : S20≤Sxxxx≤S3103 (Displayed in UperLogic)
 or
 STP Sxxxx : S20≤Sxxxx≤S3103

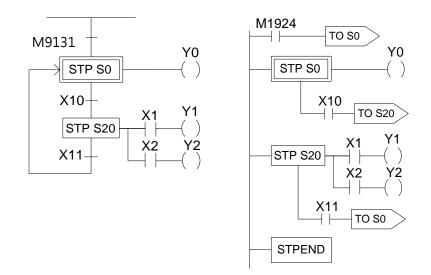
This instruction is a step instruction, each step in a process represents a step of sequence. If the status of step is ON then the step is active and will execute the ladder program associate to the step.

【Example】

UperLogic

M9131

Chapter 8 Step Instruction Description



[Description]

1. When ON, the initial step S0 is ON and Y0 is ON.

2. When transfer condition X10 is ON (in actual application, the transferring condition may be formed by the serial or parallel combination of the contacts X, Y, M, T and C), the step S20 is activated. The system will automatically turn S0 OFF in the current scan cycle and Y0 will be reset automatically to OFF.

i.e.X10 ON $\Rightarrow \begin{cases} S20 \text{ ON} \\ S0 \text{ OFF} \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} X1 \text{ ON} \rightarrow Y1 \text{ ON} \\ X2 \text{ ON} \rightarrow Y2 \text{ ON} \\ Y0 \text{ OFF} \end{cases}$

3. When the transfer condition X11 is ON, the step SO is ON, YO is ON and S20, Y1 and Y2 will turn OFF at the same time.

| | SO ON | YO ON |
|---------|---------------------------------|--------|
| i.e.X11 | 30 ON S20 OFF \Rightarrow | Y1 OFF |
| ON⇒ | | Y2 OFF |
| | | |

• Enter step point (STP Insruction)

If we want to set an initial step point S0 for each boot, the method is as follows:

Select the A contact component on the component tray, click on the ladder diagram network, and enter "M9131" in the number input box :

| 💾 Element Edit | | 9 | 23 |
|----------------|--|---|------------|
| + ⊢ → M9131 | | » | <u>?</u>] |

Click on the component panel icon, click after the "M9131" contact, the [Application Command] window will appear, select "SFC Instruction" under [Type], select "TO" for [Instruction Name], and press the "OK" button , the following window appears :

| Eunction Instruction | 8 23 |
|-------------------------------|--------|
| 32 bits (Alt+D) Pulse (Alt+P) | ОК |
| ТО | Cancel |
| s : 50 >>> | Help |
| s : So » | |

Enter "S0", press the "OK" button, and repeat the "SF instruction", this time select "STP" for [instruction name], and the following figure will appear :

| Eunction Instruction | 8 22 |
|-------------------------------|--------|
| 32 bits (Alt+D) Dulse (Alt+P) | ОК |
| STP | Cancel |
| s : S0 | Help |
| s : So » | |

Input "S0" and press the "OK" button to complete the operation of setting an initial step point S0 for each boot.

| N000 | M9131 | | • | • | • | • | то 5 | 50 | |
|------|-------|------------|---|---|---|---|------|----|--|
| N001 | | . <u> </u> | | | | | | | |
| | STPI | 50 | | | | | | | |

You can also add state transition conditions for the initial step point. First, place the cursor on the component panel to select the [vertical line] component, and then click on "STPI SO"; or stop the cursor on "STPI SO", and then press the shortcut key "V" works too.

| N000 | M9131 | | | то s0 | \geq | |
|------|---------|--|--|-----------|--------|--|
| N001 | STPI SO | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

After the divergence line appears, add transition conditions, for example, we add two transition conditions "X0" and "Y0".

| N000 | M9131 | [| то 50 |
|------|-------|---|-------|
| N001 | | | · · · |
| | | | |

After adding the state point to be transferred, we assume that when the two transfer conditions of "X0" and "Y0" are satisfied (ON), it will transfer to the state point "S21". Call out the [SFC function instruction] category, select [TO] for the instruction name; or press the shortcut key ">", after a dialog box appears, enter "S21" to complete the following example :

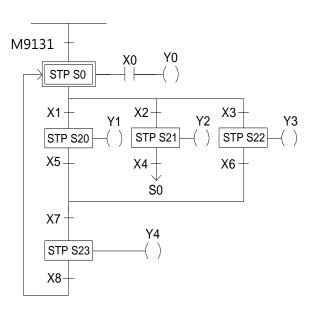


8-3-2 FROM

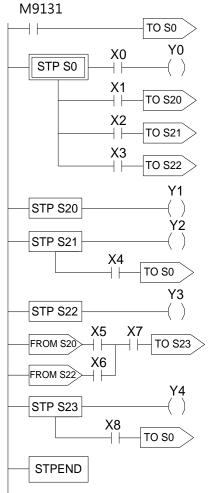
• FROM Sxxxx >: S0 \leq Sxxxx \leq S3103 (Displayed in UperLogic)

The instruction describes the source step of the transfer, i.e. moving from step Sxxxx to the next step in coordination with transfer condition.

[Example]



UperLogic



【Description】:

- 1. When ON, the initial step S0 is ON. If X0 is ON, then Y0 will be ON.
- 2. When S0 is ON: a. if X1 is ON, then step S20 will be ON and Y1 will be ON.
 - b. if X2 is ON, then step S21 will be ON and Y2 will be ON.
 - c. if X3 is ON, then step S22 will be ON and Y3 will be ON.
 - d. if X1, X2 and X3 are all ON simultaneous, then step S20 will have the priority to be ON first and either S21 or S22 will not be ON.
 - e. if X2 and X3 are ON at the same time, then step S21 will have the priority to be ON first and S22 will not be ON. °
- 3. When S20 is ON, if X5 and X7 are ON at the same time, then step S23 will be ON, Y4 will be ON and S20 and Y1 will be OFF.
- 4. When S21 is ON, if X4 is ON, then step S0 will be ON and S21 and Y2 will be OFF.
- 5. When S22 is ON, if X6 and X7 are ON at the same time, then step S23 will be ON, Y4 will be ON and S22 and Y3 will be OFF.
- 6. When S23 is ON, if X8 is ON, then step S0 will be ON and S23 and Y4 will be OFF.

- Enter convergence point (FROM)
- 1. selective convergence

| FROM S21 | X7 | | то 5 | 523 | · |
|----------|----|-----|------|-----|---|
| FROM 522 | | · . | | | |

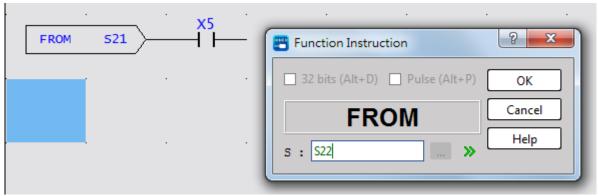
If we want to make the above results, we will do the following: We first call the [SFC function instruction] category by referring to the operation method in section 7.4.2, select [FROM] for the instruction name, and press"OK", and the following window will appear.

| Eunction Instruction | 8 23 |
|-------------------------------|--------|
| 32 bits (Alt+D) Pulse (Alt+P) | ок |
| FROM | Cancel |
| S : | Help |
| 5 | |

Input "S21", press the "OK" button, move the cursor on the component panel to select the [A contact] component and click it, the following window will appear:

| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 😬 Element Edit | 8 22 |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|
| FROM 521 | + + × X5 | » <u>?</u>) |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |) |

Input "X5", press "ENTER", use the function instruction again, call out the [SFC function instruction] category, select [FROM] for the instruction name, and press "OK".

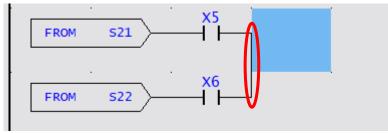


Input "S22", press the "OK" button, move the cursor on the component panel to select the [A

contact] component and click it FROM s21, the following window will appear :



Input "X6", press "ENTER", the cursor will select the [vertical line] component in the component panel, click it immediately after the X5 contact; or press the shortcut key "V" after the cursor is placed in X5, a vertical line will appear. line, as shown in the following figure :



Enter "X7", as shown in the following image :

| FROM S21 | x5 ×7 -1 | - |
|----------|-------------|---|
| FROM S22 | x6 -1 | |

Use the function command again, call out the [SFC function instruction] category, select [TO] for the instruction name, and then press "OK" to appear.

| Eunction Instruction | 8 23 |
|-------------------------------|--------|
| 32 bits (Alt+D) Pulse (Alt+P) | ОК |
| ТО | Cancel |
| s : 523 » | Help |
| 3.52 | |

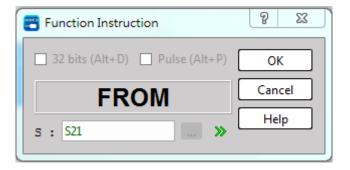
Input "S23" and press "OK" to complete an example of selective convergence. As shown below.



2. Simultaneous convergence

| FROM S21 | 3 | | [| то | 523 |
|----------|-------|--|---|----|------------|
| FROM 522 | | | | | |

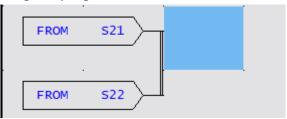
If we want to make the above result, the method is as follows: We first call the [SFC function instruction] category by referring to the operation method in section 7.4.2, select [FROM] for the instruction name, and press "OK", and the following window will appear:



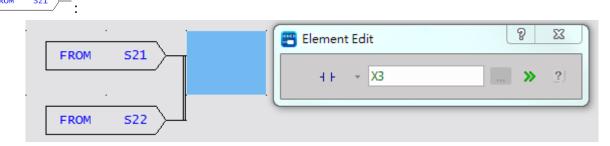
Input "S21", press "OK", call out the [SFC function instruction] category again, select [FROM] for the instruction name, and press "OK", the following window will appear :

| | E Function Instruction |
|----------|----------------------------------|
| FROM 521 | 32 bits (Alt+D) Pulse (Alt+P) OK |
| | FROM |
| | s : S22 > Help |

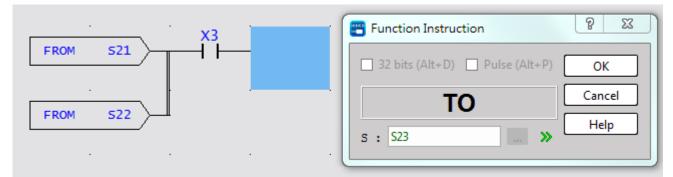
Enter "S22", press "OK", select the [vertical line] component with the cursor on the component panel, and then click it; or press the shortcut key "V", that is, to complete the expression of the parallel and confluent ladder diagram program.



Select the [A Contact] component with the cursor on the component panel, and then click



Enter "X3" and press "ENTER". Use the function command again, call out the [SFC function instruction] category, select [TO] for the instruction name and press "OK", and the following window will appear :



Input "S23" and press "OK" to complete the example of simultaneous convergence. As shown below :

| FROM S21 | X3 | | | то s23 |
|----------|--------|--|--|--------|
| FROM 522 | | | | • |

Special attention should be paid to the [vertical line] element in order to complete the simultaneous

convergence. It must be next to ______. Once there is a space in the middle, it will become a selective convergence, as shown below:

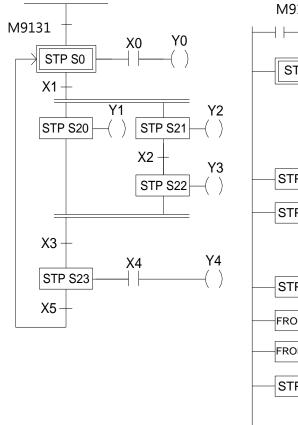
| FROM S21 | | [| T0 S23 |
|--------------|--|---|--------|
| FROM 522 | | | |

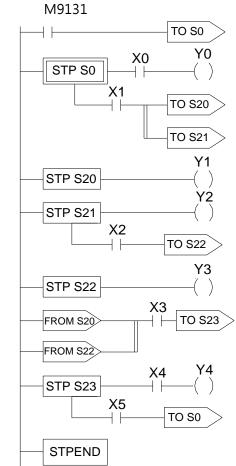
8-3-3 TO

• TO Sxxxx \leq S0 \leq Sxxxx \leq S3103 (Displayed in UperLogic) This instruction describes the step to be transferred to.

[Example]

UperLogic





【Description】:

- 1. When ON, the initial step S0 is ON. If X0 is ON, then Y0 will be ON.
- 2. When S0 is ON: if X1 is ON, then steps S20 and S21 will be ON simultaneously and Y1 and Y2 will also be ON.
- 3. When S21 is ON: if X2 is ON, then step S22 will be ON, Y3 will be ON and S21 and Y2 will be OFF.
- 4. When S20 and S22 are ON at the same time and the transferring condition X3 is ON, then step S23 will be ON (if X4 is ON, then Y4 will be ON) and S20 and S22 will automatically turn OFF and Y1 and Y3 will also turn OFF.
- 5. When S23 is ON: if X5 is ON, then the process will transfer back to the initial step, i.e. So will be ON and S23 and Y4 will be OFF.
- Enter divergence point (TO Instruction)

Using the UperLogic ladder diagram program are as follows :

1. Selective Divergence

| FROM S30 | | [| то | 531 |
|----------|------|----------|----|-----|
| · · | | ×1 · · [| TO | 532 |

If we wanted to make the above result :

Place the cursor at the desired input position in the program area, call out the [SFC function instruction] category, and select the instruction name [FROM] :

| - í | E Function Instruction | 8 22 |
|-----|-------------------------------|--------|
| | 32 bits (Alt+D) Pulse (Alt+P) | ОК |
| | FROM | Cancel |
| | s : \$30 >> | Help |
| · | | |

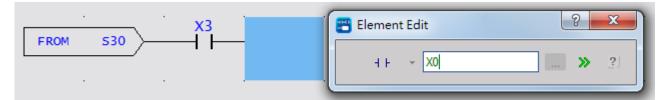
Input "S30" and press "OK", the FROM instruction S30 element will appear in the program area. Cursor to select the A contact element and click on it, and enter the "X3" number; or directly enter

"AX3" directly after it, as shown in the following window :

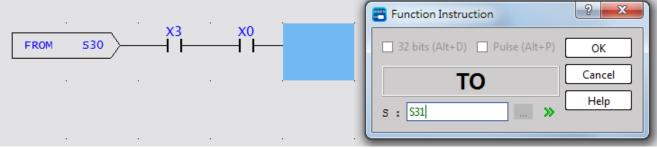
| FROM \$30 | 🖀 Element Edit |
|-----------|----------------|
| FROM 330 | + ⊢ → X3 » ? |
| · · · · · | |

Type X0 followed by it,

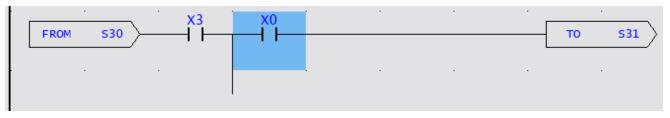
Chapter 8 Step Instruction Description



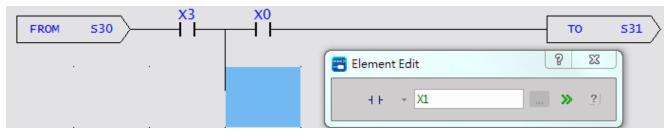
Place the cursor at the desired input position in the program area, then call the [SFC function instruction] category, and select [TO] ;



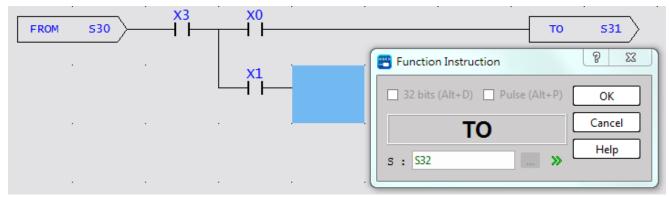
Enter "S31", press "OK", the cursor is placed at the X0 position, enter "V", and add a vertical line, as shown in the following figure :



Place the cursor below X0 and enter "X1" or "X1A" :

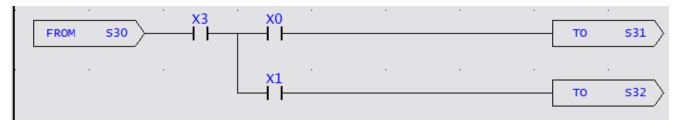


Call the [SFC function instruction] category, and select [TO] :



Input "S32" and press "OK", an example of selective divergence is completed. As shown below :

Chapter 8 Step Instruction Description

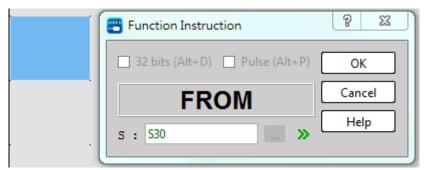


2. Simultaneous Divergence

| FROM S30 | - TO 531 |
|----------|----------|
| | - TO 532 |

If we want to make the above result, the method is as follows :

Place the cursor at the desired input position in the program area, call the [SFC function instruction] category, and select [FROM] :



Input "S30" and press "OK", the FROM instruction will appear. Cursor to select the A-contact component, click and select it, and enter "X3" or "AX3", as shown in the following window :



Place the cursor at the desired input position in the program area, call the [SFC function instruction] category, and select [TO] :

| FROM S30 | Function Instruction | 23 |
|----------|-------------------------------|-------|
| | 32 bits (Alt+D) Pulse (Alt+P) | ок |
| | TO | ancel |
| | | lelp |
| · · · | . s : S31 » | |

Input "S31" and press "OK", the TO instruction will appear. At the position below the instruction TO command S31, call the [SFC function instruction] category, and select [TO] :

| FROM 530 | X3 | TO S | 31 |
|----------|---|------|----|
| · · | 32 bits (Alt+D) Pulse (Alt+P) OK TO Cancel S : \$32 > | | |

Enter "S32" and press "OK". Select the vertical line component, click the icon in the program area

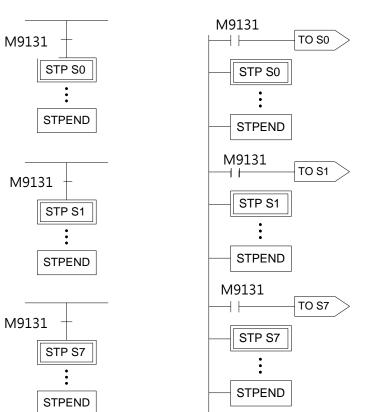
| то | <u> </u> | or press the | e shortcut k | ey "V", the | following fi | gure will ap | pear: | | |
|----|----------|--------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|-------|----------------|---|
| FI | ROM 530 | · X | | | | | | o s31 o s32 | _ |

That is, to complete the example of Simultaneous divergence.



This instruction represents the end of a process, which is required for all processes to work correctly. PLC has at most 8 step processes (S0~S7) that can be controlled at the same time, so there are at most 8 STPEND instructions.

[Example]



UperLogic

【Description】 8 step processes are activated at the same time when PLC boot.

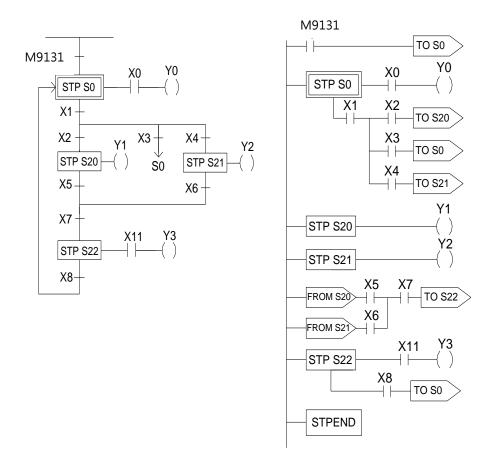
8-4 Notes for Writing a Step Ladder Diagram

【Notes】

- In actual applications, the ladder diagram can be used together with the step ladder.
- There are 8 steps, S0 ~ S7, that can be used as the starting point and are called the "initial steps".
- When PLC starts operating, it is necessary to activate the initial step. The M9131 (the first scan ON signal) provided by the system may be used to activate the initial step.
- Except the initial step, the start of any other steps must be driven by other step.
- It is necessary to have an initial step and the final STPEND instruction in a step ladder diagram to complete a step process program.
- There are 3085 steps, S20 ~ S3103, available that can be used freely. However, used numbers cannot be repeated. S2064 ~ S3103 are retentive(The range can be modified by users), can be used if it is required to continue the machine process after power is off.
- Basically, a step must consist of three parts which are control output, transition conditions and transition targets.
- MC and SKP instructions cannot be used in a step program and the sub-programs. It's recommended that JMP instruction should be avoided as much as possible.
- If the output point is required to stay ON after the step is divergent to other step, it is necessary to use the SET instruction to control the output point and use RST instruction to clear the output point to OFF.
- Looking down from an initial step, the maximum number of horizontal paths is 16. However, a step is only allowed to have up to 8 branch paths.

[Example 1]

UpreLogic



【Description】:1. Input the condition to initial step SO

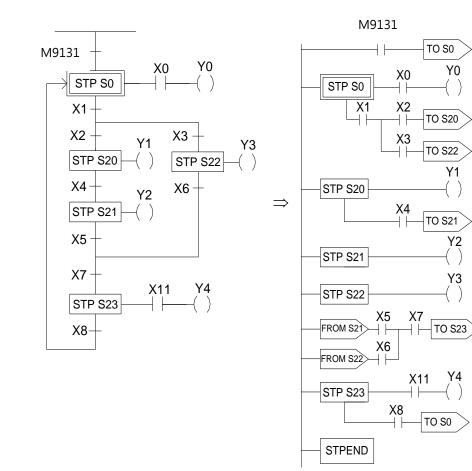
- 2. Input the SO and the divergent conditions of S20, SO and S21
- 3. Input the S20
- 4. Input the S21
- 5. Input the convergence of S20 and S21
- 6. Input the S22

Chapter 8 Step Instruction Description

 \Rightarrow

[Example 2]

UperLogic

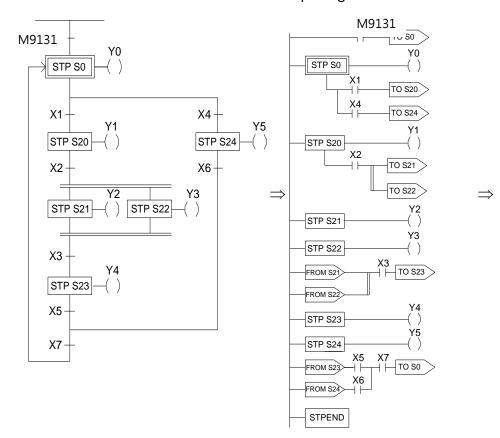


【Description】:1. Input the condition to initial step SO

- 2. Input the SO and the divergent condition of S2O and S22
- 3. Input the S20
- 4. Input the S21
- 5. Input the S22
- 6. Input the convergence of S21 and S22
- 7. Input the S23

[Example 3]

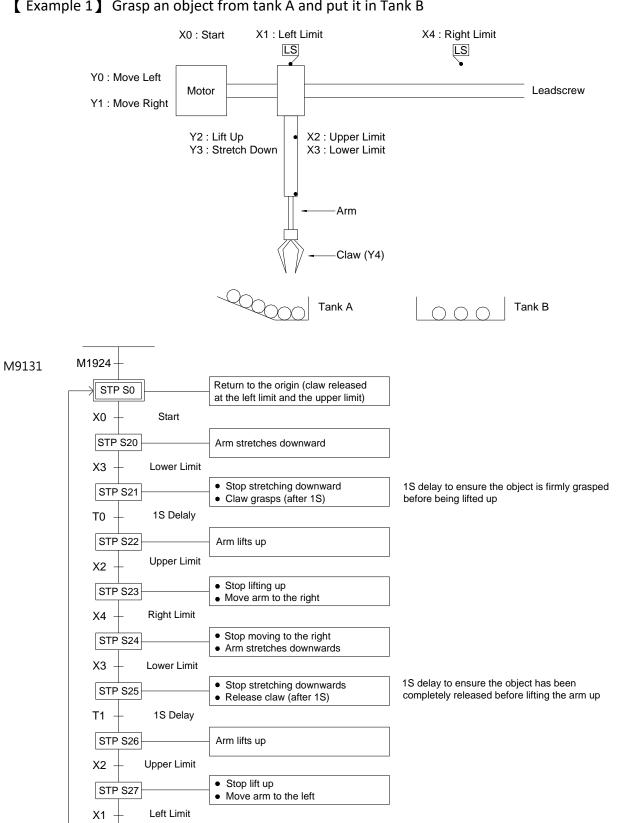
UperLogic



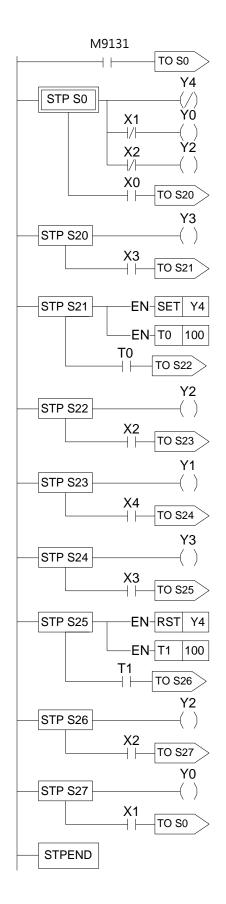
【Description】:1. Input the condition to initial step SO

- 2. Input the S0 and the divergences of S20 and S24
- 3. Input the S20
- 4. Input the S20 and the divergences of S21 and S22
- 5. Input the S21
- 6. Input the S22
- 7. Input the convergences of S21 and S22
- 8. Input the S23
- 9. Input the S24
- 10. Input the convergences of S23 and S24

8-5 Application Examples

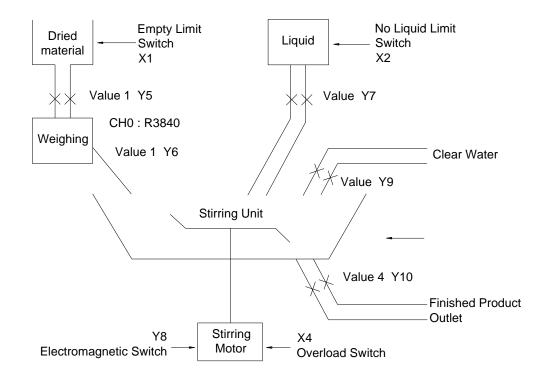


[Example 1] Grasp an object from tank A and put it in Tank B



Release claw Return to the left limit Return to the upper limit Turn the switch ON before moving to S20 Stretch arm downward Move to S21 after stretching to the lower limit Claw grasps (since the SET instruction is used, Y4 should remain ON after departing from STP S21) Divergent into S22 after 1S Lift the arm up Divergent into S23 after reaching the upper limit Move arm to the right Divergent into S24 after moving to the right limit Stretch the arm downward Divergent into S25 after stretching to the lower limit Release claw Delay for 1S Transfer into S26 after 1S Lift the arm up Divergent into S27 after reaching the upper limit Move the arm to the left Divergent into S0 after moving to the left limit (a complete cycle)

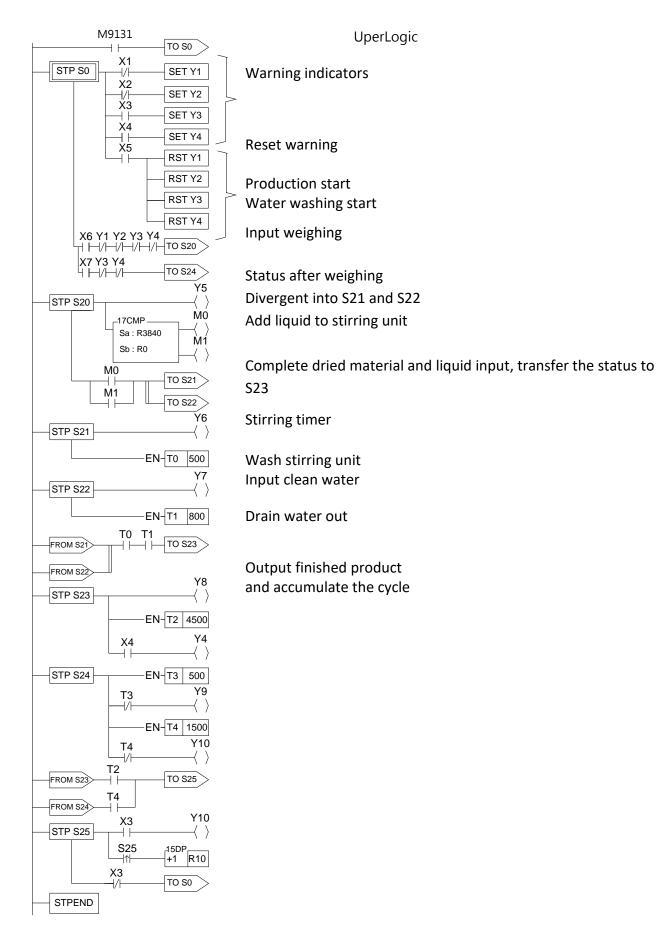
[Example 2] Liquid Stirring Process



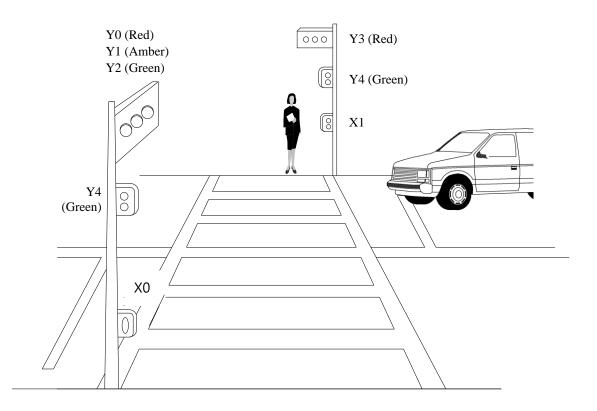
- Input Points : Empty limit switch X1

 Noliquid linit switch X2
 Empty limit switch X3
 Over-load switch X4
 Warning clear button X5
 Start button X6
- Water washing button X7
 Warning Indicators: Empty dried material Y1
 - Insufficient liquid Y2
 - Empty stirring unit Y3
 - Motor over-load Y4
- Output point: dry material feeding valve Y5
 - Dry feed valve Y6
 - Liquid feed valve Y7
 - Start motor solenoid valve Y8
 - Fresh water inlet valve Y9
 - Finished product feed valve Y100
- Weighing Output : CH0 (R3840)

Chapter 8 Step Instruction Description



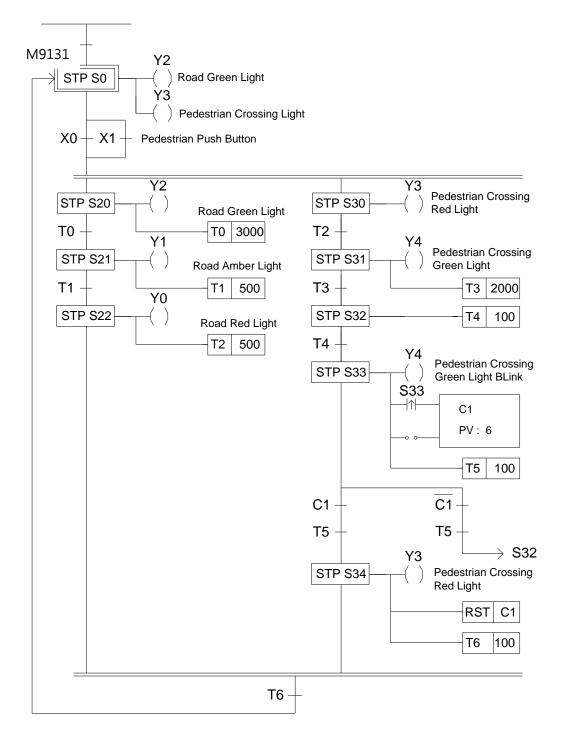
[Example 3] Pedestrian Crossing Lights



٠

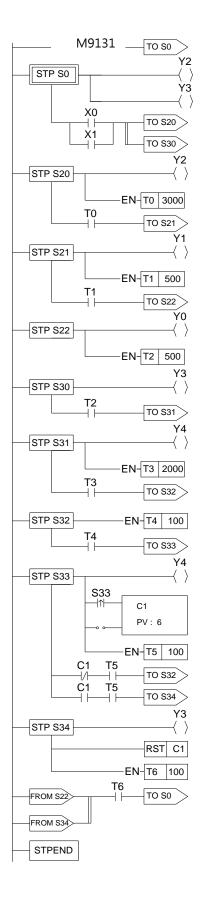
- Input Pedestrian Push Button
 Point : X0
 - Pedestrian Push Button X1
- Output Road Red Light YO Points : Road Amber light Y1
 - Road Green Light Y2 Pedestrian Crossing Red Light Y3 Pedestrian Crossing Green Light Y4

• Pedestrian Crossing Lights Control Process Diagram





Pedestrian Crossing Lights Control Program UperLogic



8-6 Syntax Check Error Codes for Step Instruction

The error codes for the usage of step instruction are as follows:

- E51 : TO(S0-S7) must begin with ORG instruction.
- E52 : TO(S20-S3103) can't begin with ORG instruction.
- E53 : TO instruction without matched FROM instruction.
- E54 : To instruction must comes after TO, AND, OR, ANDLD or ORLD instruction.
- E56 : The instructions before FROM must be AND, OR, ANDLD or ORLD
- E57 : The instruction after FROM can't be a coil or a function
- E58 : Coil or function must before FROM while in STEP network
- E59 : More than 8 TO# at same network.
- E60 : More than 8 FROM# at same network.
- E61 : TO(S0-S19) must locate at first row of the network.
- E62: A contact occupies the location for TO instruction.
- E71 : Incomplete connection (should not happen)
- E72 : Duplicated TO Sxxxx instruction.
- E73 : Duplicated STP sxxxx instruction.
- E74 : Duplicated FROM sxxxx instruction.
- E76 : TP(S0~S19) without a matched STPEND or STPEND without a matched STP(S0~S19).
- E77 : The previous network of STP(S0~S19) is not the only ORG~S19(S0~S19)
- E78 : TO(S20~S3103), STP (S20~S3103) or FROM instructions comes before or without STP(S0~S19).
- E79 : STP Sxxxx or FROM Sxxxx instructions comes before or without TO Sxxxx.
- E80 : FROM Sxxxx instruction comes before or without STP Sxxxx.
- E81 : The max level of branches must <=16.
- E82 : The max number of branches with same level must <=16.
- E83 : Not place the step instruction with TO->STP->FROM sequence.
- E84 : The definition of STP# sequence not follow the TO# sequence.
- E85 : Convergence do not match the corresponding divergence.
- E86 : Illegal usage of STP or FROM before convergent with TO instruction.
- E87 : STP# or FROM# comes before corresponding TO#.
- E88 : During this branch, STP# or FROM# comes before the corresponding TO#.
- E89 : FROM# comes before corresponding TO# or STP#.
- E90 : Invalid To# usage in the simultaneous branch.

E91 : Last STP (S0~S19) has not been processed completely, use ORG, LBL, RTS, RTI, MCE, SKPE, FOR, NEXT, ENDD.

9

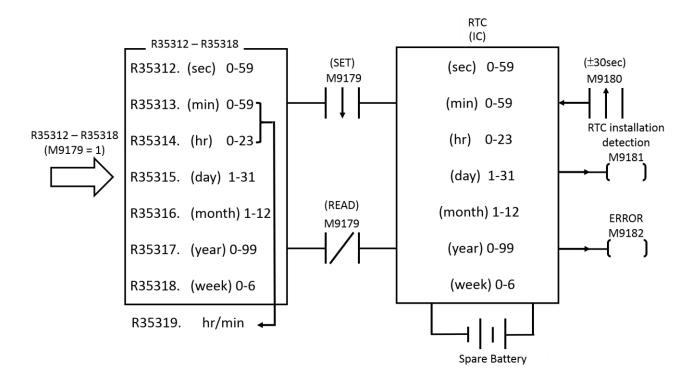
Real Time Clock (RTC)

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A real time clock (RTC) has been built in the M-Sreies PLC's MC/MN main unit. No matter whether the PLC is switched on or off, the RTC will always keep accurate time. It provides 7 kinds of time value data-week, year, month, day, hour, minute and second. Users can take advantage of the real time clock to do 24 hour controls throughout the year (for example, businesses or factories can switch lights on and off at set times each day, control gate access, and do pre-cooling and pre-heating before business or operations begin). It can enable your control system to automatically coordinate with people's living schedules, and not only will it raise the level of automatic control, it will improve efficiency.

9-1 Correspondence Between RTC and the RTCR Within PLC

Within PLC, there are special purpose registers (RTCR) for storing the time values of the RTC. There are 8 RTCR registers in all, going from R35312 to R35319. R35312 to R35318 are used to store the 7 kinds of time values mentioned above, from weeks to seconds. Because in practical daily application, certain hour and minute time data is often used, we have specially merged the time values of the hour register (R35314) and minute register (R35313) within RTCR, and put them in R35319 high byte and low byte, so they can be accessed by the user. The diagram below shows the correspondence between RTC and the RTCR within PLC, as well as the control switch and status flag (M9179-M9182) related to RTC accessing.



9-2 RTC Access Control and Settings

Within PLC, R35312~R35318 registers have been allocated to store the time values of RTC, and this is of great convenience to the user. However, if you want to load the set values of R35312~R35318 into RTC or read out what is in RTC onto R35312~R35318, and tune the time value etc, then the setting must be done using the special relays (M9179 and M9180) for RTC access. Below is an explanation of the access and adjustment procedures, and the status flag relays.

• RTC setting (R35312 ~ R35318→RTC):

The setting action is only executed once at the moment that relay M1952 goes from $1\rightarrow 0$ (falling edge).

Note: If you want to load the set values into RTC, you must first make M9179 as 1 and then load the set values into R35312~R35318. The loading of the set values into R35312~R35318 can be done via MOVE instruction. However, you must first halt the RTC read out (make M9179 as 1), otherwise the data that you just wrote into R35312~R35318 will immediately be overridden by the time data being read back from RTC in the opposite direction.

 RTC readout (RTC→R35312~R35319) : Whenever the M9179 relay is 0 (RTC timing active). With every scan, CPU will take the time value data within RTC and move it to R35312~R35319. When it is 1, it will not read out. In this case R35312~R35318 can load in the set values and they won't be overridden.

±30 second adjustment :

At the moment that the status of relay M9180 goes 1, CPU will check the value of the second register (R35312) within RTC. If its value is between 0 and 29 seconds then it will be cleared to 0. If its value is between 30 and 59 seconds then besides being cleared to 0, the minute register (R35313) will be increased by 1 (ie, one minute will be added). This can be used to adjust your RTC time value.

 M1981 RTC installation detecting flag : When RTC is fitted to the PLC, relay M9181 will be set as 1; otherwise it will be 0.

M9182 set value error flag :

When the time value which is set to RTC's IC is illegal, then the error flag relay M9182 will be set as 1, and the setting action will not be executed.

Note: M-Series PLC's Real Time Clock has already set the time, so customer don't need to set it again when using it. However, if you need to reset by yourself, in addition to using your ladder diagram program or using FP-07C and using the control of M9179 as described in item 1 RTC setting method to make settings, on the UperLogic package software, we provide more convenient setting function. As long as you enter the time you want to set, press the set button to complete the setting, and you don't need to deal with the control of M9179, please refer to the instructions of the Ladder Master package software.

| Setting the calendar with UpperLogic Click the "calendar" Item which in Tool bar : PLC calendar | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------|-------------|--------|--|--|--|
| \rightarrow Click right button ar | nd select "New Ta | able" | | | | |
| | 😬 RTC Setting | | 8 23 | | | |
| | Current Time | | | | | |
| | Date | 2000/2/26 | ÷ | | | |
| | Time | 上午 03:26:43 | * | | | |
| | -Setting Time- | | | | | |
| | ✓ Use Time of | PC | | | | |
| | Date | 2022/3/16 | ÷ | | | |
| | Time | 下午 05:18:05 | \$ | | | |
| | Setup to PLC | | Cancel | | | |

• [PLC current time]

It is means current time of PLC in on-line situation. In the "Setup" frame, if "Apply PC time" item is chosen then current time of PC will display below, press "Update PLC time" button to write PC's current time into PLC. But if "Apply PC time" item isn't chosen you can modify the Date and Time by yourself. After you change the Date and Time, press "Update PLC time" button to write the Date and time into PLC's calendar.

Amendment Record

| Version | Date | Description | Page | Author |
|---------|------------|-------------|------|--------|
| V0.0.01 | 2020/11/02 | Version 1 | | |
| V0.0.02 | 2020/12/07 | Version 2 | | |
| V0.0.02 | 2021/01/05 | Version 3 | | |
| V1.0 | 2021/04/26 | Version 4 | 502 | |